"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, warmer to-day; showers to-morrow; variable to south-east winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,206. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, MAY 21, 1913.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. | Elsewhere. TWO CENTS.

CITY SELLS ITS 4 1-2S AT 100.159 AVERAGE

Issue of $45,000,000 Goes for the Lowest Price in Recent Years, Save in 1907 Panic.

THE BASIS IS ABOUT 4.49

Harvey Fisk & Co., $5,000,000, Biggest Award; Bankers' Trust, $4,000,000—476 Bids.

The $45,000,000 of New York City bonds which Controller Prendergast offered at the attractive interest bearing rate of 4½ per cent. were all sold yesterday, but at prices lower than at any time within recent years, with the exception of the panic year of 1907. The average price yesterday was 100.159 and the average income basis about 4.49.

There were 476 bidders and the total amount of them all was $76,124,780. The awards range from 100.005 to 100.381. One feature of the awards was that J. P. Morgan & Co. got none of them. The firm put in a bid for $6,000,000 at par, and the Controller threw out all par bids. Kuhn, Loeb & Co., through a syndicate, offered to take $15,000,000 at par. In the syndicate were the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, the Fourth National Bank, Kidder, Peabody & Co., Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co., Hallgarten & Co., and the New York Municipal Railways Corporation.

The European bids showed a decrease, compared with previous years, owing to monetary conditions in Europe, it was explained. No one individual or firm obtained any large amount of the bonds, Harvey Fisk & Co. heading the list with $5,000,000, the Bankers' Trust Company coming next with $4,000,000. The next largest amount, $2,500,000, went to J. & W. Seligman & Co.

Owing to the attractive interest rate financial experts thought that much better prices would be received. In June of 1907 an issue of $29,000,000 at 4 per cent. sold lower, for 100.091, and in August of the same year an issue of $15,000,000, also 4's, brought only 100.004. Despite the low prices, however, Controller Prendergast said he considered the sale a success. He said:

The Controller Satisfied.

"In the light of present financial conditions all over the world this sale of New York City bonds must be considered a success. Although the issue was for a very large amount, $45,000,000, the fact that it was oversubscribed at figures above par proves that the city's credit is very high. A large number of cities have been unable during the last few months to market their securities even when offered to the public at attractive rates. The big subscription for to-day's sale puts New York City bonds in a class by themselves as highly desirable investments. At the same time this sale should be a decided warning not only to the City of New York, but to all other municipalities.

"Although the interest rate of 4½ per cent. on to-day's bonds is higher than has been offered by the city during the last five years, the bid prices have not been as high as the city has received on its offerings of the past three years, which bore only 4¼ per cent. interest. Furthermore, while the subscription for this issue has been satisfactory, it is not nearly as large as the subscriptions received for the city's issues of 1910, 1911, and 1912.

"These are facts which the public and the city's authorities cannot afford to ignore. The state of public credit all over the country proves that cities and States are spending more money than the available credit justifies. The result of this policy has been an advance in interest rates, and a lowering of the prices the public is willing to pay for securities.

"New York has been compelled to load the market with its securities because of the tremendous demands its citizens are making upon it, but the citizens must be made to understand that they cannot maintain this degree of expenditure because in a very short time the money market will not be in a position to assimilate their offerings. This means a higher cost of money, higher budgets, higher taxes, and a higher cost of living."

Here are some of the successful bidders, the amounts they received, and their bids:

Lewisohn Brothers, $300,000, 100.03 to 100.27.
Seasongood & Haase, $15,000, 100.012 to 100.381.
Guaranty Trust Company of New York, $1,660,000, 100.013 to 100.273.
A. B. Leach & Co., $1,000,000, 100.011 to 100.111.
Dominick & Dominick, $500,000, 100.027 to 100.157.
Gude, Winmill & Co., $260,000, 100.0631.
Harris, Forbes & Co., $100,000, 100.142.
Newburger, Henderson & Loeb, $300,000, 100.052 to 100.115.
Fisk & Robinson, $500,000, 100.012 to 100.13.
Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co., $600,000, 100.0325 to 100.36.
J. & W. Seligman & Co., $2,500,000, 100.02.
Salomon Brothers & Hutzler, $250,000, 100.011 to 100.121.
Kuhn, Loeb & Co., $500,000, 100.125 to 100.25.
Equitable Trust Company, $1,000,000, 100.063.
Lehman Brothers, $300,000, 100.11 to 100.37.
Pittsburgh Trust Company, $250,000, 100.053 to 100.25.
Kings County Trust Company, $500,000, 100.01 to 100.17.
Interborough Rapid Transit Company, $1,000,000, 100.02.
American Exchange National Bank, $2,000,000, 100.252.
Harvey Fisk & Son, $2,000,000, 100.077; $2,600,000, 100.177; $1,000,000, 100.277.
Bankers Trust Company, $500,000, 100.013; $500,000, 100.021; $500,000, 100.053; $500,000, 100.130; $500,000, 100.188; $500,000, 100.239; $500,000, 100330; $500,000, 100.380.
Union Trust Company, Pittsburgh, Penn., $400,000, 100.125; $400,000, 100.230; $400,000, 100.375.
Boissevain & Co., $100,000, 100.03; $400,000, 100.015.
Adolph Boissevain & Co., $1,485,000, 100.03 to 100.62.
Josephthal Lochheim & Co., $500,000, 100.02 to 100.18.
Goldman, Sachs & Co., $500,000, 100.015.
Brooklyn Trust Company, $500,000, 100.036 to 100.10.
Seligman Brothers, London, $1,079,000, 100.01 to 100.025.
Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, $250,000, 100.04 to 100.12.
Alexander Smith Cochran, $500,000, 100.15.
L. & E. Shafer, $250,000, 100.116 to 100.286.
Richard B. Wilson, $300,000, 100.125.

Some of the other important bids were:

J. P. Morgan & Co., $6,000,000, at 100.
C. J. Turner & Co., $100,000 at 100.05, $100,000 at 100.07, $100,000 at 100.09, $100,000 at 100.11, $100,000 at 100.13.
F. Smithers & Co., $50,000 at 100.1; $50,000 at 100.2, $50,000 at 100.3, $50,000 at 100.4, $53,000 at 100.5, $56,000 at 100.6.
Schafer & Co., $25,000 at 100.41, $25,000 at 100.95, $25,000 at 100.35, $25,000 at 100.18.
Parson, Son & Co., $5,000 at 100.03.
Ames McKerrick, $10,000 at 100.125.
Rhoades & Co., $100,000 at 100.03, $100,000 at 100.17, $100,000 at 100.29.
Joseph Parker & Co., $20,000 at 100.141.
Adams & Co., $100,000 at 100.03.
G. A. Stern, $500,000 lots at 100.403, 100.354, 100 376, 100.125, 100.321, 100.321, 100.251, 100.201.
Hale & Steigitz, $60,000 at 100.15, $15,000 at 100.373.
Hess & Hess, $330,000; $25,000 lots at 100.012, 100.025, 100.033, 100.053, 100.048, 100.067, 100.065, 100.075, 100.095, 100.085, 100.092.
G. A. Stern & Co., $10,000 at 100.57, $10,000

Continued on Page 2.

FIRE IN ST. GREGORY'S.

Father Owen Saves Communion Elements at Risk of His Life.

Rushing into the smoke and flames and falling plaster in St. Gregory's Roman Catholic Church, at 119 West Eighty-ninth Street, early this morning, Father Owen, the rector, saved the consecrated communion elements at the risk of his life. They were on the altar, and to get to them the priest had to fight his way along the aisles with the fire on the second floor above him eating its way down. He was burned and bruised in many places, but the holy elements were not spilled.

The church building is owned by the Countess Lavelette of Paris and is occupied as a church on the first floor and by the Holy Name Society on the second. The fire started on the second floor. About $6,000 damage was done.

The fire was discovered by Policeman Campbell of the West Sixty-eighth Street station, who turned in the alarm and also notified Fathers Owen and Fitzsimmons, who were at the rectory at 56 West Eighty-eighth Street.

By the time the priests reached the building, the fire had eaten its way through the floor of the second story and was burning in the church proper. Without stopping, Father Owen entered the church after the consecrated elements. After many anxious moments to those outside, he returned bearing the ciborium and ostensorium, which had not been damaged.

MACON PRAYS FOR WALKER

But Poisoned Man's Pulse Is Double the Normal and End Is Near.

Special to The New York Times.

MACON, May 20.—With a pulse of 128, or almost double the normal; respiration at 32, and a temperature of 98.5, B. Saunders Walker, the banker who took a seven-grain bichloride tablet Wednesday morning, is again near death. The physicians say that his condition is worse now than at any time since the poison entered his system, and they look for the end within twenty-four hours.

This is the first day that Mr. Walker has not risen from his bed. The saline solutions, it is believed, are prolonging his life. Hot packs are still being applied to his body, but other than these two methods of treatment is not disclosed by the doctors.

More suggestions from prominent physicians of the East came by telegraph this morning. Most of the ideas suggested were already being tried.

Only once since yesterday morning has any poison been discharged from the system. The fact that his temperature has remained normal while his pulse has doubled is a cause of surprise to his physicians.

The police are keeping traffic from the block in which the banker lives. Prayers are being offered in the churches for his recovery. The whole city, slow to realize the sad features of the case, is now discussing his approaching end.

Mr. Walker is a graduate of the University of Georgia in the class of '03. He was shortstop on the baseball team, and on Sunday, recalling the fact that a championship game had been played the day before, asked the result. His wife did not have the heart to tell him that his team lost, but another watcher at the bedside said, "Georgia won," and he seemed happy.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 20.—Transplantation of healthy kidneys from a man who has just died to the body of B. Sanders Walker, the Macon banker, is probably the only thing that will save his life if the mercury tablet he swallowed has destroyed one of his kidneys, said a physician of the Johns Hopkins Hospital staff to-day.

He pointed out that Dr. Alexis Carrel had successfully transplanted kidneys from one dog to another, and in a few hours the dogs were walking about and eating as if their organs had not been disturbed. According to Dr. Carrel, the same could be done to the human system.

Another local physician predicted Mr. Walker's recovery, although he might be paralyzed for life. He said he had had several similar cases, and in only one did the patient die.

ATTORNEY WHIPS FIVE MEN.

Brother of Senator Smith Shows Prowess with Only One Hand.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 20.—Burton Smith, a lawyer and brother of United States Senator Hoke Smith, thrashed five men this afternoon because they objected to his conversing in the Court House corridors with a woman witness in the Crawford will case, which involves an estate of $200,000.

Smith is tall and powerfully built, but has only his right hand. He lost his left hand in a railroad accident several years ago. Smith stepped out of the courtroom and entered into conversation with Mrs. Cash, a friend. C. W. Walton, who is interested in the case, rushed up and said: "Here, you! Don't talk to that woman." Walton raised his arm to strike, but Smith lunged forward and struck Walton squarely on the point of the jaw. Walton fell unconscious.

C. W. Byrd, Walton's friend, rushed at Smith and was also knocked out. Then three men who had entered the Court House with Walton and Byrd leaped at Smith. The attorney met them and knocked them down as fast as they came to him.

When the court attendants reached the corridor they found five men stretched on the floor and Smith standing over them.

FIND THREE LOST CHILDREN.

Two Girls and a Boy Astray in the Tenderloin.

The police of the West Thirtieth Street Station and the agents of the Children's Society are puzzled by three young children who were found in the centre of a crowd at Sixth Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street at 6 o'clock last night. In that polyglot neighborhood, when questions addressed to the trio in English failed to make an impression, it was easy to enlist the services of a Greek, an Italian, and a Frenchman, but the children apparently understood none of them. When this was evident the youngsters were taken to the Children's Society, pending their identification.

The eldest, a girl of some 5 years, wearing a dark dress, seems to think her name is Katie. The next in size is a boy apparently some 4 years old. He wears striped gray and black trousers, and he should be easy to identify because his right eye is missing. The youngest child is a girl between 2 and 3 years old. She is dressed in dark brown. The police think her name is Sadie.

STEFANSSON GETS PEARY'S CAPTAIN

Robert Bartlett to Command the Karluk on Expedition to Stay North Until 1916.

LARGE SCIENTIFIC FORCE

Explorer Says He Hopes to Finish the Geographical Work Which Columbus Began.

Vilhjalmur Stefansson, the discoverer of the so-called "White Eskimos," announced yesterday that he had engaged Capt. Robert Bartlett, Peary's Captain of the north pole ship Roosevelt, to command his ship, the Karluk, with which he is to make the most elaborately equipped arctic expedition that has yet put north for scientific research and the quest of a vast possible arctic continent of 1,000,000 square miles, in the existence of which arctic explorers have time and again declared their belief, and which Admiral Peary thought he had at one time seen.

"Cap'n Bob," as Peary's and Stefansson's skipper is known throughout the frozen, not to mention all the milder seas, left this city last evening immediately after the announcement of his command was made. He said that he had grown lonesome and homesick for the silences of the frozen North, weary of civilization, and eager to be off again and guiding his ship through the ice of the arctic seas. So he hurried away to Ottawa, thence to go west to Esquimault, British Columbia, where the 247-ton barkentine Karluk is now in dry dock, preparatory to the start of the expedition from Esquimault about June 5.

With Capt. Bartlett went also two other members of the expedition, Henry Beuchat of Paris, anthropologist, and Fritz Johansen, the Norwegian zoologist of Stefansson's expedition. Two other members of the company are already at Esquimault.

Stefansson himself will remain here for two or three days more, completing his arrangements. So large has his expedition grown, he said, that original arrangements have been quite outgrown, and instead of taking one party in one ship he will have to take two parties and two vessels.

The second ship, he said yesterday, would be selected from three now in northern waters.

Will Stay Until 1916.

Stefansson explained that while he would make every effort to find the vast hypothetic arctic continent which he believes to lie north of Western Canada, north of Alaska, and northeast of Siberia, his chief object would be to gather comprehensive scientific data about the vast unexplored area thereabout, whether he finds land or not. He expects to be gone until the Fall of 1916 at the very least.

During his stay in the arctic he or his expedition will be for a long time in touch by wireless telegraph with the two most valuable meteorological stations in the Northern Hemisphere, at Iceland and on the Aleutian Islands, to which he hopes to furnish daily messages, thus providing, among other things, a means of predicting storms from the north, a matter of utmost importance to navigation in the northern oceans and in the great lakes.

According to the final plans outlined by Stefansson yesterday, it is not unlikely that his expedition and that of Capt. Roald Amundsen, discoverer of the south pole, who will set out a year later with a similar object in view, may meet in the midst of the arctic night. Stefansson plans to sail north from the mouth of the Mackenzie as far as possible and establish a base on any land that may be discovered. Failing to discover such land, the vessel will head east toward known islands—Banks Island or Prince Patrick Island—and establish a Winter base on as far as possible to the north along their western coasts.

In the following Winter he plans to explore the ice-covered ocean to the west and northwest for a study of ocean depths, ocean currents, and the like. In the Spring thereafter he plans to carry on geological and zoological and archaeological work in the interior of those islands. A second base is to be established if possible on the southwest of Victoria Island.

Final Chapter of Discovery.

"If this expedition is successful," said Stefansson yesterday, "it will close forever the geographical chapter of discoveries on this earth, which was begun by Columbus. I am going to try to wipe a vast area of 1,000,000 square miles off the face of the unexplored map.

"We shall sail north along the 141st meridian to find the hypothetical land. If we do not find it, we shall turn back. It may well be, however, that on returning, if we miscalculate at all, we shall be caught in the ice, frozen in for the Winter, and drift involuntarily wherever that dense area of ice packed tightly about our ship happens to take us. Probably we shall drift northwest in a circle between Asia and the north pole, thus doing involuntarily what Amundsen intends to do purposely a year after we start. It may well be that in that drifting in the northern ice, the men of his and our expedition will meet.

"If the world does not hear from us in all that time, it will mean that we have miscalculated in the manner I have mentioned and are caught in the pack ice on our way back.

"I do not anticipate any great danger in such a case. It was in view of such a contingency that I was anxious to get a man like Capt. Bartlett to take command of our ship. He is a man who is not afraid of hurting his ship, and not eager to save it at the expense of the expedition. He goes cheerfully into such a hazard, risking the crushing of his stout vessel in the gigantic tightening grasp of the ice that will freeze for miles and miles around it. If the worst came to the worst and the ship were crushed to bits, we could still walk or sledge across the ice to safety.

"Nor do I fear the danger of shortage of supplies in such a case, for there is plenty of game in the arctic on which we can live."

Stefansson was not certain yesterday whether his ship, the Karluk, or the second ship would return to a port on the Pacific each Summer or not. That, he said, would depend upon conditions as they found them after getting into the Fur North.

Large Scientific Staff.

The personnel of the expedition, he said, as planned so far, would consist of a crew of about fifteen men and thirteen scientific men. This, he said, was the largest scientific staff ever taken on an arctic expedition, and every one on it, with the exception of the photographer, was a specialist in his particular branch of science.

Here is the record of the men on the scientific staff as given by Stefansson yesterday:

SOUTHERN PARTY.

Dr. R. M. Anderson, zoologist, specialist mammals, birds, in command of the southern party. Dr. Anderson was with Stefansson on the last expedition.

Fritz Johansen, Norwegian, has for a

Continued on Page 2.

Spanish Expert Praises and Blames Our Prison System.

Inspector General of Prisons in that country visits our penal institutions and comments interestingly on what he saw in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

COSTLY BARNEY HOME SWEPT BY FLAMES

Rare Objects Collected by Man Who Killed Himself After Trust Company Failure Destroyed.

A few hours after the removal of valuable paintings and tapestries from the home of the late Charles T. Barney at Park Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street yesterday fire swept the drawing room and two adjoining apartments and threatened to extend throughout the entire house. The flames were checked in the hall, which is famous for its marble lining.

The absence of inflammable materials in the hall was said to have saved the entire building from destruction. Damage to the extent of some $25,000 was done to antique furniture and other costly fittings collected by Mr. Barney, who killed himself after the failure of the Knickerbocker Trust Company. That the loss was not greater, was due to the fact that the fittings in the "green room," as the drawing room where the fire started, was called, were put in storage yesterday morning, as Mrs. Barney and her two sons are sailing for Europe to-morrow. Firemen who first entered the house found gold watches and other jewelry on the floor where Mrs. Barney had dropped them in her flight from the house.

The four-story and basement brick house, with dining room in the basement, has an entrance in Thirty-eighth Street. Mrs. Barney, her daughter, Mrs. C. T. Alexander; the latter's five-year-old son, Archie, and James C. and Ashwell Barney were having lunch when the butler, Edward Jones, left the room to investigate an odor of smoke. He went to the first floor, where his cries sounded the alarm to the family and the retinue of ten servants.

Mrs. Barney's first thought was for her jewels, which were in her sleeping apartment. She ran upstairs by the greenroom, where the flames were burning fiercly, and mounted the marble stairway. She put several gold watches, bracelets, and similar ornaments on top of the box containing diamonds and other gems, and started down the stairs. In her haste to reach the street she did not observe that some of the articles dropped on the floor.

Mrs. Alexander carried her little son to safety through the basement door leading to Thirty-eighth Street. James C. Barney and his brother stayed in the house long enough to obtain some personal belongings, and then directed the efforts of the servants to subdue the flames. Before the firemen arrived in response to an alarm sent in by some one in the street a large crowd had assembled around the house. The reserves of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station had difficulty in establishing fire lines, which were set with ropes at some distance from the house because of the report that valuable property had been left in the house.

The fire had been burning several minutes when the Barney brothers made an effort to get into the greenroom to save a silver bust set with jewels, and a Cashmir embroidered cape, which their father regarded as priceless. They were forced back by smoke and flames. Deputy Chief Martin and one of his men volunteered for the work. The two articles were in a marble chest. Martin led in a dash for the chest, opened it, and, obtaining the valuables, retreated safely. They were taken in charge by members of the family, who were waiting in the street.

Martin then searched the rooms upstairs and recovered the articles dropped by Mrs. Barney. When Police Capt. Rohrig learned of the valuables which Mrs. Barney had in her possession he detailed Lieut. Murphy and four men to guard her.

The flames destroyed the fittings of the green room and extended from the conservatory and ballroom to the east, and into the hall where the marble walls and staircase stopped them. Among other valuable fittings destroyed were two Roman sarcophygi, two antique electrollers, a cabinet filled with Greek and Italian statuettes, a Venus statue, several paintings, and several antique rugs. A ceiling of sixteenth century carving and a door post of antique marble were destroyed. One of the articles saved was a life-size statue obtained by the late Stanford White for Mr. Barney.

CUTS ASTOR HOUSE IN TWO.

City Buys Subway Easement, Leaving William Waldorf's Half Alone.

The Public Service Commission signed an agreement yesterday with the estate of John Jacob Astor, which owns the southern half of the Astor House building, to buy a perpetual easement beneath it in return for a payment of $600,000 and to construct a wall from bed rock along the Broadway and Vesey Street sides of the lot, which will be strong enough to erect any building, which the estate may decide to put up.

The original line of the Subway was laid out by the Commission's engineers so as to cut across one corner of the northern half of the hotel, owned by William Waldorf Astor. It has been found possible, however, to divert the Subway so as to avoid this property. The John Jacob Astor estate will start the demolition of the southern half of the building on June 15, but nothing is known at the offices of the Public Service Commission as to the plans of William Waldorf Astor. He will be left with half of an antiquated hotel standing and some lots adjoining it, running through from Barclay Street to Vesey Street.

In the agreement drawn up with the Trinity Corporation concerning the easement under the northwest corner of St. Paul's churchyard a provision is contained whereby the contractor for that section will underpin and support the parish house and school on the Church Street side for $80,000. The price paid for the easement will be $180,000.

The Bureau of Municipal Research has sent to the Board of Estimate a protest against this agreement with Trinity. It points out that the corporation owns $28,364,200 worth of property which is exempt from taxation. These taxes would have amounted to $519,000 this year, and the bureau argues that the city will not take any property which the corporation has the slightest intention of using, and that in the event of the tunnel being no longer used for a subway the property would revert to Trinity. So it is suggested that the city should suggest to Trinity Corporation the propriety of waiving any purely technical rights.

For that tired feeling in the Spring try ANGOSTURA BITTERS, a famous tonic.—Adv.

CONVICT ANNOYERS OF THE PRESIDENT

Jersey Mountaineers Who Tried to Blackmail Mr. Wilson and Others Are Found Guilty.

Jake Dunn and Seeley Davenport, the mountaineers of Sparta Mountain, N. J., indicted by the United States Grand Jury for having sent blackmailing letters to Woodrow Wilson before and after his election as President were found guilty last night by a jury in the Federal Court in Newark. The letters sent to President Wilson demanded large sums of money in gold and he was threatened with death if he failed to comply with the demands.

The prisoners were convicted on four counts—two for sending threatening letters to President Wilson and two for sending similar letters to Theodore F. King of Ledgewood N. J., and Henry J. Misel of Dover N. J., a furniture dealer, who has since died. The jury recommended Davenport to mercy. The trial began yesterday morning and lasted all day. After a brief charge by Judge John Relistab the case was put in the hands of the jury. The verdict was returned after two hours' deliberation.

Dunn and Davenport testified in their own behalf. They denied sending the letters, saying that they had never seen them exceupt in the possession of the Federal officers. Dunn testified that he never heard of one of the letters threatening President Wilson's death until Post Office Inspector Francis A. Butler dictated from it to him to get a sample of his handwriting.

Witnesses from Sparta, where Dunn and Davenport lived, testified that the phrase "sure I did," which Dunn used when he answered Butler's question as to the authorship of the letters, did not mean anything, as the phrase was peculiar to the locality. William J. Kinsley, an authority on handwriting, who was summoned from New Orleans, testified that the handwriting of Jake Dunn as obtained by the Federal officials was the same as that which appeared in all four letters in the case.

Norman S. Hobbs and George B. Quinn of the Drummond Detective Agency testified that on the night of May 25, 1912, they went with Mr. King to a place designated in the threatening letter to Mr. King. Both detectives said that Dunn and Davenport were loitering near by when they hung a bag under the platform of the freight station as arranged in the threatening letter.

A VETERAN TO THE RESCUE.

He May Die, but He Saved a Girl Menaced by a Runaway Horse.

While traffic was at its height in Fifth Avenue yesterday afternoon a runaway horse, his harness askew and the traces flying behind him, came galloping madly west through Twenty-eighth Street. Scores of persons in the avenue saw the oncoming animal, and there was a scramble to clear the cross street. As the crowd scampered to safety a young girl, some 17 years old, was seen standing in the middle of the crossing, apparently paralyzed by fright.

No one regained his wits so quickly as the driver of a one-horse transfer wagon which was coming up the avenue. As the driver saw the girl's peril he stood up in his seat and lashed his horse. The animal ran straight into the path of the approaching runaway, and they met in a crash that sent the driver flying over the heads of both horses, to land unconscious on the pavement. But the girl was saved.

Policemen Junker and Wischart of Traffic Squad C ran to the driver's assistance. As they lifted him up it was seen that he was a man nearly 70 years old. In his lapel was the button of the Grand Army of the Republic. When Dr. Wildman of the New York Hospital arrived he found that the old man had suffered a fracture of his left thighbone and severe contusions and lacerations about the body. When he reached the hospital he had recovered sufficiently to give his name as James Grames of 180 Hull Street, Brooklyn. He said he was 70 years old and that he was a veteran of the civil war. At the hospital they thought the old soldier's age might make his recovery doubtful.

In the excitement the girl who had had such a narrow escape disappeared. No one had thought of asking her name, so interested were they in the fate of Grames. The runaway horse was badly injured, but Grames's horse escaped unhurt.

TRAIN ENGULFED; SIX DIE.

Landslide Buries Passengers in Caboose on Chesapeake & Ohio.

HINTON, West Va., May 20.—Six persons were killed and several were injured early to-night when a mixed train on the Sewell branch of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad was swept down a steep mountain side by a landslide.

The train, composed of an engine, three freight cars, and a caboose, the latter carrying passengers, had stopped between Sewell and Landisburg to clear away debris deposited by a cloudburst early in the day. While this work was in progress, another slide occurred, and the train was thrown from the tracks and 300 feet down the mountain side.

Among the dead are James Walker of Hinton, a traveling salesman, and Mrs. Amick of Landisburg. A young girl is known to have been killed, and three men who were in the caboose have not been seen since the accident and are believed to be under the wreckage.

The train left Sewell at 6 o'clock tonight. The deluge of rain during the day caused landslides all along the right of way. As the crew worked to clear away one of these there was a roar and tons of earth slipped from the mountain side and engulfed the train.

News of the accident was brought here by J. Muckles of Charleston, West Va., who left the train when it stopped on account of the first landslide. Muckles walked to Sewell. He said the train was completely swallowed up.

INDIVIDUAL CUPS FOR OFFICES.
The Lily Drinking Cup is the best of all sanitary cups. It is made by the Public Service Cup Co., Bush Terminal, Brooklyn. Samples mailed free.—Adv.

SEIZE 65 PICKETS IN PATERSON STRIKE

Authorities by a Bit of Strategy Control the Situation at the Price Mills.

STRIKERS SEEK HALEDON

City Detectives See Piles of Stones and Take the Hint and Go Home.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., May 20.—Finding the meeting halls in Paterson closed to them, several thousand silk mill strikers, led by Patrick Quinlan, the convicted strike leader, marched to the green in Haledon this morning and cheered speeches by Quinlan, Koettgen, the local organizer, and others in which the agitators denounced the legal authorities. Quinlan, in a heated moment, assured his wildly enthusiastic audience, that as soon as the I. W. W. finished with Paterson, a Nation-wide demonstration would be started.

The troubles of strike-ridden Paterson to-night appear to be as far from settlement as at any time since the strike started, three months ago. There was a clash this morning between the police and the strike pickets in Broadway, near the Arthur Price Silk Mills. Another serious situation developed later at Haledon, due to the presence at the Quinlan meeting of Paterson police detectives. The strikers, for a second time to-day, gathered in force late this afternoon near the Price Mills. As a result of the Price Mills demonstrations the police held sixty-five pickets as prisoners, nine of whom were young women. The fifty-six men prisoners were sent to jail, in default of $500 bail each, to answer charges of unlawful assemblage. One woman was released. The others will be arraigned before Recorder Carroll to-morrow morning.

Fifty policemen at 3 o'clock this morning took station in Broadway, between Bridge and Washington Streets, near the Price Mill. This was a strategic move on the part of the police, for the strike pickets did not appear until half an hour later. Great was their chagrin when they found the police already in position, with lines established beyond which no person who was not identified was permitted to go.

The streets near the mills by 8 o'clock were jammed with strikers. Many of them were in bad humor, and all were anxious to keep the Price employes from going to work.

Haywood, Tresca, Quinlan, and Miss Flynn, the strike leader, had impressed upon the pickets yesterday that, if they wished to win this strike, they should see to it that not a wheel in a single mill turned until every silk mill owner in Paterson had surrendered to the Industrial Workers of the World, and had granted the demands of that organization.

The pickets were the same as yesterday, with some additions and a few absentees, the latter being the sixty-odd men and twenty women who were arrested in the theatre riot and are now in jail awaiting the action of the county authorities. The arrests of yesterday did not dampen the ardor of the pickets this morning. They all had heard Pat Quinlan say that the strike was to be won on the picket lines if won at all, and they were there to carry out the orders of Quinlan and the other leaders.

Early Clash With Police.

The clash came at 8 o'clock, the hour set for the Price Mills to start up. It was not so furious as was the conflict of yesterday morning, but it was exciting enough. For a quarter of an hour the police were busy coralling their prisoners. Of the prisoners only one was a woman. Mrs. Harriet Fracina was the woman. She had her invalid boy of seven years with her. When the police put her into the patrol wagon the boy clung to her, his arms around her neck. Mrs. Fracina was taken to Police Headquarters, but soon was released. She was the only one of the prisoners who was not sent to jail.

The meeting on the Haledon Green this morning was the idea of Patrick Quinlan, the convicted agitator, now out on bail waiting sentence for uttering remarks leading to incite the strikers to assault and riot. The police had closed both Turn Hall and Helvetia Hall as disorderly places. The strikers, several thousand strong, surrounded those buildings clamoring to get in, and denouncing the authorities for closing them.

The outlook was not peaceful. Finally Quinlan appeared. He thought of Haledon, which is a village outside the corporate limits of this city, and addressing the strikers asked them to follow him to the green, three miles away. The procession quickly formed, and with Quinlan leading the way, marched out of Paterson, singing, whistling, and cheering for the I. W. W.

A squad of police detectives and a court stenographer followed the strikers to Haledon. The result of this espionage was another serious situation. Only the withdrawal of the police from Haledon prevented a serious riot. The strikers had been informed by their leaders that Haledon was beyond the jurisdiction of the Paterson authorities, and they were prepared to drive the police back into the city.

Paterson Detectives Withdraw.

Arriving at the green, the police were met by several of the strikers, who served notice on them that their presence was not desired, and that they would have to leave. Several piles of stones which had been gathered by the strikers and their sympathizers were near by. The police knew what these stones meant. The Mayor of Haledon let it be known that he did not consider that the Paterson police had any business at the meeting. After thinking the matter over the police withdrew, and when the cheering that followed the withdrawal subsided Quinlan jumped to the stand and called the crowd to order.

"The police," said Quinlan, "had just as much right to close your own home as they had to close Turn and Helvetia Halls. In coming into those halls they were just as much intruders as if they had entered your own kitchen and told your wife to stop cooking. But don't worry—We will win yet. Make no mistake about that. That court stenographer who is sneaking about trying to get evidence against us owes his life to me, for I once went to his aid when he was in great danger. Remember, friends, the picket line! That's where we must make our stand and that's where this strike is going to be won, and when we do win this strike in Paterson we are going to start a big, big demonstration all over the United States."

Ewald Koettgen, the local organizer of the I. W. W., and one of the organization's agitators, followed. He spoke of "the gang in the City Hall that has gone crazy altogether."

"They must be a lot of boobs," shouted Koettgen, "to think that they can break this strike by closing those halls. We will organize all the industries and combine them into one big organization, and no power in Paterson can stop us. We are in the fight to a finish, no matter what old McBride, the Mayor, and Dunn, the prosecutor, say about it. Yes, we are going to wipe that gang out of existence. By this I do not mean we are going to kill them, for we would not soil our hands with them. They will remember us on next election day."

When Koettgen finished, a new agitator was introduced to the strikers. He was a negro from New Rochelle, and the first of that race to make his appearance as a Haywood lieutenant. There are no negroes among the strikers. The newest agitator talked a long

Continued on Page 2.

A NEW STEEL PROCESS.

Superior High-Speed Product Patented All Over the World.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, May 21.—The Daily Mail says that great interest has been aroused in Sheffield in a method of producing superior high-speed steel by the introduction of cobalt.

The process has been patented throughout the world by a Continental firm, but there are indications that at Sheffield, the centre of the English high-speed steel industry, the manufacturers will fight for the privilege of making the new steel without having to pay royalties under a foreign patent.

The new material, it is said, marks a great advance on the best qualities of steel at present obtainable for boring and cutting tools.

The Daily Mail recalls the fact that a few years ago, when the discovery of high-speed steel caused a revolution in steelmaking, American inventors sought a monopoly by means of patents. The case was taken to the courts, and the Americans lost it.

DYNAMITE IN BOMB BLOCK.

Five Sticks, with Fuses Ignited, Put Out by Policeman.

At 11:45 o'clock last night a boy told Policeman Valentine Bach of the Fifth Street Station that something was burning in the hallway of the tenement house at 185 Chrystie Street. Entering the hallway the policeman found five sticks of dynamite, each twelve inches long, each with a fuse attached and ignited. The policeman put out the burning fuses and took the dynamite to the station, giving the sticks to Lieut. Kelly.

The tenement house is filled largely with Italian families and is in the block known as "Bomb" Block, because so many bomb explosions have occurred there.

BAR MRS. BLYTHE'S SMOKING

Minneapolis Hotel "Ridiculously Provincial," Says New York Visitor.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 20.—Mrs. Hobart Newell Blythe of New York City and Tuxedo Park was lunching in the Hotel Radisson to-day when a pale headwaiter brought her a note from the manager requesting that she refrain from smoking.

"How ridiculously provincial!" said Mrs. Blythe, as she took the last puff of a gold-tipped cigarette. "It is too utterly imbecilic for me to notice."

Mrs. Blythe said that she and her husband were on their way home from Canada.

CHILD FALLS INTO SUBWAY.

After a Drop of 35 Feet Is Unhurt, but Cries for His Mother.

Five-year-old Selig Musciang of 1,626 Lexington Avenue fell thirty-five feet from the street to the bottom of the Lexington Avenue subway extension at 103d Street last night, and when Herman Cohen ran down a stairway and reached him underground the boy was crawling around crying "Mamma, mamma, I want my mamma." He was unhurt except for a few scratches on the head and an abrasion of the knee.

There is a railing around the excavation. Selig crawled under the railing and toppled over. He struck several of the crossbeams on the way down. This gave him the cuts and scratches. Several children saw the boy fall, and their screams attracted the attention of Cohen. The boy was taken to Harlem Hospital, but after his bruises were dressed the doctors said he could go home.

POLICE SEEK YOUNG GIRL.

Mother Gets Word Her Daughter Intends to Sail for Trinidad.

The police of this city were looking last night for Anna Holmes, 16 years old, of Scarsdale, N. Y., who left home yesterday morning for the avowed purpose of buying clothes in this city. She wrote her mother after arriving here that she was going to the island of Trinidad.

The girl's mother reported to the police of Scarsdale that her daughter had left home at 11:30 o'clock in the morning. In her letter the girl did not say when she was going to Trinidad or why she had decided to go there. The Scarsdale police notified the New York police, and a general alarm was sent out.

MICE STOLE STAMPS.

Yonkers Clerks Vindicated When Excavation Revealed the Fragments.

Postage stamps of different denominations and in lots exceeding $50 in value have disappeared at intervals during the last three years from the Post Office at Yonkers. A month ago Government Inspectors came from Washington to make investigations, with the result that the stamp clerks were held responsible and had to make good the losses. The clerks protested, but paid the money.

Workmen making excavations in the rear of the Post Office discovered yesterday a mouse hole which was lined almost entirely with the chewed fragments of postage stamps. The clerks were highly gratified when they heard of the discovery and will send an immediate application to Washington for the return of their money.

POSED AS WOMAN TEACHER.

Taught Entire Session and Nobody Suspected Him, Says Baker.

KANSAS CITY, May 20.—James Arthur Baker, under arrest here charged with a theft committed at Summerland, Cal., has signed a confession, according to the police, in which he revealed that for a long time he posed successfully as a woman school teacher.

After an experience as a male school teacher in the Middle West, he said, he moved to the Pacific Coast, and, finding that men teachers were not in demand there, decided to disguise himself as a woman. He obtained a position in an Idaho village under the name of "Alice Baker," and taught school an entire session without any one suspecting his secret.

Baker said he met a young attorney in Los Angeles who exercised a hypnotic influence over him and led him into a series of counterfeiting and burglary swindles.

Bretton Woods Hotels, White Mts., N. H. The Mount Pleasant. The Mount Washington. Booking Office, 243 5th Av. Tel. Mad. Sq. 9230.—Adv.

MURTAUGH DEFIES SULZER TO HIS FACE

Before Elmira Audience Senator Says "No" on State Primary, and the Governor Threatens

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Governor's bill would make it possible for a set of bosses to make a secret agreement regarding candidates, whereas under the convention system they were compelled at least to come out in the open and put their brand on the candidates they had agreed upon.

"I have never taken orders from any boss," he went on, "while I have been in the Senate, and I know that you will believe me when I say so. [Great applause.] The Governor has said that he is willing to trust the people. So am I. There seems to be an honest difference of opinion among Democrats and among voters of other parties as to whether the State Convention should be abolished. My proposition is that the Governor and the legislators get together before the extra session, and agree on some plan by which this question can be submitted to the voters this Fall. When we have their answer we will know what to do."

The audience applauded this proposition, and it applauded Senator Murtaugh's frank stand more when he sat down.

Then the Governor ordered Clarence J. Shearn out on the firing line to shoot the referendum plea to pieces.

Before leaving for Albany Gov. Sulzer said he would drive Senator Murtaugh from public life unless he voted for the Sulzer proposals at the extra session.

"There is not the shadow of a doubt that his constituents will demand that he take side with me," said the Governor. "Regarding his proposal for a referendum, I can only say that Boss Barnes made the same proposal before I left Albany. I turned Boss Barnes down, and it isn't very likely that I would accept it now from a member of the party of which I am the leader in this State."

Much Enthusiasm at Corning.

Prior to his meetings here the Governor spoke to small crowds at Attica, Warsaw, and Sulphur Springs, and addressed about 600 at Hornell before reaching Cornell from Buffalo.

In Corning he held a noonday meeting in the Opera House. This was packed, and the Governor received his first really enthusiastic reception since he started on his tour. The leading citizens came to the meeting. The Democratic organization was well represented, and so was the Progressive Party. There was a sprinkling of Republicans of the type that supported Hughes in his direct primary fight.

The Governor, when he stood face to face with this friendly audience, gave his hearers a real heart-to-heart talk, which went home, for the crowd clapped again and again.

"If you only knew how hard it is for me to do things for you, how I am threatened, and how obstacles are placed in my way by men high up in my party, your sympathy would be with me in this struggle, I know," said the Governor.

"You'll get all the help you want from the Democrats in this here part of the State!" shouted a man from one of the boxes.

"I know," said the Governor. "You have shown that you are with me, because you made your representatives in the Legislature vote for the Direct Nominations bill. They tried to get the legislators from your county to vote against the bill, but they shouted back a 'No!' that was heard in Tammany Hall."

The Governor had probably not been informed of the real situation. In Steuben County there is genuine direct nominations sentiment among the Democrats. Ordinarily Steuben is a Republican County, but in any campaign direct nominations would be taken up as an issue by the party not in power. The Democratic organization wants to retain its hold on the county offices and the county patronage. So Senator John Seeley and Assemblymen James L. Seely, Jr., and Charles A. Brewster voted for the Governor's bill with the consent and blessing of the very bosses that Gov. Sulzer is fighting.

Clarence J. Shearn, Labor Commissioner John Mitchell, and ex-Congressman James S. Havens of Rochester spoke at the Corning meeting before the Governor made his appearance.

The Governor and his party were guests at a luncheon given by the County Democratic Committee at the Old Dickinson House. Afterward the Governor and the company of speakers and newspaper correspondents motored the eighteen miles from Corning to this city, escorted by Mayor Daniel Sheehan of Elmira and a delegation of Elmira Democrats. On the way there the procession was swelled by a large number of Progressives, who came in automobiles.

After reaching the city limits the Governor was taken on a wide detour, passing the public schools. In all these places the school children stood in a line along the street and waved flags.

The Governor addressed seven such open-air gatherings, and in every instance he preached direct primaries to the little boys and girls, who stood by in wide-eyed wonder and broke into shrill cheers when he finished, and the chug-chug of the automobiles was heard again.

On his way from Buffalo the Governor spoke at Attica, Warsaw, Sulphur Springs, and Hornell. Except at Hornell, where about 600 had gathered at the station, the audiences were very small, but very responsive to any warlike utterances that fell from the Governor's lips, while showing little interest when he was explaining his direct nominations plan.

BROWN FOR STATE CONVENTION

Minority Leader Cannot Support Sulzer Bill Which Abolishes It.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERTOWN, May 20.—"The only sentiment for abolishing the State Convention in my district comes from those who say that nothing worse could happen to them than the last Democratic State Convention. Not believing that lightning could strike in the same place twice, public interest refuses to be aroused so long as the Governor hangs to the one direct primary provision which everybody else objects to."

So said Senator E. R. Brown, the minority leader, in response to an inquiry from New York about the sentiment of his district on the Sulzer Primary bill.

"There is not the slightest chance of my changing my position on the Governor's bill, so long as it contains the provision abolishing the State Convention," continued Senator Brown.

Senator Griffin Changes to Sulzer.

The Executive Committee of the Bronx Democracy, an independent organization that is fighting for home rule and direct primaries, received a promise from State Senator Anthony J. Griffin last night that he would vote for Gov. Sulzer's Direct Primary bill at the next meeting of the Legislature. Senator Griffin voted against it at the last meeting.

PRIZES FOR BEST DESIGNS.

Merchants' Association Wants Symbol to Attach to Goods.

The Merchants' Association of New York has offered two prizes—one of $150 and the other of $50—for the best designs for an emblem and motto to be attached ot merchandise distributed from this city.

Each design must be identified by a symbol and accompanied by a sealed envelope for identification, containing the symbol upon the design and the name of the competitor. More than one sketch may be submitted by the same person. The conditions of the competition require that all designs shall be forwarded to S. C. Mead, Secretary of the Merchants' Association, 233 Broadway, not later than July 1.

The design must be suitable for reproduction upon a seal or label intended for affixing either to merchandise or packages, or to cases containing merchandise. It will also be used in stencil form.

The use of the Statue of Liberty as the basis for the design is preferred, but it is not compulsory. The words "New York" must appear conspicuously in connection with the design, or as part of the emblem. Each design must be shown by a black and white sketch twelve inches square.

TO SIGN CIVIL BILL FOR PARTY HARMONY

But the President Is Expected to Condemn the Inclusion of Clause in Unions' Interest.

THINKS ITS VALUE LIMITED

Does Not Affect the Anti-Trust Law, He Argues, and Is Valid Only for One Year.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Considerable interest is being taken at the Capitol to-day in the ultimate fate of the Sundry Civil bill, which contains a proviso, prohibiting the use of a certain $300,000 fund for the prosecution of labor unions or agricultural associations. Light was thrown on the history of President Wilson's supposed change of attitude on the subject, while in quarters where the best information is to be expected the statement was made that the bill would be promptly signed when it reached the White House. It is understood, however, that the President will issue a statement or send in a message with his signature, condemning this kind of legislation on an Appropriation bill, even if he does not go to the point of condemning the discrimination on its merits.

It was learned that when the subject of reintroducing the bill, which President Taft vetoed because of its "vicious class legislation," was first called to Mr. Wilson's attention by the Chairmen of the two Committees on Appropriations, he quickly decided that the clause condemned by President Taft, ought to be dropped from the bill. His statements on that point were so definite that Chairman Fitzgerald of the unorganized House committee was ready to bring the bill in with the offensive proviso omitted.

At this point, according to to-day's information, representations, of a nature that is not known to the public were made to the President. He summoned the House and Senate Chairmen, invited Attorney General McReynolds to confer with them, and in the end gave his assent to retaining the proviso in the new bill. This account of events fits in with a story that was in circulation at the time that the President wished to impress the country with the solidarity of his party on the tariff, and did not wish to mar that effect by showing the differences of opinion which elimination of the prohibitory clause would have caused.

It is now believed that in consenting to the inclusion of the proviso the President did so in the interest of party harmony, if not with the distinct hint before him that the strength of this proposition in Congress was so great that his opposition might not prevent its inclusion in the bill.

It is thought that the President was more willing to compromise on the matter from his knowledge that the proviso was attached to only a single item, that it amended the Sherman Anti-Trust act in no way, and that it was limited to the appropriation of a single year. These facts he is expected to emphasize in his statement, accompanying his signature of the bill.

By a curious coincidence the regular Republicans of the Senate agreed tacitly to an almost identical compromise in the closing days of the last session. The bill, as it came from the House, was referred to a subcommittee, headed by Chairman Warren of Wyoming. The subcommittee struck out the proviso, but the full committee reinserted it.

Mr. Warren wished to carry the fight to the Senate, but when he consulted with his party leaders on the floor, they pointed out the same considerations that are now moved the outstanding President Wilson in accepting the bill. They told Mr. Warren also that the bill was in jeopardy, and that the appropriations ought not to be imperiled. Mr. Warren yielded to these representations, and the bill was passed, only to be vetoed by Mr. Taft.

The bill as passed by both houses at this session, is now in conference over a difference as to the number of members on a board, governing the Soldiers' home.

The clause to prohibit the use of the fund against labor unions or agricultural associations is not under consideration, and according to parliamentarians its language cannot be touched as House and Senate passed identical provisos. The only way to reach the proviso, as pointed out by a Senator to-day, would be to send the bill to the President and then pass a joint resolution, "correcting" the bill by eliminating the proviso. Chairman Martin of the Senate committee said to-day that no such course is under consideration.

"The proviso is straightened out already," he said. "The House and Senate passed it deliberately, and in just the form they desired. It is going to remain unchanged. No suggestion has come from any quarter that the proviso should be eliminated. We shall reach an agreement shortly over the membership of the Soldiers' Home Board, and the bill then becomes law."

Meanwhile the President continues to receive many protests against the measure.

EMPLOYERS PROTEST.

Manufacturers Send Message to President Denouncing Labor Exemption.

DETROIT, May 20.—Practically all of to-day's, sessions of the convention of the National Manufacturers' Association were taken up with discussion of labor organizations and the labor situation in general. The discussion culminated this afternoon in the sending to President Wilson of resolutions protesting against the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill and urging him to veto it because of the provision against using its funds for the prosecution of labor organizations under the Sherman act.

The resolutions were introduced by James A. Emery of Washington, general counsel of the association, and were in part as follows:

The moral effect of the proviso preventing the use of public funds specifically appropriated to enfore the Sherman act, for the prosecution of labor and agricultural combinations violating that statute, in the public mind and among the exempted classes is to condone the acts which the law has condemned and to make the participants in strikes, boycotts, and all forms of labor disturbances believe that they are justified in acts of lawlessness when done in furtherance of a trade dispute.

It implicitly pledges the Administration to similar changes in the substantive law which would approve and validate the most vicious forms of the secondary boycott in inter-State commerce, including paralysis of railroad communication, the ruin of custom, and the compulsory discharge of non-union men as a means of compelling the acceptance of the demand of the boycotting combination.

Making it unlawful and right for one class of citizens to do that which would remain criminal and wrong when done by another class insults the law-abiding members of the excepted class, offends the moral sense of our people, and, under the decisions of our courts would be likely to invalidate the act and thus further the sinister designs of those who would destroy the statute itself.

A large part of the Secretary's report to-day was devoted to the so-called "embargo placed on free labor by the promoters of the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco."

The delegates made no concealment of the fact that they viewed the policy of the exposition managers to employ none but union labor with disfavor. Several of the members of the association announced that they would not exhibit unless the policy was changed and the exposition opened to free labor.

Charging that organized labor had failed to clear itself of "the stains which violence and lawlessness has cast upon it," John Kirby, Jr., of Dayton, Ohio, President of the association, in his annual report dwelt at length upon present industrial and legislative tendencies and their effects upon manufacturers and employers. He referred to detail to the treatment of great corporations and the railroads and the attitude of manufacturers toward the tariff. He said in part:

"We are justified in our condemnation of Representatives and Senators in Congress who, in the name of political expediency, stoop so low in the scale of public duty as to vote for such legislation as the Clayton Anti-Injunction and Contempt bills, which were passed in the lower house of the Sixty-second Congress, and only escaped passage in the Senate by a hair's breadth.

"There are men now acting in the capacity of representatives of the people, who, under the cowardly pretense of political expediency, have been willing to violate their oath of office for the cheap price offered by the leaders of an organized gang of dynamiters, who, with their entire affiliated membership, represent less than 2 per cent. of the population of the country.

"And should we not gaze with horrified amazement upon the spectacle presented to us in the closing days of the last Congress when both the House and the Senate passed the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill containing the provision that no funds appropriated for the use of the Department of Justice in prosecuting violations of the Sherman act should be used for the purpose of prosecuting these defiant combinations —a bill which William Howard Taft promptly vetoed? The same bill is pending again, having been promptly passed by the House in the special session. And this is the way the party in power starts out to make good its boasted slogan of 'equal rights for all, special privileges to none.'"

Joseph Johnson, Fire Commissioner of New York City, attacked the fire insurance companies, alleging that they exacted excessive rates and employed lax methods of inspection.

NEW YORKER DEAD IN FIRE.

Matthew White, Sr., Perishes in Summer House at Monterey, Mass.

MONTEREY, Mass., May 20.—Matthew White of New York City, a retired malt manufacturer, and father of Matthew White, Jr., the writer, lost his life in a fire that destroyed the Summer home of the family here early to-day. A daughter, Mrs. I. T. Withington, and her maid, the only other occupants of the house, were awakened by the crackling of the flames and escaped by jumping from a second-story window to the piazza roof and then to the ground. Five minutes later the floors of the home fell in. Mr. White was asleep on the third floor and is believed to have burned to death in his bed. The fire is thought to have started from a fireplace on the ground floor.

Mr. White was 75 years old, and until his retirement a few years ago had been the active head of a business established by his father at Albany. He also had real estate interests in Salt Lake City and mining properties in the West.

Matthew White, Jr., is in London.

PEACE VISITORS SAIL.

English Delegates Pleased with United States and Her People.

The English delegates sailed on the Cunard liner Mauretania for Liverpool at 1 A. M. this morning.

Speaking for them Sir George Reid, High Commissioner for the Australian Government, said: "We have been treated with the greatest kindness everywhere that we have been in the United States and with exceeding hospitality by all the Government officials. On my previous visit I was strikingly impressed by the people of this wonderful country, and this occasion has confirmed my former opinion. I can say that all the delegates who came with me to attend this conference are leaving with the highest appreciation of this country and its people."

HELD FOR GEM THEFT.

Austrian Said to be Imprisoned on the Steamship Finland.

It was reported early this morning that an Austrian wanted in Germany for the theft of a jewel valued at $8,000 was locked up on the steamship Finland of the Red Star Line, which arrived here from Antwerp yesterday.

The theft occurred some weeks ago, and information that the man suspected was on board the Finland was obtained after she left Antwerp. It was cabled here and relayed to the officers of the ship, who had a thorough search made. The name of the prisoner could not be obtained.

CITY SELLS ITS 4 1-2S AT 100.159 AVERAGE

Continued from Page 1.

at 100.035, $10,000 at 100.02, and $10,000 at 100.046.

Chase National Bank, $1,000,000 at 100.001.

George J. Horan, $40,000 at 100.10.

Thomas Denny & Co., $10,000 at 100.

J. S. Bailey, $3,250 at 100.01.

Commercial Trust Company, $100,000 at 100.18.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co., $15,000,000 at 100 and a few small amounts above par.

First National Bank of New York, $2,500,000 at 100 and interest.

Thompson-Towle Co., $200,000 at 100; $200,000 at 100.01575, and $100,000 at 100.03125.

Day & Heaton, $10,000 at 100.01, $10,000 at 100.2, $10,000 at 100.03, $10,000 at 100.04.

Coal and Iron National Bank, $100,000 at 100, $5,000 at 100.425.

White, Weld & Co., $263,000 at 100.052.

J. Griggs, $5,000 at 100.18.

Hamilton Trust Company, $100,000 at 100.207, $100,000 at 100,125.

Spencer Trask & Co., $10,000 at 100.

Union Exchange National Bank, $20,000 at 100.58.

Eastman Dillon Company, $25,000 at 100.207, $25,000 at 100.01, $25,000 at 100.051, $25,000 at 100.031, $25,000 at 100.051; $25,000 at 100.071, $25,000 at 100.061, also ten lots of $10,000 each running from 101.111 to 100.201.

Henry Clews & Co., $500,000 at 100.

Hanover National Bank, $400,000 at 100.03, $75,000 at 100.272.

Swartwout & Appenzellar, $100,000 at 100.2.

Hornblower & Weeks, $14,000 at 100, $10,000 at 100.16, $4,000 at 100.425.

M. F. Walker, $100 at 100.105.

H. Monday & Sons, $75,00 at from 100.1/2 to 100.1/4.

W. H. Craig, $13,500 at 100.

Boissevain & Co., bidding for a syndicate at Amsterdam, Holland, $1,375,000 at prices ranging from 100.003 to 100.015.

The same bankers also bid $50,000 at 100.003.

Brooklyn Trust Company, $1,500,000 in $100,000 lots at 100.036, 100.047, 100.058, 100.083, and 100.010.

William Hopper, $1,000 at 100.040.

Max Mayer, $600 at 100.27.

S. F. Lahey, $20,000 at 100.175.

C. E. Levison & Co., $300,000 at 100.014; $300,000 at 100.105; $300,0000 at 100.019.

J. S. Bache & Co., bids of $575,000 in lots of $5,000 at 100, $170,000 at 100.002, $1,000 at 100.004, $1,000 at 100.006, $100,000 at 100.007, $100,000 at 100.009, $100,000 at 100.265, $10,000 at 100.017, $10,000 at 100.065.

Parkinson & Burr, $52,000 at 100.041.

W. Raymond, $330 at 101.50.

F. H. Wise, $1,000 at 100.

Charles G. Votorius, $5,000 at 100.

Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, $15,000 at 100.25.

Post & Flagg, $100,000 at 100.023.

National Bank of Commerce, $1,000,000 at 100.

Kings County Trust Company, $500,000 in $100,000 lots at 100.1, 100.03, 100.05, 100.07, 100.17.

H. W. Whitney & Co., $100,000 at 100.

Citizens Trust Company of Brooklyn, $100,000 at 100.06.

Mackay & Co., $103,000 in lots of varying size at 100.25, 100.173, 100.143, 100.123, 100.073, 100.051.

Boissevain & Co., $20,000 at 100.125.

Previous Sales Compared.

The following is a record of the public sales since 1903, with the average price received:

1912—	Amount.	Interest Rate %.	Avg. Price.
May 7	65,000,000	4½	100.74
1911—			
Jan. 24	60,000,000	4½	100.90
1910—			
March 21	50,000,000	4½	101.28
1909—			
Dec. 10	12,500,000	4	100.34
June 8	40,000,000	4	100.71
March 2	10,000,000	4	101.57
1908—			
Nov. 23	12,500,000	4	102.39
Feb. 14	50,000,000	4½	104
1907—			
Sept. 10	40,000,000	4	102.06
Aug. 12	15,000,000	4	100
June 28	20,000,000	4	100.09
Feb. 15	30,000,000	4	100.39
1906—			
Dec. 14	9,500,000	4	101.42
Nov. 2	4,500,000	4	101.89
July 25	11,020,000	4	100.97
Feb. 15	20,000,000	4	103.08
1905—			
Nov. 23	12,500,000	3½	100.02
April 24	25,000,000	3½	100.71
1904—			
Nov. 23	25,000,000	3½	102.41
May 3	37,000,000	3½	100.50
March 24	3,000,000	3½	100.10
Jan. 20	10,000,000	3½	100.23
1903—			
Nov. 19	7,500,000	3½	101.05
July 22	3,500,000	3½	102
May 12	3,000,000	3½	104.38
April 9	2,500,000	3½	103.28
March 5	2,500,000	3½	104.20
Jan. 22	7,500,000	3½	104.56

The number of bidders this year was greater than the year before, when the number was 372. In 1911 there were 571, and in 1910, 440.

MINORITY TO PRESS NO TARIFF POLICY

Won't Try to Delay Action, Says Penrose, but Every Republican Will Present Amendments.

RUMORS OF RAISING RATES

Penrose Has Heard Them, and He Intimates Simmons May Repeat Performance of Gorman.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, ranking Republican member of the Committee on Finance, to-day announced on the floor of the Senate that the Republican minority would advance no tariff policy in connection with consideration of the Underwood bill, and, as a party, would present no amendments, realizing that such a course would be useless. But it was made clear, both by Mr. Penrose and Mr. Smoot, that Republican Senators plan to insist upon amendments to nearly every item in the Underwood bill.

Senator Penrose, in fact, declared that every member of the minority would have amendments to propose. He added that he knew of no concerted plan to delay action on the bill.

For the first time since the Tariff bill reached the Senate Chairman Simmons of the Finance Committee mustered a full party vote this afternoon. The question was of comparatively little importance and Mr. Ransdell and Mr. Thornton of Louisiana, both seemingly glad to offset their revolt against free sugar, voted with their party to refer to the Finance Committee a resolution offered by Mr. Penrose directing the committee to publish lists of all witnesses who had consulted with the various majority sub-committees.

When Mr. Penrose offered his resolution, Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, offered an amendment calling for the witnesses who had conferred with the minority. The amendment Mr. Penrose promptly accepted.

Then Mr. Reed, a radical Democrat from Missouri, offered an amendment directing the committee to publish lists of the witnesses who appeared when the Dingley and Payne-Aldrich bills were under consideration.

Mr. Lodge whispered to Mr. Penrose and the Senator from Pennsylvania with a broad grin accepted it.

With two Democratic amendments incorporated in the Penrose resolution Mr. Simmons decided to accept the whole, and the resolution was about to be adopted without dissent, when Mr. Lippitt, Rhode Island, offered a further amendment directing the committee to publish at once all briefs filed with it and all statements it had heard. Mr. Simmons declared that the Lippitt amendment involved too much and moved to refer the whole subject.

"The resolution," said Mr. Reed, "seems to impugn the majority members of the committee. But no one believes the majority is yielding to representatives of the great manufacturers, or that the Chairman is giving them a sympathetic hearing."

"I don't know about that," interrupted Mr. Penrose. "Stories are going around that the various sub-committees of the Senate Committee on Finance are lending willing ears to suggestions raising the House rates. It is intimated that the Senator from North Carolina [Mr. Simmons] may repeat the performance of the late Senator Gorman."

Representatives of cotton knit goods manufactures appeared before Senator Johnson's sub-committee to-day, protesting against the rate of 30 per cent. ad valorem proposed on their wares in the Underwood bill. They maintained that this rate was not protective, and that it would let in goods of foreign manufacture.

"That's what we are looking for," said Senator Hughes. "The Government will get some revenue and the people will get lower prices."

In the metal schedule a reduction in structural steel, on which the duty is 12 per cent. in the bill as it passed the House, is said to have been adopted.

W. D. Hines, Chairman of the Executive Committee and counsel of the Santa Fé Railroad and representing twenty other lines, complained to-day to Senator Williams, Chairman of the sub-committee considering the income tax, that a sub-section of the provision would result in taxing holding corporations twice, both on the income of a subsidiary and that of a holding company. He also maintained that interest on all bonded indebtedness should be exempt.

FILIBUSTER KEEPS DURAND.

Democrats, Threatened with Long Fight, Let Him Stay Till July.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The Republicans of the Senate were successful to-day in their filibuster to prevent W. J. Harris of Georgia from succeeding E. Dana Durand of Michigan as Director of the Census before the end of the fiscal year.

The Republicans have said all along that they had no objection to Mr. Harris, whom President Wilson named, but thought Mr. Durand's experience entitled him to retention until he completed the work of the recent census.

Mr. Harris's nomination has been pending for several weeks. The Republicans allowed hundreds of confirmations, but whenever the name of Harris was reached a filibustering speech halted action. This afternoon, when his name came up, Mr. Townsend of Michigan had his desk piled high with periodicals, dating from before the civil war, and threatened to read them all. Mr. Burton of Ohio said he had data bearing on vital statistics from the time of the census that caused King David so much trouble down to the present day. He intimated that his speech would last until July 1.

Then the Democrats surrendered. By unanimous consent it was agreed to vote on Mr. Harris's nomination on June 25. He will be confirmed, but the agreement insures Mr. Durand's continuance in office until the end of the fiscal year.

FOR ARMOR PLATE PLANT.

Secretary Daniels For Government Manufacture—Examines Costs.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The next important question to be taken up by this Government will be the making of armor plate by the Government.

Secretary Daniels said to-day that he was convinced that a Government plant should be established to make at least part of the plate for war vessels. He intends to have an inquiry made into the cost of armor manufacture and report to Congress in December. His investigation thus far shows that Japan, Austria, and Germany each pay an average of $490 a ton for Krupp plate, Italy pays $386, England $445, France $448, and Russia $510, while the average on recent United States contracts has been $413.

Suffrage Euchre for Organizers.

Mrs. Marie Nelson Lee is selecting the mess kettles to hang under the caravan wagons that she and her party of homemakers and suffrage organizers will use on their trip into the upper part of the State next month. Every wagon will have its mess kettle, if nothing else, to give character to the expedition, and incidentally to use for cooking when the party is in the wilds. The money for these important features of the expedition, as well as for a few other things, is to be obtained by a bridge and euchre party to be held at the New York State Headquarters, 180 Madison Avenue, a week from to-day, Wednesday, May 28, at 2:30 P. M. Tickets are fifty cents.

JAPAN SEEKS WAY TO HALT LAND LAW

Will Probably Bring Suit to Hold Up California Legislation, Says Foreign Office Official.

HAS FAITH IN WASHINGTON

Reluctant to Raise Naturalization Issue Except to Establish Her Place Among Nations.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, May 21.—A Tokio dispatch to The Times says:

"The signature of the California Land bill had been anticipated here of late and was regarded in official quarters as formally opening a new stage in the negotiations between Tokio and Washington. The former still places full reliance on the efforts of the latter to solve the problem, and the press quotes a Foreign Office official as stating that the Government's aim now is to prevent the enforcement of the act, probably by resort to a lawsuit.

"In some quarters there is a tendency to regard the Land act as a flagrant National affront. In others the peculiar conditions of the American Government receive full recognition, and the difficulties of the Washington authorities are acknowledged.

"It is, nevertheless, clear that there is a widespread feeling that Japan's claim to the position of a first-class civilized Nation is at stake, and the Government would never yield and survive.

"The best counsellors advise patient yet persistent effort till the goal of equality with European races is reached, but the Government is reluctant to raise directly the naturalization issue, except in the last resort.

"It is noteworthy that certain publicists view the whole problem as an issue between the white and colored peoples of the globe, and demand that the former's pretensions to superiority should yield before the steady development of the latter. Yet these disclaim the idea of an anti-foreign propaganda and invoke the principle of humanity."

LONDON, Wednesday, May 21.—The Morning Post says editorially that it is absurd to suppose that the California dispute will lead to a rupture between the United States and Japan, since both Governments are convinced of their ability to find a basis for a friendly settlement.

"The Japanese Government," says The Post, "must be well aware that the Washington Administration would never concede the claim to full equality of treatment for Japanese immigrants. It may therefore be hoped that diplomacy can find some means of saving Japan's face, her Government will not insist upon pressing claims which the United States can never grant."

TOKIO, May 20.—The news that the Alien Land bill had been signed by Gov. Johnson was received here with regret, although it had been discounted. It was hoped up to the last moment, however, that Washington's intervention would prove successful.

The efforts of the Government are concentrated on pacifying public opinion, but the task is regarded in many quarters as more difficult than at the time of the California school controversy. Since the death of the old Emperor the authority of the Government has steadily diminished in resisting the influence of public opinion, while the spirit of democracy is growing throughout the empire.

Arthur Bailly-Blanchard, Secretary of the United States Embassy, visited Baron Noboaki Makino, the Foreign Minister, to-day, and reiterated the determination of the United States Government to make every effort in order to find a satisfactory solution of the question. He emphasized the fact that it was a Californian and not an American question, and thanked the Government for its friendliness and its efforts to restrain the excitable public opinion of Japan.

It is generally believed here that Washington will find a solution of the problem, but the conservative elements in Japan are now echoing the public agitation for equal treatment of the Japanese. They assert that the racial issue which is involved and the recurrence of anti-Japanese bills in California should have a permanent solution.

A prominent official said to-day:

"The Japanese people feel that their National honor is involved. The present question will be solved peacefully, but what is needed to assure the permanence of our traditional friendship is a change of heart in some Americans toward the Japanese."

WOULD LESSEN STATE RIGHTS.

Bartholdt Has Plan to Give Nation Exclusive Power Over Aliens.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—At least a week is expected to elapse before Japan takes another diplomatic step in regard to the anti-alien law of California. Secretary Bryan's note in answer to Japan's protest against the State's legislation has been cabled to Tokio, and pending action by the Mikado's advisers the United States Government will do nothing.

Meanwhile a project to give the Federal Government authority in matters such as have been at issue between Sacramento and Washington was initiated to-day by Representative Bartholdt of Missouri. He announced on the floor of the House that on Friday he would propose a joint resolution providing that Congress should have the exclusive power to legislate on all questions affecting the rights of aliens residing in the United States. Mr. Bartholdt explained that the resolution was intended to prevent any State from enacting laws that might interfere with treaty obligations and cause friction with foreign nations.

Representative Sisson of Mississippi also gave notice to-day that he would address the House Friday on the alien land legislation. While the bill was pending in the California Legislature Mr. Sisson made a speech in which he contended that the Government had no right to make a treaty with a foreign nation that conflicted with the constitutional rights guaranteed to the States.

Mr. Sisson said that Japan complained because her people could not draw riches from American soil to sustain her people and her Government across the sea, subject all the while to the Emperor, and ready to assemble, if necessary, to fight the United States.

"I say if we must have war or submit to this indignity," said Mr. Sisson on that occasion, "then I am for war."

It is understood that in his speech Friday Mr. Sisson will discuss the constitutional aspects of the question, and has no intention of making a speech likely to give offense to either Government at this critical stage of the negotiations.

WHEELER LIKES LAND BILL.

Needed, He Says, to Keep Japanese from Owning California.

Among the passengers who sailed yesterday for Europe on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse was Dr. Benjamin Ide Wheeler, President of the University of California. He will make a tour of Germany. In an interview Dr. Wheeler said that the attitude of the State of California on the alien land question, in his opinion, was justified. If an alien land bill had not passed he believed that California would have left the hands of its natives, and in a very few years practically would have been owned by the Japanese. Dr. Wheeler said that when he left San Francisco five days ago everything was quiet.

"Sensational reports," he said, "have led to an uneasy feeling here, but you will find that this will be a question for diplomatic settlement. There are no demagogues in the State Legislature. They are all men, who, in my opinion, honestly represent the people. Gov. Johnson is popular all over California, and the people will support him in his stand."

Dr. Wheeler has lived in California for fourteen years.

COMES FROM HAWAII.

New Acting Japanese Consul General Assigned to New York.

Saburo Kurusu, the new Acting Japanese Consul General at New York, has arrived in the city and assumed his duties yesterday. He had been the Vice Consul at Hankow, China, for two years and half and the same for eight months at Honolulu, from which city he came to New York. When he was asked about the Hawaiian Japanese people's attitude toward the Californian question, his answer was:

"I think I had better not talk about it. If I say it is good, you will say to yourself, 'That's an official explanation.' If I say it is bad, I will be severely criticised for the remark. We who are in the foreign service are between the devil and the deep sea so far as our mouth is concerned."

Caminetti for Immigration Head.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—It was announced semi-officially late to-day that Louis F. Post of Chicago had been selected as Assistant Secretary of the Department of Labor, State Senator Anthony J. Caminetti of San Francisco for Commissioner of General Immigration, and John B. Densmore of Polson, Montana, for Solicitor of the Department of Labor.

SEIZE 65 PICKETS IN PATERSON STRIKE

Continued from Page 1.

time, but even the strikers failed to take any interest in what he said.

Then followed speeches by the "little fellows" of the Haywood organization. After two hours of heated talk, Quinlan closed the meeting and led the strikers back to Paterson. Another meeting, it was said, would be held at Haledon to-morrow, and a meeting would be held daily thereafter until the authorities saw fit to permit the "I. W. W." to reopen headquarters in this city.

No Surrender by Dyers.

A meeting of master dyers was held here last night. The heads of the leading dye works, in a formal statement, afterward said that there was no truth in statements of Haywood and other strike leaders to the effect that the dyers were ready to submit to the Industrial Workers of the World.

"We will not confer with the I. W. W.," the statement read, "or any committee representing that organization. We will treat with our employes at our dye houses after they have returned to work on the same terms that existed when they left. No concessions of any character will be granted, but grievances will receive a complete and just hearing."

Henry Marelli, leading counsel for Haywood; Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, and Carlo Tresca, the indicted strike agitators, applied to Justice Minturn, in the Supreme Court, this morning for a change of venue in the case of those persons. Mr. Marelli contended that the agitators could not get a fair trial in Passaic County. Justice Minturn told Mr. Marelli that his proper course would be to apply for a jury selected outside of Passaic County, which would come to Paterson and hear the case in the Court of Quarter Sessions. The motion will be argued before Justice Minturn in his chambers at Hoboken to-morrow morning.

The Executive Committee of the Industrial Workers of the World in charge of the strike, has issued a statement in which it repudiates the threat of Adolph Lessig, Secretary of the I. W. W., to tie up the city and plunge it in darkness. The Executive Committee says that it never countenanced such an idea, and says that Lessig's utterances have brought discredit and criticism upon the strike and strikers.

As late as yesterday Lessig repeated his threat that the city would be tied up and plunged in darkness on Wednesday night. If any such thing occurs it will be the result of cut wires, for the Public Service employes say that they will have no hand in the work, and that any one who interferes with them in their regular work will get a warm reception.

SHERIFF HALTS 300 STRIKERS.

Induces Hostile Mob to Abandon Its Mission.

WHITE PLAINS, May 20.—The report that five members of the Industrial Workers of the World had interested themselves in the labor trouble in White Plains, Scarsdale, Purchase, and other towns, caused the number of striking laborers to increase to-day from 1,000 to 1,500. Sheriff Doyle of Westchester County at one time feared that there would be serious trouble. That was when 300 strikers started for Gedney Farm, where a new hotel is undergoing construction. Their plan was to drive away the 200 men employed in this work.

The Sheriff with forty deputies armed with night sticks and revolvers stopped the crowd, and after talking for an hour got the strikers to return to their homes pending a conference with the State Board of Mediation and Arbitration, which will be represented by Col. M. J. Reagan and W. J. Bealin. The conference will be held to-morrow morning.

EVICT MINERS FROM HOMES.

Six Families at Mt. Hope Turned Out of Steel Company's Houses.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., May 20.—The fear that disorder would result from the eviction of the families of strikers from the houses owned by the Empire Steel and Iron Company, apparently was groundless. The evictions were made without resistance on the part of the strikers or their sympathizers. The six families which were compelled to leave their homes had packed up their possessions, and were ready to move when Judge Day, who had issued the warrants for the evictions, and two constables who accompanied him, arrived at Mount Hope. A dozen guards employed by the company went with the Judge and constables to the miners' homes. The evictions were made without any disorder.

Judge Joshua R. Salmon will give his decision to-morrow in the matter of the application made yesterday by James H. Bolitho, a lawyer and Socialist of Rockaway, for writs of habeas corpus for the seven strikers arrested after the rioting on Thursday last.

MENOCAL PLEDGES CUBA'S FRIENDSHIP

New President Promises That She Will Merit Confidence of Americans.

WILSON SENDS GREETINGS

Through Special Mission He Emphasizes Policy of Sympathy with Orderly Government.

NEW PRESIDENT TO AMERICANS

By Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, May 20.—I shall try to draw closer the friendly ties which bind our Republic to the United States. Trade relations will be cultivated, and favors granted to American products in proportion as our products are received in the northern market.

Affairs during my Administration will be conducted in such a manner as to earn the confidence and support of the American people. I shall work earnestly for the development of Cuba and her resources, and foreign investments will be welcomed for all legitimate purposes.

Cuba will so conduct herself as to merit the confidence of her northern friends, and will demonstrate beyond question her right to independence.

MARIO G. MENOCAL.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, May 20.—With an outburst of enthusiasm such as is seldom seen in Cuba, which augurs well for the future of his Administration, Major Gen. Mario Garcia Menocal was to-day inaugurated the third President of Cuba.

Standing in the Red Parlor of the historic palace where the Spanish Captains General were formerly the sole arbiters of life and death in this island, Gen. Menocal, in presence of the retiring President and the Supreme Court, placed his hand on the Cuban Constitution and solemnly swore to observe it faithfully and carry out the Cuban laws.

At the conclusion of the ceremony a salute of twenty-one guns from the battery fronting the palace notified the thousands crowding all the streets in the neighborhood of the palace that the new President had been inaugurated. The former and the new President then went out on the balcony and remained there several minutes, receiving the plaudits of the multitude. Then Gen. Gomez took his leave.

Gen. Menocal on his way to the palace passed through several miles of wildly cheering citizens. He was followed by a procession which was an hour and a half in passing the palace. The ex-President

90% of Engine Troubles is Due to Carbon Deposits!

PYRO ALCOHOL

Denatured Under U. S. Gov't Supervision

Is not only a *Carbon Remover*, but if used weekly will prevent carbon deposits. Endorsed by authorities as

Efficient—Harmless—Economical

DIRECTIONS:—While engine is warm pour one-quarter of a pint of PYRO through pet-cocks; leave in over-night, closing pet-cocks; in morning turn motor, open throttle wide and carbon will be blown through exhaust.

Write for Booklet

U. S. Industrial Alcohol Co., Mfrs.
27 William Street New York

THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

Usher's Whisky
GREEN STRIPE

Messrs. ANDREW USHER & CO. have been appointed Purveyors of Whisky to His Majesty King George V

G. S. NICHOLAS & CO. NEW YORK Sole Agents

BELMONT TO HELP WIPE OUT BETTING

Chairman of Jockey Club Offers to Pay Deputy Sheriffs at Race Meet.

WILL PREVENT BOOKMAKING

Racing Association to Aid District Attorney in Keeping the Sport Clean.

August Belmont, Chairman of The Jockey Club, has notified District Attorney Wysong of Nassau County that the Westchester Racing Association, which will hold a race meeting at Belmont Park, beginning on Memorial Day, is desirous of co-operating with the Sheriff of the county in preventing bookmaking and suppressing all kinds of gambling. Mr. Belmont, on behalf of the Westchester Racing Association, has offered to advance the necessary money to pay capable and honest Deputy Sheriffs to enforce the laws against race-track betting.

In view of the recent decision in the Shane case the racing associations realize that the only way to secure the return of racing in New York State is to conduct the meetings in such a way as to be free from all adverse criticism on the ground of betting. They urge action from the authorities to insure the elimination of such gambling, and promise all assistance possible in the work.

When Chairman Belmont and his associates announced the resumption of horse racing at Belmont Park, on May 30, it was stated that bookmaking would not be permitted on any of the tracks where meetings will be held, and that every effort would be made to keep the sport clean.

Mr. Belmont also wrote to Sheriff De Mott offering to pay the expenses of reliable Deputy Sheriffs. It is doubtful whether this offer will be accepted, as the Sheriff says there is a county fund to cover this expense, and that he intends to police the track with Deputy Sheriffs on whom he can thoroughly rely, who will not only see that the anti-gambling laws are observed, but will also see that the track special officers do their duty in the observance of the law. Mr. Belmont's letter follows:

Dear Sir: The Westchester Racing Association, in conjunction with the Brooklyn Jockey Club, is to hold a series of race meetings at Belmont Park beginning May 30 and ending July 5, 1913. In order that every precaution may be taken to prevent violations of the criminal law in regard to gambling, we have forwarded to the Sheriff of Nassau County a letter of which we inclose you a copy.

It is the desire of the associations as therein stated that you should give the Sheriff such legal advice as may be necessary to enable him intelligently and properly to enforce the law against gambling while these races are being conducted. He should appoint as Deputy Sheriffs to attend the races men of such standing in the community that they may be relied upon to enforce the law. We are prepared to render you every assistance in our power. Believe me, with regards, Very respectfully yours,

(Signed) AUGUST BELMONT.
For the associations.

Mr. Belmont also inclosed a copy of the letter he sent to Sheriff De Mott, which in part says:

The associations desire your aid and co-operation in the prevention and suppression of all acts at these meetings constituting criminal offenses against the provisions of the law forbidding pool selling, bookmaking, or any other kind of gambling.

We request you have present at these meetings Deputy Sheriffs who shall be men of such character and standing in the community that they may be relied upon to enforce the law. Understanding that you have no funds for the purpose of employing men of the kind that we desire, the associations are prepared to pay the expense incident to their employment. The District Attorney of your county has been notified of the fact that these races are to be conducted at Belmont Park, and we have requested him to give you such legal advice and aid as may be necessary to enable you intelligently and properly enforce the law during the meeting.

District Attorney Wysong replied to Mr. Belmont as follows:

"The tone of your letter is highly pleasing to me. The earnest co-operation of the racing associations is much to be desired, and, working together with the officials, gambling, bookmaking, and kindred forms of law-breaking can be abolished from our race tracks."

LEFT $3,600 PERSONALTY.

Will of Retired Police Captain, Patrick Byrne, Is Filed for Probate.

The will of Patrick Byrne, a retired Police Captain of forty years' service in the department and a veteran sailor of the civil war, who died on April 16 at his home, 170 West 288th Street, was filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogates' Court, disposing of an estate estimated as $1,000 realty and $3,600 personalty. The document begins with the words:

"A retired Police Captain, realizing the uncertainty of death."

Under the terms of the will, the widow, Mrs. Rosalina Byrne, receives all the household furniture, the insurance, and the benefit from the Police Lieutenants' Benevolent Association. The family residence at 170 West 288th Street is divided equally between two sons, John F. and Harry T. Byrne, and in addition each receives $350. Edward P. Byrne, a son, receives $150, and the three sons, Eugene J., William F., and Edward P. Byrne, who are in their minority, get $1,000, held in trust until they reach the age of 21 years.

DENIES MRS. BISHOP'S PLEA.

Application for Jury in Divorce Suit Made Too Late.

Justice Gerard in the Supreme Court yesterday denied an application made by James W. Osborne, counsel for Mrs. Abigail Hancock Bishop, for an order settling issues for trial before a jury in Mrs. Bishop's divorce suit against James Cunningham Bishop, the banker. The motion was denied on the ground that it had been made after the expiration of the statutory time.

Mr. Osborne pleaded for indulgence on the ground that he had been unable to make the application before because he had been busy in preparing various bills of particulars demanded by the defendant's counsel.

The case will probably be tried in open court before a Supreme Court Justice without a jury.

RUSH IN LONDON FOR CHINESE LOAN

Belief That It Will Be Oversubscribed—Investors Put Trust in Chinese Honesty.

DEAL IS CALLED USURIOUS

Daily News Points Out That China Will Obtain Only $105,000,000 of $125,000,000 Subscribed.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, May 21.—The long lines of applicants who besieged the issuing banks for prospectuses of the new Chinese loan yesterday afternoon demonstrated the popular attraction of the loan.

The amount offered for subscription in London is £7,416,680, ($37,083,400,) of which £3,000,000 has already been placed. The price of issue is 90. The interest is 5 per cent., and the loan is for a term of forty-seven years, redeemable by annual drawings commencing in the eleventh year. The loan is specially secured by a charge on the revenues of the salt administration.

The new bonds, lately active at about 1½ premium, were selling on the Stock Exchange yesterday at a reduced premium, at one time ¾, but at the close 1. This premium has been attracting a large number of subscribers, who hope to sell immediately on allotment at a profit.

The newspapers predict that the loan will certainly be oversubscribed. At the same time they point out the chaotic conditions in China and the fact that the new republican Government is apparently by no means firmly established. The Times says:

"Any doubts that investors may have regarding the wisdom of intrusting their capital to China are, partly, at any rate, counteracted by the Chinese reputation for honesty, and still more by the international agreement regarding the loan."

The Daily Mail, after declaring that the provisions for securing the loan are scarcely intelligible to the ordinary investor, says:

"The latter will rely rather upon the good faith of the Chinese and the vigilance of the great powers as a guarantee for the due payment of the interest and principle."

The Daily News, in an editorial article, gives a warning to investors. It points out that the price paid by the issuing syndicate to China is 84 and that the syndicate therefore pockets at once a clear £1,500,000, less the expenses of promotion. In return for assuming a debt of £25,000,000 the Chinese Government gets only £21,000,000. Of this £12,000,000 has to be paid over immediately in settlement of outstanding debts to foreign countries and £2,000,000 is earmarked for the reorganization of the salt tax. There remains only £7,000,000, a small-enough sum for the large work of reconstruction which faces the republic.

"No wonder," says The Daily News, "that further borrowing is predicted at no disatnt day, when doubtless the international syndicate will be happy to arrange a transaction again on equally or more usurious terms."

WOMEN ABUSE THE WEED.

Lord Methuen Says They Have No Sense of Proportion in Smoking.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 20.—Lord Methuen, in the course of a speech at a meeting of the Army Temperance Association, warned society against the increase of the habit of smoking among women. He said that women had not the same sense of proportion as men, and that when a woman began smoking she did not know when to stop, but got a craving which she indulged from morning until night.

"I hope," he said, "that society will recognize that excess in smoking among women, as among men, is a danger that we must protect ourselves against, not only for ourselves, but for the children who come after us."

WAR'S 'VESTED INTERESTS.'

Mr. Pease Tells Peace Society Many Persons Are Affected by Them.

LONDON, May 20.—"Welcoming such promising incidents as the new régime of peace in America and the preparations now in progress for the celebration of the completion of one hundred years of peace between Great Britain and the United States" was the prominent phrase of a resolution moved by the President of the Board of Education, the Right Hon. Joseph Albert Pease, and adopted with acclamation at the ninety-seventh annual meeting of the Peace Society, held at the Mansion House to-day under the Presidency of the Lord Mayor of London.

Mr. Pease was the principal speaker. He said it was a matter of much congratulation to the country that within a few months it would be able to celebrate with nearly 100,000,000 Americans a centenary of peace. He referred to the disappearance of the strained relations which had existed between Great Britain and Germany, and uttered a warning against what he described as one of the great dangers of to-day, namely, the fact that an enormous number of people were pecuniarily interested in the production of armaments, which threatened to become a vested interest, and to get control of the nation, as did the liquor trade a few years back.

A message form Sir Edward Grey, the Foreign Secretary, to the meeting, said that, though these causes were working for war, "I am conscious that there are also greater causes working for and strengthening the cause of peace."

NEW ANTI-JEWISH ORDER.

Students Admitted to St. Petersburg University to be Chosen by Lot

ST. PETERSBURG, May 20. — The Minister of Public Instruction issued an order to-day that Jews admitted to the university in the coming year must be chosen by lot.

Heretofore they have been admitted according to ability.

CARUSO DELIGHTS LONDON.

Critics Say His Voice Is More Beautiful and Appealing Than Ever.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 20.—Covent Garden was packed at doubled prices to-night on the occasion of Caruso's reappearance in London. Some of his admirers waited outside the theatre for fourteen hours in order to gain admission to the unreserved portions of the house. The reserved seats were sold several days ago as soon as the booking was opened.

"Pagliacci" was to-night's opera, Caruso singing the rôle of the deceived mountebank. He was suffering from first-night nervousness, but after the first few notes he got control of himself.

The critics think that, while Caruso has lost some of his old exuberance, his voice, if not so strong, is in some ways more beautiful and appealing than ever. They declare that he is unquestionably a greater artist than he was when he was last here.

The audience were enthusiastic and gave Caruso a great welcome, the warmth of which almost overcame the singer.

DUCHY AS A WEDDING GIFT.

Kaiser May Proclaim Duke Ernest a Reigning Sovereign.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 20.—There is a semi-official intimation in to-night's Lokal-Anzeiger that the Kaiser's principal wedding gift to his future son-in-law and his bride will be the proclamation of Brunswick as an independent German Duchy, with Duke Ernest Augustus and Duchess Victoria Louise as the first reigning sovereigns.

It is stated that the Federal Council of the Empire has already completed the legal and political formalities to that end.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 20.—Emperor Nicholas left here to-day for Berlin to attend the wedding on May 24 of Princess Victoria Louise, the German Emperor's daughter, and Prince Ernest Augustus of Cumberland.

CRISIS IN THE REICHSTAG.

Army Bill Likely to be Defeated and Dissolution Is Talked Of.

BERLIN, May 20.—The possibility of dissolution is hanging over the German Imperial Parliament, owing to the disposition of the political parties—particularly the Centrists and the Socialists—to cut the appropriations in the new Armaments bill, according to a communication published in the well-informed Lokal-Anzeiger.

The communication asserts positively that in the course of the discussions of the Budget Committee in April, when the members of the Centrum and the Socialists were vigorously slashing the bills, Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg sent word to the Centrists that the Reichstag would be dissolved if they persisted in their course.

The warning was at that time effective, and the Centrists even intimated their willingness to restore three cavalry regiments which they had cut out on the second reading of the Army bill.

At to-day's resumption of the discussions in committee the Centrists proposed to diminish by 1,008 the 1,588 additional army Lieutenants demanded, and by 1,044 the additional non-commissioned officers, as well as a number of other officers.

The members of the Socialist Party naturally supported these proposals, thus making a majority against the Government extremely probable.

WANT BIG WAR INDEMNITY.

Balkan States Are to Demand $400,000,000 from Turkey.

PARIS, May 20.—The Bulgarian Minister of Finance, M. Theodoroff, who is to represent Bulgaria at the financial conference in Paris in connection with the Balkan settlement, said to-day that the Balkan States would ask for a war indemnity of 2,000,000,000 francs, ($400,000,000,) of which Bulgaria's share would be 1,000,000,000 francs.

Numerous precedents, he said, supported the Balkan States' demand. They did not ask to be indemnified for indirect losses due to the state of war, but merely for reimbursement of purely military expenditures and the cost of pensions for those incapacitated and the families of the killed. It was on these considerations that the sum of 2,000,000,000 francs was based.

As to a foreign loan, the Minister said, Bulgaria had no intention of launching an operation involving 500,000,000 francs, as had been reported, but she would content herself with 300,000,000 francs for present needs, contracting other loans as necessities arose.

LONDON, Wednesday, May 21.—When the last Peace Conference assembled in London to discuss a Balkan settlement it was Bulgaria which indulged in tactics of delay. Now the position is reversed. Bulgaria is anxious to sign the preliminary peace treaty, while the other allies are raising objections. They desire a modification of the provisions of the treaty as decided upon by the powers. Bulgaria has no objection to such modification, but desires that this shall not interfere with the affixing of signatures.

There appears to be no likelihood that the peace conference will assemble this week. The delegates of the allies held a long meeting yesterday in an endeavor to compose their differences, and finally decided to submit a memorandum of the proposed modifications to the ambassadorial conference, which, according to present arrangements, will not meet until Monday.

Dr. Daneff, the Bulgarian delegate, after emphasizing the enormous expense of keeping the Bulgarian armies in the field, consented to wait a few days in order to ascertain if the powers could be induced to accept the modifications.

A Widow In Urgent Need.

While at work as a painter a young man fell from a scaffold and was killed. His wife and four children, the eldest 7 years old and the youngest 10 months, are left without any means of support. Two of the little ones are suffering with measles. The mother needs aid at once to pay the rent and living expenses. The Widowed Mothers' Fund Association, 192 Bowery, wishes to give what aid is required, and donations for this purpose will be welcomed by Mrs. Henry Zuckerman, 80 Broadway, Manhattan.

Luncheon to New Ambassadors.

The Executive Committee of the Japan Society will be the hosts at a luncheon to be given on Friday next at the society's rooms, 165 Broadway, in honor of George W. Guthrie, new American Ambassador to Japan, and Dr. John R. Mott, who is the new Ambassador to China. Lloyd C. Griscom, ex-Ambassador to Japan, will preside.

LONDON DISPUTING OVER 'TURKEY TROT'

Peeress's Letter Arouses Hot Controversy—"Boston" and "Tango" Defended by Some.

AN INJUSTICE TO SOCIETY

C. E. Jerningham Says It Is Misrepresented to Public—Lady Strafford Denounces Dances.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, May 21.—"A Peeress's" letter in The Times yesterday in reference to modern ballroom dancing has aroused a hot controversy and much conflict of opinion, some authorities on the subject declaring the Peeress's "jeremiad absurd and unwarranted" and others welcoming it as a timely protest against American dance importations.

The "Turkey Trot" is generally admitted to be unsuitable to the ballroom, but the same agreement is not found in regard to the "Boston" and the "Tango."

Several dancing masters concur in declaring that the "Boston," which "A Peeresss" describes as "the beginning of the evil," is one of the most graceful dances ever invented. The same thing is said about the "Tango," if it is danced properly.

C. E. Jerningham ("Marmaduke") holds the view that nothing that could be described as in the slightest degree offensive has been or is likely to be countenanced in the best London society. Unbecoming things, he says, may happen occasionally in one or two sections, but it would be grossly unfair to judge the rest of society by isolated instances. He adds:

"At great houses, such as Devonshire House, Londonderry House, and Lansdowne House, or at any entertainments given by hostesses of that calibre, such a thing as an unbecoming dance would be absolutely impossible. Not only are they not seen there now, but they never have and never will be seen. Of course that does not mean that a few intimate friends of the hostess might not for amusement try a new dance, but that would only be in the nature of a joke.

"It is a great pity that society, with all its many faults, but with its undoubted good qualities, should so often be misrepresented to the public and put in a totally false light."

Mrs. Humphrey, ("Madge,") in indorsing "A Peeress's" protest, is particularly severe on the "Tango." She says girls and women able to dance it without losing the appearance of modesty are in the minority, and adds:

"Girls who have learned to dance in America perform it with a freedom of movement that suggests the ancient rites in the worship of Bacchus. It is difficult to find words with which to describe the attitudes and gestures with which the measure itself is trimmed and garnished."

A prominent society hostess, interviewed on the subject, declared that personally she had never seen the "Turkey Trot," "Tango," or other freak dances in a society ballroom, where dancing was as graceful and proper as it ever was.

The Times prints a long letter from a correspondent, in reply to "A Peeress," in which the writer defends the dances themselves. "It is not a question of the dance, but of the way it is danced, and that depends on the people who dance it. Dancing, being what it is, must always be suspect and capable of abuse. The slow, languorous Viennese waltz can be made extremely suggestive, but when properly danced is beautiful. Surely the same applies to every dance."

Alice Countess of Strafford entirely agrees with "A Peeress's" letter. She says:

"The so-called dances can only be compared to the wild, abandoned frenzies of some ancient Bacchantic revel, although the modern versions are devoid of grace. If the movements of these new 'dances' were traced to their origin it would be found that they owed it to the Corybantic revels of negro tribes. They have since those days developed in America in an atmosphere which is distinctly impure."

ESSAD PASHA SLAIN?

Reports of His Assassination Reach Albanians at Triest.

VIENNA, May 20.—Reports of the murder of Essad Pasha, who commanded the Turks at Scutari throughout the siege, have reached the Albanians at Triest, according to a dispatch to The Reichspost from that city.

The assassination is said to have taken place at Tirana, where Essad Pasha marched with many thousands of Turkish troops after the evacuation of Scutari and formed a provisional Albanian Government.

It is thought that the murder may have been the result of a blood vendetta and that it was carried out by relatives of Gen. Hassan Riza Pasha, who preceded Essad as commandant of Scutari and whose death there was laid to the account of Essad.

Bans Turkey Trot at Panama.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, May 20.—There has been an explosion at the Tivoli Club an account of the monthly dances held at the Tivoli Hotel. The Government has officially notified the club to cut out the turkey trot at next Saturday night's dance.

Denies King Peter Is to Abdicate.

GENEVA, May 20.—The Servian Premier has sent a telegraphic message to the Servian Consul here, M. Petrovitch, stating that the reports of the intended abdication of King Peter are without foundation.

HANSEN ALLEGES HE WAS 'JOBBED'

American Manager Declares That He Will Appeal to the State Department.

MUST GIVE UP SCENERY

English Court Orders Him to Surrender Effects for "Croesus," Which, He Says, He Designed.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 20.—J. Salter Hansen, the American theatrical manager accused of threatening Arthur Bourchier, the London actor-manager, after a dispute regarding the production of Baron Henri de Rothschild's play, "Croesus," was released from jail to-night in bonds of $5,000.

He declares that he will appeal to the State Department to investigate his assertion that he has been "jobbed" and that the proceedings against him were framed up in order to keep him away until "Croesus" was produced. He said:

"It is strange that, though I have a contract with Baron de Rothschild for the Anglo-American rights of the play, the court this afternoon not only swept away the injunction restraining Mr. Bourchier from giving the play, but even ordered me to deliver the scenery which I personally ordered and had executed from my own designs. I shall inform the State Department that I was detained for forty-two hours without the privilege of consulting a solicitor, and then taken to court, where a question as to my mental derangement was trumped up and the right of submitting evidence was denied to me.

"Strong pressure seems to have been exhibited against me all through the proceedings, even in high quarters. I shall continue the fight. I have letters proving that I personally ordered the scenery, and I shall appeal to-morrow."

Though the court declared to-day that Mr. Bourchier had the legal right to produce the play on Thursday night, it ordered Baron de Rothschild first to deposit a bond of $50,000 to meet a possible suit by Mr. Hansen, which, Mr. Hansen's solicitors say, is usually done when a case involves a wealthy man.

The charge that Mr. Hansen threatened Mr. Bourchier's life will be heard on Friday. Concerning this Mr. Hansen said to-day:

"The allegation is that I declared I would 'do' Bourchier. This is English slang. I did not know the meaning of it until it was explained in Brixton Jail."

OLD TREASURE NEAR BERLIN

Many Gold Objects Far Antedating Christian Era Found.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 20.—A remarkable discovery of very ancient gold work, said to date from the seventh or eighth century before Christ, has been made at Eberswalde, a little town near Berlin.

In an earthenware vessel a few inches high were seventy-eight articles made of massive gold, consisting of bracelets, drinking cups, rings, &c. They were found in an excellent state of preservation.

One specialist declares the articles to be work of the early Germanic inhabitants of the district. Another holds that they are decidedly of Phoenician origin, probably brought to Germany via the Baltic.

DANISH SOCIALISTS WIN.

They and the Radicals Victorious in Folkething Elections.

COPENHAGEN, May 20.—The elections to the Folkething or lower house of Parliament to-day resulted in a Socialist-Radical victory owing to disagreement among the members of the Government on the question of the reform of the Constitution.

The Folkething consists of 114 members, and the new House is made up as follows: Leftists, or Government Party, 44; Radicals, 31; Socialists, 32; Conservatives, 7.

The former House consisted of: Leftists, 56; Radicals, 20; Socialists, 24; Conservatives, 14.

HEARS MISS BRANDT'S PLEA.

Decision Reserved on Application to Uphold Her Adoption by Ziegler.

Surrogate Fowler reserved decision yesterday on the application of Florence Louise Brandt, a teacher of Davenport, Iowa, to have the abrogation of her adoption by the late William Ziegler, millionaire baking powder manufacturer, set aside. She has filed suit in the Supreme Court against the trustees and executors of the estate of her foster father to obtain an equal share in the $16,000,000 residuary estate with her brother, William Ziegler, Jr., a foster son. The application before the Surrogate is an attempt to establish a clear title for her as a legal heir.

The Surrogate in reserving decision said that there was only one question for him to consider: that was whether the mother of the girl ought to have been cited to appear in the abrogation proceedings brought before Surrogate Thomas. The two foster parents and her father, George Washington Brandt of Chicago, a half-brother of William Ziegler, did appear and signed the agreement canceling the adoption.

The decree of adoption was granted to William Ziegler and his wife, E. Matilda Ziegler, in 1896 by Supreme Court Justice Pryor. The agreement upon which Surrogate Thomas allowed the abrogation of the adoption was signed in 1902. Attorneys for the executors of the estate contended yesterday that it was not necessary that the girl's mother should have been a party to this agreement, because she was at that time divorced from her husband, George Washington Brandt, and therefore had no standing in the original adoption papers. Neither did the mother's name appear in the adoption papers the attorneys said, but in reply to this the lawyers for the Brandt girl said that her mother had signed a separate agreement before the adoption, giving her consent to it.

NEW PLAYS FOR NEW YORK.

Marc Klaw Announces Plans—Kallman to Write Operetta.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 20.—Marc Klaw, who will sail for New York in the Cedric on Thursday, announces that he has accepted the score by Ernst Staffan for Wilmer's libretto, "The Circassian Beauty," and that he has given a contract to Emmerich Kallman to write an operetta next year.

In Paris Mr. Klaw met Charles McLellan and Ivan Caryll, who are completing the musical version of "The Little Café," which will open in New York in the Autumn. Mr. Klaw says Mr. McLellan intends to quit musical comedy after "The Little Café" until he completes a drama on which Mr. Klaw has an option.

Charles Dillingham is now busy with an adaptation of "Madame la Presidente," by Pierre Veber and Alfred Henniken, in which Fanny Ward will open in New York in September. The play deals with a vaudeville actress and the reform President of the police force of a French provincial town.

ANOTHER MOTOR BANDIT.

Man Engages Car in Paris, Shoots the Dealer, and Drives Away.

PARIS, May 20.—A crime, the daring of which recalls some of the exploits of the motor car bandits, who were recently guillotined, was committed this morning, when an automobile dealer named Dardene was shot by an apparently well-to-do customer who asked the dealer to conduct a trial spin of an automobile to Senlis, about thirty-two miles from Paris, where, he said, relatives would purchase the car.

When entering Senlis Forest the customer, on some pretext, got Dardene to stop the car, and then fired six shots from a revolver at him, pushed him out of the car, calmly started the motor, and drove away.

Dardene, who was very seriously wounded, was able to tell what had happened to some peasants, who rushed up on hearing the reports of the shots.

A man calling himself Davignon, who was staying at a Paris hotel, is suspected by the police of being the bandit. He returned to Paris in an automobile, took up his wife, who was waiting for him at the hotel, and disappeared without leaving a trace.

FRANCE'S NAVY GROWING.

Minister of Marine Says Programme Has Been Much Accelerated.

PARIS, May 20.—In the course of the debate on the naval budget in the Senate to-day the Minister of Marine, Pierre Baudin, spoke in glowing terms of the remarkable progress in the development of France's naval strength.

The Marine Department had, he said, gained three years already on the time scheduled for carrying out the Government's programme. Four more ships would be laid down in October, and the work would be continued at the same rate in 1914. Special attention, he said, was being given to armaments.

EXPLOSION SHAKES SCHOOL

Water Main Bursts and a Stream Is Forced Thirty Feet Into the Air.

An overcharge of dynamite, exploding in the new Lexington Avenue subway at Sixty-eighth Street, early yesterday afternoon shook houses in the vicinity, blew rocks and timbers into the air, and broke an eight-inch water main. The explosion was under the temporary pavement on the northwest corner, less than a score of feet from the foundation of the new Normal School building, which was unoccupied. To the west, in the old Normal School building, which was shaken, were a number of young women who ran, frightened, into the street.

The bursting of the water main caused a stream thirty feet high to shoot into the air.

MISSION PUPILS UNDERFED.

Charity Furnishes Their Principal Meal, Says Dr. Belcher.

The Rev. F. J. Belcher, D. D., Superintendent and pastor of the Five Points Mission, at 63 Park Street, told yesterday of certain conclusions he had reached regarding conditions in that congested part of the city.

"We have four hundred pupils in our mission school," said Dr. Belcher. "They range in age from 7 to 14 and are chiefly Italians. From talks I have had with the children and from visits I have made to their homes, I have learned that fully two-thirds of them have only one square meal a day—the one supplied by the mission at noontime. Furthermore, I have found that in many cases the parents are underfed. Poverty is with us to stay, especially in the lower parts of the city, where the poor congregate.

ARGENTINA TO LIMIT EXPORTS OF MEAT

Plans This as One Method of Fighting the American Beef Trust.

SPECIAL CABINET SESSION

Native Exporters Already Suffer from Control of Industry by American Capital.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUENOS AIRES, May 20.—Indignation against the American Beef Trust is spreading. Another meeting of rural associations has been called for next Saturday night, but breeders of stock are fighting action against the trust, which is paying the highest prices ever known here for cattle.

A few years ago young steers sold for 100 pesos paper money. Americans now are paying 200 pesos in an effort to get most of the stock. The Americans, who are said to be headed by Armour, own the La Plate Cold Storage Company and the River Plate and La Blanca Fresh Meat Company, with a packing plant at Montevideo. Armour also has valuable concessions for a new plant now in course of erection at Rio San Diego.

The Americans came in five years ago, purchasing those companies and many native concerns. The newspapers charge that the Americans made an agreement with the native concerns limiting production of meats for England, but later broke the agreement, and that the independent companies, in consequence, are in a bad way, many paying no dividends. The Americans are underselling the natives abroad at great loss, in an effort to make them sell out. The record of exports this month so far for the Americans is 150,000 quarters, while all the leading opposition companies shipped only one-third of that amount.

The Cabinet held a meeting again to-day and considered the bill proposed by the Minister of Agriculture, which limits the number of cattle which may be killed for export to 4,000 and of sheep to 30,000 head weekly, with a fine of 50 pesos for each head slaughtered in excess of that number. The bill also provides for Executive interference in raising or lowering the numbers if advisable.

The bill as it now stands will probably be introduced into Congress the latter part of this week or early next week, and will probably be quickly passed. The price of dressed meats to local consumers has reached top figures now, with all dressed meats going abroad, principally to England, where prices are lower than here.

The papers and the public speakers charge the Americans with making desperate efforts to compel all native companies to sell out to the trust in order to gain absolute control of the shipments of Argentine meats to the whole world.

Y. W. C. A. Fashion Exhibit.

The Harlem Branch of the Young Women's Christian Association, 74 West 124th Street, will hold a Summer fashion show to-day and to-morrow from 2 to 10 P. M. Mrs. Seabury Cone Mastick, Chairman of the branch, and Mrs. Andrew L. Barrett and Mrs. C. Edgar Anderson, Vice Chairmen, have taken care to organize an exceptionally comprehensive advance exhibit of warm-weather styles. The frocks to be placed on view have been made by young business women who are members of the Harlem Branch. There will also be an exhibition of class work in typewriting, cooking, costume sketching, and general art.

Suffrage Tea for Mme. Bernhardt.

The very best kinds of home-made suffrage cake are to be served at the tea this afternoon of the Women's Suffrage Party at the headquarters, 48 East Thirty-fourth Street, when Mme. Sarah Bernhardt will be entertained and Mary Shaw and Edith Ellis Furniss will speak. Mrs. Luella F. Gear, leader of the Eighteenth Assembly District, under whose auspices the tea is given, will be the hostess of the day.

SAYS SUFFRAGISTS ARE NOW BANKRUPT

London Standard Declares That the Story of a Big War Chest Is Only a Bluff.

ST. ANDREWS GUARDS LINKS

Elaborate Precautions to Prevent Interference with the Amateur Championship Contests.

LONDON, Wednesday, May 21.—The Standard asserts that the militant suffragettes' cause is practically bankrupt. It declares that it knows that the alleged "war chest" of the suffragettes of over $500,000 is a "gigantic bluff"; that the alleged $75,000 subscribed at the last Albert Hall meeting consisted of dummy checks, there being only $4,000 in cash, and that the resources from the sale of papers and from public subscriptions are rapidly dwindling.

Advocates of free speech are adopting "militant" arguments, with the object of making the Home Secretary's life harder. A man strolled up to the Home Office yesterday afternoon and hurled a brick through the plate-glass door of Mr. McKenna's sanctum. A howl of "Vote for free speech!" rose above the din caused by the shattered glass.

The man attempted to break a second door, but was arrested before he could accomplish his purpose.

ST. ANDREWS, May 20.—This little town is almost in a state of siege as a result of threats uttered by the militant suffragettes that they will destroy the putting greens and thus render play impossible in the world's amateur golf championship, which is to be competed for here next week.

The most intense excitement prevails among the townspeople, who depend largely for their prosperity upon the golf links, while the members of the Royal and Ancient Golf Club also are extremely anxious. They and the citizens have organized a Vigilance Committee, whose members, together with 5,000 volunteers, will guard the greens night and day.

The general anxiety becomes keener every day, as it is thought that the militant suffragettes may refrain from delivering their attack until the last moment, when it would be impossible to repair the damage. As it is understood that the women will use vitriol to destroy the greens, all the sentries stationed there have provided themselves with large umbrellas to prevent the corrosive fluid from being thrown into their faces.

The River Tay routes, by which the links are reached from Dundee, which is a hotbed of suffragism, are closely guarded, and, to make assurance doubly sure, a powerful searchlight has been mounted on the railroad bridge, the light from which sweeps the links, the roads, and the river every night.

No Revolution in Colombia.

Francisco Escobar, the Colombian Consul-General in this city, writes to THE NEW YORK TIMES denying that a revolutionary movement has begun in his country. Señor Escobar states that he made inquiries by cable and received from the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Colombia the following telegram: "There is absolute peace and tranquillity in the republic. Please contradict any report to the contrary."

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

ADMITS HE HELPED TO PLANT DYNAMITE

But Collins, Turning State's Evidence, Declares He Was Duped by Undertaker Breen.

WOOD'S NAME BROUGHT IN

Woolen President Connected with Lawrence Strike Conspiracy Only by Inference, However.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 20.—District Attorney Pelletier played what was supposed to be his trump card to-day in the trial of William M. Wood, President of the American Woolen Company, and others charged with conspiracy to plant dynamite in Lawrence in 1912 to discredit the striking textile mill workers when he called to the stand Dennis J. Collins, one of the three defendants.

Collins, a dog fancier, living in Cambridge, admitted taking the explosive from Boston to Lawrence under guidance of John J. Breen, and planting it, under Breen's direction, in different buildings occupied or frequented by strikers.

Collins said that when he pressed Breen for an explanation Breen said: "You'll see the joke to-morrow." The witness told of a conversation in which Breen said: "I'll be Mayor of this city next year. There is a million back of me."

"I asked him what he meant," said Collins, "and he asked me if I knew President Wood of the American Woolen Company. I told him I did not, and then he said that I would see the joke in the papers the next day."

No other mention of Mr. Wood's name was made by Breen, according to Collins, but, under persistent questioning by the District Attorney, the witness admitted that he told the prosecutor last Friday that Breen had said that "Mr. Wood and several other millionaires were back of him, and he would be the next Mayor of Lawrence." He explained the discrepancy by saying that he was nervous in the District Attorney's office, and declared that his testimony on the stand was correct.

No Cross-Examination.

Henry F. Hurlburt of counsel for Mr. Wood declined to cross-examine Collins on the ground that his testimony had not incriminated Mr. Wood.

Attorneys for the defense elicited from Collins the admission that he had been promised immunity. Throughout his testimony Collins did not mention the name of Frederick E. Utteaux, the Boston dye manufacturer, who is the third defendant.

Collins said Breen gave him $50 in all—$25 on each of two occasions. He said that on another occasion "Charley" Breen, John J.'s brother, came to his home in Cambridge, gave him $18, and told him to "beat it."

Collins said that on Jan. 19, 1912, he met Breen in a saloon in Boston, and that Breen asked him to go to Lawrence with him that night. He consented, and said: "We shall probably meet some folks, and you had better carry this bundle, to keep your end up," at the same time handing the witness five five-dollar bills. Breen, the witness, said, agreed to give him more money the following day.

Collins said that Breen excused himself for a few moments saying he had to see "Mr. Rooney." When Breen again joined Collins they went to the corner of Washington and Franklin Streets, where they met two men. One of the men, described by the witness as Mr. Rice, gave Breen a package, which he in turn handed to the witness, telling him to carry it to the North Station. Collins did as directed. Breen met him at the station, and both boarded a train for Lawrence.

Arriving at Lawrence, Collins said they drove in a carriage to Breen's house. The bundle, which weighed about forty pounds, was placed on a bed, where it was opened. Collins said that the bundle contained sticks which felt "cold."

"I asked Breen what they were," the witness added, "and he told me it was 'juice.'"

Planting the Dynamite.

That same night, Collins testified, he and Breen went out in a sleigh carrying bundles made from the contents of the bundle brought from Boston. They drove to a Syrian tailor shop where Collins, at the direction of Breen, gave a package to the person who opened the door, telling him it would be called for later.

A call was also made at a Syrian hall, but the door was locked. Then they drove to St. Mary's Cemetery, where a package was left, and the two returned to Breen's place.

The next morning they called at a Syrian printing shop, an Italian barber shop, and a cobbler's shop, but left packages only at the cobbler's.

Another payment of $25 was made by Breen to Collins. Breen said that he had received $100, and he wanted to "split even" with the witness. As the witness was leaving Lawrence, Breen's parting words to him were, "Mum is the word."

The word "dynamite" was not mentioned by Breen, Collins said, the contents of the packages being referred to as "juice." Collins said that until he read in the newspapers of the discovery of the dynamite at Lawrence he did not know that the packages distributed by Breen and himself contained dynamite.

"I would never have had anything to do with the matter if I had known dynamite was in the bundles," he said. He could not give any reason why Breen, a friend of fifteen years' standing, should involve him in such a case.

His counsel had told him, he said, that if he told the truth for the Government the District Attorney would not send him to jail.

Inspector as Sherlock Holmes.

William J. Rooney, a Police Inspector of this city, testified that Breen notified the Boston police on the afternoon of Jan. 19 that he had information that dynamite had been hidden at Lawrence. He explained that he had received his information from an Italian. About midnight Breen telephoned him that he knew the exact place where the dynamite was hidden.

Rooney said he went to Lawrence next morning. He described the finding of the dynamite and the arrest of several persons who were present when it was seized.

Further details of the finding of the dynamite were related by Inspector Charles R. Vose of the Lawrence police. The Inspector said that a part of a leaf from a trade magazine devoted to undertakers' topics was wrapped about a small package of detonators found with the dynamite. This led him to suspect Breen, because Breen was an undertaker. Subsequently Breen was arrested, convicted, and fined $500 for planting the dynamite.

GET EVEN WITH MADDEN.

Man Who Figured in Fight After Election Gets Six Knife Wounds.

Lieut. Leonard of the Charles Street Station was notified by telephone last night that a man had been stabbed on Christopher Street, between Bleecker and Bedford Streets. He sent Patrolman Joseph Golden, who found the man lying unconscious in the gutter with six knife wounds in the back and head. He was taken to St. Vincent's Hospital, where upon revival he gave his name as Charles Madden, 20 years old, a driver, living at 158 West Fifteenth Street. He refused to tell how he received his wounds, one of which is thought to be serious.

Patrolman Golden was unable to learn who stabbed Madden, but the police believe the attack was the outcome of a fight Madden had after election last Fall, when John Lawlor of 15½ Gold Street, was stabbed several times. Lawler was in the hospital several months. Madden was arrested and held on the charge of felonious assault, and is now out on bail.

CITY BREVITIES.

The Honest Ballot Association, which is non-partisan, will give a dinner at the City Club at 55 West Forty-fourth Street, on Monday evening, May 26. Women are invited. The problem of obtaining a clean election in this city will be discussed by Dr. Talcott Williams, George W. Perkins, and William M. Ivins. Tickets may be obtained from Herbert L. Bodman at the club.

A dinner will be given by the Citizens of New York to the founders of Opera for the People at the City Club, 55 West Forty-fourth Street, on the evening of May 22. Among the guests that have accepted invitations are Mayor Gaynor, George McAneny, Otto H. Kahn, Clarence H. Mackay, and Harry Payne Whitney.

SHOE MACHINERY INQUIRY THOROUGH

Court, at Opening of Government's Suit, Denies Motion to Restrict Scrutiny of Trust.

ALLEGE VIRTUAL MONOPOLY

Government Complains of Leases Held to Bind Customers to Use Trust's Machines Exclusively.

BOSTON, May 20.—An unrestricted inquiry by the Government into the acts of the United Shoe Machinery Company, or trust, will be allowed as a result of a ruling by Judge William L. Putnam at the opening of the suit to dissolve the company in the United States District Court to-day.

Attorney Charles F. Choate, Jr., of counsel for the defense, requested the court to restrict the Government to proof of a plan by the defendants to monopolize the shoe machinery business of the country. If such a plan never existed, he said, the Government would lose its case, as it alleged that all the acts complained of were done in pursuance of a plan of monopoly.

"It is pretty dangerous for the court to restrict counsel in a case of this character," said Judge Putnam, presiding with Judge Frederick Dodge and Judge Arthur L. Brown as a special court to hear the case. "I suggest that counsel argue on facts so far as they relate to acts of the companies operated as incidental to the shoe machinery business."

Of the eleven defendant companies, nine were operated as incidental to the shoe machinery business conducted by the United Shoe Machinery Company and its holding company, the United Shoe Machinery Corporation. Through these eleven companies the twenty-three individual defendants acquired in the twelve years that elapsed from the date of the formation of the United Shoe Machinery Company, in 1899, to the time the dissolution suit was brought, in 1911, the business of fifty-five individual partnerships and corporations, which the Government charges were formerly in competition with the defendants.

"By acquiring the business of these concerns, the United Shoe Machinery Company," said William S. Gregg, special assistant to United States Attorney General McReynolds, in opening the prosecution, "secured control of 98 per cent. of the shoe machinery business which relates to the fastening of the soles to the uppers on boots and shoes."

The Government, Attorney Gregg said, made no objection to the company leasing its entire product, but it held that the "tying" clauses of these leases compelled the shoe manufacturers to use all or none of the machines grouped together by the company.

"I also have very strong impressions against the tying clauses," said Judge Putnam, "although I can conceive that the leases are beneficial to shoe manufacturers, especially new and small ones."

Attorney Choate, in opening the defense, denied that the leases compelled shoe manufacturers to use the company's machines exclusively. He explained that the welting and stitching machines, which attach the soles to the uppers, and the lasting machines were the principal machines in the shoe industry. A number of auxiliary machines work in connection with these. The auxiliary machines, he explained, were furnished free of charge with the principal machines, and for that reason the company in the tying clauses of the leases limited the use of its auxiliary machines to the principal machines with which they were grouped.

By an initial payment it was possible, he said, for the shoe manufacturer to free himself from the restrictions of the tying clauses. The system, Mr. Choate said, enabled the shoe manufacturers to start business with only a small outlay of capital.

RUBBER HOLDERS PEACEFUL

Harmony Meeting at New Brunswick—Oppose Theobold Suit.

Stockholders of the United States Rubber Company, meeting at New Brunswick, N. J., adopted a resolution yesterday calling for the interposition of an active defense to the suit brought by Caroline D. Theobold, who seeks to compel the repayment to the company of the consideration paid the Revere-Canadian syndicate under a contract entered into three years ago by President Colt.

The meeting was attended by fifty stockholders, and was the most harmonious of any meeting held in recent years. Raymond B. Price was made a Director, succeeding the late E. E. Rice.

The annual report showed that the company was making a strong bid for Canadian business and had erected a new tire factory at Berlin, Canada. The capacity of the Morgan & Wright factory at Detroit has been doubled. The sale of tires for the first three months of this calendar year has increased 40 per cent.

REPORTS ROCK ISLAND SAFE

Mudge Shows Earnings and Easy Money to Offset Rumors.

H. U. Mudge, President of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, laughed yesterday when reports that his road was tending toward a receivership were called to his attention.

"In the nine months ended with March 31 our revenues increased $5,550,000 over the corresponding period of last year," he said. "Net earnings gained about $1,500,000. The reason that our net did not show a bigger increase is found in the maintenance account, which shows an outlay of more than $15,000,000 thus far this year. This is about $2,250,000 more than we spent in the first nine months of last year. If we were headed for a money stringency I should not have spent all that money on the property. It would have been of more use to us in liquid form.

"As a matter of fact, the Rock Island is in better shape now than at any previous time. Others than myself who have been over the line lately will tell you that it never was in such good shape to handle a big business as it is to-day. In the first fifteen days of May we loaded several thousand more cars than for the corresponding part of 1912."

Lighting Fixtures

The absolutely latest in Country Home Lighting; marvelous effects at trifling cost—many pieces suitable for hallway, living room, dining room, sleeping room, and porch. Also special designs for banks, hotels, cafes, etc.

Shapiro & Aronson, Showrooms, 20 WARREN ST. ADJOINING CITY HALL PARK.

HARLEM MINORITY LOSES.

Voted Down on Its Request for Information of Cash Assets.

The New York & Harlem minority stockholders left the annual meeting of that company yesterday afternoon in a chastened mood. After apparently winning their points by a viva voce vote they learned at the close of the meeting that a stock vote had been called for and that resolutions inquiring into the affairs of the company had gone down to a bad defeat.

The New York Central owns about two-thirds of the Harlem stock. When the meeting was called to order by former Senator Depew, Judge William N. Cohen rose to present some resolutions for the minority. These called for information regarding the disposition of $4,300,000 reported on hand in 1898; what moneys had been received in addition to rentals under the leases to the New York Central and the Metropolitan Street Railway since 1898, and the disposition thereof; what had been realized from the sale of real estate; what rentals had been received from the Grand Central Terminal property owned by the Harlem Company, and what sums had been paid for tolls, trackage rights, or other privileges by companies using the Harlem's property. No opposition was offered to Judge Cohen's resolution and the yeas seemed to have carried the vote. Later it was announced that a vote had been taken by shares, resulting in 150,000 against and 30,000 in favor of the resolution. Whereupon the minority committee, whose ire had been aroused by a reference to them as a "so-called protective committee," decided that the result was not sufficiently close to justify a demand for a recount, and the meeting ended harmoniously. Afterward a representative of the committee confessed that they had not expected to get any information, and that they were just as well satisfied to have it reported on the record that they had been voted down.

Harold Vanderbilt was made a Director to succeed the late J. P. Morgan.

Teachers Appeal to Sulzer.

The Interborough Association of Women Teachers adopted a resolution last night at a meeting at the Metropolitan Building, asking Gov. Sulzer to hold an open meeting and listen to the advocates of the McKee bill before taking action upon it. Miss Grace C. Strachan, President of the association, urged the teachers to send letters and telegrams to Gov. Sulzer advocating the bill.

Broadway at 44th St.

RECTOR'S

Beg to announce that hereafter

Concerts

will be given in the Main Dining Room During Dinner and Supper

Cuisine Francaise

DON JOSE CHAQUESMARI - - - Tenor
M. ROSSINI - - - - - - Baritone

And Other Artistes

Orchestra Under Direction of M. Guterson

NOT A CABARET

Telephone 7100 Bryant

"Everybody's Going to The Big Store"

MAIN BUILDING

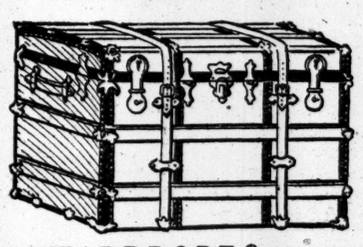
Sale of Supplies for Travelers

A Few Items Gleaned From Our Mammoth Trunk Store

Of course, it's quite out of the question to itemize every item carried by The Big Store for the convenience and comfort of the traveler by land or sea, at home or abroad.

But this we will say. That we challenge comparison with any store in town when it comes to outfitting the man or woman who is voyaging for health or for pleasure, for a few days or for a round-the-world trip.

Let us illustrate what we can do in the way of making your vacation comfortable.



$45 WARDROBE TRUNKS—at..... $29.50

Made of 3-ply veneer basswood with hard fibre on outside and inside, making the trunk five ply. Plenty of room for 12 to 15 dresses or suits; six roomy drawers arranged on side for all other wearing apparel. This trunk is guaranteed by us and by the maker.

OUR MOUNTAIN SPECIAL TRUNKS—heavy canvas covering; hardwood slats; brass clamps and corners; heavy sheet iron bottom; large hinges; good lock and side bolts with deep tray.

Regularly	Size	Sale Price
$4.60	28 Inches	$3.60
5.00	30 Inches	4.00
5.45	32 Inches	4.40
5.85	34 Inches	4.85
6.45	36 Inches	5.35
6.95	38 Inches	5.85
7.45	40 Inches	6.25

$6.50 BLACK TRAVELING BAGS—at..... $4.85

Stylish walrus grained leather; roomy Oxford shape; extra wide bottom; capped corners; full leather lining with inside pocket; secure lock and catches; full line of sizes.

TRAVELER TRUNKS—strong basswood body, canvas-covered; two stout leather straps over body; four hardwood slats on top and bottom; large brass clasps and corners; good excelsior lock; side bolts and catches; deep tray with hat box.

Regularly	Size	Sale Price
$6.25	28 Inches	$5.25
6.75	30 Inches	5.60
7.25	32 Inches	6.00
7.75	34 Inches	6.45
8.25	36 Inches	6.85
8.60	38 Inches	7.35
9.00	40 Inches	7.85

SHORT-TRIP TRUNKS—bound with hard fibre; strong clamps and corners; two sole-leather straps over body; cloth lining; full covered tray with two compartments.

Regularly	Size	Sale Price
$7.25	32 Inches	$6.00
7.60	34 Inches	6.35
8.00	36 Inches	6.75
8.45	38 Inches	7.25
8.95	40 Inches	7.65

$3.75 CANE SUIT CASES—at..... $2.65

The feather-weight kind; durable, sole-leather corners; two straps all around; brass lock; neat cloth lining with shirred pocket in lid; 24-inch size.

TWO-LOCK TRUNKS—all-riveted; made of the best selected basswood; body is steel-bound; genuine ashwood slats, four on top and four on bottom; two stout straps over body; full cloth lining; deep set-up tray and an extra dress tray.

Regularly	Size	Sale Price
$11.00	32 Inches	$9.00
11.50	34 Inches	9.50
12.00	36 Inches	10.00
12.50	38 Inches	10.50
13.00	40 Inches	11.00

$2.75 TRAVELING BAGS—at..... $1.95

Made of light-weight Japanese matting; large and roomy; securely bound edges; good lock and catches; cloth lining and large inside pocket; all sizes.

JAPANESE STRAW BAGS—lightest bags made; all sizes and kinds; these are our own direct importations and that is why we quote such low prices for these bags... 25c to 98c

(Basement, MAIN Building.)

The Big Store — A City in Itself

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

Sixth Avenue — J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. — 18th to 19th Streets

MAIN BUILDING

Our Cut Flower Special

Beautiful Long-Stem **Fragrant Roses** *In Red, Yellow, Pink and White; Elsewhere $1.25 to $1.50, Sale Today, doz.* **45c**

(Main Floor, MAIN Building.)

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

FOUNDED 1856

BROKAW BROTHERS

MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

"Custom-made" implies for all, much measuring, trying on, alteration, the suspense of waiting and higher prices.

Our ready-to-put-on Clothes mean for the majority, instant fitting, an elimination of try-ons, no waiting and normal prices.

Few custom tailors put as much hand work into their clothes as we do.

None have so many varieties of materials.

We feel safe in claiming that we score oftener in perfection of fit than most tailors who measure you.

Hundreds of new patterns in Spring Suits and Overcoats all rightly made and priced.

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue

SUBWAY AT THE DOOR—ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY

Lichtenstein Millinery Co.

ANNOUNCE THEIR

Removal Sale

Wednesday May 21 — Thursday May 22 — Friday May 23

Millinery

Gowns, Suits, Coats, Waists, Etc.

The Entire Stock Will Be Disposed of

Regardless of Cost

ON ACCOUNT OF REMOVING TO THEIR NEW BUILDING 584 FIFTH AVENUE

(about the middle of June)

Everything will be marked at lower prices than have heretofore prevailed at any of their Sales.

Sale goods cannot be returned, exchanged or sent on approval.

Fifth Avenue — 44th and 45th Streets

J. M. Gidding & Co.

OUTER APPAREL FOR WOMEN, MISSES and JUNIORS · MILLINERY · FURS

Feature, Today, in their Important Clearance Sales

Ostrich Trimmed Hats $15

$45 to $65 Values—

Smart styles in fine Milans and Hemps trimmed in clever combinations of Ostrich with Ribbon or Flowers; light and dark shades.

—ALSO—

Light Summer Hats $12.50

$25 to $35 Values—

Mid-season styles in French Crepe, Crepe de Chine, Tegal and Milan

Clearance now in force—

Tailored and Demi-tailored Suits—Motor and Sport Coats—Gowns—Dresses—Wraps—Blouses—Millinery.

Fifth Avenue, 46th & 47th Streets

ORGANIZED IN 1887

EVERY YEAR death causes the transfer of millions of dollars. Large sums are lost by careless handling and the beneficiaries are thus deprived of their rights.

With this Company acting as your executor and trustee under a carefully drawn will, your estate will be safeguarded and your family's interests will be protected.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY

CAPITAL & SURPLUS 9,500,000

160 Broadway, New York—188 Montague St., Brooklyn

BRANCH OFFICES—1425 St. Nicholas Ave., New York—383 East 149th St., Bronx—1354 Broadway, Brooklyn—367 Fulton St., Jamaica—110 Railroad Ave., White Plains, N.Y.

SMITH GRAY Workshops Have Just Finished

1165 Fancy Summer Suits

VALUES $25 and $30 AT $19.50

Your Opportunity at $19.50

No,—Smith Gray is not overstocked on woolens. On the contrary we have been conservative—Ready to buy any time the "Schedule K" tariff agitation caused wool to tumble.

Consequently ours is a strategic position while others are finding themselves overstocked. Our facilities for quick action have brought us, at a sacrifice to the seller, the cloth for 1165 fancy summer suits to be disposed of, *at once.*

With efficient shop management they have been made up ready to be shown at our stores commencing today.

Every suit a masterpiece in fit, workmanship and fabric.

A big assortment of two and three button sacks, with or without patch pockets, Norfolks, etc.

Suits of a type sold elsewhere for $25 and $30.

Smith Gray & Co.

NEW YORK — BROADWAY AT WARREN ST. — 5th AVENUE NEAR 27th ST.

FOUR STORES

BROOKLYN — FULTON ST., AT FLATBUSH AV — BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV

NEW TAXI ORDINANCE ENDS HOTEL STANDS

Alderman Grimm Reports It as Grand Jury Gets Evidence for Indictments.

ONLY McCANN DISSENTS

He Would Retain Stands, but Have City Collect for Them—Measure Conforms to Mayor's Ideas.

While the Grand Jury was collecting evidence for indictments through its inquiry into taxicab graft, the special Aldermanic committee, which for fifteen months has delayed action in the matter, yesterday reported out an ordinance providing for the reform called for by the Mayor's commission. The proposed ordinance in all probability will be passed by the Board of Aldermen at its meeting next Tuesday. These are the salient features of the measure:

All private taxicab and hack stands to be abolished.

Rates for one or two persons: Thirty cents for the first half mile and 10 cents for each additional quarter mile. That is, 50 cents for the first mile and 40 cents for each succeeding mile.

Rates for three or more persons: Forty cents for the first half mile and 10 cents for each succeeding one-sixth mile. That is, 70 cents for the first mile and 60 cents for each succeeding mile.

For waiting time: One dollar and fifty cents an hour.

The Mayor to have power to license public taxicab and hack stands in parks, squares, and streets having a width of more than thirty feet.

The Mayor to have power to revoke licenses of taxicab drivers for cause.

These features bring the proposed ordinance into very close harmony with the measure urged by the Mayor's Commission and favored by the Mayor. The only important difference is that the ordinance reported yesterday raises the rate for the first mile for one or two passengers 10 cents, and raises the rate for three or four passengers for the first mile 20 cents.

There were some significant glances exchanged in the Aldermanic chamber when Alderman Grimm, Chairman of the Special Committee of Seven, who testified before the Grand Jury that he and other members of his committee had dined and wined with officers of the Yellow Taxicab Company, arose to address the Chair. He simply reported the ordinance, and moved that it be made a special order for next Tuesday.

The report was signed by six members of the committee—Grimm, Cunningham, and Coleman, members of the old "majority" group which favored the retention of private stands, and Bolles, Marks, and Brush, the old "minority" members of the committee, who were always in favor of the abolition of the private stands.

Alderman McCann, the fourth of the old "majority" group, alone dissented. He stated in explanation of his position that he favored the retention of the private stands, but that it was his opinion the city and not the hotels and restaurants should get the revenue from these stands.

Attached to the ordinance reported by Chairman Grimm was this statement:

The committee believes that a condition has arisen through the operation of private stands which calls for immediate remedy.

These private companies pay the owners of property abutting on the street where the private stand is located usually 10 per cent. of their gross income from the stand, which amounts to a sum variously estimated at $350,000 upward.

The committee believes that this monopoly is responsible for the fact that there has not been a gradual increase in the number of cabs used in the service of the city and is responsible to a large degree for the present high rates charged. The system of private stands, which has been abused by keeping more taxicabs on the (hired) space than actually licensed, is wholly indefensible.

Alderman Marks, although his name was attached to the committee report, stated on the floor of the Aldermanic Chamber that he had signed it under protest. There were several features of the ordinance, he said, which he did not favor.

The report that a favorable taxicab bill had been reported out of the committee did not halt the inquiry going on in the Grand Jury room. Two of the "majority" Aldermen on the special committee, Cunningham and Coleman, were called before that body as witnesses. Both testified that they did not know anything about taxicab matters when they were first assigned on the special committee.

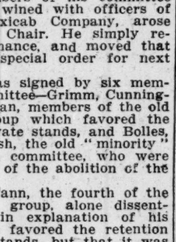
Another witness was Police Inspector George F. Titus, who was asked to explain a charge account he had with the Yellow Taxicab Company. Titus appeared voluntarily. He told the jurors that he had allowed his taxicab bills to run until they amounted to $60, and that he had then paid the amount in cash. When asked how long he had allowed the bills to run he admitted that it might have been more than a year. Police Captain William F. Day, whom the jurors desire to quiz along similar lines, may be called to-day.

Other witnesses were P. J. Holdsworth, Secretary and General Manager of the Yellow Taxicab Company, and "Circular Joe" Vendig, confidential agent of the same company. Mr. Holdsworth provided leads for an extension of the inquiry. Vendig, whose third appearance it was before the Grand Jury on the same subject, was said to have added materially to the case against at least two city officials.

After to-day's session the investigation will go over until Monday.

You Can Make Pure Lager

BEER



In Your Own Home—with

Johann Hofmeister Genuine Lager Beer Extract

You can now brew your own beer—best you ever tasted—easily, cheaply, right in your own home. With Johann Hofmeister Beer Extract anyone can make the same high quality lager beer that has been made in Germany for ages—in the same honest, old-fashioned way. Beer that's so tasty, wholesome, satisfying, every member of the family will surely be delighted with it. Better beer than you can buy in saloons or in bottles anywhere. And it will cost *less than 3 cents a quart—a little over a half cent a glass!*

Real Malt and Hop Beer at 11 Cents a Gallon Remember, it's not near-beer—not imitation beer—but *real German style lager beer, made of select Barley Malt and the best Hops.* Beer of fine, natural color—topped with a rich, creamy foam. Beer with snap and sparkle—clear and pure as can be—with life and health in every drop. *And the taste—oh, delicious!*

Johann Hofmeister Lager Beer Extract is guaranteed under the U. S. Food and Drugs Act. Serial No. 30,317. No license needed anywhere to make your own beer with this pure extract. Get a can of it today, follow the simple instructions—then you'll know why *brewery beer can never be sold where this beer has been introduced.*

50c can makes 3 gallons of beer.
75c can makes 7 gallons of beer.

Sold by al. Druggists, or sent direct, prepaid, upon receipt of price (either size), by Johann Hofmeister, 126 Hofmeister Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Razor Blades Resharpened

Quality Work. Prompt Service. Mail Orders. Gillette, 35c.; Gems, etc., 25c. doz.
N. Y. City, 89 Broad St., (S. F. Haddad.)
N.Y. City, 46th & B'way, (James Drug Store.)
Brklyn, N.Y. 377 Tompkins Av., (J. B. Ryan.)
Above are Agencies. Machines at following:
N. Y. City, 50 Church St. (Standard Drug Co.)
N. Y. City, 156 East 23d St. (near Lex. Av.)
Grant Sales Co., 253 Broadway N. Y. City.

Let us give you a miniature cake!

Try at our expense what this delightful soap will do for your complexion and hair. Dept. 12-F, Resinol, Baltimore.

ARREST SCILLINTANI BOY.

Police Take Brother of Man Wanted for Murder in Robbery Case.

The name of Scillintani came into police prominence again yesterday when Samuel Scillintani, 14 years old, was arrested with three others after a woman had lost her purse in the street. Samuel is the brother of Oreste Scillintani, wanted in connection with the recent fight in which two policemen of the Mulberry Street Station and a gangster were killed.

Policeman O'Connor of the Macdougal Street Station was on Broadway near Spring Street at 7 o'clock last night when a citizen informed him that a woman had been robbed on the next block. As he started to go to the scene of the supposed robbery, O'Connor saw four young men and boys running down Broadway. At Centre and Howard Streets he caught up with the two older fugitives and arrested them. They gave their names as Dominick Romano, 16, of 223 Mott Street, and Benjamin Traina, same age, of 524 East Thirteenth Street.

In the meantime the policeman had been joined in the chase by Acting Captain McKinney and Detective Wood. They overtook the other two boys at the corner of Grand and Centre Streets, and the police say that when he saw he would be caught young Scillintani threw away a pocketbook. This was picked up and found to contain a five-dollar bill, two dimes, and a transfer. According to the police, the boys said they got the pocketbook from two men, who told them to "run away with it." Young Scillintani's companion was Albert Solta, 15, of 49 Prince Street. These two were charged with juvenile delinquency. The older boys were charged with grand larceny. The woman who is supposed to have been robbed of the pocketbook has not appeared.

The Acting Captain says that when he approached the younger Scillintani the latter said: "I haven't been doing anything, Captain." He had cause to know the officer, as he had seen the latter in connection with the holding of his relatives by the police after the recent gang murder. The police say that the youngster had the assignment of trailing them and keeping watch over their movements, and that they will not regret his being where they can know what he is doing.

HART S. FARLEE ATTACHED.

Thirty-five Claims In Plainfield Against the Banker's Son.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., May 20.—Writs of attachment have been issued out of the District Court, this city, on the goods and chattels belonging to Hart S. Farlee, formerly of Cushing Road, the claims aggregating in all more than $1,000. The return date will be fixed at the session of the court on Thursday. The attachments already made are for five local tradesmen. About thirty more attachments are to be made. V. W. Nash, Jr., represents the majority of the creditors.

Mr. Farlee, who is the son of J. S. Farlee, banker, of 11 Wall Street, has left here and is said to be in New York. Mrs. Farlee, who was Miss Natalie Wilder, a well known tennis player, and her young daughter, are with relatives.

Andrew Alexander

Comfort in a shoe is like good health—"those who have it most are least conscious of it." If unpleasantly aware of your shoes, try Alexander's. We are prepared with shoes of correct style but irregular measurements to fit feet that formerly required custom shoes.

Sixth Avenue At Nineteenth St.

548 Fifth Avenue Above Forty-fifth Street

"Holds the interest from beginning to end."—*N. Y. Herald.*

WILSAM

A Novel. By S. C. NETHERSOLE. Price $1.35 net.

"I have read this book carefully, partly because it interested me from the start and partly because it seemed to be the work of a new writer of unusual power in both description and character drawing—a writer more than likely to become popular in this country."

"His novel enchains and holds the interest from beginning to end."

"The personages who figure in this story are all vividly drawn individual characters with human virtues and human weaknesses. There is, moreover, a logical and natural sequence of events that make his story real and convincing."

"It deserves careful reading, and I heartily commend it to those who consume fiction thoughtfully and slowly and not under the spur of an insane desire to find out what happens at the end."

"I am told that the book has attracted a great deal of attention in England, and I am not surprised to hear it."—JAMES L. FORD in the New York Hearld.

Published at 64-66 5th Ave., N. Y. — THE MACMILLAN COMPANY — On sale at all bookstores

FOUNDED 1827 FOUNDED 1827

Arnold. Constable & Co.

Special Sales Today, (Wednesday) and Thursday

Pongee Silks
Printed Satin Foulards
All Silk Voiles
Values 85c to $2.00 Yard
58 CENTS

Pongee Silks— 26-inch, extra quality, all silk, in a choice assortment of fashionable colorings, particularly adapted for tailor suits, wraps and garments for touring, motoring, steamer and seaside wear. Regularly $1.25 yard — 58c

Printed Satin Foulards— 23-inch, in a choice assortment of this season's latest designs and colorings, polka dots, stripes and many other fashionable designs. Regularly 85c to $1.00 yard — 58c

French Challies
A Special Lot of 3750 Yards of Finest Imported All-Wool Grades, 30 Inch. Regularly 65c, 75c, and 85c yard.

All entirely new; this season's styles in Fancy Striped and Flora. effects, small, medium and large designs, for Summer Dresses and Skirts, Kimonos, etc. Yard — 38c

Valenciennes Laces
Very Effective Patterns for Undergarments and Lingerie Dresses at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Insertions— Regularly 75c and $1.25 dozen. — 45c and 80c
Edgings— Regularly $1.25 and $1.50 dozen. — 80c and 95c
Allovers— Regularly $1.50 and $2.50 yard — 1.00 and 1.75

Women's Coats

50 Satin Coats— Smart straight model, unlined; black only. Value $27.50. — 19.50

35 Serge Coats— Attractively trimmed with moire shawl collar effect; sleeves only lined; navy, blue and black. Value $16.50 — 10.50

All Silk Parasols

Plain Green— With gilt frames and novel handles.
Plain Blues— All the much wanted shades.
Pongees— Plain or bordered styles. Special handles.
Changeable Shades— Excellent qualities. Gilt frames.
Fancy Stripes— Many neat and novelty effects.
Regularly $2.50, $2.75, $2.95 — 1.85

Tailor Suits

100 Women's Suits of light weight serge, two new models just from the workrooms; navy, blue, black. Values $32.50 and $37.50. — 22.50, 27.50

Pure Silk Gloves

16 button length, very superior quality, double finger tips, all sizes, in black and white. Regular price $1.00 pair — 75c

A SPECIAL SALE OF Men's Highest Grade
Pure Silk Shirts
Consisting of

Heavy Quality Satin Stripes— New assortments of these most popular shirts. Regularly $6.00
Heavy Tub Silk Shirtings— All neat hair line and wider woven stripes on light grounds. Regularly $5.00
Heavy Silks of Pastel Shadings— Satin stripes in white and colors. Excellent quality. Regularly $6.00
White Pleated Silk Shirts— Fine quality Japanese silk. Wide, narrow and medium pleats. Regularly $5.00
Plain White Silk Shirts— With neck-bands or collars attached. All have soft double cuffs. Regularly $5.00
Values $5.00 & $6.00 — 3.45

Men's Neckwear
The Popular Silks of the Season—All the New Shapes for Summer Dress.

Rumchunda Kerchief Four-in-Hands—Made from imported large handkerchiefs with border ends. Regularly $1.00
English Foulard Four-in-hands— Polka-dots in every size and all over fancy designs. Regularly 75c-85c
English Polo and Regimental Stripes—Excellent quality and large flowing end shapes. Regularly $1.00
Crepe de Chine Four-in-hands— Plain colors and with self stripes. Special shapes. Regularly $1.00
Bat Wing Bow Ties—Plain colors—Bordered ends—Bias stripes—and fancy all overs— Regularly 75c-$1.00
Values 75c, 85c & $1.00 — 50c

Waists and Blouses
A Special Offering of a Number of Very Smart Models for Women and Misses Comprising

White Habutai Blouses— With moire trimmings.
White Habutai Blouses— Corded and hemstitched, fancy buttons.
White Habutai Blouses— Tennis model; pearl buttons.
White Habutai Blouses— Trotteur model.
Regular Price $6.50 — 4.50

Imported Batiste Waists— Embroidered and Val. lace trimmed; ¾ sleeves.
Imported Batiste Waists— Hand embroidered; crochet inserts.
Imported Voile Blouses— Fine Swiss embroidery and inserts.

Batiste Waists—Open front, pin tucked.
Batiste Waists—High necks, lace trimmed.
Voile Waists—Tucked lace jabot.
Voile Waists—Tucked Venise lace yoke.
Voile Blouses—Plaited and hemstitched.
Reg. $2.50 — 1.35

Silk Petticoats
Messaline, Silk Jersey and Crepe de Chine—
Latest models, all the popular shades. Value $5.00 — 3.95

Broadway & 19th Street

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices

For Wednesday and Thursday. **Macy's** Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St. Special Values in All Departments.

These Unmatched Prices Spell True Economy

WOMEN'S $25.00 SUITS, $16.74
Smart Summer Suits, of men's wear serge, light in weight, but of very fine, durable quality. The slightly cutaway coat, on the new straight lines, is peau de cygne lined, finely tailored and button-trimmed. The high girdle skirt has clusters of tiny tucks at the back. In navy blue or black serge.
Third Floor, Broadway.

MISSES' $25.00 SUITS, $14.74
Modish, finely tailored Suits, of light-weight, all-wool eponge. The pretty blouse coat, peau de cygne lined throughout, has moire trimmed collar and cuffs, in matching color. The skirt, gracefully draped, is of latest style.
In sizes 14 and 16 years. Colors, navy, Copenhagen, tan and Oriental brown.
Third Floor, Broadway.

$3 & $4 "Warner" CORSETS, $1.89
Two very graceful models, cut on the most fashionable lines, double-boning throughout and absolutely rust proof. Sizes 20 to 26 inches.
(1) **Flowered Brocade Corsets,** extremely low bust, lace trimmed, extra long skirt, made without boning over the hips, three pairs of hose supporters.
(2) **Striped Coutil Corsets,** lace trimmed, very low bust, long skirt, 3 pairs hose supporters.
These may be worn as "hip-confiners." Suitable for medium and slender figures.
Third Floor, 34th St.

WOMEN'S SILK VESTS, $1.44
"Marchioness" Brand. Macy's usual price is $1.74. Finished with "French" band top, lace beading and reinforced arm shield. Colors are pink and white.
Main Floor, Centre.

$1.00 CREPE NIGHT GOWNS, 79c
Slip-over style, made of soft white crinkled crepe, daintily trimmed with bands of pink, or baby blue crepe and ribbon rosettes. Low neck, short sleeves.
Third Floor, Rear

$3.50 Messaline Petticoats, $2.49
Cut on new straight lines and made of durable, lustrous messaline, finished with modish French puffs. In all the staple and new shades, also two-tones. Black-and-white.
Third Floor, Centre.

WOMEN'S $1.50 SILK HOSE, 94c
Of pure thread ingrain silk, in two seasonable weights and of absolutely first quality. Late arrivals, or we would sell them at $1.39. All are black. Some with all-silk, double-welt top, some with cotton top.
Main Floor, Centre.

$5.00 COLONIAL PUMPS, $2.97
Modish Shoes of patent leather or gun metal calf, with self-covered slide, new Spanish leather heel. Lightweight welted sole, medium vamp and tongue in one piece. Made on graceful well arched lines. All sizes in both styles.
Second Floor, 35th St., Rear.

WOMEN'S $1.00 SILK GLOVES, 69c
Full elbow length mousquetaire Silk Gloves of perfect, heavy, durable tricot quality in every thread. Paris point embroidered backs. White or black.
Main Floor, Broadway.

$3.00 LEATHER HAND BAGS, $1.94
Modish silk lined Leather Bags, of real pin or crepe seal, morocco and pigskin. Engraved or plain frames of German silver, gold plate or nickel finish. Single or double strap handles. Fitted with purse. Colors tan, brown, blue or black.
Main Floor, 34th St.

GIRLS' $5.00 DRESSES, $3.96
Dainty Lingerie Dresses of fine, sheer, white batiste in long-waisted model, elaborately trimmed with fine tucks, insertions of Valenciennes lace. Low neck and short sleeves, soft satin girdle in pink, blue or white. Sizes 6 to 14 years.
Third Floor, 35th St.

$1.50 PEARL NECKLACES, 99c
Fine quality French pearl beads, graduated or straight, in lustrous cream color or in pure white. Sterling silver clasps, rhinestone set, or combinations of colored stones with rhinestones.
Main Floor, Broadway.

$1.25 REAL HEMP HATS, 79c
Blocked in the latest shapes, including sailors, turned-up hats and "pokes." In black, white, Saxe-blue, navy and purple.
Second Floor, 34th St.

$3.50 Ostrich Lobster Bands, $1.89
Full, fluffy, curled bands of fine ostrich; thirty inches long, with broad, full ends. A stylish trimming for Summer Hats. In black, Saxe-blue, emerald, purple, gold and white.
Second Floor, 34th St., Rear.

Macy's $25.50 Brass Beds $16.74
Two-inch continuous posts with large ornamental husks, heavy T-ball mounts, finish the ends of the seven one-inch filler rods.
In "Damarda" lacquer, bright or satin finish. Sizes, 3 ft., 3 ft. 6 in., 4 ft. and 4 ft. 6 in.

Macy's $8.24 Steel Springs, $6.74
One of the best, strongest, and most durable Springs made, with patent sides to prevent mattress from spreading. "Helical" Springs at ends.

$16.49 Mixed Hair Mattress, $12.24
Special mixed hair mattress, covered in the best A. C. A. ticking, made of an excellent grade of black hair—finely stitched and tufted.
Sixth Floor.

MENS' $8.00 PANAMAS, $5.49
Fine quality South American Panama Hats, from Ecuador. Choice of unblocked, blocked, trimmed and finished in Optimo, Panama, Racquet or Telescope shape, as desired.
All with the smooth, fine, even weave and edges characteristic of the finer South American Hat.
Fifth Floor, 34th St.

MEN'S $5.00 DUST COATS, $3.69
One style Gray Mohair—another of linen in tan or gray—another style of Khaki. All are D. B. Button to neck and have adjustable strap on sleeve. All sizes in all styles, 34 to 50. Suitable for owner as well as chauffeur.
Fifth Floor, 34th St.

MEN'S $3.00 Office Coats, $1.89
Very light. Made of black and blue corded mohairs, black and gray alpacas, blue Sicilians and tan color and shadow striped gray alpacas. Finished with patch pockets and felled seams. Sizes 35 to 44.
Fifth Floor, 35th St.

MEN'S $1.50 to $2 SHIRTS, $1.09
Of madras woven with a white "satin" raised body stripe. Light and white grounds with fine hairline and cluster stripings in blue, tan and helio. All sizes from 14 to 17, and sleeve lengths 34 to 35.
Main Floor, 35th St

MEN'S $4.00 SHOES, $2.69
Made on a very distinctive flat narrow toe last. Lace style, in tan "Russia" calf and black gun-metal calf. All sizes.
Main Floor Balcony, 35th St., Rear.

MEN'S 50c "POROSKNIT" UNDERWEAR (a garment), 29c
A little rumpled and slightly imperfect. The Shirts with short sleeves, satin fronts and pearl buttons. The drawers in ankle length and knee length, with satin waist-bands, suspender straps and reinforced double seats. Plenty of these in all sizes.
Main Floor, Centre.

MACY'S $1.24 HAIR BRUSHES, 74c
Of heavy English "ivory," set with excellent quality bristles. Sold elsewhere at $1.65 and more. Grained just like ivory, white and highly polished.
Main Floor, 34th St., Rear.

MACY'S $1.98 SHAVING SETS $1.24
Consisting of a quadruple silver-plated Shaving Cup and Brush, in choice of several shapes and styles of decoration. Each packed in tastefully lined box.
Main Floor, 34th St., Rear.

$3.25 "Flor de Merode" CIGARS (50) $1.98
Serenas (4¾ inches long, and about the size of Puritanos Extras), usually sold at Macy's at $2.49.
A little milder than a straight Havana. Made with a Sumatra wrapper and a mild Havana filler, very sweet and mellow of flavor and bouquet.
Fifth Floor, 35th St.

BOYS' $6.00 & $6.50 SUITS, $4.84
Blue Serge, with alpaca-lined coat and fully-lined reinforced knickerbockers. Strictly all-wool mixed cheviots and cassimeres. Some with extra trousers. Norfolk models from 6 to 17 years, and double-breasted models from 10 to 18 years.
Second Floor, 34th St., Rear.

$6.00 OXFORD BAGS, $3.96
Made of good, heavy grade Walrus grain leather with sewed-on reinforced corners. Strong handle, substantial frames, brass locks and slides. Inside pockets; leather lined. Sizes, 14, 16 and 18 inches.
Fifth Floor, Centre.

$9.00 "WAITE" RUGS (9x12 ft.) $6.94
Some "Crex" Rugs, too! Also in the 3 ft. x 6 ft. size at 94c (elsewhere $1.40) and the 8 ft. x 10 ft. size at $5.14 (elsewhere $7.00.)
Two and three-color Rugs, closely woven and bound with a heavy cotton warp. Browns, greens, and blues, and a few in red-and-black mixtures. Reversible, with plain color on one side.
Fourth Floor, Broadway.

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Actual Makers
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For Men

EASEL OR PULLMAN TOILET CASE—For Men—Beautiful Pigskin or Black Grained Hide Case, Supplied with Nickel, Glass, Ebony, and Black Celluloid Toilet Articles—Case May Be Fastened in Easel Form or Hung Upon Hook for Convenience—Complete $12.75

BOTTLE SETS—From. $3.50

FLASKS—From..... $2.25

MIRRORS FOR TRAVELLING—From..... $3.50

MILITARY BRUSHES—Ebony in Morocco Cases $3.25

TRAVELLING BAGS—From..... $10.00

SUITCASES—From... $13.00

CIGARETTE CASES—From..... $1.25

CIGAR SLIPS..... 85c

COIN PURSES..... 85c

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Reduction in Price
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in Fire-Proof Building.
FIRE PROOF STORAGE
For Household Goods.
Founded in 1863
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5567 COLUMBUS

CARRANZA'S PARTY FOR LAW IN MEXICO

First Authoritative Statement of the Aims of New Mexican Revolutionists.

TO HAVE HONEST CONGRESS

Pesqueira, Commissioner Here, Says Constitutionalistas Won't Be Hampered as Was Madero.

Señor Roberto Pesqueira, the officially appointed Commissioner in this country for the de facto Government in Northern Mexico, of which Col. Venustiano Carranza, Governor of Coahuila, is the head, outlined last night the purposes of the Constitutionalistas and gave an anaylsis of the political situation from the point of view of his party for THE NEW YORK TIMES. He pointed out that, although the principles underlying the present movement against President Huerta were the same as those which inspired the Madero revolution, conditions now, two years later, would cause the Constitutionalistas, if successful, to reach the objects of their proposed Government by different means.

Incidentally, the revolutionary Commissioner gave what he said was the inside history of the recognition of the Huerta Government by Great Britain.

Señor Pesqueira is youn, enthusiastic, and confident.

"It is understood, I am confident," he said last night, as he bent forward in his chair in his apartment at the St. Regis, "that the people of Mexico, whom I know we represent, want now just what they wanted two years ago. The fact that the North, under Gov. Carranza, is fighting for a Government of justice, the elimination of graft, and an end of rule by assassination may be taken for granted.

New Methods to be Adopted.

"But the methods by which we expect to achieve our objects undoubtedly will be different from those forced on the late President Madero. The people have had a taste of good government. They realize even more thoroughly than they did two years ago the advantages of the rule of law. They have seen the possibilities of a Constitutional Government and their eagnerness for its permanent establishment has increased correspondingly.

"Madero was a pioneer. As I shall try to show you, he became the head of the country when compromises were absolutely necessory for the accomplishment of peace. These compromises placed in the Cabinet several men who were known to be out of sympathy with the programme of Madero and his party. The covert hostility of men like Lascurain absorbed much of Madero's energy in nullifying their efforts.

"The Cabinet of the Constitutionalist Government will be composed entirely of men who stand for just what the name of the party indicates. The murder of Madero and the treachery of Huerta have destroyed utterly any influence which the Cientificos had. Those who were identified with the old Diaz Government will not have the slightest opportunity of gaining control of any part of the public administration.

"Thus, you see, the work of the coming President and his Cabinet will be made much easier than it was for Madero. Lessons have been learned, although at what a cost!

"The plan of San Luis Potosi, to which American newspapers often refer, but which few Americans, I believe, understand, will be carried out in spirit. Under it the land laws will be reformed, not in a revolutionary manner, as some Americans seem to think that the plan provides, but by the gradual distribution of lands purchased by the Government. The proposed plan is not in the least more radical than the present Irish land laws. It corresponds closely to your own homestead laws.

"Since the beginning of the Diaz Government laws have been passed which are absolutely in defiance of the provisions of the Constitution. By the operation of these laws many vast tracts have passed into the hands of a few men. It naturally follows that these are held illegally.

Better Chance Than Madero's.

"The coming Administration will have another distinct advantage. So soon as peace is attained under the initial military Government, it will have the right by the Constitution to elect a new Congress. Madero, on the other hand, when elected found himself joined in the work of government with a Congress the members of which had been personally selected and ordered elected by Porfirio Diaz.

"By the Constitution the Congress which recognized Huerta as Provisional President against a constitutionally elected President, even under threats, automatically ceased to exist. There are many honorable men who sat in the recent Congress, but the offices of all terminated with their recognition of a traitor. As you see, the new Government will be able to start with a legislative body chosen by free election which will mean one in sympathy with the aims of the Constitutionalist Party.

"One objective of our Government will be the completion of the work Madero was not permitted to finish—the establishment throughout Mexico, even in the most outlying districts, of a string of what you call 'little red schoolhouses.' The educational system under Diaz meant the erection of beautiful buildings in cities frequented by tourists and the lining of the pockets of contractors. We want to spend the people's money to give the child of the humblest parents a primary education. This will mean the work of years, of generations, of course. It is a programme that cannot be completed in a day."

Señor Pesqueira, asked to give his opinion concerning Secretary Bryan's statement that the United States Government had no intention of investigating Ambassador Wilson's alleged part in the Diaz-Huerta combination against Madero, said:

"It was quite to be expected that the State Department would take such an attitude. It certainly could not afford to admit that its Ambassador had been guilty of such a violation of international law, a thing that the substantiation of the charges would necessitate; nor could it appoint another Ambassador in the place of Mr. Wilson without granting at least a tacit recognition of Huerta.

"A rather interesting story lies behind the recognition of Huerta by Great Britain. It is known in diplomatic circles that this was brought about by Lord Cowdray, the millionaire contractor and oil operator who received so many favors from the old Diaz administration. Cowdry is quite a force in English political life, as he certainly was in Mexico. He always has been recognized as one of the Cientifico chiefs. The firm establishment of Huerta would mean millions to him in new concessions."

Señor Pesqueira has emphatic opinions concerning Francisco de la Barra, formerly President ad interim in Mexico, and before that Ambassador to the United States. One question concerning de la Barra's status in the Mexican political situation was sufficient.

Calls de la Barra Dangerous.

"In spite of the apparently popular impression here of de la Barra," he replied, "those who are acquainted with the inside affairs in Mexico from the time of the very beginning of the revolution led by Francesco Madero, know that de la Barra is one of the most dangerous men to our National peace that Mexico ever has had.

"From conversations with several Americans, well informed people on most topics, I have discovered that there is a general idea that de la Barra is a patriot, ready to sacrifice his personal interests for the welfare of his country, and an able statesman.

"Nothing could be further from the real de la Barra than this estimate. From the very beginning of the revolutionary movement he has been carrying water on both shoulders. He has betrayed one party for the other, and, with an adroitness worthy of a much better cause, has been able to conceal, at least from the public, his treachery. Even more than that. He has succeeded more than once in cloaking his most selfish designs with a garment of good faith.

"When Francisco Madero entered Mexico City almost two years ago at the end of a triumphal journey from the north, he faced a situation which made it necessary, if he was to maintain his pledge to observe the Constitution, for him to accept some conditions. He was not a man to compromise with a principle, but neither was he one to let vanity, or the desire of personal aggrandizement, stand in the way of a speedy peace and the establishment of a government of law and order.

"Though Diaz had gone, the Cientificos, the men who ruled the country through his authority and had amassed great fortunes, still were a power in the land. Madero, had he wished, could have marched directly to Chapultepec Castle and proclaimed himself President with few to deny his right. That he would not do.

"De la Barra was chosen as the man to represent the joining of the old system to the new. Classed as a Cientifico himself he was picked, not on account of his strength, but his weakness. Madero felt that de la Barra would not be able to undo the work accomplished and at the same time would give the hostile Cientificos an opportunity to let themselves down easily from their pinnacle of almost absolute authority.

"De la Barra, however, following his traditions, began to work at once through underground channels. One of the first acts of Madero after he arrived in Mexico City was to hold an interview with Zapata, the chief of the Morelos revolutionists, and persuade him to lay down his arms and disband his troops. Zapata agreed to all of Madero's demands. The only condition he made was that the troops to be dispatched into the State should be sent from the forces which had fought for the revolution in the north, and not from the regular establishment, the army which fought for Diaz.

"De la Barra saw his opening and he made use of it. As President, he sent Federal troops to Morelos. At the same time, he dispatched secret agents to Zapata with instructions to persuade the rebel chief that Madero had broken his promise and that a surrender under such circumstances would be an insult to his own followers.

"Before Madero could interfere, the trouble was accomplished and Zapata's suspicions, once aroused, never were allayed in the remainder of the ad interim administration and the short time in which Francisco Madero was the head of the Government.

"The Federal troops once in Morelos, it was impossible to withdraw them after the first clash. Huerta was in command and he had specific orders from de la Barra to prolong the campaign until after the elections, in the hope that Madero's prestige might suffer and the Provisional Presidency might be extended into a regular term. As you say in the United States, de la Barra 'had the Presidential bee in his bonnet.' He still has it.

"Madero, of course, was not deceived. If he made a mistake, it was in his natural inability to comprehend the extent of the duplicity of which de la Barra is capable. To be on the safer side, Madero after his practically unanimous election, sent de la Barra to Italy on a diplomatic junket to convey the thanks of the Government for Italy's participation in the celebration of the centennial of Mexico's independence—save the word!

Calls Huerta a Tool.

"Huerta is a tool rather than a principal in the affairs in the capital now, just as he was from the first. He has borne long the reputation of being the most bloodthirsty as well as the most dissolute officer in the army. His deeds well have borne out his reputation. And his present position was made possible only when De la Barra finally convinced the Cientificos that if they were going to spend their money to overthrow Madero they might as well spend a lot of it at once and get something for their outlay.

"Huerta holds his temporary place in the National Palace just because the Cientificos had been 'stung' once too often and wanted—what do you say?—'a run for their money.'"

Club Dinner to Artist Anderson.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., May 20.—The Board of Governors of the Greenwich Country Club gave a dinner this evening to A. A. Anderson, an artist who is a member of the club. His latest work is a life-size portrait of Edmund C. Converse, President of the club, and the dinner was the occasion of the presentation of the portrait to the club by the artist.

FEWER ACCIDENTS IN JERSEY

Record for 1913 Shows Decrease Against Increase in New York.

According to figures given out yesterday by the National Highways Protective Society, traffic accidents in New Jersey for the first four months of 1913 showed a gratifying decrease from the figures for the same period of last year.

From Jan. 1 to April 30 this year automobiles killed 23 and injured 108. For the same months of 1912 the figures were 23 and 180. Trolleys killed 9 and injured 49 this year against 13 killed and 73 injured last year, and the figures for wagons were 4 killed and 22 injured against 5 killed and 24 injured for the same months of 1912. Children 16 years of age or less were 7 of those killed and 32 of those injured by automobiles; none of the killed and 6 of the injured by trolleys and 3 killed and 5 injured by wagons. Automobile accidents include those due to motor cycles, and wagon accidents those due to runaways.

These figures show, when compared with those for New York State, inclusive of New York City:

	Autos.		Trolleys.		Wagons.	
	Killed.	Inj.	Killed.	Inj.	Killed.	Inj.
New Jersey..	23	108	9	49	4	22
New York...	99	461	64	256	38	138

The populations of the two States in 1910 were approximately: New Jersey, 2,500,000; New York, 9,100,000.

Using this as a basis for comparison, the number of fatal accidents per million of population, for the two States, for the first four months of this year, is, for all classes of traffic:

	New York.	New Jersey.
Automobiles	11.0	9.0
Trolleys	7.0	3.6
Wagons	4.1	1.6

IN NEW JERSEY.

NEWARK.—Samuel S. Ricker, a painter of 69 Leslie Street, was killed by a train just west of the South Street Station of the Pennsylvania Railroad. It is the belief of the authorities that he committed suicide.

PASSAIC.—Under the direction of the New York Milk Committee a "better babies" contest will be held here by the Forum. Various school rooms throughout the city will be used by physicians to examine children competing for prizes.

RED BANK.—H. Edward Young of Shrewsbury narrowly escaped death when a wagon in which he was riding was struck by a train of the New Jersey Central Railroad. The horses were carried on the pilot of the engine for 300 yards.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—Miss Eliza Began, an employe of Johnson & Johnson, was killed by a fall from a three-story window.

OCEAN GROVE.—Mrs. A. H. Pfister lost a kitten and struck a match to search for it under a sofa in the dining room. The head of the match flew off and set fire to Mrs. Pfister's dress, which in turn set fire to the couch. Running into the kitchen Mrs. Pfister seized a pot containing partly cooked potatoes and threw them on the fire. Then a neighbor turned in an alarm. Mrs. Pfister was burned slightly. The kitten was in the yard.

BELVIDERE.—Harold McLaughlin of Roselle Park, whose term of imprisonment in the Warren County Jail expired on Monday, was recommitted to jail to await the action of the September Grand Jury on account of his connection with the escape of another prisoner.

TRENTON.—Suing for support and maintenance, Mrs. Harry L. Wilson charged that her husband crept into her sleeping room and turned on the gas. Only the timely arrival of other occupants of the house saved her from death, she said, and she added that her husband inquired of them if she was dead. Vice Chancellor Backes awarded her $4 weekly alimony and $25 for counsel fee.

ATLANTIC CITY.—The Atlantic City Hotel Men's Association will set out on Tuesday, May 27, on an automobile tour to the Water Gap House at Delaware Water Gap. Starting from the Marlborough-Blenheim they will dine at Princeton, arriving at the Water Gap early in the evening. They will stay there Wednesday, making side trips through the Pocono Mountains, and leave for New York Thursday morning to spend the night, and the next day will return to Atlantic City.

COLONIAL DAMES' ELECTION.

Mrs. R. W. Hawkesworth Chosen President of New Jersey Society.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 20.—At the annual meeting of the New Jersey Society of the Colonial Dames of America, held here to-day, Mrs. Robert Wright Hawkesworth of East Orange was elected President, Miss Elizabeth Alfred Smith of this city First Vice President, and Mrs. Everett T. Tomlinson of Elizabeth Second Vice President. These Managers were appointed for three years: Mrs. N. B. Oliphant, Trenton; Miss Frances T. Rosseel, Bordentown; Miss Dora Smith, Hoboken; Miss Caroline E. Nixon, Trenton; Mrs. Alexander H. Tiers, Morristown; Mrs. William D. Kearfoot, Montclair, and Mrs. M. M. Lebrun, Montclair.

Mrs. Alexander Jamieson of Lawrenceville and Mrs. Henry Simmons White of Red Bank were selected as delegates to the National Council at Washington. The alternates appointed were Mrs. William Libbey of Princeton and Mrs. Thomas Craven of Salem.

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Now for the First Time Sold for Less Than $4.00, $5.00, $6.00 and $7.50
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There are three things that distinguish "Security Bond" and "Star Make" Suits for Boys. First the tailoring—they are so well made that they seem almost indestructible. Then the quality—materials are sturdy, fine looking serviceable woollens. And the good style gives boys who wear them a distinctive, well bred look.

2800 Suits in the Lot

Norfolk, Double Breasted and Sailor Styles and sizes for boys of 5 to 18 years. Same suits with extra trousers.

All-wool cheviots and cassimeres. Suits are cut in the newest box or knife plait yoke model, with full cut or peg top knicker trousers; every seam that is due to strain is double-stitched and taped; trousers are lined throughout.

4000 Pairs
Men's Fine Silk Hose
Regular $2.00, $1.50 and $1.00 Grades
ALL FIRST QUALITY—NO SECONDS
at **69c** pr.

Just as it is the best it is the biggest hosiery purchase we have made as long as we can remember.

Extra Quality Pure Thread Silk

Reinforced with double heels and toes. All desirable colors and black. All sizes. Better get here early Wednesday morning.

O'Neill's Big Store for Dad and the Boys.
Just inside the doors from Sixth Avenue.

O'Neill-Adams Co., Sixth Ave., 20th to 22nd Sts., New York

Visit Our 8th Floor Restaurant Cabaret

34 Years Leaders of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET.
IN NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTRE

Oriental Rugs
At Unheard of Prices

Extraordinary bargain opportunities for those contemplating the purchase of Oriental rugs for their summer homes, and special inducements to those who would purchase for the town house.

You should take advantage of these rare savings. If purchased now, we will place them in cold storage, free of charge until the Fall, if you desire.

250 SHIRVAN RUGS
and rugs of various Caucasian weaves. Sizes about 3x6. Values up to $22.50. Sale price..... **$12.75**

375 ROYAL MOUSOUL RUGS.
From the interior of Persia. This entire lot to be closed out. Average sizes 3½ x 6 to 7 ft. There is no rug in this lot worth less than $30.00, and there are some worth from $37.00 to $45.00. Your choice... **$19.50**

250 of the celebrated ROYAL KURDISTAN, KAZAKS and IRAN rugs.
Sizes 3½ to 4 x 6 to 8 ft. Beautiful geometrical designs and rich colors. In some cases these rugs have been marked down from as nigh as $57.00 to $60.00. Your choice while they last..... **$24.75**

120 PERSIAN MAHAL RUGS.
Size about 9x12. Values from $137.00 to $187.00. Sale price **$87.50 & $127.00**

24 PERSIAN KASHMERE RUGS.
Most suitable for summer homes. Sizes about 7½ by 10½. Values up to $79.00. Sale price..... **$9.75**

CALCUTTA DRUGGETTS
About 140 East India or Calcutta Druggetts. There is no rug more unique or more appropriate for the summer home. They are the same on both sides. They will stand extraordinary hard wear. These rugs are not to be found elsewhere in this city. Just the rug for den or library.

10.6x15	$49.00	6x9	$17.00
9x12	36.50	4x7	9.00
8x10	26.00	3x6	6.00

Simpson Crawford Co., 6th Ave., 19th to 20th St.

DESIRABLE
Second Hand Office Furniture

That we have taken in exchange, including

Roll Top Desks	Flat Top Desks
Typewriter Desks	Bookkeepers' Desks
Tables	Chairs
Bookcases	Settees
Document Files	Letter Files
Card Cabinets	Storage Cabinets

and
Many Miscellaneous Pieces.

These goods will be sold for just what we allowed for them.

This is a rare opportunity to secure pieces for your Factory Office at 75% Saving over new prices.

Globe-Wernicke
380 Broadway, New York.

B. Altman & Co.

have prepared for this day (Wednesday)

Another Extraordinary Sale of
MEN'S FURNISHINGS

consisting of Men's Shirts, Pajamas, Nightshirts, Bathrobes, Underwear, Hosiery, Neckwear, Handkerchiefs, Belts and Umbrellas, which will be offered at the following exceptional prices:

Men's Negligee Shirts, of Mercerized Materials (with soft cuffs), actual values $1.50 & 1.75 . . at $1.15

Men's Negligee Shirts (plaited or plain), with stiff cuffs, actual values $1.50 & 1.75, at $1.15

Men's Negligee Shirts (plaited or plain), of Imported Habutai Silk, in white or colors, actual values $5.00 & 5.50, $3.35

Men's Silk Four-in-hand Scarfs, open ends, actual values $1.00, 1.50 & 2.00 each . . . . . at 55c.

Men's Leather Belts, actual value $1.00, at . . . . . 55c.

Men's Bathrobes of Turkish Toweling or Striped Poplin, actual values $4.50 & $5.00 . . . . at $2.75

Men's Madras Pajamas, actual value $1.50 per suit . . . . at 95c.

Men's Cambric Nightshirts, at the very special price of . . . . . 55c.

Men's Madras Coat-shirts and Knee Drawers . . . per garment 38c.

Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, in regular and athletic styles, per garment . . . . . 42c.

Men's Black Mercerized Lisle Thread Half-hose, usually $2.10 per half-dozen pairs . . . . . at $1.55

Men's Linen Handkerchiefs
Initialed . per dozen $1.95 & 2.45
Plain Hemstitched
per dozen . . $2.10, 2.85 & 4.00

Also Men's Twilled Silk Umbrellas
With natural wood or mission handles, actual value $3.50 . . at $2.00
With natural wood or sterling silver trimmed handles, actual value $5, $2.85

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33th Streets, New York

Chauffeur's Outfit Special at $43.50

Overcoat, Suit and Cap to Match

The best value ever offered in Chauffeur's clothing; a light-weight, double-breasted Overcoat, a smart, good-fitting, well-tailored Suit, with which you can have your choice of Trousers or Breeches, and a Cap of regulation style; all made of fine quality pure worsted whipcord in gray and in tan—the whole outfit $43.50, or in part as follows:

Overcoat, $25.00—Suit, $16.50—Cap, $2.00

Outfits to match the color of your car, up to $125

Special—Gray Mohair Dusters, $10 quality at $6.50

Mail and Phone Orders Filled Immediately.
Samples of Whipcord Mailed on Request.

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET

Thin Waltham Watches

We have Waltham Watches in thin, artistic, coin-like models.

And if you fancy a thin watch it is especially important that you choose a Waltham. To construct a thin watch which will also be accurate is no slight task but it has been done by the Waltham factory.

Fine silverware, distinctive jewelry and all that goes to make a store like ours attractive are here for you to see. Come in if only as a sight-seer.

Reed & Barton
5th Avenue at Thirty-second Street

HUNTER
BALTIMORE
RYE
THE AMERICAN GENTLEMAN'S WHISKEY
WON THE CONFIDENCE AND APPROBATION OF THE PUBLIC MORE THAN 50 YEARS AGO AND THE STEADILY INCREASING DEMAND FOR IT PROVES IT IN EVERY WAY WORTHY AND WELL QUALIFIED
FRANK MORA, L. H. ULRICH, LARRY EMRICH } Representatives 15 William St. New York, N.Y.

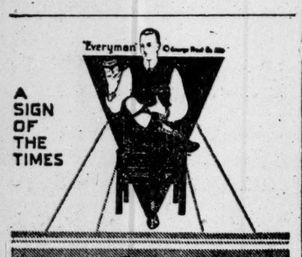
Young men's clothes are a special feature of our work; a big business in itself. One reason for our success in this field is that we do not limit ourselves to the styles for any one locality; we make models for young men everywhere.

You'll find coats in all widths of shoulder, all lengths, all shapes of body; many different models in waistcoats; trousers from the extreme narrow English type, to the ultra peg-top.

College men, smartly dressed young fellows in city, or small town, or country, will find their styles among them.

Our suits at $25 particularly interest young men; because there's the real economy of quality in them. We make others at $18 and $20, and up to $50; the young man can't afford to wear cheap clothes.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Good Clothes Makers



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Boston Garter
Kleet Grip
Holds your Sock Smooth as your Skin
Lisle 25 Cts. Silk 50 Cts.
In Shops Everywhere
GEORGE FROST CO. MAKERS BOSTON

NEW SERIAL BY
CONAN DOYLE
"THE POISON BELT" Just out in the June
STRAND MAGAZINE
Now on sale. 15 cents a copy. $1.50 a year

PLAYER PIANOS
$200 up
Bargains in used Steinway Baby Grand, Knabe, Sohmer, Steinway, Weber, Fisher and Gordon Upright pianos from $85 upward. Now is the time to secure a bargain. Come early and get first choice.
CHRISTMAN SONS,
35 West 14th Street

PICKS NEW LAWYER TO DEFEND GIBSON

Justice Tompkins Appoints a Newburgh Man After Elder Fails to Appear.

HINT OF PLAN FOR DELAY

Attorney Accused of Strangling Mrs. Szabo Near Collapse—Wife Shares His Nervousness.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, May 20.—When Burton W. Gibson was taken before Supreme Court Justice Tompkins here to-day for what was to have been the beginning of his second trial on the charge of murdering Mrs. Rosa Menschik Szabo last July, he pleaded in a broken and agitated voice that he was not ready to proceed, because Robert H. Elder, his counsel, had deserted him, and he had no money to employ other lawyers. The news that Mr. Elder was not in court plainly disturbed Justice Tompkins. He asked Gibson to explain why he had not called his impecunious condition to the court's attention two weeks before, when the special jury panel was drawn, and when Gibson was informed that the court intended to set aside the two weeks following yesterday for the trial.

Gibson's only reply was a listless shake of the head. The Justice then directed that a telegram be sent to Mr. Elder at his home in Brooklyn directing him to appear before the court at once and show cause why he had deserted his client without giving the court due notice after he was told of the forthcoming trial.

In a brief recess of the court to permit the preparation of the telegram to Gibson's former counsel Justice Tompkins characterized the conduct of Mr. Elder as "highly unprofessional."

There was a delay of an hour, awaiting word from Mr. Elder. When a message came it was to the effect that the lawyer was hurrying to Newburg on the first train he could catch and would appear in court before 4 P. M.

Mr. Elder, when he arrived, carried a heavy satchel filled with papers in connection with the Gibson case. He was accompanied by Dr. John A. O'Reilly, who testified in Gibson's behalf at his first trial. Mr. Elder and the medical man entered the court room jauntily. Mrs. Gibson, who had been passing in and out of the room all day and twice had been in consultation with her husband in his cell, greeted the attorney with a handshake and took a seat beside the doctor.

The jauntiness of Mr. Elder left him when Justice Tompkins addressed him.

"We find ourselves in an awkward position," said the Justice. "The case of Gibson was set for trial to-day and you were notified that a special jury panel had been drawn. But this morning the defendant stated that his counsel had deserted him and that he had no lawyer. We have set aside these coming two weeks for the trial, to the exclusion of other important business, and here we are now with a defendant without counsel. We ought to have had notice from you so I could have appointed other counsel. Do you wish to be relieved from this case?"

Mr. Elder started to speak, but he had to clear his voice several times before he could say "I do."

To a suggestion that he explain his reasons, Mr. Elder said in an undertone that he should like to talk that matter over privately in the Justice's chambers.

After a private talk, lasting ten minutes, Henry Kohl, a lawyer, of Newburg, who had just finished a murder case, was invited to join in the conference. At 6 P. M. Justice Tompkins gave the two attorneys an hour in which to confer with Gibson and his wife.

It was announced at 7 o'clock that Mr. Kohl would act as chief counsel, with Mr. Elder assisting him, and that Dr. O'Reilly, who had been admitted to the bar, also would give aid. To give Mr. Kohl time to study the case an adjournment until Friday morning was ordered.

The statement by Gibson that he had not seen Mr. Elder in a long time interested District Attorney Wilson of this county and Assistant District Attorney Murphy of New York, the latter having come here to help the prosecution of Gibson. When Mr. Elder failed to appear at the arraignment of Gibson two weeks ago it was suggested by Mr. Wilson that he probably would not be on hand for the trial, and that an effort would be made to gain a postponement on the plea of the necessity to name a new lawyer, which would carry the trial beyond the present court term.

To offset the plan which he said he believed had been made, the District Attorney urged that an immediate trial be ordered and that Mr. Elder be appointed attorney for Gibson, anyway, if he decided he could not represent the defendant on account of the accused man's lack of funds. Mr. Wilson pointed out that, although Gibson might not have seen Mr. Elder, Mrs. Gibson had held conferences in the lawyer's office in the last two weeks and had been in consultation with her husband.

Gibson appeared to be on the point of a breakdown in his cell. Mrs. Gibson also seemed nervous. Deputy Sheriff Lozier said Gibson first betrayed extreme nervousness two weeks ago. Both were calm at the first trial. Mrs. Gibson, in asking to see her husband, concealed her identity from Lozier. She described herself as "a woman from Poughkeepsie." The Deputy Sheriff addressed her as Mrs. Gibson and she admitted her identity. She was accompanied by I. I. Appel, who formerly shared Gibson's office in 55 Liberty Street.

Admitted to her husband's cell, Mrs. Gibson hurriedly began talking about the plan to ask the court to appoint Mr. Kohl.

The prosecution has subpoenaed sixty-five witnesses, most of whom will be used to support the charge that Mrs. Szabo met her death by strangulation, and that the upsetting of the boat beside which Gibson was found after her death was not an accident.

TOLD FLOOD PLAN TO BATES.

Carroll W. Riker Says He Was Justified in Quoting His Approval.

Carroll W. Riker, a mechanical engineer of Brooklyn, wh osuggested a plan to control the flood waters of the Mississippi by sending them through a ten-mile spillway from the Red River direct to the Gulf of Mexico, sent a letter yesterday to Lindon W. Bates, whose name he had used as one of those favoring his plan. Mr. Bates had written reminding Mr. Riker that he had talked to him not exceeding five minutes in his life and did not know anything about his plans in regard to the Mississippi.

Mr. Riker, in his letter to Mr. Bates, asserted that he explained his plan to Mr. Bates and that Mr. Bates thereupon exclaimed: "Your plan seems its solution." Mr. Riker recalled to Mr. Bates that he had met him on three occasions and had received letters from him which he had "evidently forgotten." Also that he had received letters of introduction from him addressed to scientists abroad which he was to use on an expected visit to Europe.

Middletown Frost Imperils Crops.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., May 20.—There was frost throughout this section last night, and it is feared much damage has been done to vegetation.

WIFE'S WITNESS TOLD OF BOGUS MARRIAGE

Miss Bessie Moore Said President of S. B. Adler Co. Duped Her in Providence.

MRS. ADLER WINS A DECREE

Testifies That Husband's Income Is $10,000 a Year—He Replies That It's $15 a Week.

Miss Bessie H. Moore of New Bedford, Mass., a witness before Justice Benedict in the Brooklyn Supreme Court, yesterday, at the trial of a suit for absolute divorce brought by Mrs. Hazel J. Adler against her husband, Samuel B. Adler, collapsed after testifying that she had been the victim of a bogus marriage to the defendant. This ceremony occurred in Providence, R. I., in 1906, two years before Adler married the plaintiff. Miss Moore said she knew nothing about Adler's marriage to Mrs. Adler until the suit was begun.

Adler lives at the Hotel Bossert on Montague Street with his mother, Mrs. Christine Adler, who is a well known musician. He is an oil merchant, President of the S. B. Adler Company, Incorporated, with offices at 42 Broadway, Manhattan. The business was founded by his father. According to the plaintiff, he has an income of $10,000 a year. His mother denies that her son has any such income. Adler himself asserts that the income from the oil business established by his father goes to his mother, who allows him $15 a week and permits him to occupy part of her suite at the Hotel Bossert.

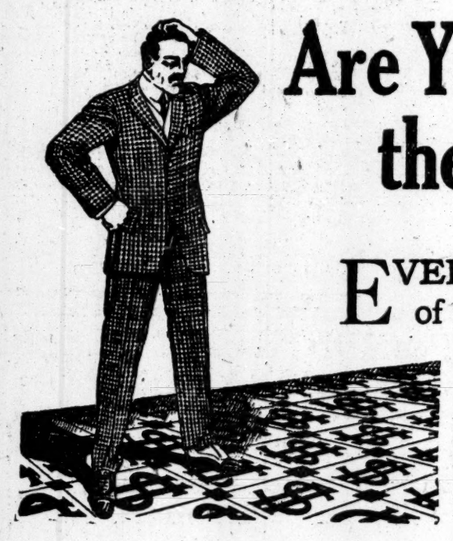
Mrs. Adler, the plaintiff, lives with her mother, at 275 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn. She was married to the defendant at Wilmington, Del., on June 22, 1908, and lived with him until the Fall of 1911. Before they separated, she testified, they lived expensively at various places in Brooklyn. They have one son, Norman S. Adler, who lives with his mother. In her complaint Mrs. Adler charges her husband with infidelity in Mansfield, Mass., in August, 1911.

Miss Moore testified that she met Adler in Providence, when he was a salesman on the road. After a short acquaintance they became engaged. He took out a marriage license, and there was a wedding ceremony at a hotel in Providence on Jan. 30, 1906, performed by a man Miss Moore said she supposed to be a minister. Some time afterward she found out that she had been imposed upon by Adler, and that the marriage was a fraudulent ceremony, as the man who officiated was not a minister. She produced the marriage license in court. It was made out to S. Bert Adler, 19 years old, a salesman, and to Bessie Harrington Moore, 23 years old, of New Bedford, Mass. Both recorded that this marriage was their first. Miss Moore also produced letters addressed to her as Mrs. Samuel D. Adler, Jr., by the defendant while he was traveling.

Justice Benedict awarded an interlocutory decree to Mrs. Adler.

This Beer is Just Right! "You'll Like It."
Purity, Wholesomeness, Sparkle and Flavor Combine in
Imperial Gold Label Beer
It Suits the Most Exacting Taste! Try It!
Bottled only by the Brewers, Beadleston & Woerz, New York. Order from any dealer

Are You Watching the Dollars?



EVERY SQUARE FOOT of floor space in your factory, Mr. Manufacturer, represents dollars. To waste that space means wasting *"real money."*

We can save floor space for you and effect an economy in your fuel bill. Let us help to increase the profits on the article or articles you manufacture.

Appliances of every description for every industrial purpose may be seen and operated in the INDUSTRIAL GAS APPLIANCE LABORATORY, Nos. 374-380 Second Ave. (S. E. Corner of 22d St.). If you cannot visit the Laboratory, Telephone "Gramercy 47," or write and our representative will call on you.

We can prove to you that GAS furnishes a dependable and quickly controlled heat. You know of its cleanliness.

"The Right Way is the Gas Way"

Consolidated Gas Company of New York
GEO. B. CORTELYOU, President

The Celebrated Meister Piano at $175
Is the best piano value at the price on the American market today

The terms of $1 a week or $5 a month, or three years to pay, were adopted by Rothschild & Company because this form of buying is the great national necessity and will bring happiness and music into the humblest home.

The price is low but it does not indicate what is known as a "cheap" or "department store" instrument. The price is low because a splendid instrument can be made to sell at that price. The prices on all pianos have always been entirely too high and we have demonstrated in the MEISTER that high prices do not prove quality.

We charge no interest on deferred payments. There are no extras of any kind. The price even includes a stool and cover and a ten year guarantee

The MEISTER is made on severe lines and you may have your choice of mahogany, walnut or golden oak. We suggest that you visit our salesrooms in the Clarendon Building and look over the styles and hear the different instruments played. Then you will be given ample opportunity for minute examination as to materials used and the method of construction.

The details of the MEISTER are remarkable for their excellence and the instrument is going to surprise you in many ways. You have been educated up to high prices for musical instruments and we are undertaking to cure you of your mis-information. The MEISTER will prove a handsome ornament for any home in the land and its tone will rival that of its high-priced competitors.

$1 a Week or $5 a Month
and Charge You No Interest on the Payments
Other Grades of Meister Pianos from $195 to $350 :: 88-NOTE PLAYER-PIANOS from $345 Upwards
SEND FOR OUR FREE PIANO BOOK :: Terms $2.00 Per Week—No Interest
WE PAY THE FREIGHT ANYWHERE
Rothschild & Company, Inc.
NEW YORK BRANCH: Clarendon Bldg., S. E. Cor. 18th St. and 4th Ave.
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Home life is happier where there's a Victrola

And every home can have a Victrola—$15 to $200. See and hear the different styles at any Victor dealer's.
Victor Talking Machine Company
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Mahogany or oak
With Victor record albums, $85
Without albums, $75

Men's Low Shoes 5.00

"I Never Saw Oxfords That Could Equal These at the Price"

A customer's comment we hear frequently, and truly justified by our wonderful assortment. Forty-one styles. All leathers and lasts.
Can we suggest you look to-day?

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Stamped on a Shoe means
Standard of Merit
6th Ave. at 20th St

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Look for this Signature
when buying your window-shade rollers. Every roller that bears it is the result of over 60 years' experience in roller making. Every spring is thoroughly tested before it leaves our factory, and it works right *all the time.*
HARTSHORN SHADE ROLLERS
"The Improved" Hartshorn Roller requires no tacks for attaching the shade. Ask your dealer for these and get the best.
Wood Rollers *Tin Rollers*
All Dealers
Stewart Hartshorn

Picture Section
Next Sunday's
NEW YORK TIMES
Beautifully Illustrated Record of Passing Events.

RAINY DAY PARADE OF CITY EMPLOYES
Despite the bad weather, 12,000 men marched last Saturday. There were in line 560 vehicles, forty-three brass bands, and attractive floats. This picture shows the street sweepers passing reviewing stand.

NEW PARIS SKIRTS ON FIFTH AVENUE
Some of the new dresses seen on Fifth Avenue, with the sashes, wandering stripes, floppy corsage, and panier-shaped tunic.

70,000 SCHOOL GIRLS DANCING AROUND 82 MAY POLES
Fine double-page picture of a pretty outdoor festival in Central Park. Boy Scouts patroled the grounds and many distinguished guests looked on.

OLD HOME WEEK IN HISTORIC GREENWICH VILLAGE
Distinctive old houses, with their quaint architecture, and some ancient vine-clad residences in Grove Street. Startling contrast with modern construction shown.

Order to-day to secure a copy—THE TIMES is always sold out early.

MARTIN & MARTIN
BOOTMAKERS
FOR MEN AND WOMEN

YOUR most critical comparisons will prove Martin & Martin Hand-Sewed Shoes to be absolutely of supreme quality.

Beautiful lines—elegance in style—custom finish—are but a few reasons why they are the choice of those who are looking for true shoe value and comfort.

You will find our latest models for street, dress and sporting wear very interesting. $7.50 upward.

We are representatives for the fashionable Hand-Sewed Shoes by Thomas Cort, the world's authentic leader in footwear.

1 East 35th St., New York.

In scalp diseases of various kinds, such as dandruff, scurf, itching or irritating scalp, SYNOL SOAP will be found a most soothing application and an excellent shampoo. It cleans the scalp, removes all dead skin, sterilizes the surface and makes the hair soft and easy to handle. Rub a three per cent. solution into the scalp, rinse and dry.

SYNOL

STERILIZES THE SKIN

SYNOL SOAP has been on the market for twelve years, mostly used by Physicians and Surgeons, and it was through their patronage that the public first learned of such an antiseptic, toilet article as SYNOL proved to be. Now we desire that men and women in all walks and positions of life use SYNOL SOAP because it does more than ordinary soap—it removes both dirt and germs.

ALL DRUGGISTS

Johnson & Johnson

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J.
Largest makers of medical and surgical supplies in the world.

LEE Puncture Proof Pneumatic Tires

The only pneumatic tires with a

"Puncture-proof or Money-back" Guarantee.

Better materials and making insure added mileage, too.

Lee Tire & Rubber Co
835 7th Ave.

Chicago & Return $33
Ithaca & Return, $8.10

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Ticket Offices: Broadway { Cor. Wall, Cor. Howard, Cor. 28th, Cor. 42d

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Largest in the World. Every detail. 43 years' experience.

THE THOS. J. STEWART CO.

B'way, cor. 46th St., N. Y. Phone 3896 Bryant; Erie, cor. 5th Sts., Jersey City. Phone 3400.

STORAGE-WAREHOUSE AND MOVING VANS.

UNION CONTROVERSY GOES OVER TO 1914

Referred to a New Committee After an Acrimonious Discussion.

DR. BROWN IS INDIGNANT

Calls Criticism Cruel and Unjust—Southern Presbyterians Amend Statement of Belief.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, May 20.—The bitter controversy which for the last two days has been rife within the ranks of the Northern Presbyterian Assembly regarding Union Theological Seminary was brought to a sudden close late this afternoon by the adoption of a motion by Dr. Mark A. Mathews that a committe of seven be appointed to investigate the charges of heresy against the seminary and report at next year's meeting. Dr. Mathews's proposal was accepted almost unanimously by a rising vote. Immediately after the question was settled the Commissioners joined in singing the Doxology.

This action was taken in the interest of harmony after an acrimonious debate, in which the temper of the Assembly was evidently against Union Seminary and its alleged teachings.

Dr. Francis E. Brown, President of the seminary, spoke for two hours in behalf of the Faculty and Directors. Dr. Brown's manner was almost defiant, and this was plainly resented by a majority of the Commissioners.

The substance of his speech was that the seminary considered itself an institution separate from and independent of the Assembly; that it would pursue its own programme without dictation from the Assembly, and that if the Assembly did not approve this programme, then negotiations looking to the re-establishment of relations between the Assembly and the seminary might as well be terminated.

Dr. Brown said, in the course of his reply to Dr. F. C. Monfort's charge, made on Monday afternoon, that the seminary was teaching Hindu philosophy under the guise of Christianity, that the accusation was untrue and that he found it extremely difficult to keep his temper when he thought of it. He again reminded the assembly that the seminary was not present on its motion; that the seminary was asking nothing and proposing nothing, but that the whole procedure was initiated by the assembly.

"To invite us to friendly conference and then to meet us on your threshold with that report would be like using a club on your guests," said Dr. Brown. He grew bitter when he came to comment upon the arraignment of Dr. William Adams Brown, Professor of Systematic Theology in the seminary.

"That criticism was most unjust and unwarranted," declared President Brown. "Prof. Brown is one of the most ardent, earnest, and sincere Presbyterians in this assembly. To attack his religious principles was cruel and not supported by any evidence. Terms were used that never should be used by one Christian in reference to another Christian, or to any human being.

"I want to deny the scurrilous stories which have gone forth about the students who are graduated from our seminary. There is not a single man from the seminary who has been licensed by a presbytery who had denied belief in the atoning work of Jesus, the resurrection of the Lord, and the other fundamental doctrines concerning which we have been accused of lack of faith."

In conclusion Dr. Brown told the assembly frankly that the seminary preferred to terminate the negotiations.

The debate continued all afternoon until Dr. Mathews, after a conference with the leaders of both factions, introduced his motion for a special committee.

There was also a bitter debate in the Southern assembly over the adoption of the amended brief statement of belief.

"The adoption of this statement would make void all possibilities of a union of the three Presbyterian bodies," declared Dr. Knox. "The article is not only bad grammar, but it is also bad theology." Cries of "Shame!" followed Dr. Knox's speech.

"It is outrageous," said Dr. McPheeters, "that such words should be uttered in a Presbyterian church."

The statement was, however, finally adopted by a large majority.

The feature of the United Presbyterian Assembly was the adoption late this afternoon of a resolution, introduced by Prof. John A. Wilson, who occupies the Chair of Church History in Pittsburgh Theological Seminary, calling upon the President of the United States to forbid teachers in Government schools to wear religious garb of any kind whatever. This resolution was drawn especially to attack the practice of the Catholic priests and nuns of wearing their garbs in Government, especially Indian, schools.

FIRST WIFE SUES SECOND.

Court Dismisses Mrs. Simmonds's Complaint as of No Merit.

The suit brought by Mrs. Marion Elizabeth Simmonds, who divorced Philip R. Simmonds, to recover $25,000 damages from Mrs. Emily Caldwell Simmonds, his second wife, for alienation of affections was dismissed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Giegerich as being without sufficient foundation to be sent to the jury. Mrs. Simmonds, the plaintiff, endeavored to prove that the widow of Mr. Caldwell of Far Rockaway pursued Mr. Simmonds before he was divorced and laid hold upon his affections. The first Mrs. Simmonds's sister, Miss Annie Louise Stevenson, testified in the trial that her brother-in-law had proposed marriage to her while the suit for divorce was still pending, and that on being accepted he deserted her in favor of a stronger affection for Mrs. Caldwell.

The plaintiff was placed upon the witness stand yesterday, and acknowledged that soon after her divorce was granted in Virginia in 1902 she discovered that the decree was faulty, and that, although knowing that her former husband was going to marry again, she made on objections. She identified a letter, which she wrote a short time after she got her divorce, in which she asked her former husband for financial aid and said that she would not allow her sister, Miss Annie Louise Stevenson, to live with her longer, as "she seems to have a religious mania for you."

That Mr. Simmonds visited her after the divorce had been obtained and announced to her that he was endeavoring to marry Mrs. Caldwell the plaintiff acknowledged. She was on friendly terms with him, she said, but this she explained as being necessary for the financial aid of her children, Mr. Simmonds being the son of a wealthy London banker. It was brought out by her testimony that she also was engaged to a Major Carstairs after her divorce, and that she broke off this engagement because she did not wish to place upon the Major's shoulders the responsibilities which Mrs. Simmonds had deserted.

CLEARS HATCHERY FOREMAN

Redband Had Authority from Fish Commission to Occupy Building.

ALBANY, May 20.—The State Conservation Commission has dismissed the charges recently preferred against Frank Redband, foreman of the State Fish Hatchery at Caledonia. It was alleged that Redband held without authority a wooden building on the hatchery lands.

Commissioner Fleming, who heard the charges, holds that Redband received such authority from the former Fish and Game Commission.

ADVERTISEMENT.

POWDER IN SHOES AS WELL AS GUNS

Foot-Ease to Be Added to Equipment of Hospital Corps at Fort Wayne.

Under the above heading the Detroit *Free Press*, among other things, says: "The theory is that soldiers whose feet are in good condition can walk further and faster than soldiers who have corns and bunions incased in rawhide.

The Government's foot powder order is regarded as the last word in the scientific outfitting of the defenders of the flag."

Foot powder has long been in use in the German army, and Uncle Sam's adoption of this form of treating and easing the feet, is in line with the expressions heard daily for more than twenty years, in all parts of the world, from those who are shaking Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet, into their shoes, as the only practical and lasting treatment for easing and preventing sore feet. It can be obtained from dealers everywhere for 25c. or a trial package will be sent free if you write to Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

YOU, every Gillette user—you're in line for a Packet of these new Blades. Get them today. They're the finest you ever used.

Two sizes of Packet—6 Blades (12 *shaving edges*), 50 cents: 12 Blades (24 *shaving edges*), $1.00. Buy a Packet today.

GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR COMPANY, BOSTON

OPPOSES CHANGE IN NAME OF P. E. CHURCH

Bishop Burgess Says It's a Matter of Small Moment Compared to Divorce Evil.

PIVOTAL ISSUE IS HONESTY

Holds This Is Shown by the Startling Revelations of the Rosenthal and Police Graft Cases.

The question of changing the name of the Protestant Episcopal Church to the American Catholic Church was asserted to be a matter of comparatively little importance by Bishop Frederick Burgess of the Episcopal Diocese of Long Island at the forty-seventh annual convention of the diocese, held at the Cathedral at Garden City, L. I., yesterday. Instead, he said, the convention should give precedence to the questions of marriage and divorce, proportionate representation, and missions. He asserted that the Rosenthal murder and the revelations of graft in the Police Department were the most startling and far-reaching events of the year in the life of the city and State of New York, and showed the pivotal issue to be honesty and reassertion of the eighth commandment: "Thou Shalt Not Steal."

Bishop Burgess said in part:

"In view of the meeting of the General Convention in New York next October, much discussion has been had during the year in regard to a change of name of the Church. In my opinion, this subject is not likely to come up for serious discussion at this time. The grave questions of marriage, of proportionate representation, and of the organization of the Board of Missions ought to take precedence and demand attention.

"That divorce is increasing almost by geometric proportion and that the Church's law is not a clear and sufficient statement of the Church's reverence of the holy estate of matrimony; that our present method of representation is such as not to give fair expression of its members at the General Convention and results in the unnecessary division of dioceses and a weakening of authority, and that the Board of Missions, with its rare meetings, is unable to administer the large yearly income passing through its hands without falling into debt, are facts which press upon the minds of churchmen and seem imperatively to call for legislation.

"The proposal to disturb the peace of the Church by introducing the word 'Catholic' into its title has increased the improbability of action. The Church is One, Holy, Catholic, and Apostolic, but to insert any of these words into its name would not strengthen its position.

"I yield to no one in my reverence for the history of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America. I believe that our ministry is apostolic and that by defending the three orders of ministers in Christ's Church and ruling that none shall teach in our pulpits or administer the sacraments save those who have been ordained, we have consistently defended the inherent character of the Church as founded by our Lord.

"No name can bring either unity, holiness, catholicity, or apostolicity, and, on the other hand, no name, especially such a name as ours, with so long and honorable a record, can take away any of these 'notes of the church.' To change it now, after over a century has passed away, unless such a change were made with unanimity, would be a sign of weakness rather than of strength and would tend to defeat the very object which true churchmen have in view."

The thirty-ninth annual convention of the Newark diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church was opened yesterday in Trinity Church Newark, by Bishop Edwin S. Lines. Among the topics dwelt upon by him in his address to the several hundred clergy and laymen present were a broader viewpoint regarding forms of worship, with special reference to current discussion regarding "ritualism" and "low church" practices; the growing independence of church affiliations by persons of thoughtless life; a warning against frivolous amusements in parish houses, and the responsibility of the clergy for the development of a more vigorous parish spirit.

Big Slump in Sugar Crop.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The sugar crop of Louisiana in 1912, owing to Spring floods, was the smallest since 1889, the Department of Agriculture announces. Preliminary returns indicate the output was slightly more than 300,000,000 pounds, or about 42 per cent. of the production of 1911. The average yield was about 144 pounds per ton of cane, while the average yield in 1911 was 120 pounds, this low yield in the last named year being attributed to the effect of the early frosts.

NEW PRESIDENT OF WELLS.

Dr. MacMillan of Princeton Will Head Up-State College.

AURORA, N. Y., May 20.—Announcement was made here to-day that Dr. Kerr Duncan MacMillan, Assistant Professor of Church History in Princeton Theological Seminary, had accepted the Presidency of Wells College here, and would take up his duties at the beginning of the academic year next September.

There had been a vacancy in the Presidency since Dr. George Morgan Ward resigned nearly two years ago.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, May 20.—Prof. Kerr Duncan MacMillan was born in Mount Forest, Ontario, on March 17, 1871. He received his collegiate education at Toronto University and was graduated from Princeton Theological Seminary. From 1897 to 1900 he served as assistant instructor to Prof. William Henry Green in Old Testament History, and in 1899 he was licensed by the Presbytery of Lindsay, Canada.

Prof. MacMillan left his Princeton work in 1900, and for three years studied at the University of Berlin and the British Museum. In 1903 he returned to Princeton Theological Seminary as Instructor in Semitic Philology, and subsequently the Chair in Church History was given to him. At the commencement meeting of the Seminary Board of Trustees this month he received a full professorship.

In Princeton, Prof. MacMillan has been President of the Town Club and has organized a club for the betterment of the colored population. He is married and has two sons.

Wagner Guilty in Second Degree.

The jury in the case of Harry Wagner, tried for the murder on Jan. 7 last of Abraham Steinberg at 120 University Place, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court at 12:20 o'clock this morning. Wagner was remanded to the Tombs for sentence on Friday.

1% Per MONTH UPON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK

MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street.
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
Seventh Ave., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Ave., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
East 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.

BRONX
Courtlandt Ave., cor. 148th St.

BROOKLYN
Graham Ave., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Ave., cor. Rockaway Ave.

1/2 PER CENT. CHARGED UPON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE.

What Does Your Car Weigh?

The expense of running an automobile is in direct proportion to its weight. As the weight goes down, the expense decreases. A light car is also safer. It is comfortable and easy to drive. In emergency it is easier controlled or stopped.

Tire mileage, gasoline mileage and comfort are all intimately connected to weight. The most economical engine made cannot show low cost of operation, if to move a certain number of passengers it has also to move a body and chassis of excessive weight.

Great weight is not necessary for strength; it handicaps ability; cuts down speed; and makes outrageous expense for tires, fuel and repairs. The only remedy for excessive tire trouble and expense is a light, resilient car equipped with large tires.

Here are the Weights and Tire Sizes of the Fact-Backed

FRANKLIN

Six "38" touring or torpedo-phaeton,	3328 pounds, tires 4½ in.	and 5 in.
Six "38" 7-passenger touring,	3480 pounds, tires 5	in.
Little Six "30" touring,	2993 pounds, tires 4½	in.
Four "25" touring,	2520 pounds, tires 4	in.

These weights include full equipment with gasoline and oil, ready for the road. Compare these weights and tire sizes with other cars and you will find that Franklin cars are from 700 to 1200 pounds lighter, and that they are equipped with larger tires. **You may think your car is light; weigh it.**

The capacity of the tires to carry a load comes practically all in the width or cross section of the tire and not in its diameter. A 4½-inch tire is 25 per cent. more tire than a 4-inch tire of the same diameter. A 34x4½-inch tire is 19 per cent. more tire than a 36x4-inch tire and costs 15 per cent. more.

Franklin owners in 1912 reported an average of 10,746 miles per set of tires. We will gladly send you our "tire folder" giving these reports in detail. Ninety-eight per cent. of Franklin owners do not carry extra tires, so sure are they of reliable tire service.

Franklin cars are not built for low initial cost. They are built for the lowest total cost during the use of the car. They are built for superior service, a service that, combined with low operating cost, makes the total figure—**satisfaction.** The start of Franklin service and Franklin light weight is direct cooling.

What is Direct Cooling?

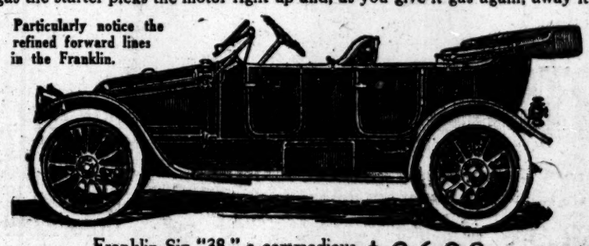
Direct cooling is sending a continuous, vigorous stream of fresh air directly over and around the cylinders, which does away with the air-cooled water radiator, water pump, jackets, pipe and hose.

Into the Franklin flywheel is built a sirocco fan. This exhausts the air below the cylinders and causes fresh air to rush in through the front of the hood over and down through the sleeves that surround the cylinders with their radiating fins. This vigorous air current literally wipes the heat right off the cylinders. There is no water to limit the efficiency. The Franklin is the only motor engine that can be operated with consistent success in hot climates, in mountainous and sandy sections.

The Franklin direct-cooled engine is also economical of fuel, because it operates at the most efficient temperature. It holds the world's record for gasoline economy. There is nothing in direct cooling to get out of order, nothing to oil nor tinker.

The Entz electric starting and lighting system used on Franklin cars make it impossible for the engine to stall. Take your seat in the car, throw a switch and your starter is at work. Give the motor gas and it goes to work. If you should by accident cut off the gas the starter picks the motor right up and, as you give it gas again, away it goes.

Particularly notice the refined forward lines in the Franklin.



Franklin Six "38," a commodious, luxurious 5-passenger car $3600

The Fact-Backed Franklin is made as follows:

Franklin Six "38" 5-passenger Touring	$3600
Franklin Six "38" 4-passenger Torpedo-Phaeton	3600
Franklin Six "38" 7-passenger Touring	3850
Franklin Little Six "30" Touring Car or 2-passenger Phaeton Runabout	2900
Franklin Four "25" Touring	2000

Franklin Motor Car Co. Glenn A. Tisdale, Manager, 73rd St. and Amsterdam Ave., New York.

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"The Top Notch of Scotch"
GUARANTEED FOR AGE, QUALITY and FLAVOR

KING GEORGE IV Scotch WHISKY

FRANCIS DRAZ & CO., Sole Agents, United States.

It Is Hard to Astonish New York But Not Impossible!

Six months ago was opened at Broadway and 34th Street, in the great McAlpin Hotel Building, the best appointed and best equipped drug store New York had ever seen. It bore a sign new to New York.

Liggett's
The Rexall Store

People came in crowds to the opening, and people have been coming in increasing numbers ever since, because they have found

—*Service that had thoughtfulness for its keynote.*
—*Every courtesy known to modern merchandising.*
—*Complete stocks of standard goods.*
—*Beautiful and unique things to be seen nowhere else.*

Now the Doors have been thrown open on a new and greater store, occupying half of 42d Street front of the Grand Central Station.

—A drug store with 7500 square feet of selling space.
—A store that trebles the efficiency of Liggett service in New York.
—A store that will soon be known the world 'round for its splendid equipment, excellent stocks and efficient service.

The world's greatest drug store is a fitting capstone to the world's greatest railroad terminal.

Announcement will shortly be made of a grand inaugural day. Look for it.

Broadway at 34th — Liggett's AMERICA'S GREATEST DRUG STORES — Grand Central Station

THE REXALL STORE.

GIMBELS

Today the Finals in the GIMBEL Golf Tournament

This morning, beginning at 10 o'clock, the finals will be played in the Women's Division. The list of those who qualified follows:

Mrs. J. E. Boldt	Mrs. Hernstadt
Mrs. L. F. Warner	Mrs. S. K. Reynolds
Miss Wharton	Mrs. Morris
Miss Vera Reynolds	Mrs. S. Nevins
Mrs. Eva Rich	Mary C. Costigan
Mrs. F. R. Downes	Miss Nessa Cohen
Miss E. M. Enslee	Miss J. S. Harris
Mrs. E. N. Farkas	Mrs. W. E. Crosby

The finals of the Men's Division will be played at 2 P. M. The following men qualified:

J. A. Lelashes	J. V. Lauderdale
L. E. Oppenheimer	S. J. Graham
J. C. Glover	P. F. Heartt
F. A. Goddard	H. Freidricks
C. L. Turner	R. Germond
George Ryall	U. E. Quittiner
H. Miller	J. C. Glover
M. D. Rae	R. R. Appleton, Jr.
P. L. Ford	P. Abeles
Frank Bearry	M. Gould
J. Caldwell	C. S. Turner
C. A. Roberts	A. C. Craig
A. E. Halpin	

Players tied with a score of 25 will play off for 3 places in qualifying sixteen.

Ties in the Men's Division will be played off at 1 o'clock.

Matches will be 18 holes. Final round 36 holes. Golf Course, Sporting Goods Section, Fourth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

AMERICA'S CUP RACE IN 1914---GIANTS LOSE---YANKEES WIN---SUPERBAS LOSE---POLO---GOLF

N. Y. Y. C. ACCEPTS LIPTON CHALLENGE

America's Cup Race to be Under Present Racing Rules of Defending Club.

SEVENTY-FIVE-FOOT YACHTS

Sir Thomas Says a Few Small Details Are Yet to be Settled—New York Y. C. Silent.

LONDON, May 20.—The New York Yacht Club to-day cabled to the Royal Ulster Yacht Club accepting Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge for the America's Cup. The races will take place in September, 1914, under the New York Yacht Club's present rules as to measurement, time allowance, and racing rules.

Sir Thomas considers that the conditions of acceptance of his challenge by the New York Yacht Club are a great victory for him. He says they will enable him to build a good, seaworthy boat.

There are, he says, a few small details yet to be settled, but he feels sure that these will be arranged satisfactorily. One of these difficulties is the question whether Sir Thomas Lipton will be allowed to tow his yacht across the Atlantic. As to this Sir Thomas says he feels sure the members of the New York Yacht Club will do everything that is right in the way of granting this concession, but he continued:

"As they have decided upon a good class of boat, it does not really matter much whether I am allowed to tow or not, anyway, I should not want to tow except in the case of a head wind or a dead calm."

The New York Yacht Club's acceptance of the challenge says:

"The races are to be sailed as suggested in your cable under our present rules of measurement, time allowance, and racing rules, it being understood that the rule requiring a yacht to rate at the highest limit of her class in certain cases shall not apply to this match."

Charles E. Nicholson, the designer, who is working on the plans of Lipton's new boat, said:

"The challenger will be 75 feet on the water line and built under the present New York Yacht Club rules. This size was really fixed upon by Sir Thomas Lipton because in his challenge he suggested racing under the same measurement rule as in the last contest, and thought that with the extreme type produced under that rule having an enormous sail area, a 75-footer was large enough.

"In acknowledging the challenge the New York Yacht Club apparently did not understand Sir Thomas's meaning, because they asked whether he intended to race under the old rules or the present rules. Sir Thoams replied, in effect: 'Gentlemen, I challenge you; you choose the weapons,' and said that he intended to race under the old rules, but if the New York Yacht Club intended to race under the new rules he was quite willing.

"As this, however, was really altering what he intended to be the terms of the challenge, I advised him that there was no longer any necessity to adhere to the seventy-five-foot length, and suggested that he race with a ninety-footer under the present New York Yacht Club rules. Sir Thomas agreed and cabled that Shamrock IV. would be the ninety-footer unless the New York yachtsmen preferred that the race should be with yachts of any other length.

"In accepting the challenge the representatives of the New York Yacht Club have held Sir Thomas to the seventy-five-footer named in his first challenge, evidently preferring to race with yachts of that length.

It was admitted at the New York Yacht Club last night that a cable had been sent to the Royal Ulster Yacht Club, but no intimation was furnished regarding the wording of it. It was stated that "the race is still very much in the air," and that the New York Yacht Club is not responsible for what is given out in England. It was also said that the matter is still in the hands of a committee.

When the committee was appointed by the club it was clothed with full authority to determine conditions except the towing of the challenging yacht across the Atlantic Ocean. Sir Thomas received permission to tow Shamrock II., and taking this as a precedent towed Shamrock III. over, but this will not be permitted this year, and it is probably due to this that it was announced that "the race is still very much in the air."

Under the New York Yacht Club racing rules the boats will come under Class J, which is between 65 and 76 feet. This covers the 23-meter class, which is the same length as Sir Thomas Lipton's present Shamrock.

Under the present rules of the New York Yacht Club it will be necessary to build a defender of the cup, as both the Reliance and Defender, and in fact any yacht built under the rules that obtained in the three cup races with Lipton would be useless, because of the enormous time allowance they would have to give.

It is believed that at least four boats will be built from which to select the defender; two by syndicates and two by individuals, and the best determined in a series of trial races.

It is known that there is a strong desire on the part of the members of both the New York and Eastern Yacht Clubs to race in 75-footers, as the best type of yacht under the present racing rules on this side of the water, and it is believed that within a short space of time Herreshoff & Gardner will be busy at their boards planning new yachts.

Atlantic Y. C. Opening May 30.

J. Stuart Blackton, Commodore of the Atlantic Yacht Club, has just issued General Order No. 2, regarding the opening of the clubhouse. The Sea Gate organization will go into commission at noon on Decoration Day. Official calls will be made between the hours of 12:30 and 1:30 o'clock. There will be a reception on board the flagship Paula, between the hours of 3:30 and 5 o'clock. During the afternoon there will be racing and at night there will be a concert at the clubhouse, given by the Thirteenth Regiment Band.

Yale's New English Boat Damaged.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, May 20.—Yale's new English shell was seriously damaged to-day at New York City while being transferred from the transatlantic liner which brought it to America. The boat was being lifted to a lighter when the accident occurred. The shell was partly stove in. Word was immediately sent to the Yale rowing authorities, who responded with an order to send the shell immediately to New Haven, where expect boat builders can determine the extent of the damage and make repairs. Unless the damage proves to be very great, the boat will not be a total loss. The shell is probably the most valuable ever used by a Yale or Harvard crew, as it was ordered by Coach Kirby, the Englishman who arrived last week, and who will direct the Yale crew work until the end of the season.

Penn to Bar Ex-Collegians in Relays

PHILADELPHIA, May 20.—The Board of Managers of the Middle Atlantic Association of the Amateur Athletic Union to-day made the announcement that ex-collegians in the future will be barred from competition in the University of Pennsylvania relay races or the races will have to be run under the sanction of the A. A. U. The announcement was made following many conferences between the representatives of the A. A. U. and of the University of Pennsylvania. The contention of the A. A. U. representatives was that since the ex-collegians were no longer identified with any competing college they could not compete in any open event, as the meet would need the sanction of the A. A. U., and in case it was not sanctioned the ex-collegians competing would be liable to suspension.

SPORTING EVENTS.

BASEBALL, Polo Grounds, to-day 3:30 P. M. GIANTS vs. ST. LOUIS.

MILBURN IN POLO LINE-UP.

Meadow Brook "Back" Resumes Play After Recent Injury.

After an absence from the playing field for nearly two weeks Devereux Milburn, the back of the American polo team, who was hurt by his pony kicking him, was again in the saddle yesterday on the ground of the Rockaway Hunting Club at Cedarhurst. He took part in two matches of four seven-and-a-half minute periods each, and, although it was said that he had not entirely recovered from his injuries, the form which he showed caused close observers to remark that he would quickly come to himself again.

Milburn figured as No. 2 in the line-up of the Whites with his mates made up of L. E. Stoddard, No. 1; Harry Payne Whitney, the American Captain, No. 3, and Malcolm Stevenson, back. Milburn attested to the fact that he had not altogether lost his ability by his temporary retirement by knocking through two counts in the fourth period early during the session.

The Blues, composed of L. Waterbury, Rene La Montagne, Foxhall P. Keene, and H. C. Phipps, were defeated by a score of 4¾ goals to ¾. Both teams suffered penalties for safeties and fouls, the Blues losing 1¼ goals by two fouls and a safety, the fouls being registered against La Montagne and Phipps in the second period. The Whites later lined up against a new team of Blues, which showed C. C. Rumsey, J. M. Waterbury, Keene, and L. Waterbury, with the latter the winners by 6 to 3.

It was noticeable that the members of the American team made more serious attempts to play the game in yesterday's workout than has been witnessed this season. J. M. Waterbury appeared particularly on edge and did fine work in the matter of "feeding" Ramsey, being aided to that end by the clever pick-outs from scrimmages of Keene, who is rated as second to none at this phase of the game.

All the members of the English team—Capts. Ritson, Cheape, Lockett, Edwards, Mr. Freake, and Capt. Miller—viewed the work of their coming opponents and conferred with them during the half time in animated fashion. It was announced that Capt. Lockett would be seen in the line-up for the English team at Piping Rock, when they face a much stronger quartet than they defeated Monday. The summary:

BLUES.	WHITES.
L. Waterbury,	L. E. Stoddard.
R. La Montagne,	D. Milburn.
F. P. Keene,	H. P. Whitney.
H. C. Phipps.	M. Stevenson.

Goals, Whites—Stoddard, (2,) Milburn, (2,) Whitney. Lost by penalty, ¼. Total—4¾. Goals, Blues—La Montagne, Keene. Lost by penalties, 1¼. Total—¾.

Referee—Capt. E. D. Miller, D. S. O. Time of game—Four seven-and-one-half-minute periods

BLUES.	WHITES.
C. C. Rumsey,	L. E. Stoddard,
J. M. Waterbury,	D. Milburn,
F. P. Keene,	H. P. Whitney,
L. Waterbury.	M. Stevenson.

Goals, Blues—Rumsey, (4,) Keene, (2.) Goals, Whites—Whitney, (2,) Stoddard.

Referee—Capt. Miller. Time of game—Four seven-and-one-half-minute periods.

POLO TEAM NOT PICKED.

Capt. Whitney Denies That J. M. Waterbury Has Been Displaced.

Members of the Polo Association yesterday denied a rumor which was circulated in connection with the make-up of the four who will take the field for America in the international games at Westbury next month.

H. L. Herbert, Chairman of the Polo Association; William A. Hazard, Secretary, and Harry Payne Whitney, Captain of the team, all denounced the rumor that a team had already been selected and that J. M. Waterbury, who has played No. 2 in both the series of matches in which America was victorious, would be displaced by L. E. Stoddard, who was substitute in the 1911 test matches, and who has been aiding in the developing of this season's forces.

Mr. Herbert verified the news printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES of last Sunday to the effect that the team would not be chosen until just before the matches. "This action had been outlined," said he, "in justice to the men who have been helping out in the preliminary work, and who may come along during the next few weeks with form enough to warrant a possible change."

New England Tennis Results.

BOSTON, May 20.—Competition in the New England intercollegiate tennis championship tournament was carried through to the semi-finals in singles to-day. One semi-final match in doubles was played.

C. L. Johnstone of Amherst, the singles champion, played in three matches, two in singles and one in doubles, but was forced to extend himself in only one. This was with J. A. Richards of Wesleyan, who forced the champion to 9—7 and 7—5 sets. The summaries:

Singles: Second Round—C. L. Johnstone, Amherst, defeated J. G. Nelson, Dartmouth, 6—3, 6—4.

Third Round—F. Cady, Amherst, won from F. A. Welter, Williams, 6—1, 6—0; H. W. Webber, Dartmouth, won from G. C. Burgwin, Trinity, 7—5, 7—5; C. F. Cutler, Williams, won from P. C. Savage, Bowdoin, 6—2, 6—4; Johnstone, Amherst, defeated J. A. Richards, Wesleyan, 9—7, 7—5.

Doubles: First Round—Johnstone and Cady, Amherst, defeated Burgwin and Ward, Trinity, 6—2, 6—3.

Semi-finals—Bacon and Richards, Wesleyan, defeated Nelson and Webber, Dartmouth, 6—4, 6—1.

Australian Tennis Team at Longwood

BOSTON, May 20.—The Australian tennis players, Capt. Stanley M. Doust, Horace Rice, Aubrey B. Jones, and Manager E. W. Hicks, arrived here to-day from Philadelphia for ten days' practice on the courts of the Longwood Cricket Club. Later in the week Maurice E. McLoughlin of San Francisco, H. H. Hackett and R. D. Little of New York, of the American team, will join Williams at Longwood.

Capt. Doust was the only one of the Australian players to get into action to-day. He played Harry C. Johnson, former Massachusetts doubles champion, in one set and won easily. The Australian Captain showed that he is in splendid playing form. Beals C. Wright, former intercollegiate, defeated H. Norris Williams, chosen as one of the American players, for the fourth time in as many practice matches.

Princeton Beats Yale at Tennis.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 20.—Princeton's tennis team continued their spectacular winning streak to-day, defeating the Yale team. The Tigers won seven matches, losing one in singles and one in doubles to the Yale men. Church, intercollegiate champion, who allowed Whitney of Harvard one game in two sets yesterday, duplicated the feat to-day with Gates, the Yale star, as his victim.

American Kennel Club Session.

The American Kennel Club yesterday accepted the resignation of the Pacific Coast Advisory Committee, which action now places the entire United States in the jurisdiction of the parent body. It was decided by the delegates to have a trial board appointed for the coast organizations. The proposition to abolish the unclassified specials was outvoted 20 to 18. By a unanimous vote it was decided to permit professional handlers to act as judges at all shows in the future.

Reach Tennis Semi-Final Round.

The tennis tournament for the men's singles championship of the Bronx yesterday at the Bedford Park Tennis Club reached the semi-final round, in which R. L. Baggs and F. H. Voshell qualified. The feature match was between Walter Merrill Hall, champion of the Seventh Regiment, and G. L. Dionne, in which the former won in straight sets after a hard contest. The summaries:

Third Round—P. Mead defeated T. F. Walsh, 1—6, 6—2, 6—2; W. M. Hall defeated G. L. Dionne, 6—4, 6—3; J. F. Condron defeated F. Fox, 9—7, 6—0.

Semi-final Round—R. L. Baggs defeated Roland Raymond, 6—0, 6—3; F. H. Voshell defeated B. M. Phillips, 6—1, 6—4.

Sprinter Horter to Run Abroad.

PHILADELPHIA, May 20.—Edward M. Horter, the Bridgewood sprinter, who has been representing Georgetown University in collegiate competitions during the past season, will sail for England on June 21 to test his sprinting abilities against those of the foreign sprinters. His first appearance on the other side will be in the English championships at Manchester, after which he will invade Ireland, Scotland, and Wales, and then will go to Germany for the German championships in the Olympic Stadium.

ST. LOUIS BUNTS BALL ALL OVER DIAMOND

Cardinals' Method of Attack Upsets Giants and They Lose, 8 to 0--Two Hits Off Harmon.

THE SCORE.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	2—8
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Huggins, 2b.	5	0	3	0	0	2	5	0
Magee, lf....	5	0	1	0	0	3	0	0
Sheckard, rf.	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	0
Mowrey, 3b..	5	1	1	0	0	1	3	0
Konet'y, 1b..	4	2	2	1	0	11	0	0
Oakes, cf....	3	0	2	1	1	3	0	0
Whitted, ss..	5	3	3	0	0	2	2	0
Wingo, c....	4	2	2	1	1	5	0	0
Harmon, p...	4	0	1	0	1	0	2	0
Total	39	8	15	4	5	27	12	0

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Burns, lf....	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
Shafer, cf....	4	0	0	0	0	2	1	0
Fletcher, ss.	3	0	0	0	1	5	3	0
Doyle, 2b...	3	0	0	0	0	2	4	0
Merkle, 1b...	3	0	0	0	0	9	1	0
Murray, rf...	3	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
Meyers, c....	2	0	0	0	0	4	1	1
Hartley, c...	1	0	0	0	0	4	1	0
Herzog, 3b...	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Mathe'son, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
Wiltse, p....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
*Snodgrass .	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
†McCormick .	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Total	29	0	2	0	2	27	17	3

*Batted for Mathewson in the sixth inning.

†Batted for Wiltse in the ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Mowrey, Whitted. Sacrifice hit—Oakes. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2. Left on bases—St. Louis, 9, New York, 2. Struck out—By Harmon, 2; by Mathewson, 2; by Wiltse, 3. Bases on balls—Off Mathewson, 1; off Wiltse, 3. Hits—Off Mathewson, 12 in 6 innings, (at bat 27;) off Wiltse, 3 in 3 innings, (at bat 12.) Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Byron. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

Careful analysis of what the Giants did at the Polo Grounds yesterday afternoon between 3:30 and 5:10 o'clock shows that they spent most of this period trying to retire the St. Louis Cardinals. The short time in which they were not thus engaged was spent in coming in to the bench, turning around, and going out again. When the curtain was finally drawn on the saddest pastime to New York rooters that has been staged at the Brush stadium this season the McGraw cohorts were languishing on the empty portion of an 8 to 0 score.

All the rules of etiquette which visiting clubs are expected to observe at the Harlem meadow were ignored by the Cards in their endeavor to make Miller Huggins's Manhattan début in managerial togs a glittering success. They were not satisfied with humbling the Polo Grounders as McGraw's men have not been humbled in many a day, but they added insult to injury by chasing Matty off the slab. The Old Master was actually bunted out of the battle, the finish coming in the sixth inning after Bob Harmon and Miller Huggins had shown their disregard for baseball convention by bunting with two out and beating out both of the easy rollers. This pair of hits made the Cards' portion against Matty an even dozen in half as many frames, so the veteran took first place in the procession to the shower baths.

And that wasn't all the injury. Bob Harmon used Harold McCormick, king of pinch hitters, as a strike-out subject when Harold came up in the ninth inning to pinch-hit for a lost cause. A team doing all these things to the Giants in one afternoon must naturally gain more respect than the Cards enjoyed when they tramped into the inclosure yesterday for their 1913 début with the McGraw clan.

Bob Harmon carried off the bulk of the laurels with an exhibition of airtight pitching such as has not been flashed in any previous game at the Polo Grounds this season. One clean hit by Red Murray and a scratch by George Burns is all the damage which the Giants inflicted on the offering of the St. Louis pitcher. Murray's hit came with two out in the second inning and Burns beat out a roller which was perfectly handled by both Whitted and Konetchy with two out in the ninth. Those two Giants were alone in their travels, as none of their mates had the pleasure of reaching first base during the game. Not one of the Giants reached second base, and only twenty-nine batsmen faced Harmon in the nine innings. Outside of that Bob did not treat the Polo Grounders very harshly.

Meyers got the index finger of his right hand in the path of a foul tip during the St. Louis bunting rally in the fifth inning, and he gave way to Hartley. Chief took his turn at bat in the Giants' half of the fifth, but the injured "fin" did not mascot him into the base hit column.

At Boston.

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Miller, lf..4	1	0	2	1	
Evers, 2b.2	1	0	2	3	
M'ch'l, rf.3	1	2	3	0	
Z'm'n, 3b.4	1	1	0	1	
Saier, 1b..4	1	1	8	1	
Leach, cf.2	0	0	3	0	
B'well, ss.4	1	2	1	1	
Archer, c.3	0	0	7	1	
Overall, p.4	1	1	1	2	
Total..30	7	7	27	9	

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ville, ss.4	0	0	4	4	
Myers, lb.3	1	0	14	2	
O'neill, lf.5	1	1	1	0	
Sw'y, 2b.4	1	2	2	3	
Titus, rf..2	1	0	0	0	
Mann, cf..3	0	2	0	0	
C'lins, cf.0	0	0	0	0	
Devlin, 3b.4	0	2	2	2	
Wh'l'r, c.4	0	3	3	2	
Perdue, p.0	0	0	0	1	
Rudolph, p.3	0	1	1	3	
*McD'ld...1	0	0	0	0	
Total..33	3	8	27	17	

*Batted for Mann in the eighth inning.

Errors—Maranville, Whaling.

Chicago	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—7
Boston	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Mann, Rudolph. Three-base hit—Zimmerman. Home run—Conneily. Hits—Off Perdue, 3 in 2 innings; off Rudolph, 4 in 7 innings. Sacrifice hit—Myers. Stolen bases—Leach, Mitchell. Double plays—Miller and Evers; Rudolph, Maranville, and Myers; Sweeney and Myers. Sacrifice fly—Archer. Left on bases—Chicago, 8. Boston, 8. First base on balls—Off Overall, 5; off Perdue, 3; off Rudolph, 3. First base on errors—Chicago, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Perdue, (Leach.) Struck out—By Overall, 4; by Rudolph, 2. Time of game—Two hours and three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Eason.

At Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Pask't, cf.4	1	1	2	1	
Knabe, 2b.5	1	0	2	2	
Lob't, 3b.3	1	1	1	0	
Magee, lf.2	1	1	1	0	
C'vath, rf.4	1	2	1	0	
Lud'us, lb.4	0	2	11	0	
D'lan, ss.4	0	1	2	4	
K'lifer, c.3	0	1	6	0	
Alex'r, p..3	0	0	0	1	
Total..30	5	9	27	11	

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'cher, lf.4	0	0	1	0	
Bates, rf.4	1	1	1	0	
Tinker, ss.4	0	1	1	2	
B'ker, cf..4	0	1	5	0	
M'sans, lb.4	0	0	8	0	
F'gl'r, 2b.4	0	1	1	5	
Grant, 3b.3	0	0	0	3	
Clarke, c..3	0	1	4	1	
Fromme, p.1	0	0	0	1	
Pack'd, p.2	0	0	0	1	
Total..33	1	5	24	11	

Errors—Bates, Grant, Luderus.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1
Philadelphia	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	*	—5

Two-base hits—Tinker, Becker. Three-base hit—Lobert. Hits—Off Fromme, 6 in 3 innings; off Packard, 3 in five innings. Sacrifice hit—Lobert. Sacrifice fly—Magee. Stolen base—Berghamer. Double play—Tinker, Berghamer, and Marsans. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 5; Philadelphia, 5. First base on balls—Off Fromme, 1. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Packard, (Magee.) Struck out—By Packard, 4; by Alexander, 4. Wild pitch—Fromme. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie.

Giants After Western Slugger.

Special to The New York Times.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., May 20.—The New York Giants are after Eddie Roush, the fast centre fielder in the Evansville Central League team, who has done wonderful batting this season. Scout Kinsella of the Giants has been here for the last two days watching the work of Roush, and it is said he will make an offer for the player, who is only 19 years old, and who has been hitting over the .400 mark since the season opened in April. This is Roush's first season in league ball. In twenty games he has not failed once to get to first base. It is said that the Detroit team is also after Roush.

American Associations.

All games postponed; rain.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 8; New York, 0.
Pittsburgh, 4; Brooklyn, 1.
Philadelphia, 5; Cincinnati, 1.
Chicago 7; Boston, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 6; St. Louis, 3.
Cleveland, 10; Washington, 9.
Detroit, 8; Philadelphia, 7.
(Ten innings.)
Boston at Chicago—Rain.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Newark, 7; Buffalo, 2.
Jersey City, 6; Rochester, 4.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	18	7	.720
Brooklyn	19	10	.655
New York	15	13	.536
Chicago	16	16	.500
St. Louis	15	15	.500
Pittsburgh	13	18	.419
Boston	11	16	.407
Cincinnati	9	21	.300

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	19	9	.679
Cleveland	21	11	.656
Washington	17	11	.607
Chicago	20	13	.607
Boston	13	18	.419
St. Louis	14	21	.400
Detroit	12	21	.364
New York	9	21	.300

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Buffalo	17	11	.621
Newark	18	13	.581
Baltimore	15	13	.536
Providence	13	13	.500
Rochester	14	16	.467
Toronto	12	14	.462
Montreal	14	17	.417
Jersey City	11	16	.384

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York.
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Washington at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at Detroit.
Boston at Chicago.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Newark at Buffalo.
Jersey City at Rochester.
Providence at Toronto.
Baltimore at Montreal.

PITTSBURGH TAKES FIRST.

Allen's Wild Throw Was Responsible for Brooklyn's Defeat.

Hans Wagner and his band of Pennsylvania Pirates scuttled the Brooklyn baseball ship yesterday at Ebbets Field. The Superbas, who had been traveling at a rapid pace, were brought up with a sharp turn and beaten to the tune of 4 to 1. Outside of the fact that the Pittsburgh players showed a continued improvement both at the bat and in the field there was nothing really noteworthy about the contest. The result, however, was a rude jolt to the Brooklyn players, who were creating an impression among the fans that all clubs looked alike to them. And this feeling was in a measure warranted by the record of the club, which up to yesterday's encounter had won fifteen out of the last nineteen games played.

To Allen rather than to the Pittsburgh team belongs the credit of the victory.

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mensor, cf.3	0	1	0		
Carey, lf..5	0	1	3	0	
Viox, 2b..3	1	1	5	3	
W'gn'r, ss.4	0	1	3	6	
Miller, 1b.3	2	1	10	0	
Wilson, rf.4	0	1	1	0	
Byrne, 3b.4	0	0	1	2	
Simon, c..4	0	2	3	1	
Rob'son, p.3	1	0	0	1	
Total..33	4	7	27	13	

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
St'gel, cf.4	0	1	3	0	
Fisher, ss.4	0	0	2	3	
H'mel, rf.4	1	1	2	0	
Wheat, lf.4	0	1	3	0	
D'herty, 1b.4	0	2	7	0	
Smith, 3b.4	0	0	0	1	
K'p'ck, 2b.3	0	0	3	3	
Miller, c..3	0	0	7	1	
Allen, p...2	0	1	0	2	
Stack, p..0	0	0	0	0	
*Phelps .1	0	1	0	0	
Total..33	1	7	27	10	

*Batted for Allen in the eighth inning.

Errors—Allen, Stengle, Viox.

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	—4
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Two-base hit—Hummel. Home run—Miller. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 1; Pittsburgh, 1. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburgh, 6. Double play—Byrne, Wagner, and Miller. Struck out—By Allen, 4; by Stack, 1; by Robinson, 2. Bases on balls—Off Allen, 4; off Stack, 1. Wild pitch—Robinson. Hits—Off Allen, 6 in 8 innings, (at bat, 29;) off Stack, 1 in 1 inning, (at bat, 4.) Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Orth. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

Giants Sign College Catcher.

Special to The New York Times.

WHEELING, West Va., May 20.—Edward Mullaney, 19 years old, of this city, who was graduated from the Georgetown Law School this Spring, signed a contract to catch for the New York Giants to-day at 25 per cent. less salary than Barney Dreyfuss had offered him to attach his signature to a Pittsburgh contract. Both the Pittsburgh National Leaguers and Washington American Leaguers were after Mullaney. Dreyfuss had commissioned Dick Padden, who has been coaching Mullaney, to secure the youngster's signature to a contract, naming liberal terms, but the Georgetown star decided to cast his lot with McGraw. Mullaney has been the regular catcher on the Georgetown team for two years.

International League.

AT ROCHESTER.

										R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	1	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	6	8	2
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	4	4	3

Batteries—Doescher, Wilhelm, and Crisp; Haff and Williams.

AT BUFFALO.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	7	13	1
Buffalo	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	10	1

Batteries—Atchison and McCarty; Pape and Gowdy.

Other games not scheduled.

At Lawrenceville, N. J.

										R.	H.	E.
Princeton	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	3	2	0
Lawrenceville..	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	5

Batteries—Barnes, Copeland, and Rheems, Smith, Fransheim, and Eastman.

Southern League.

At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 2; Montgomery, 0.

At Atlanta—Atlanta, 11; Memphis, 0.

At Nashville—Nashville, 8; New Orleans, 8. (Called in ninth; darkness.)

Mobile—At Birmingham—Rain.

Pacific Coast League.

At San Francisco—Oakland, 7; Los Angeles, 1.

At Los Angeles—Portland, 4; Venice, 3.

At Sacramento—San Francisco, 2; Sacramento, 1

Reds Lose at Meadowbrook.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTBURY, L. I., May 20.—In a game of Polo on one of the fields here this afternoon between the Reds and Whites, the Whites won after eleven periods, with a score of 9 to 8. The line-up:

Reds—S. D. Ripley, N. L. Tilney, Charles Appleton, and Willard Straight.

Whites—W. R. Grace, Hamilton Hadden, Thomas Lebouitillier, and Butler Duncan.

Referee—H. Holmes.

Olympic Athlete Wins Five Events.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, May 20.—Alma W. Richards, the Olympic high jump champion, competed in six events in a dual track and field meet between the Brigham Young University and the Utah Agricultural College at Provo yesterday and finished first in five of the events and third in the other, making a total of 28 points for his team. The schools tied for second place at the State track meet Saturday, and tied again yesterday, each team making 20 points.

STRONG BATTING WINS FOR YANKEES

Leaderless Browns Show Listless Spirit in Second Clash of the Series.

THE SCORE.

New York	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	—6
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—3

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, rf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Wolter, cf.	3	1	0	1	0	0
Hartzell, 2b.	4	1	1	2	6	0
Cree, lf.	4	1	3	2	0	0
Chase, 1b.	4	1	3	12	1	0
Sweeney, c.	3	0	0	8	1	1
Midkiff, 3b.	3	0	1	0	1	0
McKechnie, ss.	4	0	1	1	3	0
McConnell, p.	4	0	0	1	1	0
Total	33	6	9	27	13	1

ST. LOUIS.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Shotton, cf.	4	1	1	3	0	0
Johnston, lf.	5	0	1	0	0	0
Williams, rf.	4	1	1	3	0	0
Pratt, 2b.	4	0	1	8	5	0
Brief, 1b.	3	0	1	10	0	0
Austin, 3b.	3	0	1	2	2	0
Wallace, ss.	3	0	0	1	4	1
Agnew, c.	4	1	0	0	4	0
Baumgardner, p.	3	0	1	0	1	0
*Compton	0	0	0	0	0	0
†McAllister	1	0	1	0	0	0
Total	34	3	8	27	16	1

*Batted for Wallace in ninth inning

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't. B. C. Franck, Sec'y. Address all communications THE NEW YORK TIMES. TELEPHONE 1000 BRYANT.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Times Annex..43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Staten Island..8 Richmond Ter., St. George
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Subscription Rates—by mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
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To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $2.00 per month; Daily, $1.50 per month.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Issued Quarterly—Paper Cover, per Copy, $1.50, per Year, $6.00; Full Cloth, per Copy, $2.00; per Year, $8.00.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them to any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month. Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers, directly to the Publication Office, or telephone Bryant 1000.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, MAY 21, 1913.

THE PANAMA TOLLS SUBSIDY.

The Republican Club has resolved that the exemption of the coastwise marine from Panama tolls can and should be justified as the payment of a subsidy. The trouble with this resolution is twofold. First, Republican advice has little influence with this Democratic Administration, which is prevented by its latest platform from abandoning its traditional policy against subsidies. Second, the Republican Club's resolution proposes to subsidize the wrong interest. It proposes to subsidize the most odious of monopolies, one maintained by law, and therein takes a position much weaker than would be a proposal to subsidize the commerce carried by the coastwise marine.

If the proposal were that the exemption from tolls should be transferred from the carriers to the freight the movement would die a natural death. The coastwise marine is thinking only of itself in its selfish demand for a monopoly. It is seeking a privilege not only from the payment of tolls, but from competition with the railways, which the coastwise interests are proposing should be deprived of equality of access to the canal, and from reducing rates below the water rates.

If the Panama Canal does not cheapen transportation the first reason for its construction fails. The idea that the canal was built in order to enable the coastwise monopoly to carry more cheaply, and to put the economy in its treasury instead of passing it on to promote commerce, is an affront to economics and intelligence alike.

STATE DEPARTMENT INDISCRETIONS.

Mr. BRYAN must not be misled by the fact that his remarks the other day about the alleged origin of military legislation abroad and at home have elicited little comment. He is in private very generally condemned for them. It is a serious matter for a Minister of Foreign Affairs to accept in public scandalous stories as to the motives of responsible statesmen in countries with which his country is on perfectly friendly terms. That is what Mr. BRYAN did. His reference to the incitement to hostile feeling in other lands to promote military measures in the land of the conspirators substantially followed the accusations made in the German Reichstag, and fitted the reported circumstances of no other country. It was a reference he ought not to have made, one that was bound to be extremely offensive to a high-spirited and honorable nation, one that we should have resented from any official of Germany had it been made with regard to us.

The reports and accusations he alluded to, and alluded to in a way to indicate that he believed them, have been treated in a very fair way by the press of this country. Nowhere that we have seen has it been held that the corrupt and unworthy influences exerted by interested parties had determined the action of the German Government or of the Department of War. Had the comments of the press been much less guarded and considerate than they were, it must be remembered that the press is under no such limitations and conventions as the Secretary of State should acknowledge and respect. He is charged with the discussion and conduct of our relations with other nations. He receives Ambassadors. He must confer with them in regard to matters of great delicacy, and often of considerable difficulty. It is his plain duty to bear himself in every way so that this official intercourse shall be as free from embarrassment or friction as possible. The "peace" speech he made in Washington cannot be said to conform to this requirement. It was not only needlessly but unfairly disagreeable to Germany, and, naturally, to the representative of Germany.

It is true that Germany is not likely to make any open objection to the behavior of the Secretary of State. But if she does not, it will be because her Government has a higher standard of international courtesy than Mr. BRYAN seems to entertain. Or it may be that the German officials will tacitly consider that it is idle to expect from the American Secretary a due appreciation of the value and force of such a standard. In any case the incident is an extremely unpleasant one, and if any means occurs to the President by which its recurrence can be prevented, we trust that he will resort to it.

ESSAD PASHA.

If the patriotic bandit, ESSAD Pasha, former commander of the Turkish forces in Scutari and recently self-proclaimed Prince of Albania, has not been slain, as reported, it must be a matter of some surprise to him. A violent death has been due to him from several sources for a long time, in full accordance with the principles of the vendetta which he has assiduously followed. He was credited with the killing of RIZA Pasha, whom he succeeded in command at Scutari, and before that he had wrought private vengeance on several of his personal and political foes in Constantinople.

His death, if it has really occurred, may have a good deal of influence upon the ultimate settlement of the knotty problem of Albania. He has shown himself a very capable as well as determined soldier. He was in control, for the time at least, of a considerable army, variously reported at from twenty to forty thousand men, a large part of whom were Albanians. He was exceedingly popular within his own province, had wealth and extensive family connection, and might easily have made much trouble for whatever Government undertook the preservation of order in Southern Albania. In the current dispute between the Bulgarians and the Greeks his sympathies would have been strongly with the latter, but it is by no means certain that they would have prevented him from making terms with the rivals of Greece. It is one of the chief difficulties in the settlement of the thorny question of the future of Albania that the various tribes are as deeply hostile to each other as they are toward any outsiders who seek to meddle with them. A large portion of them are still inclined toward the Turks, and there is no telling what they will do now that the Turks are eliminated.

GERMANY, ENGLAND AND AFRICA.

In our Berlin dispatches Monday morning it was reported from well-informed quarters that an understanding was near between Germany and England the consummation of which would be "the crowning political feature of the Kaiser's forthcoming silver jubilee." In substance, the understanding involves the withdrawal of British opposition to German expansion along certain lines in Africa, and the withdrawal of German opposition to British control of the Bagdad Railway terminal and the possession of the harbor of Kewelt on the Persian Gulf. The latter would leave Great Britain in practical command of the approaches to India. The former would give to Germany that opportunity for colonies from which she has held for a long time that Britain has barred her.

The main object of such an understanding is the establishment of reasonably stable friendly relations between the two great empires, and with that the security of European peace for an indefinite time. If the German Emperor can bring about this result it will certainly be the most important and precious achievement of the last quarter of a century. It may not appear in history as the source of so much glory for the German ruler as the triumphant wars by which, under his grandfather, and under the stern and unscrupulous guidance of BISMARCK, the present German Empire was wrought. But in the judgment of those who value the lasting welfare of the German people and of the world, it will be a task quite as beneficent and even more difficult. For some twenty years the British and the Germans have been impelled in their respective policies by persistent jealousy and suspicion each of the other. Each has spent vast sums with the avowed intent solely to put itself in position to resist the aggression of the other. At the same time their essential interests really involved no need of apprehension, much less of animosity. The ruler and the statesman, British or German, who can end this costly and perilous misunderstanding will deserve well of mankind and may justly claim laurels that war rarely can bring.

The immediate basis of understanding that is announced seems entirely practicable. Germany already possesses colonies of great value and of very great promise in Africa, in the east, the west, and the southwest, amounting in all to more than a million square miles. Much of this yields, or will yield, under intelligent administration, large quantities of agricultural and mineral products, cotton, rubber, maize, coffee, cocoa, sugar, and tobacco, together with copper, tin, gold, coal, and petroleum. So far, Germany has not obtained from her African possessions the profit that she expected. But she has made genuine progress in their organization and development and fairly justified the hope that, with expansion, she will attain a position second to that of no other colonial power.

At present her possessions practically surround those of Portugal on the east and of Portugal and Belgium on the west, and in the basin of the Congo. The agreement reported from Berlin relates to the future, particularly to the Portuguese territory in Angola and in Mozambique. As it is presented, it contemplates the obtaining by Germany, by amicable arrangement, of some portion, or the whole, of the Portuguese possessions in Africa. This is not at all unlikely to be agreeable to Portugal. If it were not, England could not assent to it, as she is bound by special treaty with Portugal to aid her in case of aggression. But Portugal is sorely in need of money to use at home. Her affairs are in a chaotic condition. Her home territory is largely almost as undeveloped in proportion to its real resources as is Africa itself. The means she could secure in exchange for her African property, which is far from profitable, would be infinitely more advantageous in the development of her European territory. And certainly Great Britain would find the new situation incomparably better than the one she has had to face for years. In Africa she could assent to any reasonable German expansion that did not threaten her line of communication north and south, for friendly relations there would be second in value only to friendly relations in Europe. While the understanding would be a marvelous triumph for the Emperor of Germany, it would be hardly less one for the quiet, cool-headed, and wise statesman, Sir EDWARD GREY, who has so skillfully led the British Nation through the recent stormy times.

A NECESSARY IMPROVEMENT.

On Thursday occurs the fifteenth hearing on the plans for the alteration of the grades on Fourth Avenue where it crosses Thirty-fourth Street, at the spot where the street cars enter the tunnel. This improvement would have been accomplished long ago but for the persistent opposition of private interests owning the abutting property immediately adjacent. The obstruction by private interest is reasonable enough, but it seems to be mistaken in its views, and, even if right, it ought not to prevail. For this is not a local matter. It concerns the entire length of Fourth Avenue, and of all travel over it, including much interborough traffic, both in vehicles and street cars. It concerns also as an incident of that north and south traffic a large amount of east and west traffic on Thirty-fourth Street. In the mass the total of these interests submerges the interest of the private owners on four blocks at most, with a fair argument that they will actually be benefited, and are ill-advised as to what is best for them.

It will be admitted that if the present arrangement were proposed to be made at this time it would be forbidden as a wrong to the entire city. No engineer in his senses who had that work to do now would choose as the place to do it the block where the street narrows by twenty feet, with the result that streams of vehicles moving in both directions are confined to twenty-nine feet of roadway, with part of that taken up as a stand for motor cabs. No engineer would be allowed to persist with a proposal that all the street car passengers transferring there, both north and south and east and west, would have to ascend or descend a flight of stairs. No proposal to compel a detour for all Thirty-third Street traffic across Fourth Avenue could possibly get a second hearing. But it requires fifteen hearings for the city officials to give permission to remedy all these defects over the obstruction of private interests, who do not know what is good for them, and whose obstruction is rational only if unavowed reasons are motives.

The proposal on behalf of Mr. MCANENY and Mr. LEWIS of what is known as the Lloyd Collis plan is simply to move the mouth of the tunnel a block further north. The street is twenty feet wider there, and the length of the ramp is prolonged by the distance the face of the tunnel is shifted northward. Thus the grades are eased, two roadways are provided instead of one, there are better sidewalk arrangements, and street car transfers are at grade, the stairway being unecessary. Incidentally and without added cost, provision is made for any possible crosstown subway. Real estate authorities testify for the city that there may be a possible balance over cost through increase of valuations following the improvement, and the facilitation of traffic throughout all that neighborhood.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

University Activities Broadening. Columbia University is planning to resume next Fall and to continue through the Winter on a more elaborate scale than before the work of what used to be called "university extension." This is to be done by its Institute of Arts and Sciences. The announced purpose is to provide educational facilities, literary, aesthetic, and other, for busy men and women and for persons of leisure who have neither opportunity nor desire to pursue a formal academic course of study.

The effort will be more than to give instruction; it will also be "to awaken a stronger sense of social solidarity." Otherwise stated, Columbia, like all other progressive universities, realizes the possibilities for good that lie in widening the scope of its teaching powers till they shall include many whose school days, in the common significance of that phrase, ended a greater or less number of years ago. Carried to its ideal length, the plan would make a college the centre of light and leading, not to a few hundred boys and girls alone, but to everybody in all communities that come within what might be described as its radius. Some of the Western State universities have gone far in this direction, and while those of the East have not been as active in extending their educational influences, doubtless because there was less need of it than in the West, all of them are now doing something of the sort and something more each year.

The Columbia Institute of Arts and Sciences is open to all desiring to become members. This is done by paying an annual fee of $10, with an additional enrollment fee of $5 after the first thousand have joined. As members they will have the right to attend all lectures, concerts, readings, &c., given by the institute during the season between October and April, and these will be so composed and arranged as to fall into "courses" on various subjects. One who is particularly interested in philosophy and psychology, for instance, can hear their different branches discussed by high authorities in and out of the university Faculty, and others, in like manner, can get instruction, if they prefer, from other competent lecturers on social science, on history and education, on science and travel, on domestic science, on art and architecture, on literature and drama, and on music, both discussed and performed.

Difference Is Still Inferiority. It is somewhat amusing, as well as of interest, that the Japanese are receiving from many quarters, just now, the same grave assurance given to the women ambitious for the vote by the more courteous of their opponents—they are told that the discriminations against them are not because they are in any way inferior, but because they are in many ways different, from those to whom what they want is granted.

To those who make it, this argument seems convincing as well as inoffensive. The trouble with it is that, for good reasons or bad, it does not convince either the Japanese or the women, and it does offend them both, for both, while they admit the differences frankly enough, insist that they are not relevant, in the one case to naturalization and in the other to the franchise. As discussion cannot proceed profitably when premises are not admitted—when each side charges the other with begging the question at issue—the situation in both cases is rather serious.

As for the Japanese, an eminent British publicist, Sir VALENTINE CHIROL, is telling them, perhaps from a sporting desire to make an already pretty quarrel still prettier, that while the characterization of them as "Asiatics" is correct, geographically, that is an accuracy of no real importance, since they have proved the inclination as well as the capacity to be civilized after the western fashion. Living in London, it is easy for Sir VALENTINE to say this—much easier than it is to answer him. The difficulty for us to reply, however, is no greater than it is for his own people in Australia, who have discriminated against and excluded the Japanese far more fiercely and rudely than have the Californians, while the British Columbians are as determined as are the Californians to hold the Japanese undesirable as close neighbors in exact proportion to their numbers.

Deep down in our hearts, we all know that an assertion of difference is what we deny it to be—an assertion of inferiority—except in the rare, very rare, instances when it is a confession of superiority. Everybody now alive descends from ancestors by whom a foreigner, an alien, was hated or despised, according to whether he was strong or weak. We are trying to get rid of both feelings, now, and are fairly successful, when our interests are not involved, but some of the fear or scorn of unlikeness survives, a universal human trait.

Doing the Impossible in Panama. Should the Panama Canal be opened, even unofficially, next October, that fact will not add appreciably to its impressiveness as a piece of engineering. Should the great work, however, be completed then, a year and a half or so before the original estimates promised it, it will be quite enough to make the canal a wonder of the world among enterprises like it carried out under public, as distinguished from private, control.

But not only will the canal diggers do better — Culebra willing — than their word as to time, but they will keep well within the money limit that was set for them. For public construction that is a breaking of precedents and a contradiction of experience that will make every Court House, every Post Office, and every State Capitol in the country redden with indignation. Also every contractor who has ever worked for the Government.

What the army men have done down there may be magnificent, but it is not business. At any rate, it is not "business," which is a little different and much more popular, seemingly.

And they do say, people who really ought to know, that there has been no "graft" in the Zone—that the officials in charge, though very distinctly visible to all comers with anything to sell, are never "seen" by them!

Of course these things cannot be; they just are—which is most confusing to the mind, since they almost necessitate a revision of fixed and therefore dear notions that the abuses of public construction and ownership are their necessary and inevitable evils.

EUGENIST MARRIAGES

Said to Require Health Certificates for Both Sexes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of this morning appears a letter signed "D. L.," under the heading "Why Not Healthy Brides," referring to an announcement of a Montclair, N. J., clergyman that hereafter he would perform no marriage ceremony without a certificate of good health from the bridegroom-to-be. Your correspondent asks: why this sex discrimination?

Among the many who are in favor of the clean-bill-of-health certificate there are some who merely wish to protect the bride and her unborn children from certain infectious diseases. For obvious reasons they consider that the man only should present a medical certificate. The others, the eugenists, go further and demand certificates from both the man and the woman in order to prevent the marriage of the unfit. The eugenists are in the majority.

In the various States in which bills have been introduced calling for the medical certificate both sexes are mentioned, with but one exception. In this State Senator Dubanel's bill requires a certificate from both parties. EUGENIST.

New York, May 19, 1913.

Avenue Letter Boxes Preferred.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you kindly advise me through your readers the reasons for the general removal of letter boxes from their stations on the avenues to the side streets?

In my opinion the side streets are a most inconvenient place for the letter boxes. Let well enough alone. Why make inconsistent changes? B. R. S.

New York, May 19, 1913.

SUFFERING ARMENIANS.

Lady Frederick Cavendish and Co-adjutors Tell of Their Destitution.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May we appeal in your columns for a people who, during all their centuries of sorrow, have never suffered more than at this moment? I mean the Armenian Christian subjects of the Porte. The war between Turkey and the allied Balkan States has taken the husbands and fathers to fight against men whom they regard as brothers; they have died on Thracian battlefields, or have fallen victims to cholera, adding more widows and orphans to those already supported by charity. To purchase exemption from service costs £40, and these poor souls have not forty pence; those who possessed vehicles and cattle have been deprived of them for war purposes.

The war with Italy ruined trade with the Mediterranean ports, locusts have destroyed the year's crops, and the people are still suffering from the effects of the awful Winter of 1910-11, when, in some parts of the empire, 95 per cent. of the cattle died and fruit trees were utterly destroyed. The price of provisions has gone up by leaps and bounds, and the condition of the people is a desperate one. The following is from a mission letter of Jan. 29:

> There is much distress all over Turkey owing to the effects of the war, and peace cannot come too soon. Men taken for soldiers, families left destitute, no man to bring the Winter wood or fodder for the stock or to earn money for food. The result for many cannot be other than pain, desolation, and death. In Caesarea weeping women and hungry children left to face the Winter in want and sorrow with no one to defend them. We hear dreadful stories of the sufferings in so many places, and it looks now (with all this snow) as though we were going to have a severe Winter. What must it be elsewhere? There will surely be dreadful suffering before Spring.

From Broussa we learn that, in a neighboring village, "Five or six are dying daily from starvation." The missionaries plead with aching hearts for the means to take the little children, at least, from their miserable hovels, where they have no chance of education, or of spiritual development. We know that well-trained, well-educated, well-fed children are a country's best asset, and those already saved have rapidly developed physically, mentally, and morally, because of proper food, care, and training. They stand for the future Christian population of this country.

Will not the wealthy and generous people of America listen to this tale of undeserved suffering, and help their own missionaries in the blessed work of relief?

With full hearts we ask it. Gifts may be sent to Rev. Dr. Barton, the Board of Foreign Missions, Beacon Street, Boston, or to the "Friends of Armenia," 47 Victoria Street, London, S. W., England. They will be thankfully received and acknowledged. Yours faithfully,

LUCY C. F. CAVENDISH,
President.
EDITH FRASER,
Vice President.
E. W. BROOKS,
Honorary Treasurer.
RADSTOCK,
J. HEREFORD,
BASIL WILBERFORCE,
F. B. MEYER,
RENDELL HARRIS,
MARY HICKSON.

DEFENDS FEATHER IMPORTS.

Prohibition by Tariff Bill Called Sentimental and Unfair.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Since sending you my answer to Mr. Levenson's letter, a cable message from Europe has been received giving additional information about the paradise situation in New Guinea. This cable states that the New Guinea law prohibits the killing of females and that, even if this were not so, the females are not wanted, as they have no desirable plumage and the number of male birds is greatly in excess of the number of female birds. This would indicate that the word "female" as applied to paradise feathers means a certain quality of stock, and not the sex of the bird. All of which would seem to make any prohibition of the importation of paradise birds unnecessary.

Mr. Levenson favored this prohibition on account of the fact that Dr. Hornady says that one species of the paradise bird is nearly extinct. From reports on the situation it appears that it is very difficult to know the exact facts in the case, as there is an area of many hundreds of square miles where the paradise birds live and breed in great numbers and where the condition of the climate is such that few hunters dare venture into it, as nearly all who do take a fever and die.

But even if one species of the paradise bird were extinct, that does not seem a good reason for not using the other species. The dodo became extinct before there was a millinery business. Buffaloes are nearly extinct but we still kill cattle to eat. It really seems reasonable to leave the preservation of these birds in the hands of the Dutch Government. The Dutch are noted for thrift and it is quite probable that their regulations in this matter are sufficient. At any rate, before making a wild guess that they are not sufficient, would it not be better to get some competent and unbiased testimony on the subject?

Mr. Levenson did not deny that this clause in the Tariff bill was unfairly inserted without giving any of the feather interests a chance to present arguments against it.

Inasmuch as this provision is not intended to produce revenue (which on the contrary it prohibits) or to protect American industry (which it will injure) but is merely a provision inserted to please sentimentalists, it does seem that the business interests which it threatens with extinction should be given a chance to be heard and that such action should not be taken except after full investigation. A. L. HAMILTON,
Vice President The Illustrated Milliner Company.

Revenge of the Militants.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Could there be anything more illuminating as to the character of the English militants than the concluding sentence of F. W. Pethick Lawrence's letter in THE TIMES? Mr. Lawrence writes:

> Had men given women the vote as an act of justice seven years ago it might have been comparatively little used. Had they yielded to the demand put forward to-day it might not have affected many other countries besides our own. But if women take the vote as a result of a further period of fierce conflict, then that victory will bear fruit in every part of the civilized world.

In other words, had the vote been given to these women the moment they asked for it they might have forgotten it forthwith for some new toy; had it been given them after they had kicked and screamed for it awhile, even then that rash parent, man's government, might have escaped its deserts; but now— M. L. H.

New York, May 19, 1913.

"JERSEY JUSTICE."

Gov. Fielder Fails to See It in the Selection of Juries.

State of New Jersey,
Executive Department,
Trenton, May 20, 1913.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The subject of jury reform is not a new subject, either in local or legislative discussion. Juries, especially Grand Juries, have notoriously been subject to political control and improper influences, and a change in our system has been discussed for years, but no previous Legislature has made any serious endeavor to provide a remedy. It seems to have needed the scandals in Atlantic and Hudson Counties to infuse new life in the demand. I make no criticism of any Sheriff now in office, and it is not necessary for me to mention any previous Sheriff. I am not criticising men. It is the system I condemn. The system has defied and thwarted justice in many of our counties. If allowed to continue it will work an evil in the future, as it has many times in the past. The fair test of every scheme of government is whether it works equal justice to all and special protection to none. Any system, or part of a system, that makes it possible for an official through a jury he can draw to say to one man "You shall go free, though guilty," and to another "You shall be punished, though innocent," has no place and cannot be tolerated under a constitution which provides that "government is instituted for the protection, security, and benefit of the people, and they have the right at all times to alter or reform the same whenever the public good may require it."

The power of a Grand Jury is far-reaching. It is the foundation of the administration of our criminal law. Without the fair and untrammeled performance of its functions justice is defeated, and to repose in one man the exclusive and unlimited control over the selection of such an important body is to place in his hands an instrument which he may use, and which has been used, with serious consequences. The elevation of a man to the office of Sheriff has frequently been largely due to political favor, as the result of political reward. In the light of past experiences it is no longer satisfactory that purely political agencies be permitted to intervene in the enjoyment of life, liberty, and property.

Under the old boss system the boss usually selected the Sheriff. With the control of this important office the boss was free to command any service from his followers under a guarantee of protection and immunity against any of their misdeeds. For the boss, we have in some counties, despite the restraining influences of the Geran law, substituted a machine. The Sheriff may easily be a creature of the machine, instead of a boss, owing his allegiance to some organization; through him and his absolute control over the naming of men who shall sit on the Grand Jury the machine has power to protect the faithful and punish the opposition. Every Sheriff is willing to oblige his friends by placing them, or their friends, on the Grand Jury, and there is always the possibility that persons interested in the deliberations of the Grand Jury may thus secure from an unsuspecting, but obliging, Sheriff, a friend and protector between them and indictments. It is argued that the people select the Sheriff and that they should be trusted to choose the kind of man they want. But the difficulty is that the Sheriff is usually a man who has seen political service, and bases his claim to election on promotion or reward. If he is what is called "a good fellow" I have never known it possible to elect or defeat him on any single issue, and the question of good juries is always obscured by, or involved with, other issues. I do not believe the people care much who selects the juries, provided the method of selecting is surrounded by ample safeguards. I do know they want the persons who do the selecting taken out of politics. New Jersey is the only State, I believe, which allows the Sheriff or other political officer absolute power to draw Grand Juries.

While we have seen the extraordinary course of the appointment of elisors to draw juries in counties where the performances of the Sheriffs created a scandalous condition, the defects of the system are not shown in the Grand Juries alone, but extend to the trial juries as well. In my own county I have seen the lame, the halt, and the almost blind drawn to hear and decide our civil cases; men who from disease, infirmity, or disinclination to work, were out of employment, taking this easy method of earning $2 per day. I have seen them serving at frequent terms of court, until their faces were as familiar as those of the Judges or the court attendants. I have known the time when it was common talk about the Court House that verdicts in accident cases against certain corporations could seldom be obtained, and, if secured, were for ridiculously small sums, and so insistent was the charge of jury fixing that the Bar Association had it under investigation and the suspects were emphatically warned to desist from their nefarious practices.

Do we need a referendum to the people to decide this question? Is the matter not one of abstract justice which every intelligent member of the Legislature should determine for himself? Is it not this: Shall we perpetuate a system under which serious abuses have occurred and are likely to again happen or shall we enact a new law under which such things will be prevented? I fail to see how any Democratic member of the Legislature can hesitate as to his duty. I repeat that this is no subject to approach from a partisan view point, and I mention the Democrats because I believe the responsibility for following the proper course is peculiarly theirs, and that they have solemnly bound themselves by our party platform to do so. JAMES F. FIELDER.

The I. W. W.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE TIMES's article of Sunday's meeting in Paterson was very much to the point.

The impression is growing that instead of being called "Industrial Workers of the World" the I. W. W. should be known as the "Industrial Wreckers of the World."

New York, May 19, 1913. M. S.

NIGHT ON NEW YORK BAY.

The day with slow, reluctant feet
Has slipped beyond the purple hills,
And night steals out with laughter sweet
To drop her stars in limpid rills.

Out where the cool, brown sand bars lie
The sea creeps in, a weary thing,
Trailing in long, low, aimless sweep,
Its white foam like a broken wing.

High overhead the frozen moon
Like some pale ghost takes noiseless flight—
A troubled spirit, ever doomed
In penance thus to haunt the night.

FLORENCE JONES HADLEY.

NO JULY 4 APPROPRIATION.

Budget Allowances Will Not Allow It, Curran Says.

The Finance Committee of the Aldermen decided unanimously yesterday not to approve the expenditure of $50,000 for a safe and sane Fourth of July celebration this year. Alderman Henry H. Curran, who is Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Fourth of July Committee, explained that the money could not be granted because the city's special revenue bond account was so low that the money could not be diverted to this purpose.

"The Board of Estimate," said Alderman Curran, "left out of the budget for this year many items which should have been included in it. There was an item of $100,000 for water supply and $100,000 for Fire Department hose, as well as money for food for Bellevue and Allied Hospitals and food and clothing for the Corrections Department which should have been included in the budget, but which was not. Then there are old appropriations made by previous Boards of Aldermen which departments are now taking up and using. Our special revenue bond limit is but $2,000,000 for one year, and, while the board has no disposition to curtail or prevent, needlessly, a Fourth of July celebration, we cannot possibly spend $50,000, which is not available for any such purpose."

TO GRADE PARK AVENUE.

Board of Estimate Adopts McAneny Plan for Thirty-fourth Street.

The Board of Estimate at an executive session voted yesterday in favor of Borough President McAneny's plan to grade Park Avenue at Thirty-fourth Street. The proposal has been before the board for several months, and all that is now needed for the improvement to be made is the formal approval of the board at its regular meeting, which will probably be given to-morrow.

The McAneny plan, which is based largely upon designs furnished by Lloyd Collis, consulting engineer of the Fourth Avenue Association, provides for the lowering of the surface of Thirty-fourth Street at its intersection with Fourth Avenue 6.22 feet, and a consequent reduction of grade to the east and west of Park Avenue. The estimated cost is $150,000. There has been much opposition to the plan, particularly from property holders in the immediate vicinity. Charles D. Wetmore has led the opposition, and it was said yesterday that if the Board of Estimate finally approves the plan the controversy would be taken into the courts.

OPTIONAL WORKMEN'S BILL.

Connecticut Legislature Passes Compensation Measure.

HARTFORD, May 20.—The House of Representatives concurred with the Senate to-day in passing an optional Workmen's Compensation bill. It will be signed by the Governor, as, with one exception, only those amendments suggested by him were accepted by the committee after reporting the measure to the General Assembly.

The bill applies to employers of five or more persons, excluding casual labor. The common law defenses are swept away in the event of litigation from the party in interest, who has refused to accept the compensation law.

Adjustments of compensation for death or injuries go to Commissioners, of whom there is one for each Congressional district. The minimum compensation for injuries is $5 a week and the maximum $10. Dependency is taken care of, and compensation for disabilities is based on tables of liability companies.

The bill will be effective so far as organizing the commission is concerned on Oct. 1, in its entirety it will become law on Jan. 1 next.

PASS PICTURE SHOW LAW.

Aldermen Adopt Amendments Proposed by Alderman Dowling.

The Aldermen voted, 70 to 2, yesterday in favor of an ordinance regulating moving-picture shows. It was not the ordinance proposed by Alderman Folks, which had been before the board on several occasions, but an amendment to it proposed by Alderman Dowling, and known as the Dowling ordinance. This ordinance does not permit of any balconies in moving-picture theatres, and the space inside the theatre, for the accommodation of not more than 600 patrons, must be at least forty feet wide.

The Aldermen wrangled for a long time before the ordinance was adopted, the first fight being on the substitution of the minority for the majority report. The minority report was adopted by a vote of 35 to 34, several of the Aldermen refusing to vote. The ordinance will now go to the Mayor and, should he veto it, the Tammany members feel that they will get enough votes to pass it over his veto.

ART NOTES.

Prizes Awarded for Y. W. C. A. and National Academy of Design.

The art classes of the Young Women's Christian Association are holding to-day an exhibit of the students' work for the year. These classes have been conducted from the first in a spirit hospitable to new ideas and sound methods. Much of the work of the third year students entirely escapes the taint of amateurish execution, and the designs are more influenced by the principles of the models studied than by their superficial features. Among the exhibits are a number of exercises in color founded upon the "orderly palette" established by Denman Ross in his recent book on the science of color, and the results, particularly in the management of yellow, are extremely encouraging as to the practical aid to the student of what might be called a keyboard of color. It is rational to suppose that color systematically arranged can be played upon with greater certainty of result than color existing in unsystematized relations. Certainly in the little studies of flowers and still life shown the personal feeling so far from being obliterated is rather stronger than is usual with the work of students.

The awards were made by George W. Breck and William Laurel Harris, Isabelle Barrett, receiving the first year scholarship with honorable mention for Alice Hall and Gertrude S. Kramer; and Mary Buzzoni receiving the second year scholarship, the honorable mention going to Dorothy Schiller and Kathleen Voute, and the first year embroidery scholarship for color to Margaret Horne. The awards for excellence in the embroidery class were made by Mrs. J. Mowbray Clarke and Mrs. Jerome Myers. Evelyn Whitby receives the scholarship and Mary Buzzoni and Henrietta Delzeroth honorable mention. The scholarship for evening costume drawing goes to Jessie Wright and honorable mention to Margaret Brown.

The National Academy of Design also announces its awards. In the antique school silver medals are won by Joseph H. Bursch, William Hill, and Kohmen Oswald, and bronze medals by Richard L. Brown, Richard Andritzke, Marcus Perper, Jennie Almgren and George Arjakse. In the life schools the Cammeyer Prize of $100 was won by George Davidson, other money prizes by Sybil L. Rebman, William Meyerowitz, J. Trotta, Samuel Kaplan, John Matulka, Gustave J. Dill and Bernard I. Green. The prize of $100 in the composition class goes to Abraham Harriton and the other money prizes to Maud F. Berneker and Frank L. Nicolet. Sybil L. Rebman and Abraham Harriton take the first and second prizes in the etching class, silver medals are taken by Mark Goldschmidt, Edwin A. Davis, Abraham Ginsburg and Emile Gruppe. In the sculpture class the first prize goes to Duane Champlain for the figure and to Emilio E. Angelo for composition. The Edward Mooney N. A. memorial scholarship, two years study and travel abroad, is awarded to Maurice Askinazy.

WITHHOLD APPROVAL OF COURT HOUSE PLAN

Municipal Art Commission Asks the Opinion of Other Bodies Still to be Consulted.

TO REARRANGE THE STREETS

Borough President Would Change Site of Proposed Building by Adding to Ground for Civic Centre.

The Municipal Art Commission met with the County Court House Board yesterday afternoon in the offices of the Board at 115 Broadway and went over Guy Lowell's plans for the new Court House. It was the first time the commission had examined the plans in detail, and the members decided not to take any definite action upon them for the time being.

L. Laflin Kellogg, Secretary of the Court House Board, explained after the meeting that the commission had decided before expressing its formal opinion on the design that some further steps should be taken toward obtaining the approval of other bodies which must be consulted. The Court House Board has approved the design in most respects, and the plans must now be sent to the Supreme Court Justices, who will pass upon them from the point of view of the convenience of their internal arrangement.

Then Borough President McAneny is outlining a new plan for the arrangement of the streets near the Court House site. He has informed the Board of Estimate that he feels the city should take, before the present Court House condemnation proceedings are closed, the plot immediately to the north of the Municipal Building and bounded on the east by City Hall Place and a new street to be cut from the junction of Pearl Street and City Hall Place to the old Five Points. If this is done, as there seems to be little reason to doubt that it will be, it will permit of a shift in the exact location of the new Court House of thirty or fifty feet to the east, and thus provide it with a better setting.

Mr. Kellogg and Mr. McAneny hope that within ten days the Supreme Court Justices and the engineers and architects who are considering the Borough President's civic centre plans will be ready to report, and that then the Municipal Art Commission, with the entire plan before it, can take up at once the question of the approval of Mr. Lowell's plan. Neither Mr. Kellogg nor Mr. McAneny had anything to say about the attitude that the Art Commission was likely to assume on the Court House design yesterday, but it was understood that the members of the commission had no criticism to pass upon the structure from an artistic standpoint, and that they would in all probability approve it when the other complications had been met.

Clark, MacMullen & Riley, the engineers who were consulted on ventilation by Mr. Lowell at the request of the Court House Board, after examining the plans, sent a report to the architect approving of the system of ventilation provided. In their report the engineers say:

> The windows opening from the courtroom galleries, being near the ceiling, will form a natural outlet for the heated air, and the outside windows, which are at a lower level, will afford the necessary inlet. The location of gallery windows is such as to permit the escape of heated air directly upward without interference by the bridges.
>
> The annular light well, which divides the inner circle containing elevators, public toilets, &c., from the outer circle of courtrooms, Judges', and jury rooms, is well designed to provide a natural outlet for foul air from the windows opening from the courtroom galleries. Its shape and the numerous bridges, which cross it at each floor, tend to prevent disturbance of the air in the light well from without, which might otherwise interfere with the ventilation.
>
> It is conceivable that a windstorm of great violence might produce a suction on the leeward side of the building sufficient to temporarily reverse the normal flow of air in some of the courtrooms on that side. Since, however, the flues for ventilating the toilets will be connected with fans, which will be kept running at all seasons of the year, as would be required in any modern building of this size, the flow of foul air would be positive and into the toilet rooms from the corridor or light court at all times.

Artificial ventilation, the report goes on to say, will be provided, whereby an abundant supply of clean, warm, and sufficiently moistened air will be introduced at about the temperature of the room. At the same time a system of exhaust ventilation will remove the foul air fast enough to maintain the atmosphere in a pleasant and healthful condition.

The form of the building, the engineers continue, lends itself to an economical and efficient system of ducts, as it is possible to draw in outside air at points in the outer wall and distribute it by a system of ducts and flues, which decrease in size as they go inward, utilizing to advantage the irregular spaces provided for this purpose between the court rooms and elsewhere.

LINCOLN PAMPHLETS SOLD.

Isaac Smith's Address a Rare Item —Eulogy Also Auctioned Off.

A rare Abraham Lincoln item, the address by Isaac Smith at Foxborough, Mass., on April 19, 1804, delivered at the time of Lincoln's funeral, was bought on order for $20 at a sale of scarce books and pamphlets by the Merwin Company yesterday. A first edition of "The Uncommercial Traveler and Additional Christmas Stories," Boston, 1867, with introductory note by Charles Dickens, dated Boston, November, 1867, went to "Dover" for $10.

"A Romance in the Life of Wilkes Booth. By an American Physician," (R. A. Mason,) pamphlet, London,

MISS BURRILL BRIDE OF JACK A. RAINIER

Wedding Celebrated at St. Bartholomew's, Followed by Reception at the Gotham.

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT A GUEST

With Mrs. Taft and Many Well-Known New Yorkers—The Attendants and the Gowns.

The wedding was celebrated yesterday at 5 o'clock in St. Bartholomew's Church, Madison Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, of Jack Adincourt Rainier, a son of Mr. and Mrs. John T. Rainier, and Miss Amy Livingston Burrill, the daughter of Mrs. Charles Dayton Burrill and a granddaughter of the late John E. Burrill.

The church was decorated in white Spring flowers and palms. Miss Burrill wore a gown of whote charmeuse veiled with chiffon embroidered in pearls and draped with point lace. The court train of charmeuse was embroidered in pearls and orange blossoms. Her tulle veil was held with a wreath of myrtle with clusters of orange blossoms over the ears, and her bouquet was white orchids and lilies of the valley. She also wore a diamond circlet, a gift from the bridegroom, and a string of pearls. She walked up the nave with her brother, John Mansfield Burrill, who gave her in marriage.

The two matrons of honor were Mrs. S. Frith Pickslay and Mrs. J. Malcolm Clark. They wore gowns of white shadow lace, with tunics of palest blue chiffon. Their white lace hats were trimmed with pink roses, and had long pale blue ribbon streamers at the back. They carried sheaf bouquets of pink bridesmaids roses.

Mr. Rainier's best man was John Swann of Pittsburgh, and the ushers were Edward J. Wood, who took the place of George Quintard; Jerome Alexandre, J. Malcolm Clark, Allan Brown, Thomas White, and R. Craig Van Deventer. The Rev. H. C. Robbins of the Church of the Incarnation officiated. The church ceremony was followed by a reception at the Hotel Gotham, where Spring flowers were also the decorations.

Mrs. Burrill, in an orchid pink changeable taffeta, with a corsage of white lace and a white lace hat with orchids, and Mrs. Rainier, in white moire with a white lace vest and royal blue velvet girdle and sash and a black picture hat, assisted the bride and her attendants in receiving.

After their bridal trip Mr. and Mrs. Rainier will be at the Vanderbilt Hotel until they open their cottage at Allenhurst, N. J., which they have rented for the Summer.

Among the guests asked were ex-President William Howard Taft and Mrs. Taft, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Rockhill, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Livingston Morse, Mrs. James Gallatin, Mr. and Mrs. Albert R. Gallatin, Mrs. C. D. Burrill, Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Burrill, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Rainier, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Barnum, Mrs. Jerome Alexandre, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Van Buren, Miss Vera Van Buren, the Countess Costelm, Mrs. George Forsythe, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Geddes Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Rainier, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lee Rainier, and Mrs. Thomas Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Hayden Eames, Addison Mizner, and Mr. and Mrs. Alexander MacAdams of Philadelphia.

MISS PRENTICE'S WEDDING.

Attendants Chosen for Her Marriage to J. C. Hoagland.

Miss Eleanor S. Prentice, whose marriage to Joseph C. Hoagland will take place on Saturday, May 31, at Rumson, N. J., in the Church of St. George's-on-the-River, will have her sister, Mrs. Reeve Schley, as her matron of honor, and the bridesmaids are to be the Misses Ruth Moller, daughter of Mrs. Charles G. Moller, Jr.; Hazen Symington, daughter of Mrs. Albert Symington; Katharine Hoagland, a sister of the bridegroom-to-be, and Miss Doris Porter, a cousin of Mr. Hoagland.

Mr. Hoagland, who is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Hoagland, will have Philip B. Fisher of Philadelphia as his best man, and the ushers selected are his brother Raymond Hoagland, Jr., E. Drexel Godfrey, Bernon S. Prentice, a brother of Miss Prentice, who married Miss Clare Ellsworth, and Harry I. Caesar.

The wedding will take place at noon and the wedding breakfast will be served at Meadow Croft, the Monmouth Beach Summer home of the bride's father, William S. P. Prentice.

The New York guests will be conveyed by boat and rail to and from the wedding.

Cahan-Whitehead Wedding.

The wedding of Miss Cecile Whitehead, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander P. Whitehead, and Charles Hazlett Cahan, Jr., is to take place on Thursday, June 26, at the home of the bride's parents, 620 West 116th Street, in the presence of the nearest relatives and friends. Mr. Cahan is a young lawyer of Montreal and the son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Cahan of Montreal.

Miss Kitching Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert James Kitching of 988 Park Place, Brooklyn, are announcing the engagement of their daughter, Miss Florence Kitching, to Fitz John Porter, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Holbrook Fitz John Porter of 15 East Tenth Street, this city. Mr. Porter is a graduate of Columbia, Class of '12. No date has been set for the wedding.

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INDIANS TO GIVE 'HIAWATHA.'

Woman's Municipal League Plans Outdoor Performance.

The Indian Players from the Government reservation on Lake Erie are to give a picture masque after Longfellow's "Hiawatha" from June 9 to July 5, under the auspices of the Woman's Municipal League, in the Woodland Theatre on the Delafield estate at Fieldston, which is between Riverdale and Van Cortlandt Park. The performances will be given twice a day.

Among those interested in the affair are Col. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Seth Low, Borough President and Mrs. McAneny, District Attorney and Mrs. Whitman, Mr. and Mrs. St. Clair McKelway, President John H. Finley, and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Delafield.

Mrs. Edward R. Hewitt is President of the league.

Mme. Bernhardt Adds Three Days.

The engagement of Mme. Sarah Bernhardt at the Palace Theatre has again been extended to include six performances on the first three days of next week, advantage having been taken of the possibility of transferring her booking to La Lorraine, which sails on Thursday morning. The bill for both performances on Monday will be "Tosca," on Tuesday "A Christmas Night," and on Wednesday "Camille." At the end of her engagement on Wednesday she will have played 340 performances during her present American tour, and missed only one performance, due to an automobile accident in Los Angeles, in which her ankles were injured.

Lambord Society Concert.

The Lambord Choral Society will give its second subscription concert at Earl Hall, Columbia University, to-morrow evening. A section of the Metropolitan Opera House Orchestra, it is announced, will assist, under the baton of Benjamin Lambord. A Wagner programme will be given.

Mr. and Mrs. Hearst to Entertain.

Mr. and Mrs. William Randolph Hearst have issued invitations for a reception and dance at their home, 137 Riverside Drive, on Thursday evening, May 29, to meet the Secretary of the Navy and the Commander-in-Chief and officers of the Atlantic Fleet.

HEAR W. G. ROCKEFELLER.

Younger Man a Witness in Pulpwood Suit Against Father.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 20.—William G. Rockefeller was a witness in the Supreme Court to-day in an action brought by the International Paper Company against his father, William Rockefeller, to recover about $65,000 for alleged breach of contract to furnish pulpwood.

The International Company alleges that in 1900 the elder Rockefeller contracted to supply the company mill on the Saranac River with pulpwood at $5.50 a cord, which was then a fair market price. An order for 60,000 cords was placed, but the price of cord wood began to soar, according to the paper company, and Mr. Rockefeller failed to fulfill the agreement, supplying only 26,250 cords in the year the contract ran. It is alleged that during that time he sold wood to other concerns.

In defense, the allegation was made that the claim had become outlawed, and that the contract was conditional. Further it was asserted that forest fires ruined the wood for the purposes of the paper company, and that consequently it was impossible to fill the contract.

It is expected that the trial will occupy several days.

Festival for Mothers' Fund.

The Bronx branch of the Widowed Mothers' Fund, of which Mrs. William Einstein is President, will give a strawberry festival at Burland Casino, 809 Westchester Avenue, on Saturday evening. The Entertainment Committee consists of Mrs. B. Booth, Chairman; Mrs. M. Gordon, Mrs. A. Jaffer, Mrs. E. Robinson, Mrs. J. Hurwitz, and Mrs. I. Crane. There will be music and dancing, and Mrs. Harry Kraft will sing.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Miss Zoe Hannah, whose marriage to John Norris Thorne is set for June 18 in the church of the Heavenly Rest, will have Miss Elisabeth Duryee as her only attendant. Mr. Thorne has not yet decided upon his ushers. The ceremony is to be followed by a reception at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. John Hannah, 471 Park Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. James W. Hawes will leave for Europe on May 31 on the Carmania. They plan to return the latter part of September.

Mrs. Frederick S. Delafield, who has been at Lenox, has returned to town, and is at the Vanderbilt. Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Beach left the hotel yesterday for Dark Harbor, Me., where they expect to spend the Summer.

Sir George Houstoun Reid, who was here as a peace delegate, was entertained at dinner by Mr. and Mrs. William Allen of 51 East Sixty-fifth Street before sailing on the Mauretania for England.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Watson gave a small farewell dinner at the St. Regis before leaving for Europe on the Mauretania.

The wedding of Miss Frances G. Thorne, a daughter of Gilbert G. Thorne, and Alden S. Blodget will take place at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon in Old Trinity Church, and will be followed by a small reception at the residence of the bride's father, 44 West Fifty-first Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Cass Gilbert are occupying their country home, Cannon Ball House, at Ridgefield, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Shaw of Drexel Road, Overbrook, Penn., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Edythe Shaw, to Ensign John P. Dalton, U. S. N.

Mr. and Mrs. David M. Morrison and their children, Miss Abby Morrison and Putnam Morrison, will occupy a cottage at Monmouth Beach this Summer, instead of going abroad as in previous Summers.

Miss Katherine B. Schley, who spent the Winter and Spring at Pasadena, Cal., will spend the Summer in Alaska, and will not return to New York before Autumn. Miss Marguerite Schley returned a few days ago from Pasadena, where she visited her sister for a couple of months.

Mr. and Mrs. Montaigu la Montagne, (Miss Hyldagarde Jurgensen,) who were married on May 12, will sail for Europe to-day, to spend most of the Summer abroad. On their return they will take a house on Long Island for the Autumn.

Mrs. Samuel Glover and her daughter, Miss Deborah Glover, are closing their house in Philadelphia, where they have spent the Winter, and will open Ambleside, their country place at Fairfield, Conn., for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Shields Clarke and their family are remaining at their town house, 50 Riverside Drive, owing to the serious illness of Mrs. Clarke, who was operated on for appendicitis. They expect now to open their Lenox home, Fernbrook House, early in June.

OLD HOMERS MARCH AROUND GREENWICH

Paraders Thread Its Criss-Cross Streets to the Strains of "Auld Lang Syne."

VILLAGE GAY WITH BUNTING

Boy Scouts, Guardsmen, Exempt Firemen and Ships' Stokers Aid In the Celebration.

Not since the draft riots of the civil war had Greenwich Village been so excited as it was last night, when through its confusing maze of streets the organizations of that ancient section of the city marched in a village parade.

It was the second night of the Greenwich Village Old Home Week, and not only did the present-day residents come out of their houses and tenements to see the fun, but back to the village came again the older folk who had strolled the criss-cross streets as boys and girls. Some came afoot, a little uncertain in tread, but determined not to be left out of the celebration, and some came in comfortable touring cars, from which they pointed out the landmarks to their smiling escorts of the second and third generations.

For their home-coming and for the parade the village was in gay attire. Flags were hung from many a red brick house built more than sixty years ago, and flags draped many a fanlight, while the dormer windows were crowded with young and old waving greetings.

It was a strangely assorted line that formed near Jefferson Market. The trim military march of the National guardsmen was offset by the shuffling step of the men who came out of the holds of ships moored at the piers along the village water front, for it is Greenwich Village water front where the Carpathia and the Mauretania dock, and at the head of these stokers and oilers marched their friend and champion, Father Philip McGrath of the Catholic Seaman's Mission, he whom West Street knows and fears and likes as the "Fighting Priest," the man who uses both the crucifix and his fists in his ministrations to the river's end. Then too, was in the parade. Then the sturdy trudge of the Boy Scouts was offset by the enfeebled step of the Exempt Firemen, the men of the red shirts and the hand engines, many of whom used to "run with the machine" half a century ago. It was a parade of contrasts.

"Auld Lang Syne" the Favorite.

It was a delightfully informal parade, too, with precious little clearing of the streets by the police, and apparently little need for any, so respectfully did even the youngest of the villagers hold the lines at the curb. The line was supposed to form near Jefferson Market, and, after a while, it did. Out of Christopher and Grove Streets, out of Waverley Place and Washington Place Col. Byrnes of the Ninth Regiment, the Grand Marshal, did finally assemble the marchers and start off with them.

Up Sixth Avenue to Fourteenth Street and across to Eighth Avenue, then down and into the village they marched. Then they turned this way and that, through Bank, Hudson, Leroy, Bedford, Fourth, Bleecker, Clarkson, and nearly all the other highways of Greenwich, they marched between sidewalks banked with a holiday crowd and every window filled with smiling faces. For once a non-political parade was in the evening, and what is more, for once a parade scorned to tread Fifth Avenue. And for once the favorite of the bands was not "Maryland, My Maryland," but "Auld Lang Syne," which was played over and over again.

The reviewing stand was just the plaza in front of the public school in Clarkson Street, that overlooks Hudson Park. A few favored guests were admitted to the seats arranged in rows there, and obviously the parade was to be reviewed by the man in the silk hat—Charles L. Galvin of the Parade Committee.

To those who gathered there early, it seemed as if the marchers would never arrive, and there was more than one audible speculation as to whether they had not lost their way in the tangle of streets.

It was well after 9 o'clock when the noise of a Boy Scouts' band heralded the arrival of the exempt firemen, who had deserted the parade at the entrance to the village and hurried to where seats were waiting for them. The two oldest of the little band of fifty—Jimmie Winters, who counts 90 years, and Dan Mott, who is only 83—were accorded of "sneaking off" when Clarkson Street was reached. When last seen they were making off along Carmine Street, arm in arm and bound for bed.

Old Vamps Tell of Big Fires.

While they waited for the more ambitious paraders to pass the reviewing stand, the old volunteer fire fighters, who gave up the business of fighting the flames back in 1865, indulged in reminiscences of the old days in the village. By all odds, they agreed, the biggest fire the village ever knew was when the hay barges at the foot of Christopher Street went up in flames. That was in 1862.

"We did not have big fires here," explained Charles Mulford, once of the hose company in Barrow Street, "because we put them all out before they could spread."

"And the biggest blaze I ever saw," chimed in another of the exempts, "was right there at Carmine and Clarkson Streets during the draft riots. On a tree there they strung up a black man, and then they burned him to death. That was the way the crowd felt that day—ugly. And they say the tree never grew right after that."

The janitor of the school was frankly puzzled at the large number of old men and women who had beamed on him since Old Home Week began, and told him they were born on the very spot where the school now stands.

"My," he said, "this must have been a twelve-story apartment house."

"That's nothing," put in the barkeeper from a saloon up in St. Luke's Place, at the end of the line of residences that used to be known as Political Row. "To judge from the number of old men that have told me to-day that they used to live on this corner as children, our saloon must have taken the place of an orphan asylum."

All this was while the parade was still "wandering through the village," to quote Col. Byrnes's own description of the march. It was nearly 10 o'clock when with banners and transparencies it marched past the school. The Tough Club, Greenwich House and all were represented, and some urchins had even stepped into the ranks with impromptu banners proclaiming them the "Village Bums."

After it was over the Ninth Regiment Band took possession of the flag-decked stand in Hudson Park, and spent the rest of the evening entertaining the crowd that packed the square and all the space around. Usually, according to the patrolman at the corner, Hudson Park feels crowded if the benches are full. It was jammed last night while the old firemen and the guardsmen went to St. Luke's Chapel for ice cream and cake.

This afternoon, in Old Home Week terms, will be Social Service Day, with tea served at a dozen institutions in the village.

MISS CONSTANT TO WED.

Invitations Out for Marriage to W. H. Gref on May 29.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss May Constant, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. S. Victor Constant, to William Hodgins Gref, son of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Gref, which is to take place on Thursday, May 29, at the residence of the bride, Park Hill, N. Y. The Rev. Leighton Williams is to officiate.

Miss Constant will have her cousin, Miss Constance Wilson, as her maid of honor, and the Misses Elizabeth Hodgins and Dorothy James are to be the bridesmaids. The Misses Alice and Mary Francis will act as flower girls.

S. Victor Constant is to be Mr. Gref's best man, and the ushers are to be Leon Generet and Victor Kitchen.

DROPS "DAMAGED GOODS."

Medical Review of Reviews No Longer Sponsor for the Play.

Frederic H. Robinson, President of the Sociological Fund of The Medical Review of Reviews, under the auspices of which "Damaged Goods" was produced, sent out a statement yesterday calling attention to the fact that the play, which is still being presented, is no longer under the auspices of his organization. Mr. Robinson says that he believes the public should know that the production is now "purely a commercial proposition." The fund, he said, had nothing to do with the production after the first few performances.

Mr. Robinson says that the Sociological Fund has been incorporated to present educational plays. Mr. Robinson thinks that the presentation of "Damaged Goods" was made possible by the Sociological Fund of The Medical Review of Reviews and that the entire work of presentation was undertaken and carried through by his magazine. Most theatrical people believe, however, that Richard Bennett, the actor, who was the first sponsor of the play, had a great deal to do with its presentation. He has said that the offer of The Medical Review of Reviews to sponsor the production was one out of several he received after his first announcement of his intention to produce the play.

$200 PAID FOR $2.50 COIN

And a Silver Dollar of 1852 Brings $115 in Jackson Auction.

The first day's sale by the United States Coin Company, 200 Fifth Avenue, of the collection of United States coins owned by Malcolm N. Jackson of Boston, Mass., brought a total of $6,418.45. Daniel R. Kennedy was the auctioneer.

A fine specimen of the rare variety of the 1797 eagle, four stars facing, small eagle on reverse, was bought by W. Raymond for $61.

S. H. Chapman of Philadelphia paid $35.25 for the rare half eagle of 1796, the 96 being over 95. For a rare half eagle of 1823, about uncirculated, mint lustre, Mr. Williams of Baltimore gave $52. He also paid $120 for the rare half eagle of 1825, the 25 over 24, about uncirculated, brilliant proof, and $100 for a fine example of the rare 1826 half eagle.

Mr. Raymond obtained for $50 the Dahlonega Mint three-dollar piece of 1854, showing only slight traces of circulation. This is the first specimen of this rarity offered in some time. William Hesslein of Boston gave $76 for a fine specimen of the rare three-dollar piece of 1873. Only twenty-five of them were coined. A rare brilliant-proof three-dollar piece of 1876 went to L. C. Gehring of Brooklyn for $160. Only forty-five pieces were coined.

The highest price of the session, $200, was paid by Mr. Raymond for a brilliant proof of the 1834 quarter eagle with motto. The coin is slightly rubbed on obverse field, but is possibly the finest known specimen. Mr. Raymond also gave $110 for the quarter eagle of 1842, $57.50 for the quarter eagle of 1848, struck from California gold, and $171 for the quarter eagle of 1863, of which only thirty specimens were struck.

Mr. Williams obtained for $160 the private gold $50 coin, United States Assay Office, San Francisco, 1852. S. H. Chapman paid $65 for the Massachusetts and California Company's $5 copper piece of 1849. Henry Chapman of Philadelphia bought for $150 the J. H. Bowie copper dollar. Mr. Raymond gave $75 for the silver dollar of 1794. Henry Chapman paid $100 for the silver dollar of 1851 and $115 for the silver dollar of 1852.

The sale will be continued to-day.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

"Within the Law" will be continued uninterruptedly all Summer at the Eltinge Theatre. Jane Cowl will be replaced in the cast on May 31 by Helen Ware and will return early in August, after a trip to Europe. Thomas Wilkes then heads the company which plays the piece in Chicago and San Francisco.

Laurette Taylor will appear for the 175th performance in "Peg o' My Heart" at the Cort Theatre to-night. "The Purple Road" reached its fiftieth performance at the Liberty last night.

The Shuberts announce special Decoration Day matinees in "Arizona" at the Lyric, "Iolanthe" at the Casino, and "Romance" at Maxine Elliott's.

The engagement of "Arizona" at the Lyric has been extended another week, and the New York run will now end with the performance of May 31.

The members of "The Honeymoon Express" company will go to the grounds of the Institution for the Deaf at Fort Washington Avenue and 163d Street this afternoon to root for its ball team, which will play the team of that institution. Their opponents will be guests of the management of the Winter Garden Friday evening, no matter which way the game goes.

A professional performance of the Princess Theatre playlets will be given on Friday afternoon for actors whose matinee performances are on the same days as those of Holbrook Blinn's company, and therefore have no other chance of seeing the performance.

The first charity fund benefit of the White Rats will be given Thursday evening, June 1, at Weber and Fields's Forty-fourth Street Theatre. Seats are now on sale at the clubhouse of the vaudeville association.

George Arliss sailed for England on the Mauretania at midnight last night. He plans to return in August for his fourth season in "Disraeli."

There will be a special performance on Thursday afternoon of "The Poor Little Rich Girl" at the Hudson Theatre for the benefit of school children.

The Marvelous Millers, dancers, have been added to the cast of the 1913 series of the "Ziegfeld Follies."

Mme. Gaillard and Maxie McDonald have been engaged for Fritzi Scheff's production of "Mlle. Modiste" at the Globe Theatre next week.

Mrs. Damoh Lyon will appear at the Mount Vernon Theatre with the stock company shortly in "The Lady from Oklahoma."

The first of the free displays of fireworks will be given at Palisade Park, opposite the 13th Street Ferry to-morrow night.

SAILING FOR EUROPE.

The Mauretania's Passengers—Arrivals on Two Liners.

Among those booked to sail to-day on the Mauretania for Liverpool are:

Mr. and Mrs. George Arliss, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Beer, A. Shirley-Benn, M. P.; Capt. Harry Beresford, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Carolan, J. B. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Chase, Miss Dorothy Chase, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Collingham, Richard Croker, Jr., Mrs. Croker, Martin Erdman, George R. Fearing, Lady M. Gifford, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Hay, Col. E. M. House, Mrs. House, the Rev. G. H. Kinsolving, Bishop of Texas; Mr. and Mrs. George Lauder, Miss E. S. Lauder, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lewisohn, Mrs. W. C. Osborn, Mrs. Theodore Page, Mr. and Mrs. Honore Palmer, Sir Robert Perks, Bart.; R. Malcolm Perks, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Pope, Mrs. Alexander D. B. Pratt, Sir Jacob Preston, the Hon. Neil Primrose, M. P.; Sir George Reid, Henry Rheinhardt, John A. Rutherford, Charles H. Sabin, Mr. and Mrs. Frank V. Shariss, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Talbott, Mrs. G. F. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Paul M. Warburg, F. S. Witherbee, H. G. Tetley, F. A. Stock, Mrs. C. Van Ness, Miss D. A. Upson, Arthur W. Ware, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Watson, and George L. Wilson.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of the passengers were:

KAISER WILHELM II. (Bremen)—M. T. Almas, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Brown, A. H. Carling, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Coleman, Miss Bessie Davis, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Ewing, Dr. Mortimer Frank, Prof. and Mrs. H. S. Hering, Arthur Iselin, Mrs. C. F. Lewis, Miss Cora H. Morris, Mrs. F. E. Price, Miss M. A. Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Sloan, E. S. Ullmann, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Warnick, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Wilbin, S. Cary, Mrs. L. W. Clark, A. Hopwood, H. C. Merritt, J. C. Kurzmann, E. A. Weber, E. B. Shepard, J. Reid, and Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Shaw, Jr.

FINLAND (Antwerp)—Mrs. C. Ascher, Mrs. Rose Blank, Jules Canon, Miss Louise Huber, George Lamare, Emil Lefever, J. Roth, George H. Vogel, Miss Mary Vogel, and Miss Elise Vogel.

FLAGLER SUCCUMBS TO INJURIES OF FALL

Standard Oil Capitalist and Railroad Builder Hurt Last February.

BEGAN WITH ROCKEFELLERS

At the Age of 55 He Went to Florida and Started Life Anew—Invested Nearly $50,000,000 There.

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., May 20.—Henry M. Flagler, capitalist and railroad builder, died at his Winter home here this morning after an illness of several weeks. Mr. Flagler fell down a flight of steps in his home last February, and because of his advanced age his recovery was not expected.

The funeral will take place at St. Augustine, Fla., at 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon from the Memorial Presbyterian Church. The Rev. Dr. George Morgan will conduct the funeral services. Interment will be in the Flagler mausoleum in the churchyard.

Mr. Flagler's Career.

Henry M. Flagler lived to the age of 83. They were eighty-three years of tremendous, varied, and sustained activity, and in their course he became one of the world's richest men. Like other Americans whose fortune must be reckoned by scores of millions, Mr. Flagler started on his business life young, very poor, and thrifty. He gradually withdrew from the manifold business interests which the years had brought him to a retirement amid surroundings indescribably sumptuous. It may be said of him that he lived two lives. It has been said of him that after he had reached the age of 55 and had won enormous wealth in Standard Oil he stopped and began life over again, with new interests, new activities, new environment. It he did not discover in his later years the fountain of eternal youth he found at least rejuvenation and found it where it was sought by Ponce de Leon—in Florida. Henry M. Flagler was the man who made Florida the luxurious Winter resort that it is to-day. He more than developed it. He created the "American Riviera." He built the chain of hotels which are unsurpassed in the world. He strung the narrow peninsula commonwealth with railroad tracks, and his crowning achievement was the oversea railway to Key West.

It was completed none too soon. It was on Jan. 22 of last year that the first train crossed to Key West—the Flagler special, carrying Mr. Flagler and the officials of his road, to be greeted at Key West with a roar of bursting bombs, the cheers of thousands and the waving of flags, while children sang and strewed the path with roses. The survey for that road was made in 1905, not long after the idea was born in Mr. Flagler's mind. He had already spent $30,000,000 in Florida, and, while he was willing to spend more, he was 75 years old. He was not given to emotional expression nor to much oral expression of any kind, but in his heart those closest to him knew that he was almost wistfully anxious to see the road completed before his death. His lieutenants worked feverishly in pushing the road out across the keys and their task was finished just a year ago. Mr. Flagler lived to see the trains thunder across the water from the tip of the State which men called his.

Starts Out with Carpetbag.

Henry M. Flagler was born in 1830 in a little village south of Rochester, N. Y., not far from the Town of Canandaigua. His father was a Presbyterian minister, and his childhood memories were of a home run on a salary of $400 a year. Probably the first picture of him is that of a fourteen-year-old boy, clad in a homespun coat, trudging along the road toward the village, and dragging with him a bulging country carpetbag. This was young Flagler's setting out with a few dollars in his pocket to make his fortune. He made it, but not until after years of frugal living and shrewd, careful work. When he finally landed in the Town of Republic, Ohio, it was with a five-franc piece, a five-cent piece, and four coppers. He kept the five cents until the day of his death. His first work at Republic was as a clerk in a store, where he sold candles and shoes and soap. His pay was $5 a month and found.

He never made more than $400 as an employe of other men, but out of that he saved money, and with his little accumulation went to Bellevue and there set up as a dealer in grain. Now, it happened that in Cleveland at that time was a commission merchant named John D. Rockefeller, to whom as an agent young Flagler shipped grain to be sold. Later, when Flagler had embarked in the distillery business and made a small fortune, which he lost in the salt business, he went to Cleveland, where John D. and William Rockefeller and Samuel Andrews had started a small oil refinery on the side of a hill. Backed by money put up by a relative, Flagler went into partnership. Then came the buying up of other little refineries and the incredible growth. In 1870 the partnership was closed and the Standard Oil Company was organized, with a capitalization of $1,000,000. So began the history of some of the world's biggest fortunes.

Mr. Flagler was a guiding spirit in Standard Oil for many years. With H. H. Rogers, William Rockefeller, and John D. Archbold, he remained a Vice President until June, 1908, and it was not until the latter part of 1911 that he resigned his Directorship. He was then a pretty old man and was relinquishing his interests when he could. But, aside from that, he was more and more absorbed in Florida and the completion of his beloved road to Key West.

In the more than a quarter century which he devoted to Florida he spent close to fifty millions there. He put twelve millions into hotels, eighteen into old railroads, a million or two into steamships, and the rest into the Key West extension. And he lived to see it finished.

Married Three Times.

Mr. Flagler's domestic life was of less even and serene progress. Little is known of his first wife. He married three times. His second wife was Ida Shourds, a pretty Philadelphia girl, the daughter of an Episcopalian clergyman, who had a brief experience on the stage. When Flagler met her he had been widowed for many years. They were married in 1888. His first wife had died, leaving him a little boy, but the second marriage was childless, and it was always said that this preyed on Mrs. Flagler's mind. She entered gracefully on her duties as hostess and wife of a man given to lavish entertainment. In Summer she presided over his home at Mamaroneck, in Winter over his home in Florida. In the Spring and Autumn her home was the Flagler house at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street. Mrs. Flagler did not know the sumptuous life long. She lost her reason. It left her by degrees, and in 1897 she was committed to Dr. McDonald's Sanitarium at Pleasantville. In 1899 she was pronounced incurably insane, a victim of delusions which represented her as a woman of royal birth about to marry the Czar of Russia. In that year Mr. Flagler was appointed a committee of her estate, but this charge was later shifted to Andrew Freedman, and in the last ten years of his trusteeship the estate has increased from $3,370,000 to twice that amount.

In that same year, 1899, Gov. Jennings of Florida signed the bill which made insanity of four years' standing ground for divorce in that State. It was openly hinted at the time that Mr. Flagler's influence was behind the bill. On Aug. 14, 1901, four years after Mrs. Flagler's commitment, he obtained his divorce, and a week later he married Lilly Keenan of Keenansville. They were married at Wilmington, N. C., when Mr. Flagler was 71 years old.

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Mme. Torriani's Pupils in Revital.

A song recital by the pupils of Mme. Torriani will be given at her studio, 877 West End Avenue, this evening. The vocalists include Miss Dominick, Mrs. Ledoux, Miss Clorinda Boardman, Miss Marion Gregory, Miss Virginia Nicholas, Miss Dorothy Flagg, Miss Jean Greer, Mrs. H. Kraft, Miss Mary A. Parsons, Miss Lenore Torriani, Mrs. John R. Sheehan, Miss Mary S. Van Winkle, Miss Aimee Hutchinson, Mrs. Delafield, Miss Mary P. Eno, Mrs. John Ross Delafield, Miss Frances De Peyster, Mrs. Russell Stuart Tucker, Mrs. William Brock Shoemaker, and Miss Julia Davies. The accompanists are Mrs. Berthe Vanden Berg, Joseph Holub, and Miss Aimee Hutchinson.

BISHOP DOANE BURIED.

Body Laid in Cathedral Crypt After Funeral Services.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 20.—The funeral of the Right Rev. William Croswell Doane, Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Albany, was held this afternoon in the Cathedral of All Saints, where he had labored for many years. Well-known Bishops, clergymen, and laymen of the Church were in attendance.

The services were conducted by the Right Rev. Richard H. Nelson, who succeeded to the Bishopric, assisted by Bishop David H. Greer of New York, Bishop William Lawrence of Massachusetts, and Dean Donald M. Brookman and Canon Thomas B. Fulcher of the Cathedral.

The body was placed in a crypt under the church, where are buried Mrs. Doane and her sister, Miss Elizabeth Condit, both of whom died in 1907. As the stone covering the vault was being lowered into place, a hymn, written by Bishop Doane in 1886, at the bicentennial celebration of the granting of a charter to the City of Albany, was sung.

The honorary pallbearers included Dr. Henry Hunn, Gen. Amasa J. Parker, Col. William Gorham Rice, and Dr. Howard Van Rensselaer of Albany; George Foster Peabody of Lake George, George C. Clark, George Macculloch Miller, and J. Pierpont Morgan of New York; Gen. C. W. Tillinghast of Troy, and W. W. Frazer of Philadelphia.

State Appraiser William Wentz.

William Wentz, State Transfer Tax Appraiser, of Brooklyn, 65 years old, died yesterday in St. John's Hospital, that borough, following an operation for stomach trouble. Mr. Wentz had for years been prominent in Republican politics in Brooklyn and had been President of the Levi P. Morton Club for several years.

Austrian Lives to be 104.

Bartholomew J. Gulguski, who was born 104 years ago in Austria, died on Monday at the home of his niece, Mrs. Mary Gouch, at 1,871 Seventy-first Street, Brooklyn. He came to this country when 30 years old and set up a shoemaker shop at Kingston, N. Y. He retired at the age of 90 years.

Obituary Notes.

MICHAEL A. BUCKLEY, 36 years old, a public school teacher, died yesterday at the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital.

MARK ARONSON, in business at 236 Fifth Avenue for twenty-five years, is dead in Paris, where he went on a business trip, with his son about three months ago.

PHILIP HARNISCHER, a Democratic member of the Board of Aldermen from the Thirty-ninth Aldermanic District from 1900 to 1908, died on Monday of nervous prostration at his home, 1,360 Washington Avenue. He was 48 years old, and was Secretary and Treasurer of the A. P. Diens Company, a hardware concern at 140 Third Avenue.

ENOCH DUTCHER, 65 years old, for thirty-five years connected with H. B. Claflin & Co., died on Monday at his home, 490 Riverside Drive. He was formerly a member of Company H, Seventh Regiment, and Treasurer of the Seventh Regiment Athletic Association.

JOSEPH VELT, a mechanical engineer and inventor, died of heart disease on Monday at his home, 505 West 142d Street. He was the inventor of a number of methods of fireproofing buildings.

BENJAMIN A. FRANK, 45 years old, of 27 East Ninety-fifth Street, died on Friday at his home.

BERNARD BRILE, a linen merchant, 58 years old, died on Monday at his home, 488 East 163d Street.

CHARLES MORTIMER MORTON, son of the late Samuel G. Morton of Philadelphia, died on Monday in Atlantic City.

DANIEL T. McGUIRE, son of the late Supreme Court Justice, Joseph McGuire, and a real estate broker of New York City, died on Monday at Knoxville, Tenn., after an accident which resulted in blood poisoning. Mr. McGuire was 42 years old.

EMILY LOUISE BOSTWICK FAY, founder and Regent of Fort Washington Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution of New York, died on Monday at the home of her son in Stamford, Conn., after a long illness. She was born in Stamford in 1838.

MAX MYERS, a lawyer of Albany, died in that city yesterday from blood poisoning, resulting from an operation for abscess. He presented to the City of Gloversville in 1909 a tract of some forty acres of land southeast of the city.

RICHARD R. BROWN, a member of the commission named last year to investigate the question of abandoning the Morris Canal, died Monday at his home in Keyport, N. J., of typhoid fever.

FRANK J. DUNHAM, President of the Dunham Cocoanut Manufacturing Company of New York, died at his Summer home in Deal, N. J., on Monday night of cerebral hemorrhage. He was 54 years old.

ISAAC JOHNSON KINNEY died suddenly on Monday at his home near Hop Bottom, Penn., at the age of 61 years.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Again a Little Higher in More Active Trading—The Day's Financing.

A little further improvement occurred in the general level of prices yesterday, and during the afternoon the dealings broadened sufficiently to bring the total of transactions well above the record of recent days. In no quarter of the list among active issues were violent declines, such as occurred in some issues on Monday, repeated, but, on the contrary, Union and Southern Pacific advanced quite sharply in response to a rumor that a new plan for carrying out the decree of the Supreme Court had been agreed to by the Union and Southern Pacific Companies, and by the Attorney General and the California Railroad Commission. This rumor received no confirmation, but, on the contrary, was denied by some of those in touch with the negotiations which are under way. Under these circumstances the fact that the rumor resulted in an advance of over a point in each of the issues suggested that the market was in a position in which the short interest was very sensitive to suggestions of favorable developments. This in turn carried the suggestion that the supply of stocks at this level is not large. It is pretty well understood in the financial district that the Union Pacific Railroad and the Southern Pacific Company are in a fair way to reach an agreement regarding a transfer of the Central Pacific, but the real difficulties of the situation seem to lie in formulating a plan acceptable to the California Commission, so far as that body has jurisdiction, and to the Attorney General of the United States. So far not very much progress appears to have been made in those directions.

St can hardly be said that the result of the New York City bond sale, so far as it was known during market hours yesterday, was much of an influence in shaping prices. The changes which occurred after enough news regarding the sale had been received to indicate the result in broad outline were not important enough to suggest that the market found in the outcome of the city's bond offering a very positive Stock Exchange influence. It might have been different if the result had been very much worse, or very much better than Wall Street's expectations. As it was, these were about fulfilled. It is plain that at a price there is a good deal of capital available for investment, but the smallness of the premium realized by the city, resulting, as it did yesterday, in a revision of the price which had been fixed for the new bonds in the "when issued" trading, and in declines in some of the outstanding issues of city bonds, naturally lessened the effect of the large amount by which the offering was oversubscribed.

The other security offering of the day upon which attention was centred, the international Chinese loan, was likewise oversubscribed, at least so far as the English share of the loan was concerned, according to the advices received from London during the day. A little more perspective will afford a better chance to judge of the real significance of the results attending these two offerings, so far as they reflect the condition of the investment market. Meanwhile it would appear that in a market sense the result will be regarded as satisfactory, but nothing more. The price which New York City has had to pay for money suggests some pretty plain inferences regarding the conditions which less favored borrowers will have to meet in any attempts they may make at this time to supply themselves with new capital. It is very plain, of course, that the smallness of the premium realized on a bond bearing as high a rate of interest as the city has paid in many years puts the city under caution to restrict its appeals to the capital market as much as possible. But that is a caution which is set up, not for the city alone, but for other borrowers as well.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¾@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2¾ per cent. Most of the day's business was done at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates were 3½@3¾ per cent. for sixty days, 3½@4 per cent. for ninety days, 3¾@4 per cent. for four months, 4¼@4½ per cent. for five and six months, and 5@5½ per cent. for eight months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5@5½ per cent. for the best names.

Clearing House exchanges, $276,910,928; balances, $14,648,632; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $549,453.

The local banks have lost $3,748,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London 3⅞ per cent for short bills and 3 13-16@3⅞ per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 3⅞ per cent., and Berlin, 5¼ per cent. Money was 3@3¼ per cent. in London and 5½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f. 21¼c., and the Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 44½ pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8680; demand, high, $4.8655; low, $4.8645; last, $4.8650.
Paris—Cable, 5.18⅛ plus 1-32; check, 5.18⅛ less 1-16.
Berlin—Cable, 95¼ less 1-32; check, 95¼ plus 1-16.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.19⅜ plus 1-16; check, 5.19⅜ less 1-32.
Holland—Cable, 40.12; check, 40.08.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.83; 90 days, $4.8136.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.82⅝; 90 days, $4.81¼.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.22½ plus 1-32; 90 days, 5.23⅜ less 1-16.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94½; 90 days, 93¾.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 20c. premium; St. Louis, 15c. premium; St. Paul, 55c. premium; San Francisco, 20c. premium; Montreal, 31¼c. discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was unchanged in London, at 28 1-16d., and unchanged in New York, at 60⅞c. per ounce.

BANKS' RESERVES REDUCED.

Institutions Need Not Hold Them Against Government Deposits.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—National banks no longer will have to hold reserves against any deposits of the Government. Thomas P. Kane, Acting Controller of the Currency, notified the banks to-day that the Treasury Department would not require reserves against any money deposited by officers of the Government on which interest was paid to the United States.

That action was a result of Secretary McAdoo's order charging 2 per cent. interest on Government deposits. It probably will release more than $1,000,000 tied up in the reserves. Although reserves have not been required for deposits made directly by the Treasury Department, they have been required for the accounts of postmasters and clerks of courts.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Bond Sale a Success.

Bond houses which were among the large bidders for yesterday's offering of $45,000,000 of New York City 4½s characterized the sales a success. From their point of view the fact that the average price was so little above 100 was of less importance than the total of the bids. If New York can get bids for $100,000,000 or so it proves that there still is a market for bonds when the interest rate is high enough to tempt buyers. Some of the dealers had begun to suspect that no one wanted securities on anything approaching a reasonable basis. One of the biggest bids opened was from a prominent banker, who said that the sale proved beyond a doubt that high-class bonds were now selling at or very near their bottom price on this movement.

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The Competition for Funds.

Some banking houses which have figured largely in previous offerings were not represented at yesterday's sale, except by small bids, for the reason that they are being offered more corporation financing than they can handle. There is not as much profit in taking city bonds as the ordinary underwriting house is accustomed to. The issuing price is so widely advertised that a house which buys wholesale and sells at retail may not clear more than ¼ or ⅜ of a point in the transaction. For this reason many houses bid only for enough bonds to provide for the requirements of some of their customers who did not care to submit bids of their own. One bid for $500,000 worth was for foreign investors. There are a number of first-class railroad and industrial companies which would like to be able to sell some 4½ bonds at par.

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Cryptic Information.

Lagging interest on the floor of the Stock Exchange was suddenly stimulated yesterday by the unqualified announcement on one of the news tickers of a settlement of the Union Pacific dissolution problem. Brokers felt as though a great weight had been lifted from their chests, and the telephones leading into the National City Bank, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and the Harriman offices at 165 Broadway began to buzz with inquiries. This because the announcement said that "it is impossible to learn any details with regards to the provision." Having been told that it was impossible to learn details every one naturally began to ask for the terms. Unfortunately no one was so much surprised by the announcement as the Directors of Union Pacific and Southern Pacific. They said that the situation was still tied up in a knot through the contrary demands of the Attorney General and the California Railroad Commission. The Southern Pacific has about agreed with Union Pacific on a price which it will accept for Central Pacific, if that line is sold, but there are so many complications which threaten to interfere with a transfer that it is not at all certain that the sale will be put through. The French banks which participated in the financing of the Central Pacific do not want the stock pledged under their bonds sold. It was said by Directors yesterday that there is little likelihood of any agreement this week.

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Action on Birmingham Plant.

The Finance Committee of the Steel Corporation adjourned the regular weekly meeting yesterday after a very short session without attending to all the business on the schedule. The committee will get together again this afternoon. One of the subjects for consideration will be the big wire plant and rod mill of the American Steel & Wire Company, at Birmingham, the equipment of which has been reported from the South in recent weeks to be nearly completed. It is expected, and hoped, in the Birmingham district that the committee will decide to start work at near-capacity in a short time. This plant was nearly half finished at the close of 1910, and the plans called for its completion by Oct. 1, 1911, but work was stopped during the period of low steel prices in that year. It will have a capacity of 400 tons of finished wire products a day, in round numbers.

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Competition Is Desired.

The Stock Exchange authorities are hoping for active competition between the engraving companies for the contract to make the city's new bond certificates. They do not want to see the new issue confined to the Curb and "over the counter" transactions, and will welcome the listing of the corporate stock if any other company than the New York Bank Note Company gets the work. A Governor of the Exchange said yesterday that statements to the effect that the American Bank Note Company stood in highest favor with the board were by no means based on fact, for the certificates of five other companies were in current circulation. They are the Hamilton Bank Note Company, the Republic Bank Note Company of New York and Pittsburgh, the British-American Bank Note Company of Ottawa, Waterlow & Sons, Ltd., and Bradbury, Wilkinson & Co., Ltd., of London. In order to widen the field for competitive bids for the manufacture of stock and bond certificates in general, officers of the Exchange wrote the sponsors of the Tariff bill some time ago, requesting that the 25 per cent. duty at present laid on imports of engraved paper be removed. Such action would permit the entrance of the Canadian company, in particular, into the competition.

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Tying Up the Foreign Ends.

Information contained in the annual report of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company that the foreign companies, except the Russian company, give promise of continued improvement, also indicated that the plans for developing the European end of the business, which were installed by the late Robert Mather, were being carried out. There was nothing to show in the statement of operations that the present management was following any rules set by the former President, but the fact that all the companies save one were on a good financial basis could be taken as sufficient evidence of the attention being paid the foreign companies. One of the first statements made to stockholders by Mr. Mather, after he succeeded George Westinghouse as head of the company, was to the effect that drastic measures should be taken with the branches in other countries at once. The Russian company got into difficulties through inability to collect on several large contracts after having been put to great manufacturing expense. An examination of conditions convinced the Directors that the Westinghouse organization, as a whole, would be better off without the Russian company, so its plants and real estate are being disposed of as rapidly as possible.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Stocks Dull—New York City Bonds Active at Lower Prices.

Transactions in unlisted stocks yesterday were on a small scale and prices were irregular. New York City bonds were the active feature in the bond department with sales of $755,000. The new 4½s declined to 100 3-16, but later rallied and closed at 100 7-16, a net loss of 1-16. The 4¼ per cent. issues showed net losses for the day of ⅞ for the 1960 issue and ⅜ for the issues of 1962.

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Transactions reported yesterday were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300	Anglo-A. Oil	19½	19½	19	19½
700	Br.-Am. Tob.	23⅝	23½	23¼	23⅜
75	Mex. Transit	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
100	M. of A. new	5¼	5¼	5¼	5½
200	Oil Fds. of M.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
220	Pueb. S. & R.	2¼	2¼	2 1-16	2⅛
5	S. O. of N. J.	360	360	360	360
400	U. S. Stores				
	Co. of Am.	89¼	91	89¾	90¼
110	U. S. L. & H.	9¾	9¾	9½	9½
15	U.S.L. & H.pf.	65	65	65	65
100	Willys Ov'l'd.	63	63	63	63

MINING STOCKS.

200	Alaska G. M.	10⅞	10⅞	10¾	10¾
100	Bessie G. D.	16⅝	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛
1,700	*Big Four	54	54	54	54
200	Braden Cop.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
200	Buffalo Min.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
900	Butte-N. Y.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
3,400	Can. Gd.-Sil.	23	23	22	22
500	Davis-Daly C.	2⅝	2 7-16	2⅝	2 7-16
250	El Paso Con.	4	4	3⅞	3⅞
1,200	Giroux Min.	2	2	1 15-16	2
100	Greene-Can.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
10,000	*Greenwater	5	5	5	5
200	Mason Valley	6	6	6	6
100	Mines of Am.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
900	McK.-Dar.	1 15-16	1 15-16	1⅞	1⅞
420	*Nev. Hills	94	94	91	91
200	Nip. M. Co.	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
1,000	Stewart	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16
500	Ton. Min.	5⅝	5⅝	5¼	5¼
25,700	Ton. Merger.	87	87	81	83
500	Tri-Bullion	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
2,300	W. E. Con.	1¼	1¼	1	1 1-16

LISTED PROSPECT—MINING COMPANY.

3,500	W. E. Ext.	7	9	7	9

BONDS.

$17,000	B. R. T. 5 p. c. notes	95 7-16	95 7-16	95⅝	95⅝
1,000	Chi. El. 5s.	97	97	97	97
650,000	N. Y. C. 4½s w. i.	100½	100¼	100 3-16	100 7-16
65,000	N. Y. C. 4½s 1960	96¼	96¼	95¾	96⅛
40,000	N. Y. C. 4½s 1962	96⅛	96⅛	96¼	96⅛

*Sell cents per share. †Ex div.

***

Bid and asked prices of issues not traded in were:

INDUSTRIALS.

	May 20.		May 19.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Writing Paper..	1½	2	1½	2
Bay State Gas	3-16	5-16	3-16	5-16
Borden's Cond. Milk	114	114¾	114	114¾
Borden's C. M. pf.	106½	107¼	106½	107¼
Brown Shoe	50	51	46	51
Brown Shoe pf.	87	91	87	91
Cluett-Peabody	45	50	45	50
Cluett-Peabody pf.	96	98	96	98
Con. Rubber Tire	16	20	16	20
Con. Rub. Tire pf.	60	75	60	75
Continental Can	46	50	46	50
Continental Can pf.	89	94	89	94
Em.-Brantingham	30	40	30	40
Em.-Brantingham pf.	83	90	83	90
Havana Tobacco	3	4	3½	4
Havana Tobacco pf.	5	10	7	10
Houston Oil	18	20	18	20
Houston Oil pf.	55	65	55	65
Inter. Rub. Tr. cts.	9½	10	9¾	10
Lehigh V. C. S. Co.	205	215	205	215
Mays Oil	17	19	17	20
National Sugar	94	96	94	96
New York Trans.	4	5	4	5
Otis Elevator	77	80	77	80
Otis Elevator pf.	96	98	95	98
Penn. Textile	24	25	24	25
R. J. Reynolds	250	270	250	270
Tobacco Products	110	130	110	130
Tobacco Products pf.	82	85	82	85
U. C. S. Corp. pf.	110	115	110	114
Willys Overland pf.	90	97	90	97

MINING STOCKS.

Alaska Copper	5	5⅛	5	5⅛
Beaver Con.	35	37	35	37
Bessie G. Dredg. pf.	13½	14	13½	14
Brit. Col. Cop.	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
C. O. D. Con.	5	6	5	6
Con. Arizona	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Dia. Black Butte	2	4	2	4
Dia. Field Daisy	3	5	4	5
First National	1⅞	2⅛	1⅞	2⅛
Florence	41	44	42	44
Goldfield Midway	3	5	3	5
Halifax Tonopah	⅞	1	15-16	1 1-16
Jumbo Extension	23	24	23	25
Kerr Lake	3 5-16	3⅜	3 5-16	3⅜
La Rose Con.	2⅜	3½	2⅜	3½
North Butte Dev.	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
Ohio Copper	13-16	⅞	13-16	⅞
Pacific Smelters	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
South Utah M. & S.	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Tonopah Ext.	2½	2 9-16	2½	2 9-16
Tularosa	½	⅝	½	⅝
Tuolumne Copper	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
Union Mines	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
United Copper	⅜	½	⅜	½
United Copper pf.	3	6	3	6
Wettlaufer Silver M.	12	14	13	14
Yukon Gold Mines	2⅜	2¾	2⅜	2¾

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING CO.'S.

L. C.-G. Drainage	2⅞	3¼	2⅞	3¼
New Jersey M. Co.	16	17	16	17
New Utah Bingham	75	77	75	77

BONDS.

Braden Copper 6s	152	158	152	158
Havana Tobacco 5s	61	63	61	63
N. Y. C. 6% n. w. i.	100	100¼	100	100¼
Western Pac. 5s	81½	82	81½	81¾

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	18½	19½	18½	19½
Atlantic Refining	640	645	642	647
Borne-Scrymser	290	310	290	310
Buckeye Pipe Line	160	171	165	170
Chesebrough Mfg	670	680	670	680
Colonial Oil	105	120	105	120
Continental Oil	1875	1925	1875	1925
Crescent Pipe Line	61½	64½	61½	64½
Cumberland Pipe L.	75	80	75	80
Eureka Pipe Line	368	372	368	373
Galena-Signal Oil	188	192	184	188
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	140	145	140	145
Indiana Pipe Lines	133	136	133	136
National Transit	43	44	42½	44
New York Transit	345	355	338	345
Northern Pipe Line	114	116	113	116
Ohio Oil	136	137	132	133
Prairie Oil & Gas	303	307	303	307
Solar Refining	725	735	710	725
Southern Pipe Line	250	260	250	253
South. Penn. Oil	220	230	217	225
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	160	165	160	165
Standard Oil, (Cal.)	178	178	176	180
Standard Oil, (Ind.)	325	329	325	329
Standard Oil, (Kan.)	570	580	570	580
Standard Oil, (Ky.)	400	420	390	400
Standard Oil, (Neb.)	270	280	270	280
Standard Oil, (N. J.)	388	390	363	365
Standard Oil, (N. Y.)	724	728	725	730
Standard Oil, (Ohio)	265	272	265	277
Swan & Finch	200	220	200	220
Union Tank Line	69	71	68	70
Vacuum Oil	177	180	177	180
Washington Oil	30	32	30	32
Waters-Pierce Oil	1475	1525	1475	1525

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	May 20. Bid.	Asked.	May 19. Bid.	Asked.
British-American	23¼	23½	23¼	23⅝
Conley Tinfoil	270	290	270	290
Johnson Tinfoil & M.	170	180	170	180
J. S. Young	155	170	160	170
MacAndrews & F.	197	207	200	208
P. R.-Am. Tobacco	210	220	210	220
R. J. Reynolds	255	270	255	270
R. J. Reyn. pf. w. i.	110	120	110	120
Tobacco Products	110	130	110	120
Tobacco Products pf.	82	85	82	85
United Cigar Stores	90	90¼	89¼	89¾
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	110	115	110	115

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper 5	Mar. 15, '15	98¾	98¾	5.65
Am. Loco. 5	Oct., 1913	99⅞	100⅛	4.25
Am. Loco. 5	Oct., 1914	99¼	100⅛	4.76
Aus. Gov. 4½	July, '14-15	97	97⅜	6.10
Balt. & Ohio 4½	June, 1913	100	100⅛	4.00
Boston & Me. 5	Feb. 3, '14	99½	99⅝	5.45
Brook. R. T. 5	July, 1918	95¼	95½	5.90
Ches. & Ohio 4½	June, 1914	98¾	99⅛	5.40
Chi. & W. I. 5	Mar., 1914	99¾	99⅞	5.10
Del. El. Pys. 5	July, 1914	97	97⅜	7.80
C. H. & D. 4	July, 1913	99⅝	100	4.00
Erie 6	Apr. 8, '14	100	100⅛	5.55
Erie 5	Oct., 1914	99	99⅜	5.26
Erie 6	April, 1915	97⅞	98⅛	6.00
Gen. Motor. 6	Oct., 1915	98½	99¼	6.15
Gen. Rubber. 4½	July, 1915	96¾	96⅞	6.05
Hocking Val. 4½	Nov., 1913	99¾	100	4.30
Hudson Cos. 6	Oct. 15, '13	99	100	6.00
Ill. Central 4½	July, 1914	98¾	99⅛	5.00
Int. Gt. Nor. 5	Aug., 1914	97⅝	98¼	6.25
Int. Harv. 5	Feb. 15, '15	99⅝	99⅞	5.15
Lack. Steel 5	Mar., 1915	94⅜	96¼	7.00
L. S. & M. S. 4½	Mar. 15, '14	99⅝	100	4.50
Mex. Mon. C. 4½	Sept., 1913	97	98½	4.80
Mich. Cent. 4½	Mar., 1914	99½	99¾	4.90
M. & St. L. 6	Feb., 1914	94	95½	9.45
M., K. & T. 5	May, 1913	97¼	98	6.13
Mo. Pacific 5	June, 1913	97¾	97¾	5.90
Mont. T. & P. 5	April, 1915	99½	100¼	5.00
N. R. of Mex. 4½	June, 1913	98	100	4.50
N. Y. Central 4½	Mar., 1914	99⅝	99¾	4.80
N. Y. Central 5	Apr. 21 '14	100¼	100¼	4.87
N. Y. Central 4½	May, 1915	98½	98¾	4.85
N.Y.,N.H.&H. 5	Dec., 1913	99⅝	100	5.00
S. L. & S. F. 5	June, 1913	98	100	5.00
St. L. & S. F. 6	Sep., 1914	98¾	99⅜	6.20
Sea. Air Line 5	Mar., 1916	93½	93⅝	5.45
So. Railway 5	Nov. 15, '13	99½	99¾	5.00
Schw. & Sul. 6	June, 1916	97¾	98¼	6.65
U. S. S. R. M. 5	Aug., 1914	98½	99⅛	5.05
Un. Typewri. 5	Jan., 1914	98	97⅝	6.05
United Fruit. 6	May, 1913	99¾	100	6.00
Utah Co. 6	Apr., 1917	99	100	5.00
Wa. El. & M. 5	July, 1913	99⅜	100¼	4.00
We. El. & Mfg.	Aug., 1913	100	100⅛	4.00
Western Md.	July, 1914	97	98¼	5.00

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	Alabama Co. com.	6½	6½	6½
85	Houston Oil com.t.c.	19	18¾	19
10	Mer. & Mech. Bank.	33½	33½	33½
5	Maryland Casualty.	100	100	100
25	Penn. Water & P.	63	63	63
50	United Rys.	26⅞	26⅞	26¾

BONDS.

$5,000	Baltimore Elec. 5s.	98	98	98
11,000	Cotton Duck 5s.	70	70	70
4,000	Con. Power 4½s.	87½	87½	87½
7,000	Con. Coal con. 6s.	98	98	98
2,000	Davison Chemical 6s	99	99	99
2,000	Houston Oil div.ctfs.	80¼	80¼	80¼
1,000	Rich. & P. 6s. 1915.	100½	100½	100¼
10,000	United Rys. inc.	64¼	64¼	64¾
1,000	United Rys. 4s.	83¾	83¾	83¾

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Adventure	2	2	2
903	Alaska Gold	11	10⅞	11
10	Allouez	33	33	32
487	Amal. Copper	75	74	74½
290	American Zinc	23	23	22
565	Arizona Com.	3½	3	3
350	Boston & Corbin	1½	1½	1¼
250	Butte & Superior	28	27⅞	28
50	Calumet & Arizona	63¾	63¾	63¾
10	Copper Range	45	48	45
250	Daly-West	3	2½	2½
25	East Butte	11¾	11¾	11¾
370	Giroux	2	2	2
423	Granby	64	63	64
430	Greene-Cananea	6 13-16	6 9-16	6⅝
10	Helvetia	25c	25c	25c
155	Indiana	9½	9½	9½
40	Inspiration	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞
20	Island Creek pf.	81½	81½	81½
100	Kerr Lake	3¼	3¼	3¼
50	Lake	12	12	12
400	Mason Valley	6	6	6
50	Mayflower	7¼	7¼	7¼
40	Miami	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛
30	Mohawk	50	50	50
35	Nevada Con.	16½	16⅜	16⅜
150	New Arcadian	1½	1½	1½
30	Nipissing	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
125	North Butte	29	28½	29
95	Ojibway	1¼	1	1
10	Old Dominion	47	47	47
140	Pond Creek	18¾	18¾	18½
860	Pond Creek rights	51c	50c	51c
25	Quincy	63	62½	63
10	Ray Con.	18½	18½	18⅜
300	Santa Fe	1¼	1¼	1¼
80	Shannon	8¾	8½	8¾
50	Shat. & Arizona	24	24	24
297	Superior & Boston	3	3	3
25	Superior	27	27	27
5	Trinity	3¾	3¾	3¾
300	U. S. Smelting	39½	39½	39½
25	U. S. Smelt. pf.	46¾	46¾	46¾
50	Utah Con.	7⅜	7½	7⅜
200	Winona	1¾	1¾	1⅞
20	Wolverine	51½	51	51½

RAILROADS.

9	Boston & Albany	192	192	192
1,895	Boston Elevated	87½	85¼	85½
97	Boston & Maine	61¼	61¼	61½
24	Boston & Maine pf.	110	110	100
199	N. Y., N. H. & H.	106	105	105¾
9,114	Penn. rights	49c	49c	49c
12	W. End St. Ry. pf.	90	90	90

TELEPHONES

617	American	128½	128	128½
14	New England	143	142	143

MISCELLANEOUS.

24	Am. Agr. Chem.	49	49	48
17	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	93½	93½	93½
10	Amoskeag	60	60	60
286	Am. Sugar	111	110¼	111
10	Am. Sugar pf.	113	113	113
617	Am. T. & T.	128½	128	128½
40	Am. Woolen pf.	77½	77½	77½
181	General Electric	139	138½	138½
1,022	Mass. Gas	92⅜	91	92
224	Mass. Gas pf.	89¾	89	89
15	McElwain pf.	98	98	98
10	Mergenthaler	217½	217½	217½
5	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	67½	67½	67½
14	New England Tel.	143	142	143
7	Pullman	155	155	155
10	Swift	105¼	104⅞	104⅞
34	United Fruit	135¾	135¾	135¾
78	United Shoe	47¼	47	47
820	U. S. Steel	60½	60	60¼

BONDS.

$9,000	Am. T. & T.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, MAY 20, 1913.

	Stocks, (shares.)
Total sales May 20, 1913	214,236
Same day last year	355,779
Total year to date	34,578,585
Same period last year	59,255,871
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	70.23 +.18
Same day last year	82.40 —.01

	High.	Low.
Range year to date	79.10	69.45
Same period last year	83.76	75.24

	—Call Money.— High.	Low.	Ren'al.	—Sterling Exchange.— High.	Low.	Close.
May 20, 1913	3	2¾	2¾	$4.8655	$4.8645	$4.8650
Same day last year	3	2¼	2¾	4.8725	4.8715	4.8725
Range year to date	7	2	...	4.8790	4.8570	...
Same period last y'r	5	1¾	...	4.8760	4.8630	...

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
7¼	7⅝	100	A. C. tr. rcts. 5th pd	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ½
74⅜	74½	17,300	Amalgamated Cop	74⅛	75	73⅝	74½	+ ¾
20	30	100	Am. Bet Sugar	29½	29½	29½	29½	— ⅛
70	80	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	75½	75½	72½	72½	— 2⅜
32½	32¾	4,400	Am. Can	32⅜	33⅛	32½	32⅝	— 5⅛
92¾	93½	500	Am. Can pf	92⅜	93	92⅜	93	+ ⅝
80	87	25	Am. Coal Products	85	85	85	85	...
40½	40¾	100	Am. Cotton Oil	41	41	41	41	— ⅜
22½	24	100	Am. Hide & L. pf	22½	22½	22½	22½	— 1½
24½	25	100	Am. Ice Securities	24⅜	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅝
32¾	33½	300	Am. Locomotive	33	33	33	33	+ ⅛
67	67¼	1,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	66⅝	67½	66⅝	67¼	+ ⅞
101½	102⅜	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	102⅜	102⅝	102⅛	102⅜	+ ⅞
110	111	120	Am. Sugar Ref	110	110	110	110	...
111	116¼	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	111¼	111¼	111½	111½	...
128⅝	128½	400	Am. Teleph. & Tel	128⅜	128½	128⅜	128½	+ ¼
226	232	100	Am. Tobacco	226	226	226	226	+6
103¼	104½	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	103⅝	103¾	103⅝	103⅝	+ ¾
26½	29	20	Am. Writing P. pf	26½	26½	26½	26½	...
37⅞	37⅞	300	Anaconda Cop. Co	38	38	37⅝	37⅝	...
99⅜	99⅞	2,000	Atch., Top. & S. F	99¼	99⅞	99¼	99⅜	...
121⅞	122⅜	100	Atlantic Coast Line	122½	122½	122½	122½	+ 1
48	49	100	Baldwin Loco	48	48	48	48	+1
98½	98⅞	700	Baltimore & Ohio	98⅝	98⅝	98⅜	98⅜	+ ¼
78⅞	79⅛	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛	— ⅛
...	71	15	Bank of Commerce	182	182	182	182	...
91⅜	91¾	3,450	Bethlehem Steel pf	71	71	71	71	+1⅛
41½	41¾	1,300	Brook. Rapid Tran	91⅞	91⅞	91½	91⅝	— ⅛
236⅜	236¾	9,020	California Petrol'm	42	41¾	42	41½	+ ¼
23	24	100	Canadian Pacific	236¼	237½	236¼	236⅝	—1
92½	92½	50	Central Leather Co	23¼	23½	23¼	23¼	+ ⅛
64⅜	64¾	2,100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	92½	92¼	92½	92½	...
13⅞	14	100	Chesapeake & Ohio	65	65¼	64½	64½	— ⅜
107½	107¾	2,100	Chicago Gt. West'n	14	14	14	14	+ ⅛
130	130½	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P	107¾	108⅜	107⅝	107⅝	+ ½
38⅜	38⅞	1,500	Chi. & Northwest	129½	129½	129½	129½	— ⅝
31½	31⅝	700	Chino Copper	38⅝	39½	38⅝	39⅛	+ ⅛
131¼	151⅜	900	Col. Fuel & Iron	31	31½	31	31½	+ ⅛
10¼	10½	200	Consolidated Gas	131⅜	131⅝	131⅛	131⅝	+ ⅜
154	155	50	Corn Products Ref	10½	10⅝	10½	10⅝	+ ⅛
17½	19	100	Delaware & Hudson	154	154	154	154	+ ⅛
31½	32½	300	Den. & Rio Grande	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	...
72	75	35	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	32	32	32	32	+ ⅛
28⅛	28¼	2,700	Detroit United Ry	73	73	73	73	...
43	43½	100	Erie	27¾	28¼	27⅝	28¼	+ ¼
180	185	5	Erie 1st pf	43	43	43	43	+ ⅛
138¼	139	400	General Chemical	184½	184½	184½	184½	...
⅞	2	600	General Electric	138½	139	138½	139	+ ⅝
30	31	850	Goldfield Consol	2	2	2	2	...
93	94	100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	30½	30½	30	30	— ⅛
126½	126¾	2,700	Goodrich pf	93½	93½	93⅛	93½	+ ⅛
33½	34⅛	500	Great Northern pf	126	127	126	126⅜	+1½
46¼	46⅞	425	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	34	34¼	34	34½	+ ⅛
115	116¼	100	Guggenheim Explor	46⅞	46⅞	46⅜	46⅜	+ ⅛
17	17¼	2,300	Illinois Central	115¼	116¼	115¼	115¾	...
14½	14⅝	1,800	Inspiration Copper	17¼	17¼	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅛
50⅜	50⅝	2,100	Inter.-Met. y. tr. cfs	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+ ⅛
110	111⅜	200	Inter.-Met. pf	51	51½	51	51	+ ⅛
22⅞	23	100	Int. Harv. pf. new	111⅞	112½	111⅞	112½	+ ⅞
490	500	2	Kansas City South	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	+ ⅛
154⅜	154⅞	1,150	Lake Shore	500	500	500	500	...
32	33	400	Lehigh Valley	155	155½	154⅜	154⅜	+ ⅜
132¼	133¼	200	Loose-W. Biscuit	32	32½	32	32½	+1⅛
81	82	300	Louis. & Nash	132¼	132¼	132¼	132¼	+ ½
150	400	400	Mackay Cos	82	82	82	82	...
15	15⅜	50	Manhat. Elevated	129¾	130	129¾	130	+1½
65	65¼	2,500	Merc. Marine pf	15	15	15	15	...
87	95	100	Mexican Petroleum	65	66	65	65¼	+ ¼
227⅜	231½	100	Mexican Petrol. pf	90	90	90	90	—5
223½	223¾	1,700	Miami Copper	23	23	23	23	...
34¾	35	1,000	Mo., Kan. & Tex	23	23	22½	22¾	— ⅛
78	80	100	Missouri Pacific	34¾	35	34¾	34¾	— ⅛
46	47	300	Nat. En. & St. Co. pf	80	80	80	80	—2
16⅜	16½	400	Nat. Lead Co	47	47	47	47	...
99½	100	2,400	Nevada Con. Copper	16½	16½	16½	16½	+ ⅛
105¼	105⅜	800	N. Y. Central	100	100¼	99⅞	100⅛	+ ⅛
28⅝	29⅛	200	N. Y., N. H. & H	105½	105⅜	105½	105½	+ ½
105⅝	105⅞	500	N. Y., Ont. & W	28⅞	28⅞	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
114¼	114⅜	600	Norfolk & Western	105⅜	105½	105⅜	105⅜	...
30½	32	100	Northern Pacific	114½	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	+ ⅛
110¼	110½	4,900	Pac. Tel. & Tel	31	31	31	31	— ⅛
108½	109¼	100	Pennsylvania R. R	110⅜	110½	110⅜	110⅜	— ⅛
92	93	100	People'sGas, Chicago	109	109	109	109	...
17¼	18	200	Pitts., C. C. & St. L	93	93	93	93	+1½
81	82	200	Pittsburgh Coal	17⅞	17⅞	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅝
...	...	200	Pittsburgh Coal pf	81	81½	81	81½	+ ⅝
153	155	200	Pitts., Ft. W. & C	157	157	157	157	—9
17⅞	18⅛	300	Pullman Co	154	154	154	154	—1
160⅜	160½	37,900	Ray Con. Copper	18	18	18	18	+ ⅛
81	82	210	Reading	160½	161⅝	160¼	160½	+ ½
16¾	16⅞	4,000	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	81½	81½	81½	81½	+ ½
29¼	29⅝	1,450	Rock Island Co	16	17⅛	16	16¾	+ ½
26	28	100	Rock Island Co. pf	30	30⅝	29½	29½	...
51⅛	54	100	Rumely (M.) Co	27⅛	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	+ ½
9	9½	400	Rumely pf	54	54	54	54	...
14	14⅜	1,800	St. L. & San Fran	9⅞	9⅞	9	9⅜	+ ⅛
16¾	17	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	15½	15½	14	14⅜	— ⅛
41	42	100	Seaboard Air Line	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	— ⅛
97	97½	6,100	Seaboard Air L. pf	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	— ⅛
23¾	24¼	800	Southern Pacific	96¼	97⅜	96	96⅞	+ ⅛
76¾	77	600	Southern Ry. ext	23⅞	24⅝	23⅞	24⅜	+ ⅜
34½	34⅞	200	Southern Ry. pf. ext	76½	77	76½	77	+ ⅜
105	109	100	Tennessee Copper	34¼	34⅝	34⅛	34⅝	+ ⅛
15⅜	17	100	Texas Co	103½	105½	103½	105½	+ ⅛
34¼	34¾	300	Texas & Pacific	16½	16½	16½	16½	...
9	10½	200	Third Avenue	34¼	34¾	34¼	34¾	...
80¼	81	100	Toledo, St. L. & W	11	11½	11	11¼	+1¼
150½	150¼	32,300	Undw'd Typewriter	81¾	81¾	81⅜	81⅜	—1⅜
83¼	85	50	Union Pacific	149	150⅞	148⅞	150¼	+1½
95	97	130	Union Pacific pf	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼	...
22	23	150	United Dry Goods	95	95	95	95	—1
44	47	100	United Rys. Inv.	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	+ ⅛
65½	66	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	+1
62¾	63	400	U. S. Realty & I. Co	65½	65½	65½	65½	— ⅛
104¾	105¼	100	U. S. Rubber	62⅝	63½	62⅝	63½	+ ⅜
60	60⅛	37,724	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	+ ⅛
105⅜	106	610	U. S. Steel	50½	60½	59⅝	60¼	+ ⅝
50½	50¾	800	U. S. Steel pf	106	106⅛	105⅞	105⅞	+ ⅛
26½	27	500	Utah Copper	50½	50⅞	50½	50⅝	+ ⅛
2¼	2⅝	400	Va.-Car. Chemical	26	26	26	26	— ⅛
7⅛	7¾	200	Wabash	2¼	2½	2¼	2½	...
53	57	200	Wabash pf	7⅛	7⅞	7⅛	7⅞	— ⅛
65¼	66	125	Western Md. pf	55	55	55	55	...
61⅝	62¼	200	Western Union Tel	65¼	65¼	65¼	65¼	+ ⅛
90¼	91	400	Westingh. E. & M	62	62	62	62	+ ½
110¼	111½	200	Woolw'th (F.W.) Co	91⅜	91⅝	91¼	91⅜	+1⅝
			Woolworth pf	111½	111½	110½	110½	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100	100½
2s, c, 1930	100¼	...
3s, r, 1918	102⅜	103¼
3s, c, 1918	102⅜	103¼
4s, r, 1925	113⅜	114½
4s, c, 1925	114	114½
Pan 2s, r, 1936	....100¼	101

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	132	140
Allis-Chal.	..	%
Do pf, 5th paid	....	15⅜
Am Ag C	48	50
Do pf	93	95
A B S & F	92	95
Do pf	130	132
Am Cities	37½	40
Do pf	.... 70¼	75
A C & F	45¾	49
Do pf	....112¾	113⅝
Am Coal	70	100
A Cot O pf	92½	...
A C P pf	101	105
Am Exp	160	168
A H & L	4¼	4½
Am Lin	9⅛	10
Do pf	 26	27
A Loc pf	102	105
Am Malt	.. 8	10
Do pf	 48	52
A S pf, B	82⅜	83⅜
Am Snuff	163	180
Do pf	....102½	105
Am St Fds	30	32
A T & C	55½	66
A W W pf	95	97
Am Wool	17¾	22½
Do pf	 77	77⅞
Ann Arbor	15	30
Do pf	 50	80
Assets R	..100	106
A. T & S F pf	 99	99¼
Bald L pf	104⅞	105½
Batop M	.... 1¼	1½
Beth St'l	.. 32	32½
B Un Gas	129	131
Bruns Ter.	6½	7¼
B. R & P	100	110½
Do pf	115	150
But'k Co	27½	29
Cal Pet pf	86½	70
Canada So	57½	64
Case (J I) pf	.... 99¾	100¼
C C & C	.. 91	95
C R R of N J	295	315
C & S A T	106	108
Chi & Alt	9¼	15
Do pf	....	40
Chi Gt W pf	.. 28½	29½
C, I & L pf	.. 50	80
C, M & St Paul pf	135	136
C & N W pf	181	189
Chi, St P, M & Om	120	140
Do pf	132	150
C, C, C & St L	.... 49¾	53
Do pf	 88	95
Col & So	.. 28	31
Do 1st pf	86½	70
Do 2d pf	60	65
C F I & R pf	65½	68
Crex Carp	77	84
Cub-Am S	20	40
Do pf	....	92
D, L & W	395	400
D M & Ft D	....	5
D & Co pf	97½	98
Det & M	..100	...
Do pf	100	...
Dist Sec	.. 15¾	16
D, S S & A	.. 4¾	7
Do pf	.. 12½	14½
Du P de N Pow pf	....	94
Erie 2d pf	34⅜	37
F M & S	.. 14	17
Do pf	.. 35	42
Gen C pf	..104	106½
Gen Mot	.. 25½	30
Do pf	.. 72	73½
G & S Tel	.115½	...
H. (G W.)	.140	150
Do pf	112	115
Hock Val	..	150
Homestake, ex div	....100½	107
Inger-R	..100	...
Do pf	 92	...
Int Agric	.. 8	10½
Do pf	 35	45
Int Harv	..103	105
Int H, n	..102½	104
Int H C	..102½	104
Do pf	112	112⅝
Int Pap	.. 8¾	9¼
Do pf	.. 38½	39½
Int St P	.. 7	10
Do pf	 30	35
Iowa Cent	.. 7	8½
Do pf	 15	25
Kayser (J)	85	89
Do 1st pf	103	107¾
K C, Ft S & M pf	....	70
K C S pf	.. 59¼	60
K & D M	.. 6	...
Do pf	 45	...
Kruge(SS)	62½	65
Do pf	 97	99½
Lack Steel	.. 32	39
Lacl Gas	.. 92	98
L E & W	.. 7¼	9¼
Do pf	.. 22	29
L-W B 1st pf	.. 98½	99
Do 2d pf	....	90
Ligg & M	.210	216
Do pf	112	115
Long Isl'd	.. 38	42
M'kay Cos pf	 66	68
M Dep Sts	.. 66	71
Do pf	100	102½
Mer Marine	.. 3½	4
Mich Cent	....	190
M & St L	.. 16	18½
Do pf	.. 36	40
M, St P & S S M	....180½	188
Do pf	185	145
Do 1 l	 79	83
Mo, K & T pf	.. 59½	60¼
N, C & St L	135	140
Nat Bis	....112½	115
Do pf	115	118
Nat Enam	.. 12	15
Nat L pf	..105½	107½
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	.. 50	57
Do 2d pf	.. 21¼	22
N Y A H	.. 68	71
N O, M & C pf	....	28
N Y C	....	...
St L	.. 55½	58
So P R S	....	65
Do pf	....	106
So R, M & O	....	...
Ohio cts	.. 67	77
Stand Mill	.. 32	33¼
Studebaker	..26½	27
Do pf, ex div	.. 89	91½
T P L Tr	.. 92	95
T P & W	.. 15¼	...
T R & L	.. 2¼	2½
T, St L & W pf	.. 21	21¾
T C I T	..103½	105
Do pf	..186½	142
Und T pf	....	111½
U B & P	.. 5¼	5⅝
Un Cig M	.. 43	44½
Do pf	....	45
U D G pf	..101¾	103
U S C I P	.. 12	14
U S Exp	.. 47⅝	50
U S Ind A	.. 30	55
Do pf	.. 87	100
U S R & Ref	....	...
Do pf	....	1⅞
U S R 2d pf	.. 75	92
Vand R R	....	85½
Va-Car C	....	...
Co pf	.. 99	102
Va I, C & Coke	.. 42	50
Va R & P	.. 52¼	57
Do pf	.. 60	...
Vul Det	.. 15	16
Do pf	.. 76	85
W F Exp	..110	118
Weym-B	..200	300
Do pf	..112	120
West Md	.. 39½	40½
Westingh'se 1st pf	..112	114
W & L E	.. 1½	5
Do 1st pf	.. 15	18
Do 2d pf	.. 7	8
Wis Cent	.. 50½	52½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con	.01	Hale & Norcross	.06
Andes	.01	Julia	.01
Belcher	.01	Mexican	.67
Best & Belcher	.05	Occidental Con	.70
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.11
Caledonia	.84	Overman	.12
Challenge Con	.04	Savage	.23
Chollar	.03	Seg. Belcher	.05
Confidence	.20	Sierra Nevada	.07
Con. Cal. & Va	.11	Union Con	.09
Con. Imperial	.01	Utah Con	.03
Crown Point	.21	Yellow Jacket	.02
Gould & Curry	.02		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	6.25	Comb. Fraction	.64
Jim Butler	.89	Diamondf. Daisy	.03
McNamara	.16	Diamondf. Blk. B	.02
Midway	.44	Florence	.40
Mizpah Ext	.50	Goldfield Con. M	2.00
North Star	.65	Goldfield Merger	.18
Rescue Eula	.17	Jumbo Ext	.22
Tonopah Merger	.85	Lone Star	.01
West End	1.12½	Silver Pick	.55
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.80
Atlanta	.12	Round Mountain	.54
Booth	.04	MANHATTAN.	
C. O. D	.04	Manhattan Con	.06
COLORADO.		Manhat. Big Four	.50

Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	7	7½	Jackpot	5½	6
Elkton	56½	57	McKinney	58	59¾
El Paso	385	395	Old Gold	2½	3
Findlay	2¾	4	Portland	98	100
Gold Dollar	10¾	11	Vindicator	92	...
Isabella	10⅝	11½	Raven B. H.	4½	...

HOLDS THAT SCHWAB HAS HIS DATES MIXED

Prosecution Contends He Suggested Steel Trust to J. P. Morgan in 1900.

WITNESS HIMSELF NOT SURE

But Admits Formation of the Trust Prevented Rivalry Between Carnegie and Morgan Companies.

The cross-examination of Charles M. Schwab yesterday in the Government's suit for the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation led up to the question whether the formation of the corporation was due to the speech he delivered at a dinner at which he sat next to the late J. P. Morgan or whether it was directly caused by Andrew Carnegie's projected invasion of the steel tube field.

The question, which the Government considers of first importance as showing the purpose of the organization, is focused on the date of the dinner. Mr. Schwab, on his direct examination on Monday, said he thought it was in November, 1899. In the speech he outlined the economies which might be effected by a big combination and the advantages it would have in entering into foreign trade. His conferences with Mr. Morgan and the sale of the Carnegie Steel Company, of which he was President, followed.

The Government theory is that the project dated from November, 1900, when Mr. Carnegie announced his intention of going into the tube business in competition with the National Tube Company, a combination then just formed by J. P. Morgan & Co. Minutes of the Board of Directors of the Carnegie Company, introduced some time ago, showed that on Nov. 6, 1900, Mr. Schwab reported that he had been to New York at the request of Mr. Morgan.

He supposed it was about railroads the financier wanted to see him, but Charles Steele, Mr. Morgan's partner, told him that the tube situation was the matter up for discussion. According to Mr. Schwab's report, Mr. Steele said that Mr. Morgan was "much alarmed" over Mr. Carnegie's intention of going into the tube business.

The idea of the Government is that Mr. Schwab was a year out in his recollection of the date of the dinner, and that it was connected with his visit to Mr. Steele. Mr. Schwab promised yesterday to see whether he could fix the date positively by any memoranda in his possession.

Would Have Been Morgan Rival.

Mr. Schwab's cross-examination was used largely for proving the facts set forth in the minutes of the Carnegie Steel Company, which Judge Dickinson read to him in copious extracts. Mr. Schwab confirmed them in all cases except where he could not remember the particular transaction. He said they were largely stenographic reports of the meetings prepared for Mr. Carnegie's information while abroad, so that they were probably accurate. Concerning the entries regarding the proposed tube plant at Conneaut he said:

"That did not come about as suddenly as you might suppose from the minutes. The idea of going into finished steel products was the development of a long time. For two or three years I had been preparing plans for tubes especially. Soon after we bought the land at Conneaut we announced our intention of building a tube plant there."

"Was that announcement made in good faith?"

"Absolutely."

"If the Steel Corporation had not been formed and you had gone ahead with the plant, what concern would have been your principal competitor in that line?"

"Naturally, the National Tube Company."

At one meeting in 1900 Mr. Schwab was quoted as saying it would probably be the last year of the domestic rail pool. He couldn't remember what had occasioned the statement.

"Well, what would have followed if the pool had ended?" asked Judge Dickinson.

"Lower prices and destructive competition," answered Mr. Schwab.

While Mr. Schwab could not remember all the pools mentioned in the minutes he had no doubt that the minutes were correct. The pools broke down frequently, and then there was strong competition, especially on the part of the Carnegie Steel Company. In no case, he was sure, had there been any pool involving a division of territory.

Were After Something Big.

The minutes told of an offer from the English rail makers to give the American manufacturers 100,000 tons of foreign business, including Canada, if they would keep out of the general foreign market.

"I believe you said there was no international rail pool," said Judge Dickinson. "It would appear from this that one was contemplated."

"Oh, I wouldn't call that a pool," said Mr. Schwab. "It was too small, and that is the reason we didn't go into it."

"You were after something big?" suggested Judge Dickinson.

"Right," replied Mr. Schwab. He added that the offer involved only English makers, while an international pool would have to include German, French, and Belgian makers.

Mr. Schwab also confirmed the minutes regarding the projected Empire Rail Company, which was to sell the output of all the principal American manufacturers. The agreement was ready to sign when Andrew Carnegie withdrew on the ground that it was a trust, and would be attacked as such, and, further, that under the proposed voting trust it would be controlled by the smaller mills as against the Carnegie and Federal Steel Companies.

Another arrangement confirmed by Mr. Schwab was one by which the Carnegie Company agreed to keep out of the girder rail business for a year in consideration of $100,000 paid to it by its competitors.

"We stayed out," said Mr. Schwab, "chiefly because we were not in a position to compete, but we put up a good front and got the $100,000."

"There were a good many of these pools?" asked Judge Dickinson.

"Yes, they were going on all the time."

"But when the Steel Corporation was formed they stopped?"

"They started to stop," answered Mr. Schwab, amid a general laugh from the spectators, who included a number of steel manufacturers.

Mr. Schwab's cross-examination will go on to-day.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales May 20, 1913	$1,427,000
Same day last year	2,395,000
Total year to date	222,786,500
Same period last year	342,348,500
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	88.90 +.06
Same day last year	92.90 ..

Jap Gov 4½s, str I	500	88	1,000	57½	1,000 conv 4½s, sub rcts, full pd	92⅞	1st 5s
1,000	87⅝	10,000	57¼	10,000	104	2,000	98¼
U S of Mexico 5s	14,000	57⅜	Nor Pacific 4s	1,000	93⅞	So Pac col 4s	91
6,000	94½	5,000	57⅝	7,000	93⅝	1,000	91
N Y City 4s, 1959	14,000	57½	Nor Pacific 3s	1,000	66⅛	1st ref 4s	80½
2,000	92⅜	1,000	57⅝	Ore Short L 1st con 5s	1,000	104⅝	2

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, MAY 20, 1913.

	Stocks, (shares.)
Total sales May 20, 1913	214,236
Same day last year	355,779
Total year to date	34,578,585
Same period last year	59,255,871
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	70.23 +.18
Same day last year	82.40 —.01

	High.	Low.
Range year to date	79.10	69.45
Same period last year	83.76	75.24

	—Call Money.— High.	Low.	Ren'al.	—Sterling Exchange.— High.	Low.	Close.
May 20, 1913	3	2¾	2¾	$4.8655	$4.8645	$4.8650
Same day last year	3	2¼	2¾	4.8725	4.8715	4.8725
Range year to date	7	2	...	4.8790	4.8570	...
Same period last y'r	5	1¾	...	4.8760	4.8630	...

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
7¼	7⅝	100	A. C. tr. rcts. 5th pd	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ½
74⅜	74½	17,300	Amalgamated Cop	74½	75	73⅞	74½	+ ¼
29	30	100	Am. Bet Sugar	29½	29½	29½	29½	+ ½
70	80	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	72½	72½	72½	72½	+ ⅛
32½	32¾	4,400	Am. Can	32⅜	33⅛	32½	32⅝	— ⅝
92¾	93½	500	Am. Can pf	92⅝	93	92⅝	93	+ ⅝
80	87	25	Am. Coal Products	85	85	85	85	...
40½	40¾	100	Am. Cotton Oil	41	41	41	41	— ½
22½	24	100	Am. Hide & L. pf	22½	22½	22½	22½	— ½
24½	25	100	Am. Ice Securities	24⅝	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅛
32¾	33½	300	Am. Locomotive	33	33	33	33	+ ⅛
67	67¼	1,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	66⅝	67½	66⅝	67¼	+ ½
101½	102⅛	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	+ ⅛
110	111	120	Am. Sugar Ref	110	110	110	110	...
111	116¼	20	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	111½	111½	111½	111½	...
128⅜	128½	400	Am. Teleph. & Tel	128⅜	128½	128⅜	128½	...
226	232	100	Am. Tobacco	226	226	226	226	+ ¼
103¼	104½	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	+ 6
26½	29	20	Am. Writing P. pf	26½	26½	28½	26½	+ ¾
37⅜	37⅞	300	Anaconda Cop. Co	38	38	37¾	37⅝	...
99⅝	99⅞	2,000	Atch., Top. & S. F	99½	99⅞	99½	99¾	+ ⅛
121⅞	122¾	100	Atlantic Coast Line	122½	122½	122½	122½	+ ¼
48	49	100	Baldwin Loco	48	48	48	48	+1
98½	98⅞	700	Baltimore & Ohio	98¾	98⅝	98⅜	98⅜	+ ¼
78⅝	79⅛	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛	— ⅛
...	...	15	Bank of Commerce	182	182	182	182	...
71	71	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	71	71	71	71	+1⅛
91⅜	91⅝	3,450	Brook. Rapid Tran	91⅞	91⅞	91½	91⅝	...
41½	41⅝	1,300	California Petrol'm	41¼	42	41¼	41½	+ ¼
236⅜	236⅞	9,020	Canadian Pacific	236¼	237½	236¼	236⅝	+ ¼
23	24	100	Central Leather Co	23¼	23¼	23¼	23⅜	—1
92½	92½	50	Cent. Leather Co. pf	92½	92¾	92½	92½	+ ⅛
64⅜	64¾	2,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	65	65¼	64½	64½	...
13½	14	100	Chicago Gt. West'n	14	14	14	14	+ ⅛
107½	107¾	2,100	Chi., Mil. & St. P	107¾	108⅝	107⅝	107⅝	+ ½
130	130½	100	Chi. & Northwest	129½	129½	129½	129½	— ½
38⅝	38⅞	1,500	Chino Copper	38⅝	39¼	38⅝	39	+ ¼
31½	31⅝	700	Col. Fuel & Iron	31	31½	31	31½	+ ⅛
131¼	151⅞	900	Consolidated Gas	131¾	131½	131½	131⅝	+ ⅛
10¼	10½	200	Corn Products Ref	10¼	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	+ ⅛
154	155	50	Delaware & Hudson	154	154	154	154	...
17½	19	100	Den. & Rio Grande	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
31½	32½	300	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	32	32	32	32	+ ⅛
72	75	35	Detroit United Ry	73	73	73	73	...
28¼	28¼	2,700	Erie	27¾	28¼	27⅝	28¼	+ ¼
43	43½	100	Erie 1st pf	43	43	43	43	+ ½
180	185	5	General Chemical	184½	184½	184½	184½	...
138½	139	400	General Electric	138½	139	138½	139	+ ⅝
1⅞	2	600	Goldfield Consol	2	2	2	2	...
30	31	850	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	30¼	30¼	30	30	— ⅛
93	94	100	Goodrich pf	93½	93½	93½	93½	+1½
126½	126⅞	2,700	Great Northern pf	126	127	126	126⅝	+ ⅛
33½	34½	500	Gt. Nor. ctfs. ore prop	34	34½	34	34½	+ ⅛
46¼	46½	425	Guggenheim Explor	46⅞	46⅞	46⅜	46¾	+ ¼
115	116½	100	Illinois Central	115¼	115¼	115¼	115¼	...
17	17¼	2,300	Inspiration Copper	17¼	17¾	17⅛	17⅜	— ⅛
14½	14⅝	1,300	Inter.-Met. v .tr. cfs	14⅝	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜	+ ⅛
50⅜	50⅝	2,100	Inter.-Met. pf	51	51⅝	51	51	+ ⅛
22⅞	23	200	Int. Harv. pf. new	111⅞	112¼	111⅞	112¼	+1½
100	100	100	Kansas City South	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	— ⅛
490	500	2	Lake Shore	500	500	500	500	...
154⅜	154⅞	1,150	Lehigh Valley	155	155½	154⅜	154⅜	+ ¾
32	33	400	Loose-W. Biscuit	32	32½	32	32½	+1⅛
132¼	133¼	200	Louis. & Nash	132¼	132¼	132¼	132¼	+ ⅞
81	82	300	Mackay Cos	82	82	82	82	...
129	130	400	Manhat. Elevated	129¾	130	129¾	130	+1½
15	15⅝	50	Merc. Marine pf	15	15	15	15	...
65	65¼	2,500	Mexican Petroleum	65	66	65	65¼	+ ¼
87	95	100	Mexican Petrol. pf	90	90	90	90	—5
22⅞	23¼	100	Miami Copper	23	23	23	23	...
22⅜	22¾	1,700	Mo., Kan. & Tex	23	23	22½	22½	— ½
34¾	35	1,000	Missouri Pacific	34¾	35	34¾	34¾	+ ⅛
78	80	100	Nat. En. & St. Co. pf	80	80	80	80	—2
46	47	300	Nat. Lead Co	47	47	47	47	...
16⅜	16½	400	Nevada Con. Copper	16⅛	16½	16½	16½	...
99⅜	100	2,400	N. Y. Central	100	100¼	99⅞	100⅛	+ ⅛
103⅞	105⅜	800	N. Y., N. H. & H	105¼	105¾	105½	105½	+ ⅛
28⅝	29⅛	200	N. Y., Ont. & W	28⅞	28⅞	28¾	28¾	— ⅛
105⅝	105⅞	500	Norfolk & Western	105⅜	105½	105⅜	105⅜	...
114¼	114⅝	600	Northern Pacific	114½	114¾	114⅜	114⅜	+ ⅛
30½	32	100	Pac. Tel. & Tel	31	31	31	31	+ ⅛
110¼	110¼	4,900	Pennsylvania R. R	110⅜	110½	110⅜	110⅜	— ⅛
108½	109¼	100	People'sGas,Chicago	109	109	109	109	...
92	93	100	Pitts., C., C. & St. L	93	93	93	93	+1½
17¼	18	200	Pittsburgh Coal	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
81	82	200	Pittsburgh Coal pf	81	81½	81	81½	+ ⅝
...	...	100	Pitts., Ft. W. & C	157	157	157	157	—9
153	155	200	Pullman Co	154	154	154	154	—1
17⅞	18⅛	300	Ray Con. Copper	18	18	18	18	+ ⅛
160⅜	160½	37,900	Reading	160½	161⅝	160¼	160½	...
81	82	210	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	81½	81½	81½	81½	+ ⅛
16¾	16⅞	4,000	Rock Island Co	16	17¼	16	16¾	...
29¼	29⅝	1,450	Rock Island Co. pf	30	30⅝	29½	29½	+ ½
26	28	100	Rumely (M.) Co	27½	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	...
51½	54	100	Rumely pf	54	54	54	54	...
9	9½	400	St. L. & San Fran	9	9	9	9	+ ⅛
14	14⅛	1,800	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	15½	15½	14	14⅜	— ⅛
16¾	17	100	Seaboard Air Line	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	+ ⅛
41	42	100	Seaboard Air L. pf	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	+ ⅛
97	97½	6,100	Southern Pacific	96¼	97⅝	96	96⅞	+ ⅛
23¾	24¼	800	Southern Ry. ext	23⅞	24⅝	23⅞	24⅜	+ ⅜
76¾	77	600	Southern Ry. pf. ext	76½	77	76½	77	+ ⅜
34½	34⅞	200	Tennessee Copper	34½	34⅝	34½	34⅝	+ ⅛
105	109	100	Texas Co	105½	105½	105½	105½	+ ½
15¾	17	100	Texas & Pacific	16½	16½	16½	16½	...
34¼	34¾	300	Third Avenue	34¼	34⅝	34¼	34⅝	...
9	10½	200	Toledo, St. L. & W	11	11¼	11	11¼	+1⅛
80¼	81	100	Und'w'd Typewriter	81¾	81¾	81¾	81¾	+1⅛
150¼	150¼	32,300	Union Pacific	149	150⅞	148⅝	150¼	+1½
83¼	85	50	Union Pacific pf	84¼	85¼	84¼	84¼	...
95	97	130	United Dry Goods	95	95	95	95	—1
22	23	150	United Rys. Inv	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	+ ⅛
44	47	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	+1
65¼	66	100	U. S. Realty & I. Co	65½	65½	65½	65½	— ¼
62¾	63	400	U. S. Rubber	62⅜	63¼	62⅜	63¼	+ ⅝
104¾	105¼	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	— ⅛
60	60⅛	37,724	U. S. Steel	59¼	60¼	59⅝	60⅛	+ ⅛
105⅜	106	610	U. S. Steel pf	106	106⅛	105⅞	106	+ ⅛
50½	50¾	800	Utah Copper	50¼	50⅝	50¼	50⅝	+ ⅛
26½	27	500	Va.-Car. Chemical	26	26	26	26	— ½
2¼	2⅜	400	Wabash	2¼	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	...
7½	7¾	200	Wabash pf	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
53	57	200	Western Md. pf	55	55	55	55	...
65¼	66	125	Western Union Tel	65¼	65¼	65¼	65¼	+ ½
61⅝	62¼	200	Westingh. E. & M	62	62	62	62	+ ¼
90¼	91	400	Woolw'th (F.W.) Co	91½	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	+1⅝
110¼	111½	200	Woolworth pf	111½	111½	110½	110½	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100	100½	Pan 2s, r, 1938	....100¼	101
2s, c, 1930	100¼	...	Pan 3s, r, 1961	....102⅞	103⅛
3s, r, 1918	102⅜	103¼	Pan 3s, c, 1961	103	103⅜
3s, c, 1918	102⅜	103⅜			
4s, r, 1925	113⅜	114¼			
4s, c, 1925	114	114⅜			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	....100¼	101			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	132	140	Dist Sec	13¾	16
Allis-Chal. pf	..	⅝	D. S. S & A	4¾	7
Do pf, 5th paid	....	15⅜	Du P de N Pow pf	12½	14½
Am Ag C.	48	50	Du P de N Pow pf	...	94
Am Bank N.	230	265	Erie 2d pf	34¾	37
A B S & F	92	95	F M & S.	14	17
Do pf	130	132	Do pf	35	42
Am Cities.	37½	40	Gen C pf	..104	106½
Do pf	.... 70¼	75	Gen. Mot	25½	30
A C & F.	48¾	49	Do pf	72	73½
Do pf	....112⅞	113⅝	G & S Tel.	115¼	...
Am Coal.	70	100	H. (G. W.)	140	160
A Cot O pf	92½	...	Do pf	112	115
A C P pf.	101	105	Hock Val.	..	150
Am Exp	160	168	Homestake, ex div	....100½	107
A H & L.	4¼	4½	Inger-R	100	...
Am Lin	9¼	10	Ino pf	 92	...
Do pf	 26	27	Int Agric.	8	10½
A Loc pf	102	105	Do pf	 35	45
Am Malt	8	10	Int. Harv	...103	106
Do pf	 48	52	Int H. n	...102½	104
A S pf, B.	82⅞	83⅜	Int H C	...102½	104
Am Snuff.	165	180	Do pf	112	112⅜
Do pf	....102¾	105	Int Pap	8⅞	9¼
Am St Fds	30	32	Do pf	.... 38½	39¼
A T & C.	51¾	66	Int St P	 7	10
A W W pf	95	97	Do pf	 30	35
Am Wool.	17¾	22½	Iowa Cent.	7	8¼
Do pf	 77	77¾	Do pf	 15	25
Ann Arbor.	15	30	Kayser (J)	85	89
Do pf	 50	80	Do 1st pf	103	107¾
Assets R.	100	106	K C, Ft S & M pf	....	70
A T & S F	 99	99¼	K C S pf.	50¼	60
Bald L pf.	104⅞	105½	K & D M.	6	..
Batop M.	.... 1¼	1½	Do pf	 45	65
Beth St'l.	 32	32½	Kresge(S.S.)	62½	65
B Un Gas.	120	131	Do pf.	 97	99½
Bruns Ter.	6½	7¼	Lack Steel.	32	39
B, R & P.	100	110½	Lacl Gas	 92	98
Do pf	115	150	L E & W.	7¼	9¼
But'k Co	27½	29	Do pf	 22	29
Cal Pet pf.	98½	70	L-W B 1st pf.	.... 98½	99
Canada So.	57½	64	Do 2d pf.	 80	90
Case (J I) pf.	....	99¾	Liggt M.	210	216
C C C.	..	91	Do pf	112	115
C R R of N J.	295	315	Long Isl'd.	38	42
C & S A T.	106	108	M'kay Cos pf.	 66	68
Chi Alt.	9½	15	M St. Sts.	66	71
Chi Gt W pf.	.... 28½	29½	Do pf	100	102½
C, I & L pf.	 50	80	Mer Marine	3¾	4
C, M & St Paul pf.	135	136	Mich Cent.	..	190
C & N W pf.	181	189	M & St L.	16	18½
C, St P, M & Om.	120	140	Do pf	 38	40
Do pf	132	150	M. St P & S S M	....130½	133
C, C, C & St L.	.... 49¾	53	Do pf	135	145
Do pf	 88	95	Nat Bis	....112½	115
Col & So.	28	31	Do pf	115	118
Do 1st pf	66½	70	Nat Enam.	12	13
Do 2d pf	60	65	Nat L pf	....105¾	107½
C P R pf.	65½	68	Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	50	57
Crex Carp.	74	84	Do 2d pf.	2¼	22
Cub-Am S.	20	40	N Cent C	..	60
Do pf	....	92	N Y A B.	68	71
D, L & W.	395	400	N Y Air B.	....	5
D M & Ft D	....	2½	C pf	....	28
D & Co pf.	97¾	98	N. Y. C & St L.	....	..
Det & M.	100	..	1st	....	55½
Do pf	100	..			58

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Do 1st pf	95	..	So P R S	..	65
Do 2d pf.	80¼	90	Do pf	....	106
N Y Dock.	19	19	So R, M & O	....	..
Do pf	 25	40½	Ohio cfs.	67	77
N Y S Rys.	..	90½	Stand Mill.	32	33¼
N O T & Light	 71	75	Do pf	....	60
Norf So	.... 40¼	48	Studebaker	26½	27
N & W pf.	81	85	Do pf, ex div	....	89
North Am.	72	72¼	T P L Tr.	92	95
Ont Min	.. 2	2½	T, P & W.	15¼	..
Pabst B pf	105	110	T R & L.	2¼	2½
Pac Coast.	78	90	T, St L & C pf.	....	21
Do 1st pf	80	95	T C I R T.	103½	105
Do 2d pf.	80	95	Do pf	....136½	142
Pac Mail.	22	23	Und T pf.	....	111½
P T & T pf.	 89	92½	U B & P.	5¼	5⅝
Peo & E.	10	15	Do pf.	30	34⅜
P Lorillard	165	170	Un Cig M.	48	55
Do pf	112	112½	Do pf	....	103
Pett-Mull.	15	22	U D G pf.	101⅜	103
Do 1st pf	85	92	U S C I P.	12	14
Phelps-D	200	..	Do pf	.... 47⅝	50
Phila Co.	87	96	U S Exp	 56	60
P, C, C & St L pf.	100	115	U S Ind A.	30	55
Pitts St pf.	93	100	Do pf	 87	100
Pr St Car	24½	25	U S R & Ref.	....	17⅞
Do pf	 95	100	Do pf	 2	8½
Pub S Cor.	114	115½	U S R 2d pf.	 75	92
Quicksilver	3	3⅝	Vand R R	..	85½
Do pf	.... 6½	8	Va-Car C Co pf	 99	102
R R Sec I C stk c	..	85	Va I, C & Coke	 42	50
Ry St Sp.	27	29	Va R & P.	52¼	57
Do pf	 91	97	Do pf	 90	..
Rdg 1st pf	88	89	Vul Det	.. 15	16
Do 2d pf.	80	90½	Do pf	 76	85
R I & S.	23¼	24	W F Exp.	110	118
St L & S F 1st pf	 35	40	Weym-B	200	300
St L & S F 2d pf.	 8	10	Do pf	112	120
St L S W.	20	30½	West Md	.... 39½	40½
Do pf	.... 71½	72½	Westingh'se 1st pf	112	114
Sears-R	....166½	167	W & L E.	4½	5
Do pf	....	121	Do 1st pf	15	18
S-S S & I.	31	33	Do 2d pf.	7	8
Do pf	 88	91	Wis Cent	.... 50½	52½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con	.01	Hale & Norcross	.06
Andes	.01	Julia	.01
Belcher	.19	Mexican	.67
Best & Belcher	.05	Occidental Con	.70
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.11
Caledonia	.84	Overman	.15
Challenge Con	.04	Savage	.08
Chollar	.03	Seg. Belcher	.05
Confidence	.20	Sierra Nevada	.07
Con. Cal. & Va	.11	Union Con	.09
Con. Imperial	.01	Utah Con	.02
Crown Point	.21	Yellow Jacket	.20
Gould & Curry	.02		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	6.25	Comb. Fraction	.04
Jim Butler	.89	Diamondf. Dalay	.03
McNamara	.16	Diamondf. Blk. B.	.02
Midway	.44	Florence	.40
Mizpah Ext	.50	Goldfield Con. M	2.00
North Star	.65	Goldfield Merger	.18
Rescue Eula	.17	Jumbo Ext	.28
Tonopah Merger	.85	Lone Star	.01
West End	1.12½	Silver Pick	.55
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.89
Atlanta	.15	Round Mountain	.54
Booth	.04	MANHATTAN.	
C. O. D	.04	Manhattan Con	.06
		Manhat. Big Four	.56

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	7	7½	Jackpot	5½	6
Elkton	56½	57	McKinney	58	59¾
El Paso	385	395	Old Gold	2½	3
Findlay	2½	4	Portland	98	100
Gold Dollar	10½	11	Vindicator	92	93
Isabella	10¾	11½	Raven B. H.	4½	5

HOLDS THAT SCHWAB HAS HIS DATES MIXED

Prosecution Contends He Suggested Steel Trust to J. P. Morgan in 1900.

WITNESS HIMSELF NOT SURE

But Admits Formation of the Trust Prevented Rivalry Between Carnegie and Morgan Companies.

The cross-examination of Charles M. Schwab yesterday in the Government's suit for the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation led up to the question whether the formation of the corporation was due to the speech he delivered at a dinner at which he sat next to the late J. P. Morgan or whether it was directly caused by Andrew Carnegie's projected invasion of the steel tube field.

The question, which the Government considers of first importance as showing the purpose of the organization, is focused on the date of the dinner. Mr. Schwab, on his direct examination on Monday, said he thought it was in November, 1899. In the speech he outlined the economies which might be effected by a big combination and the advantages it would have in entering into foreign trade. His conferences with Mr. Morgan and the sale of the Carnegie Steel Company, of which he was President, followed.

The Government theory is that the project dated from November, 1900, when Mr. Carnegie announced his intention of going into the tube business in competition with the National Tube Company, a combination then just formed by J. P. Morgan & Co. Minutes of the Board of Directors of the Carnegie Company, introduced some time ago, showed that on Nov. 6, 1900, Mr. Schwab reported that he had been to New York at the request of Mr. Morgan.

He supposed it was about railroads the financier wanted to see him, but Charles Steele, Mr. Morgan's partner, told him that the tube situation was the matter up for discussion. According to Mr. Schwab's report, Mr. Steele said that Mr. Morgan was "much alarmed" over Mr. Carnegie's intention of going into the tube business.

The idea of the Government is that Mr. Schwab was a year out in his recollection of the date of the dinner, and that it was connected with his visit to Mr. Steele. Mr. Schwab promised yesterday to see whether he could fix the date positively by any memoranda in his possession.

Would Have Been Morgan Rival.

Mr. Schwab's cross-examination was used largely for proving the facts set forth in the minutes of the Carnegie Steel Company, which Judge Dickinson read to him in copious extracts. Mr. Schwab confirmed them in all cases except where he could not remember the particular transaction. He said they were largely stenographic reports of the meetings prepared for Mr. Carnegie's information while abroad, so that they were probably accurate. Concerning the entries regarding the proposed tube plant at Conneaut he said:

"That did not come about as suddenly as you might suppose from the minutes. The idea of going into finished steel products was the development of a long time. For two or three years I had been preparing plans for tubes especially. Soon after we bought the land at Conneaut we announced our intention of building a tube plant there."

"Was that announcement made in good faith?"

"Absolutely."

"If the Steel Corporation had not been formed and you had gone ahead with the plant, what concern would have been your principal competitor in that line?"

"Naturally, the National Tube Company."

At one meeting in 1900 Mr. Schwab was quoted as saying it would probably be the last year of the domestic rail pool. He couldn't remember what had occasioned the statement.

"Well, what would have followed if the pool had ended?" asked Judge Dickinson.

"Lower prices and destructive competition," answered Mr. Schwab.

While Mr. Schwab could not remember all the pools mentioned in the minutes he had no doubt that the minutes were correct. The pools broke down frequently, and then there was strong competition, especially on the part of the Carnegie Steel Company, in no case, he was sure, had there been any pool involving a division of territory.

Were After Something Big.

The minutes told of an offer from the English rail makers to give the American manufacturers 100,000 tons of foreign business, including Canada, if they would keep out of the general foreign market.

"I believe you said there was no international rail pool," said Judge Dickinson. "It would appear from this that one was contemplated."

"Oh, I wouldn't call that a pool," said Mr. Schwab. "It was too small, and that is the reason we didn't go into it."

"You were after something big?" suggested Judge Dickinson.

"Right," replied Mr. Schwab. He added that the offer involved only English makers, while an international pool would have to include German, French, and Belgian makers.

Mr. Schwab also confirmed the minutes regarding the projected Empire Rail Company, which was to sell the output of all the principal American manufacturers. The agreement was ready to sign when Andrew Carnegie withdrew on the ground that it was a trust, and would be attacked as such, and, further, that under the proposed voting trust it would be controlled by the smaller mills as against the Carnegie and Federal Steel Companies.

Another arrangement confirmed by Mr. Schwab was one

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COMMODITIES MARKETS

Wheat was under bear pressure all day and closed rather heavy, at net loss of ⅜ to ½c. Corn closed ½c. net lower and oats ⅝ to ½c. net lower. Cotton closed steady, net 1 point higher for May, although later months were generally 2 to 5 points net lower.

***

WHEAT.

Outside of a moderate early advance on covering due to firm cables, the wheat market was under bear pressure all day and closed rather heavy at ⅜ to ½c net decline. With the exception of Northwest Canada, all sections of the wheat belt sent in favorable crop and weather reports, which were confirmed in a measure by the weekly Government crop bulletin, which made a satisfactory report on Winter wheat States, but was not so good as to Spring Wheat, although it stated that cool weather was without damaging influence. There was further precipitation in the Northwest and general rainfall throughout the central and Southwest country, extending rapidly eastward into the Ohio Valley. Except in the Northwest temperatures were generally seasonable. According to Broomhall, crop conditions abroad were favorable with the exception of France and Bulgaria. With the bullish Canadian advices late Monday this influenced an advance of ⅝ to ¾d in the Liverpool market, which, in turn, had a steadying effect here at the opening. Berlin was ⅜ to ½c higher, and Budapest 1½c higher. A decrease of 1,256,000 bushels in the European visible was supplemented by a reduction of 5,121,000 bushels in the United States and Canada, making a total decrease in world's stocks of 6,421,000 bushels, compared with 4,716,000 bushels a year ago. Cash demand was rather quiet, and export bids were said to be several cents out of line. At Minneapolis the stock has decreased 310,000 bushels in the last three days. Chicago reported that there was some nervousness among July shorts on fears that there might be congestion in that contract similar to the tightness now prevailing in May. At New York red wheat was still nominal with No. 1 Northern quoted at $1.00¼ free on board, afloat.

WHEAT FUTURE MARKETS.

New York—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	....	....	99½	99	1.19
July	97⅝	97 3-16	97 3-16	97½	1.13⅝
September	96⅛	95⅛	95⅝	95½	1.08¼
Chicago—					
May	91¼	90⅝	90⅝	91	1.13⅝
July	89⅝	88⅞	88⅞	89⅝	1.08¼
September	88⅞	88¼	88¼	88⅝	1.03⅜

CORN.

The fear of delayed planting on account of general rains all through the belt gave corn a steady opening and afforded a sustaining influence up to the last hour when the market turned weaker with other grains, closing ⅛c net lower. Bears claimed that crop progress was well up to normal, and that the present rains would have the effect of putting the ground in excellent shape for further farm work. This view was confirmed by the weekly Government crop bulletin, but was not in harmony with the Iowa State crop bulletin, which complained of cool, showery weather. There were reports of increased country offerings, although cash markets were generally firm, and present receipts continue light. Export corn at New York was quoted at 64½c, nominal, free on board, afloat.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	56⅝	56¼	56½	58⅜	70⅛
July	57	56¼	56⅝	58⅜	74⅝
September	57½	57⅛	57⅜	57½	72⅝

OATS.

At the start oats were up ⅛ to ¼c, but the assurance of good rains all over the belt, including the Ohio Valley, brought out liquidation under which the market broke ⅝c per bushel, and closed at the lowest point of the day. Increased country offerings also attracted commission house pressure. At New York cash oats were steady, with standard white quoted at 44½c; No. 2, 45c; No. 3, 44c; No. 4, 43c; ordinary clipped white, 43½@44c; fancy clipped white, 45c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	39¼	42⅜
July	37¼	36⅝	36⅝	37¼	48¼
September	36⅛	35⅞	35⅞	36¼	41⅝

PROVISIONS.

On account of light receipts and firm live hogs the provision market started out active and firm and was well sustained up to the last hour, when it eased off with grain, losing nearly all of the forenoon advance. Commission houses bought on the early upturn and packers sold in the afternoon. Arrivals at Western points were 74,000 hogs, including 8,000 at Chicago, 18,000 at Kansas City, and 6,800 at Omaha. Chicago estimated 24,000 hogs on Wednesday.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	11.10	11.02	11.02	11.02	10.65
September	11.15	11.10	11.10	11.10	10.67½
Ribs—					
July	11.35	11.27	11.30	11.27	10.27½
September	11.17	11.12	11.12	11.12	10.27½
Pork—					
July	19.92	19.80	19.80	19.85	18.05
September	19.60	19.50	19.47	19.50	18.35

COTTON.

The cotton market was less active yesterday, and after opening slightly higher eased off owing to continued favorable weather and crop news. Covering and further moderate buying by trade interests gave the market a rather steady undertone around 11 cents for new crop positions, however, and the close was very steady, net 1 point higher on May, although generally 2 to 5 points lower on later months.

The opening was steady at an advance of 1 to 3 points on a renewal of Monday's buying movement. Cables were no better than due, while the weather map made a very favorable showing, and it was considered quite certain that the weekly report of the Weather Bureau would justify a bearish view of recently prevailing crop conditions. A private wire to this city contained a number of reports indicating showers was for further general showers to-day or to-morrow. Private wires claim that the bulletin, which embraced the cool, showery weather. There were reports of increased country offerings, although cash markets were generally firm, and present receipts continue light. Export corn at New York was quoted at 64½c, nominal, free on board, afloat.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	56⅝	56¼	56½	58⅜	70⅛
July	57	56¼	56⅝	58⅜	74⅝
September	57½	57⅛	57⅜	57½	72⅝

squares are appearing in Southern Alabama and predict that blooms will follow by the first of June, while there were a number of favorable reports from other sections of the belt also. On the whole, consequently, there seemed little fault to be found with the day's weather and crop news, and many traders are now talking a Government condition report of 3 to 5 points above the ten-year average of 79.9 per cent. Private cables reported a quiet, steady market in Liverpool. Rumors that certain New England mills would close down next week promoted some selling during the afternoon, but were found to be based on the intention of these mills to close on Memorial Day as usual and the Saturday following. Reports from Alabama said that spots were offering more freely, but the Southern markets as officially quoted were generally unchanged, except for an advance of 3-16c at Houston.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 12.00 for middling upland; sales, 136 bales.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	11.53	11.50	11.50@11.51	11.40
June	....	....	11.53@11.57	11.57
July	11.66	11.59	11.60@11.61	11.62
August	11.45	11.39	11.40@11.41	11.41
September	....	....	11.06@11.11	11.11
October	11.06	10.99	11.02@11.03	11.04
November	11.03	11.02	11.01@11.02	....
December	11.07	11.00	11.03@11.04	11.06
January	11.03	10.97	10.99@11.00	11.02
March	11.08	11.08	11.07@11.09	11.12

COTTONSEED OIL.

Many shorts were good buyers of oil early in the day, and this, with the firmness of lard, gave the market a steady undertone, which was replaced by weakness in the afternoon owing to sales of October against purchases of new crop crude. Outside trade was still light, and closing prices showed a partial decline of 5 points. There were tenders of 300 barrels on May contracts.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	7.00@....	7.00
May	7.08	7.07	7.08@7.09	7.05
June	7.04	7.04	7.02@7.03	7.03
July	7.06	7.03	7.02@7.04	7.04
August	7.13	7.10	7.00@7.11	7.11
September	7.13	7.13	7.10@7.12	7.13
October	6.88	6.81	6.80@6.83	6.80
November	....	....	6.44@6.48	6.46
December	....	....	6.30@6.38	6.35

COFFEE.

Sales aggregated 37,000 bags. The market opened 1@4 points up, held firm at a general gain of 2@6 points until late in the session, when most of the gain was lost, the close being net unchanged to 2 points higher. Havre closed at a net advance of ¼f, while Hamburg was ¼ pfennig net higher. Cost and freight prices from Rio were a shade lower, but Santos was steady and about unchanged.

Spot coffee, Rio grades, ⅛c lower on the basis of 11½c for 7s.

Contract prices were as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	11.15	11.13	11.12@11.14	11.13
June	....	....	11.12@11.16	11.13
July	11.20	11.20	11.16@11.18	11.15
August	....	....	11.24@11.27	11.24
September	11.38	11.34	11.34@11.35	11.34
October	....	....	11.34@11.36	11.34
November	....	....	11.34@11.36	11.34
December	11.40	11.37	11.36@11.37	11.35
January	....	....	11.37@11.39	11.36
February	....	....	11.38@11.40	11.36
March	11.41	11.41	11.40@11.42	11.38
April	....	....	11.40@11.42	11.38

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, 28¾@29c; firsts, 27½@28¼c; seconds, 26½@27c; State dairy, finest, 28@28¼c; good to prime, 27@27½c; common to fair, 25@26½c; process, extras, 27½@28c; firsts, 27c; imitation creamery, firsts, 27c; factory, firsts, 26c; seconds, 24½@25c; packing stock, No. 2, 23c; No. 3, 21¼@22¼c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, fresh, colored, specials, 13½c; white, 13¼@13½c; colored, average fancy, 12¾@13c; white, 13c; undergrades, 11½@12¼c; daisies, held, as to style and quality, 10@17c; Wisconsin, whole milk, twins, held, 16c; State, skims, fresh, specials, 10@10c; skims, fresh, choice, 7@8½c; State, skims, held, specials, 12@13c; fair to choice, 2½@11¼c; skims, poor to fair, 5@6¼c; State, full skims and badly defective, 2½@4c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 22½@23c; storage packed, firsts to extra firsts, 21@22c; regular packed, extra firsts, 21@21½c; regular packed, firsts, 20@23½c; seconds, 19@19½c; thirds and poorer, 17@18½c; dirties, No. 1, 18@18½c; No. 2, 17@17½c; checks, good to choice, dry, 16@17c; undergrade, case, $3@$4.20; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery whites, as to size and quality, 22@24c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 21@23c; Western, gathered whites, 20@22½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery browns, 22@23c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 20@22c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—Wholesale prices for Western beef cuts did not change.

SUGAR.—Trading in the refined sugar market was quiet, and prices were unchanged. The local raw sugar market was featureless, and spot prices were unchanged. The London beet sugar market was quiet, with prices barely maintained. May stood at 9s 2½d, June at 9s 2d, and August at 9s 5½d.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The market was steady and unchanged.

RICE.—The market was moderately active, at unchanged prices.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The market was steady and unchanged.

OILS.—Petroleum and linseed oil were unchanged.

NAVAL STORES.—Turpentine was easy, owing to larger arrivals. Resin and tar were steady and unchanged.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine, bbls., 41½c. Tar, $5.50@$5.75. Resin, common to good, strained, $4.75@$4.85; B, $5; D, $5.05; E, $5.10; F, $5.25; G, $5.30; H, $5.35; I, $5.40; K, $5.80; M, $6.40; N, $6.80; WG, $7; WW, $7.20.

Seaboard Bank Staff Dined.

About 100 officers and employes of the Seaboard National Bank got together at the St. Denis last night for a dinner tendered by the management, H. C. McCabe presided at the head of the table, but there was not enough speech-making to dull the evening, most of the entertainment being provided by talent recruited from the bank's employes. Messrs. McKenna, Balm, Zrokia, Hand, Barger, Heuser, Fausel, and Goft favored with vocal, violin, and piano solos.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

H. L. Horton & Co. have opened a branch office at the Homestead Hotel, Hot Springs, Va., under the management of E. A. Perry, Jr.

Another $2,000,000 gold has been engaged by Lazard Freres for shipment to Paris, making a total of $12,000,000 taken on this movement, and a total of $35,000,000 since the beginning of the year.

CITY'S CASH—TAX PAYMENTS SLOWER.

The City's Cash Position May 17, 1913.

CITY TREASURY.			
Balance, May 10, 1913		$44,729,778.82	
Receipts—			
From revenues	$6,057,147.79		
From sale of revenue bills	5,904,207.12		
From sale of corporate stock notes	2,249,352.74		
From sale of assessment bonds	31,000.00		
Miscellaneous	106,099.15	14,495,376.80	
		$59,228,155.62	
Payments—			
General administration	2,029,066 55		
Repayment of revenue bonds and bills	8,737,127.85		
Redemption of corporate stock notes	5,980,729.46		
Redemption of city debt	250,078.50		
Interest on the city debt	157,197.49	20,154,760.85	
Balance, May 17, 1913			$39,073,385.77
SINKING FUNDS.			
Balance May 10, 1913		$227,069.72	
Receipts		374,626.94	
		$601,696.66	
Payments		131,000.00	
Balance May 17, 1913			470,696.66
Aggregate balances May 17, 1913			$39,544,082.43

The City's Temporary Financing, May 10 to 17, 1913, Inclusive.

	Corporate Stock Notes.	Revenue Bds. and Bills.	Special Rev. Bonds.
Issued	$2,249,352.74	$5,904,207.12	$250,000.00
Redeemed	8,980,729.46	8,737,727.85	....
Net decrease	$6,731,376.72	$2,743,490.73	$250,000.00
Outstanding May 10	55,908,996.93	106,827,735.14	3,276,287.50
Outstanding May 17	$49,177,620.21	$103,884,264.41	$3,026,287.50

The expected drop in tax payments last week was reflected in the city's receipts from revenues, which are made up chiefly of taxes. The total was $6,000,000, as against nearly $23,000,000 the week before. The current week will probably not show very differently, but the last part of the month, it is estimated, will bring the aggregate to $75,000,000 or $80,000,000, owing to the penalty that attaches to non-payment before June 1.

There was a material reduction in the week in the city's temporary indebtedness. More corporate stock notes and revenue bonds were paid off than were renewed by about $9,500,000. The money came from the balance in the corporate stock note and revenue bond funds, accumulated from the proceeds of previous issues. The amount outstanding on the eve of the bond sale was thereby reduced to $49,000,000 of corporate stock notes and $104,000,000 of revenue bonds.

The proceeds of the $45,000,000 bond sale will practically wipe out the outstanding notes, for the funding of which the bonds are issued. The May taxes will go to redeem the revenue bonds, the balance being left to pay off out of the taxes payable in November, together with future issues. A heavy reduction in both items should be shown in the next two weeks.

The cash in the sinking funds, which is kept at a minimum through its investment in city securities, which pay more interest than the 2 per cent. allowed by the banks on city deposits, increased only about $250,000. The sinking funds hold about $28,000,000 of the corporate stock notes to be paid off from the proceeds of the bond issue, and this cash will reach them shortly. It will then be available for the purchase of further issues of notes and revenue bonds, making the city independent of the money market for some time to come. Out of the cash so received, however, will come the $5,000,000 which the Controller has announced will be invested in older issues of city bonds to be bought in the market on June 2.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 20.—Companies were incorporated to-day as follows:

The Lewis, Slocum & Lefevre Company, Incorporated, of Beaver Falls, lumber, pulp, straw board; $200,000. Howard I. Lefevre, Harry S. Lewis, Frank E. Slocum, 251 West Eighty-first Street, New York.

Mansion Realty Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, realty; $100,000. James B. Kilshimer, Jr., Frank Henderson, John H. Post, 203 Broadway, New York.

Engutll Manufacturing Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, boilers, engines, motors, tools; $125,000. C. W. Crawford, W. J. Mackay, G. M. Miller, all of 1 Madison Avenue, New York.

Victor M. Braschi Machinery Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, engines, tools, boiler pumps; $75,000. Gustavo Lobo, Alfred Houston, James Spilter, 115 Broadway, New York.

Electrical Experiment Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, electrical and mechanical engineers; $10,000. E. Mortimer Boyle, Alfred W. Haywood, Jr., Edward G. B. Hudson, 185 Decatur Street, New York.

Palombi Importing Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, groceries, canned goods; $10,000. Vincenza Palombi, Giovanni Penagrossa, Raffaele Provisiero, 439 Simpson Street, New York.

Daisy Pin Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, devices for trimming hats; $10,000. Jacob J. Gottfried, Minna Froese, Ester Gottfried, 611 West 127th Street, New York.

Pintona Realty Corporation of Brooklyn; $10,000. Everett L. Kelly, Ralph Q. Kelly, Vincent A. Kelly, all of 349 First Street, Brooklyn.

Folk Textile Printing Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, printing on textiles and velvets; $10,000. John Folk, Christian F. J. Lasse, Madeline M. Laase, 341 East F. J. Lasse, Madeline M. Laase, 341 East

Borden's Condensed Milk Sales Company, Incorporated, of Middletown; $10,000. S. Frederic Taylor, Walter M. Gladding, Beverly R. Robinson, 49 Wall Street, New York.

Hemenian & Fiedelbaum, Incorporated, of Manhattan, realty and general merchandise; $15,000. Charles Hemenian, Jacob Fiedelbaum, Ellis L. Steinhardt, 1,253 Amsterdam Avenue, New York.

A certificate was filed with the Secretary of State to-day by the Studebaker Vehicle Company, reducing its capital stock from $3,600,000 to $600,000. The company's debts and liabilities are $54,354.

Delaware.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., May 20.—Articles of incorporation were filed in the State Department to-day for the Pattescope Company of America, New York City, to manufacture, buy, sell, and deal in apparatus for reproducing sounds; capital stock, $100,000. Incorporators—H. O. Coughlin and Joseph F. Curtin, both of New York City.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	May 19.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$887,981	$12,623,062	$286,662,958
Int. revenue.	434,947	15,565,390	270,939,511
Corp. tax	13,614	353,319	5,525,940
Miscellaneous	308,831	3,852,150	49,771,155
Total rects.	1,645,373	32,596,823	612,899,575
Expenditures	1,537,605	37,056,975	608,393,246
Surplus	107,769	*4,460,152	4,506,328

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The condition of the United States Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was: Working balance, $60,259,857; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $45,878,464; total of general fund, $131,923,840.

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Surplus $7,000,000

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THE OMAHA WATER COMPANY.

SECOND PREFERRED STOCK BENEFICIAL CERTIFICATES.

Notice is hereby given that, upon presentation at the office of the undersigned, No. 22 William Street, in the City of New York, of certificates of beneficial interest pertaining to Second Preferred Stock of THE OMAHA WATER COMPANY, on or after May 22, 1913, a further payment amounting to Five Dollars per share, equal to 10% of the par value of said certificates, will be made in connection with the dissolution of the Water Company, such payment to be indorsed on the certificates.

No payment will be made at this time on certificates representing fractions of less than one share.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Agent.
New York, N. Y., May 15, 1913.

UNION CLUB

NOTICE OF RETIRING OF BONDS.

Notice is hereby given to all persons owning, holding or in anywise interested in the bonds of the Union Club of the City of New York, that pursuant to the clause contained in said bonds providing for the retirement thereof, the Governing Committee of said Club has selected by lot for retirement the bonds of the said Union Club of the denomination of one thousand dollars each, bearing the following numbers: 37, 39, 115, 116, 121, 140, 178, 182, 198, 209, 213, 221, 236, 238, 239, 286, 301, 326, 334, and 346.

And the said Union Club further notifies all said persons that the above enumerated bonds will be retired upon the 1st day of August, 1913, at par and accrued interest, and that the said enumerated bonds will cease to bear interest on that day.

And all persons owning and holding any of the said enumerated bonds are hereby required to present same to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, at 22 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or after August 1st, 1913, for payment.

UNION CLUB,
By its Governing Committee,
FRED. AUGUSTUS SCHERMERHORN, President.
CHARLES K. BEEKMAN, Secretary.
New York, April 9th, 1913.

THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY

Twenty Year Four and One-half Per Cent. Convertible Gold Bonds.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FULL PAID SUBSCRIPTION RECEIPTS TO THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY'S TWENTY YEAR FOUR AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. CONVERTIBLE GOLD BONDS:

The above mentioned Bonds will be exchanged for full paid subscription receipts at the office of the Central Trust Company, 54 Wall Street, on and after Monday, May 19th.

J. V. McNEAL, Treasurer.

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - - $1,000,000
DEPOSITS - - - - - - $12,000,000

The policy of the Harriman National Bank is to establish with its customers reciprocal relations based on mutual satisfaction in the conduct and transaction of business, and the personnel of the administration offers every assurance of fair, liberal and prompt dealing along broad and progressive lines.

BANKING HOURS FROM 8 O'CLOCK A. M. TO 8 O'CLOCK P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

$600,000 4½% HIGH CLASS BONDS

SEALED BIDS will be received up until Noon Monday, June 9, 1918, at the office of the County Judge of Hamilton County, Tennessee, for 550 interest bearing coupon bonds of Hamilton County, for the purpose of paying off and liquidating the floating indebtedness of said County. Said bonds will be dated July 1, 1913, and will run for a period of Thirty Years, principal and interest payable at the National City Bank, New York City. Said bonds will be denominated "Hamilton County Bonds," each of the denomination of $1,000.00, with interest at the rate of 4½ per cent., payable semi-annually.

Also, 25 interest bearing coupon bonds of Hamilton County, for the purpose of building a permanent road or street from Frazier Avenue to Mississippi Avenue in North Chattanooga. Said bonds will be dated July 1, 1913, and will run for a period of Thirty Years, principal and interest payable at the National City Bank, New York City. Said bonds will be denominated "Main Avenue Bonds," each of the denomination of $1,000.00, with interest at the rate of 4½ per cent., payable semi-annually.

Also, 25 interest bearing coupon bonds of Hamilton County, for the purpose of constructing, furnishing and equipping a county jail for said county, being the balance of the bonds authorized for this purpose by an act of the General Assembly of Tennessee, passed April 12, 1911, and approved June 24, 1911. Said bonds will be dated April 1, 1913, and will run for a period of Thirty Years, principal and interest payable at the National City Bank, New York City. Said bonds will be denominated "Hamilton County Jail Bonds," each of the denomination of $1,000.00, with interest at the rate of 4½ per cent., payable semi-annually.

Said bonds must be sold at or above par, and all bids shall be made separately for the three issues, or for either of said issues, but may be enclosed within the same cover. All bids must be accompanied by a certified check, payable to the order of the County Judge, for one half of one per cent. of the amount of the bonds bid for, the same to be forfeited to the county if the bidder fails to accept and pay for bonds, if awarded. The successful bidder or bidders will be required to settle for the bonds at or before Noon Thursday, July 24, 1913. The right is expressly reserved to reject any or all bids. Address all bids to the

County Judge, Chattanooga, Tennessee.

For further information, write
WILL CUMMINGS, County Judge

This May 13, 1913.

HAMILTON COUNTY, TENN.

Tax assessments	$47,462,433.00
Bonds outstanding	1,968,000.00

Reorganization of INDIAN REFINING COMPANY

To Depositors of Stock of Indian Refining Company, Under Deposit Agreement, Dated November 12, 1912.

You are notified, pursuant to said Deposit Agreement, that the Commitee acting thereunder have decided that Depositors holding Certificates of Deposit representing a sufficient amount of capital stock of Indian Refining Company deposited under said Deposit Agreement, have duly assented to the Plan adopted and approved by the Committee, a copy of which was filed with the Depositary under said Agreement, namely, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, Number 160 Broadway, New York, on April 3, 1913, and that said Plan has accordingly become effective and binding on all Depositors under said Deposit Agreement in accordance with the provisions of said Agreement.

Dated New York, May 6, 1913.

EVANS R. DICK, Chairman.
E. CLIFFORD POTTER,
ROBERT H. GIBSON,
LOUIS V. BRIGHT,
JAMES M. HUTTON,
MAX C. FLEISCHMANN,
LAZARD KAHN,
Committee.
ARCHIBALD FORBES, Secretary.
160 Broadway.
New York City.

DAVID H. MILLER, Counsel, 15 William Street, New York City.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT forty-five of the First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of The Northwestern Consolidated Milling Company, numbered 2, 56, 57, 66, 70, 79, 82, 85, 197, 205, 210, 212, 219, 318, 320, 323, 359, 371, 378, 383, 410, 444, 445, 447, 471, 542, 543, 560, 574, 600, 602, 609, 621, 665, 679, 749, 774, 789, 826, 836, 857, 862, 882, and 890 are hereby called for redemption on the first day of July, 1913, pursuant to the right of call indorsed upon said bonds under the provisions of the third covenant of the Supplemental Indenture of July 1st, 1911, extending the time of payment of said bonds, and that the same will be paid upon presentation pursuant hereto at either the office of the Trustee, Minneapolis Trust Company, Minneapolis, Minnesota, or the Chase National Bank in the City of New York.

Dated Minneapolis, Minnesota, April 9th, 1913.

THE NORTHWESTERN CONSOLIDATED MILLING CO.
By H. F. Gallaher, Vice President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 6% GOLD BONDS of THE PENSACOLA HOTEL COMPANY, due JANUARY 1, 1929:

The undersigned, successor, trustee under the mortgage above referred to, desire, under authority of said mortgage, to expend the sum of Five Thousand Seven Hundred and Fifty ($5,750) Dollars in the purchase of bonds of said issue, provided such purchase can, in its opinion, now be made advantageously.

Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to the office of the undersigned, 60 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on or before June 16, 1913, at 12:00 o'clock noon.

Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Co.,
Successor-Trustee,
By GEORGE E. WARREN, Trust Officer.
Dated May 12, 1913.

NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.

Grand Central Terminal,
New York, May 14, 1913.
To Holders of
NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY'S 3½% GOLD BONDS,
LAKE SHORE COLLATERAL:

A letter explaining an offer to exchange 4% mortgage bonds of this company for its 3½% gold bonds, Lake Shore Collateral, will be mailed to the holders of Lake Shore Collateral coupon bonds on application to the Secretary. Please give address and state the number of bonds held.

D. W. PARDEE, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

OFFICE OF THE
MEXICAN NORTHERN RAILWAY CO.
82 Beaver Street, New York, May 19, 1913.

The annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Mexican Northern Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on Tuesday, the 3rd day of June, 1913, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed on Friday, May 23rd, at noon, and reopened immediately after the adjournment of the meeting. R. E. SAFFORD, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE
POTOSI & RIO VERDE RAILWAY CO.
82 Beaver St., New York, May 19, 1913.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Potosi & Rio Verde Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on Tuesday, the 3rd day of June, 1913, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed on Friday, May 23rd, at noon, and reopened immediately after the adjournment of the meeting. R. E. SAFFORD, Secretary.

PARK & TILFORD.

225 5th Av., New York, May 15th, 1913.

Pursuant to the terms of the indenture entered into with the Lincoln Trust Company, as trustees, requiring the redemption and cancellation of $40,000, par value, Park & Tilford 6% debenture bonds on June 1st, 1913, offerings for the sale of this amount of bonds to Park & Tilford are now invited and will be received up to May 29th, 1913, at this office.

PARK & TILFORD,
By J. R. AGNEW, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

NEW MEXICO STATE BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Loan Commissioners of the State of New Mexico will, at the office of the Treasurer of said State, in the Capitol Building, at the City of Santa Fe, New Mexico, on the Second day of June, 1913, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, receive sealed proposals for the purchase of $450,000.00 of bonds of said State of Series "H," or such portion thereof, which are to be issued in accordance with the provisions of Section Three of Article IX. of the Constitution of said State of New Mexico and of an act of the Legislature of said State, which became a law on the first day of June, 1912, for the payment of the bonds and accrued interest thereof of Santa Fe County, assumed by said State in Section One of Article IX. of said Constitution. Four hundred and twenty-five of said bonds are to be issued in the denomination of one thousand dollars each, and fifty thereof are to be issued in the denomination of five hundred dollars each, dated July 1, 1913, and will be in the form prescribed in Section 13 of said act of the Legislature of the State of New Mexico, and the principal thereof will be payable to bearer in gold coin or its equivalent in lawful money of the United States forty years after their date, and they may be redeemed at the option of the State at any time after twenty years from their date. The interest on said bonds will be payable semi-annually on the first day of January and July in each year, and principal and interest will be payable at the office of the State Treasurer at Santa Fe, New Mexico, or at the Seaboard National Bank, New York City, at the option of the holder. Awarded bonds are offered for sale to the person who will agree to take the same at par and accrued interest to date of delivery and at a rate of interest to be named in his bid; and said bonds or any part thereof will be awarded to the person offering to accept the same at par at the lowest rate of interest.

Each bid must be sealed, marked "Proposal for Purchase of Bonds," and accompanied by a certified check for not less than two per cent. of the amount of the bid, as security for

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

Wheat Exports Show Gain.

Exports of wheat from this port last week came to 1,802,691 bushels, a gain of more than 1,000,000 over the shipments of this commodity in the previous week. Beef shipments were light; some 389 barrels and 162 tierces were shipped. According to figures issued yesterday at the local Custom House, exports, exclusive of specie, for the week ending May 17, equalled $18,344,647, against $18,566,623 for the week before, and $15,014,468 for the corresponding week of 1912. The total of the present year's exports to date is $382,424,907, against $334,423,048 for the corresponding period of last year.

London Rubber Trading Active.

Cable messages received in the local crude rubber market reported trading as fairly active at the auction held in London yesterday. There were 730 tons offered, and 400 were taken. Smoked sheets moved at 3s 5d early, but declined to 3s 4¾d at the close. Likewise pale crèpe, that brought 3s 4¼d early, dropped to 3s 4¼d. Trading in the local market is quiet, with upriver fine quoted at 92 cents and pale crèpe at 82 cents. There is little consumers' demand for rubber in this market or in Europe, excepting at the auction.

Want Post Dating of Tariff.

William R. Corwine, Secretary of the National Association of Clothiers, returned recently from Washington, where he co-operated with a committee of the National Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers in an effort to obtain post dating of the proposed tariff bill for the garment industry. Their object was to impress upon the Senate the importance of making the new tariff schedule operative about Dec. 1, instead of at the time of its passage, as that date would be least harmful to both manufacturer and retailer.

May Start 'Vote by Mail' Movement.

It was said at the offices of the Associated Traveling Salesmen of New York that the campaign that the National Association of Traveling Men has started in Illinois to obtain a "vote by mail" law for that State similar to those statutes now in force in Kansas, Missouri and Oregon had not been undertaken here. It was said that the matter might be taken up at a later date.

Fears Tariff on Women's Apparel.

A. M. Grean, who designs women's apparel in this city, said yesterday that if the proposed 30 per cent. reduction was made in the duties on women's clothing brought into this country, business here would be killed. "Parisian manufacturers can already undersell Americans," he said, "because the cheapest designer in this country receives higher wages than the average high-class foreign designer. Also labor and materials are cheaper abroad, and a great many imported gowns are made in foreign sweatshops."

Soft Coal Prices Uncertain.

"The demand in the local anthracite coal market is slightly ahead of the supply, as tidewater shipments are restricted by practically all of the producing interests," according to The Coal Trade Journal. The Journal will say also to-day: "At only one of the local ports is prompt loading assured. At that point there is no great accumulation, just enough tonnage on hand to meet requirements.

"There has been no important recession in better grade bituminous coal prices in the last week, but there is more uncertainty in cheaper grades as regards mine quotations. From a strictly local standpoint there has been a vast improvement in the last month.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

PATRICK SCANLAN of 350 West 119th Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $26,435 and assets, consisting of 150 shares of stock of Scanlan & Sons, Incorporated, of no value, as the corporation is in bankruptcy. Among his creditors are the Merchants and Mechanics' National Bank of Baltimore, $21,000, secured by 204 shares of stock of the William Bulter Company of Philadelphia, and Michael G. Scanlan of Philadelphia, $4,000.

SUSAN FOX.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Susan Fox, dealer in hardware and housefurnishings at Yonkers, by these creditors: Charles A. Hauck, $558; Charles J. Stebbins Company, $115, and Robert Slimmon & Co., $135. It is alleged that she is insolvent, has made preferential payments of $2,000, and removed property worth $2,000. Liabilities, $5,000; assets, $2,500.

MORRIS BLOCK, women's tailor, at 4 East Forty-sixth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, $3,709; assets, $2,068, consisting of stock, $798; machines and fixtures, $858; accounts, $387, and cash, $23.

JOHN C. McCAFFERTY, machinist, of 511 West 134th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, $1,295; no assets.

THOMAS F. CLARK of 8 West Sixty-fifth Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, $600, on a lease. No assets.

WILLIAM J. WERTH of 153 East Twenty-ninth Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, $1,007, principally for borrowed money. Assets, $87, in notes.

JOHN H. LYNCH & CO.—Schedules in bankruptcy of John H. Lynch & Co., manufacturers of bricks at Cruger, N. Y., show liabilities, $14,408; nominal assets, $3,911, consisting of real estate at Haverstraw, $1,780, mortgaged for $1,300; accounts, $2,081; cash, $50, and stock, fixtures, and four horses covered by a chattel mortgage for $1,300.

LEO MALTIN.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Leo Maltin, manufacturer of petticoats at 15 West Twenty-sixth Street, show liabilities, $10,706; assets, one share of stock of Leo Maltin, Incorporated, par value $100. Among the creditors are the Diamond Silk Company, $4,500, and Julius Reiter, $1,500.

Discharges in Bankruptcy.

Judge Holt has granted these discharges from bankruptcy:

SAMUEL J. & MORRIS EPSTEIN, partners in the firm of Simon Epstein & Sons, manufacturers of waists at 142 West Twenty-fourth Street, whose liabilities were $32,887.

ADOLPHE C. PICOT, clerk, of 144 East Forty-eighth Street, formerly in the millinery business. Liabilities, $6,883.

RALPH SCHEUER, salesman, of 140 West 120th Street, formerly President of S. Scheuer & Sons, manufacturers of leather goods at 358 Broadway. Liabilities, $106,707.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Ackerman, Albert H.—W. Blitman, $11,187.
Adler, Jacob—R. Burada, $128.
Brockway, Joseph D.—Washington Trust Co., $763.
Bishop, James or James C.—J. Farguharson et al., $4,280.
Brody, Moses—B. Leipzig et al., $374.
Braun, Irma—O. W. Wuertz, $198.
Buck, Karl W.—A. Janssen, $235.
Bode, Arthur G.—A. Janssen, $731.
Chamberlain, Emma W.—H. Ingeber, $2,174.
Cohen, Joseph N.—T. Morgan et al., $217.
Chaloff, Abraham—F. W. Geller, $197.
Daly, Annie—Sons Bros. Co., $548.
Day, Christopher C.—Melrose Construction Co., costs, $122.
Same—City of New York, costs, $137.
Dougherty, Jane—Weingert & Pearl, $119.
D'Ellia, Angelo—D. Miller & Co., $904.
Dahlgreen, Winthrop—J. Ringen, $324.
Evans, Amos H.—C. Schwaner, $229.
Dwyer, Joseph A.—W. P. Stephenson, $285.
Eastman, Max—B. Bell, $114.
Gaites, Joseph M.—New York Edison Co., $122.
Gruzenski, Meyer B.; Colucci Domenico, and Cawston Construction Co.—Pierce, Butler & Pierce Manufacturing Co., $984.
Greene, Willard K.—Bristagne Co., $1,828.
Green, Yetta—B. Benjamin, $434.
Hoag, Lena K.—H. Kuhn, $133.
Hottum, Charles E.—Hefter & Rieb Co., $118.
Halpin, William—E. Nemmack, $463.
Henderson, Charles—E. F. Cragin, $3,545.
Joline, Adrian H., and Douglas Robinson, receivers—J. Kutzleb, $250.
Kornblum, Curt—L. Boehm, $107.
Kapelsohn, Emanuel, and Jersey State Realty Co.—I. Kesner, $1,133.
Kaemuner, Hyman—F. Funk et al., $339.
Lescht, Abraham—New York Edison Co., $157.
Liedwell, Josephine—M. Tecla & Co., $668.
Lennon, Peter—J. McCauley et al., $260.
Lederman, Morris—M. Nadler, $101.
Layman, Hirama D. and Florence—L. Brams, $244.
Morriss, Isidore M.—Home Insurance Co., costs, $112.
Molloy, Peter J.—J. McCauley et al., $260.
Morton, Eliza—Kalle & Co., Inc., $429.
Meiser, Charles J., and Eben E. Winslow—Listers Agricultural Chemical Works, $139.
Mears, W. Howard—E. F. Bunce, $326.
McCormick, Robert C.—A. C. Waterling, $3,204.
Matthews, James and Gardner D.—City of New York, $4,054.
Oberloskamp, Julius—J. McCauley et al., $262.
Quimby, Frederick J.—Sherman Apartment Hotel Co., $234.
Rabinowitz, Julius—E. S. Garside, costs, $116.
Rosenfeld, Solomon—S. W. Peck, costs, $223.
Rosenthal, Retta L.—A. Hollander, $367.
Richardson, Howard W.—D. P. Turner, costs, $458.
Rank, Homer R.—H. M. Block, $116.
Schimek, Herman, Mrs. Herman Schimek, or Emma Schimek—Germania Bank of City of New York, $104.
Siebert, Julius H.—H. G. Streat, $388.
Strauss, Lawrence—Nassau Electric R. R. Co., costs, $173.
Silverberg, Solomon—M. Isenberg, $412.
Solomon, Joseph, and Yetta Robbins—W. R. Walker, $106.
Siegel, Philip—L. Lese, costs, $108.
Sebald, John—Crandall Pattee Co., $837.
Singer, Frank—Realty Adv. and Supply Co., $261.
Same—Same, $352.
Singer, Abraham, and Morris Levine—Thrall Construction Co., $316.
Thompson, Oscar G.—E. S. Kuh & Valk Co., $1,444.
Van Schaick, Singleton—Consolidated Lubricants Co., $123.
Wulff, Charles—J. Steneck et al., $170.
White, William S.—W. F. Sheridan, $103.
Wolfrath, Emma A.—P. Stiso, $216.
Whitlock, Thomas C.—C. W. Allen et al., $122.
Walsh, Lawrence A.—Walker & Pattison, Inc., $193.
Worster, Eva B., executrix—A. Hess, $548.
De Feo & Del Gaudio Construction Co.—J. Luciani, $232.
Title Guaranty and Surety Co.—J. H. Boyle, $598.
Scherer Studio, Inc.—N. Y. Edison Co., $221.
Twelfth Ward Bank of City of New York—New York Produce Exchange Bank, $3,595.
Monaton Realty Investing Corporation—W. H. Ramerick, $125.

SANITARIUMS.

Melrose Hospital and Sanitarium,
WEST BRATTLEBORO, VERMONT.
First-class accommodations for nervous and convalescent patients. Skilled attention. Located in the "Land of the Green Mountains," within six hours of New York City. For information regarding rates, etc., address Mrs. J. F. LAWLER, Supt.

Napolis, Edward S.—J. Ryan, Feb. 26, 1913, $232.
Demarest, John F. H.—P. L. Taylor, Sept. 25, 1912, $7,226.
Cramer, Joseph M.—J. Buckley, Jan. 5, 1909, $108.
Folser, Florence, Henry A. Folser, Dorothy Folser, Ferdinand H. A. Folser, H. A. Folser, Sophie C. Folser, & Louisa A. Schlebohm—N. Lazarus, Feb. 8, 1913, $1,144.
Grossman, Henry—J. Rosenberg, April 9, 1913, $120.
Griffin, Joseph T.—T. W. Vail, Feb. 14, 1913, $164.
Grubb, Charles C., & William E. Klein—People, &c., Sept. 11, 1912, $200.
Le Grand Bronze Co.—F. Morgan, March 24, 1913, (vacated,) $7,905.
Achimpf, Max—Sulzberger & Sons Co. of America, May 16, 1913, $102.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The following is the forecast for Wednesday and Thursday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina, Georgia and Florida—Showers Wednesday and probably Thursday; light to moderate southeast to south winds.

Alabama—Showers Wednesday and probably Thursday; light to moderate south winds.

Mississippi—Showers Wednesday; cooler by night. Thursday probably fair; light to moderate south winds.

Louisiana—Showers Wednesday. Thursday probably fair; moderate south winds.

Eastern Texas—Showers Wednesday. Thursday fair in north, showers in south portion; moderate southeast to south winds on the coast.

Western Texas—Local showers Weddnesday or Wednesday night. Thursday fair.

Utah—Cloudy Wednesday, local showers at night or Thursday.

Oklahoma—Cooler Wednesday with showers, followed by fair; Thursday fair, warmer.

Arkansas—Showers and cooler Wednesday. Thursday fair.

Tennessee—Local showers Wednesday and probably Thursday, except fair Thursday in extreme west portion.

Kentucky—Showers Wednesday and probably Thursday, except fair Thursday in extreme west portion.

Ohio—Showers Wednesday and probably Thursday; moderate to brisk east winds Wednesday.

Indiana—Showers Wednesday and probably Thursday; moderate to brisk east winds, becoming variable.

Illinois—Thunder showers Wednesday; cooler in central and south portions. Thursday, unsettled; shifting winds, brisk over north portion.

Lower Michigan—Showers Wednesday and probably Thursday; brisk east winds, becoming variable.

Upper Michigan — Showers Wednesday. Thursday, cloudy; moderate to brisk east winds, becoming variable.

Wisconsin—Showers Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled; warmer in west portion; moderate to brisk shifting winds.

Minnesota—Showers, continued cool, Wednesday, with brisk north winds near Lake Superior. Thursday, fair and warmer.

Iowa—Showers Wednesday; cooler in southeast portion. Thursday, slightly warmer and probably fair.

Missouri—Showers and cooler Wednesday. Thursday, probably fair; warmer in west portion.

North Dakota—Cloudy Wednesday; probably showers in east portion. Thursday, warmer and generally fair.

South Dakota—Fair Wednesday, preceded by showers in east portion. Thursday, fair and warmer.

Kansas—Fair Wednesday. Thursday, fair and warmer.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Dudley, John L., Jr.—C. E. Ring, Sept. 19, 1905, (canceled,) $342.
Enterprises of Max Rabinoff, Inc.—J. H. Kliegl et al., $209.
Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co.—E. Rakas, $5,158.
Cawston Construction Co., Meyer B. Gruzenski, and Domenico Colucci—Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Co., $984.
Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co.—H. Rakas, $250.
Plainfield Land and Building Co.—F. Simmonds, $1,676.
Susquehanna Cap Co.—M. Asinof, $666.
Manhattan Lighterage Co.—G. Contorno, costs, $105.
R. R. Terry & Co.—A. R. Comersano, $471.
Frederick Roberts Real Estate Co.—Akin Hall Association, costs, $120.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Kaufmann Department Store, Pittsburgh, Penn.; H. E. Moffat, gloves, hosiery; F. Moffat, cloaks, suits; L. Schwartz, muslin underwear; 200 5th Av.
Traxler, L., Co., Dayton, Ohio; S. E. Francis, muslin underwear, corsets, negligee; 116 West 32d.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; L. M. Hayward, dress goods, silks, velvets; 214 Church.
Dannenberg Co., Macon, Ga.; I. Block, wash dresses; 26 East 17th.
Rosenbaum Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; G. Kerngood, millinery, ribbons; 116 West 32d.
Berg & Berg, Philadelphia, Penn.; I. H. Hirsch, jobs, ready-to-wear, ladies', misses', children's wear, (basement;) 200 5th Av.
Lewis, A. T., & Son Dry Goods Co, Denver, Col.; C. S. Summerton, shoes; 16 East 18th.
Newcomb, Endicott Co., Detroit, Mich.; Mr. Harbison, waists, dresses, (basement;) 200 5th Av.
Lazarus, F. R., & Co., Columbus, Ohio; J. A. Strider, cloaks, suits; 45 East 17th.
Rust, O. R., Co., Cleveland, Ohio; O. R. Rust, leather novelties; Herald Square.
Heyman, G. L., & Co., Lexington, Ky.; G. L. Heyman, rugs; York.
Sosna & Dinkelman, Chicago, Ill.; M. W. Sosna, fine dresses, Fall; 7 West 22d.
Hens & Kelly Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; J. M. Cooby, linen suits, wash dresses; 31 Union Square.
Kahn, George M., St. Paul, Minn., dresses, suits, petticoats, job coats; 15 East 26th.
Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; A. L. Parsons, white goods; 200 5th Av.
Hurst, J. E., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; W. B. Burke, domestics; J. M. Parsons, wash goods; 15 E. 26th.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. E. O. Connell, women's negligees; 104 Worth.
Lowman, L. J., & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; L. J. Lowman, furnishing goods, notions; 93 Franklin.
Horne, J., Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; R. L. Harrison, men's clothing; 320 Church.
Misch, C., Providence, R. I.; C. E. Cohen, clothing, cloaks, millinery; 33 Union Square.
Levy Brothers, Tallahasse, Fla.; A. Levy, cloaks, suits; 7 E. 20th.
Malley, E., Co., New Haven, Conn.; M. Reilly, domestics; 320 Church.
Brandeis, J., & Sons, Omaha, Neb.; Miss Kline, Mr. Watson, linings; 1,261 Broadway.
Silverman, M., & Son, Philadelphia, Penn.; A. Silverman, cloaks, suits; 7 W. 22d.
Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; A. Levy, cloaks, suits, catalogue, (basement;) 15 E. 22d.
"Hillman's," Chicago, Ill.; E. Rains, men's, boys' clothing, hats, caps; 17 E. 22d.
Kline Brothers & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; Miss Kline, jobs, waists; M. M. Herzog, dresses; 7 E. 20th.
Stevens, C. A., & Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; S. Willard, jobs, fine dresses; 40 E. 22d.
Boston Store, Chicago, Ill.; K. Trilling, boys' wash suits; 114 5th Av.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; E. M. Finn, boys' clothing; 454 Broome; McAlpin.
Heiland Dry Goods Co., Bridgeport, Conn.; J. S. Greening, rugs, carpets; W. E. Tiffney, cloaks, suits; A. A. Sprague, housefurnishing goods; E. J. Godfrey, silks, dress goods; H. H. Cawthorne, men's, boys' clothing; 75 Spring.
White, R. H., Co., Boston, Mass.; T. J. Graham, laces, trimmings, gloves, handkerchiefs; E. Hebbard, boys' clothing; L. Fisher, men's clothing, hats; H. J. Gibbs, men's furnishing goods; J. Bell, hosiery, knit underwear, umbrellas; Mrs. N. W. Francis, infants' wear; H. E. Harrington, representing; Mr. Rosenthal, representing; 1,270 Broadway.
Edson, Moore & Co., Detroit, Mich.; W. B. Hazelton, wash goods; 51 Leonard.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; W. F. Maloney, furnishing goods, gloves, corsets; 2 Walker.
Denholm & McKay, Worcester, Mass.; J. S. Marsden, furnishing goods, hosiery, knit underwear; 2 Walker.
Siegel, H., Co., Boston, Mass.; H. S. Kline, domestics, white goods, linens; 6th Av. & 20th.
Walker, W. H., Pittsburgh, Penn.; J. L. Jeffers, genl. mdse.; King Edward.
Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; Miss H. L. Koch ladies' neckwear; 214 Church.
Glimbel Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; Mrs. G. Savidge, furs; B'way & 32d.
Snellenberg, M., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss Monahan, millinery; 1,261 B'way.
Scott-Griggs Co., Cleveland, Ohio; W. Bayne, domestics; 4 W. 22d.
Slattery, E. T., Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss E. Kennedy, muslin underwear; Wolcott.
Jordan-Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; E. A. Pitman, books; 31 Union Square.
Witz, M., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; M. Witz, piece goods; Breslin.
Cahn-Coblens Co., Baltimore, Md.; Mrs. Cowan, muslin underwear, infants' wear, wrappers; 7 W. 22d.
Marres & Macht, Baltimore, Md.; J. Macht, clothing; Grand.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; Miss R. Coleman, trimmings, buttons; 215 4th Av.
Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; W. J. Bigler, notions; 72 Leonard.
Garfunkle, J., & Co., Washington, D. C.; Miss L. Wenner, infants' wear; Wolcott.
Goldenberg Bros., Baltimore, Md.; L. Goldenberg, dry goods; Grand.
Kaufman & Harris, Philadelphia, Penn.; L. Harris, piece goods; Grand.
Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; L. Reese, art goods; 15 W. 20th; Grand.
Fair, The, Chicago, Ill.; T. J. Madden, ladies' neckwear, laces, embroideries; 225 4th Av.
Spokane D. G. Co., Spokane, Wash., L. L. Loomis, wear, housefurn. goods; 225 4th Av.
Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss A. M. Day, laces, hdkfs., ladies' neckwear; 1,261 Broadway.
Largman Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; J. Largman, tie silk; 200 5th Av.; Latham.
Jordan, Marsh Co. Boston, Mass.; F. A. Burdick, ladies' coats, skirts; Miss Walsh, ladies' coats, skirts; Mr. Dunlevy, leather goods, (basement;) Mr. Barry, wash goods; Mr. Hagan, G. L., & Co., embroideries; Mr. Stewart, carpets, rugs; D. E. Walsh, domestics; T. O'Donnell, tailored suits; B. J. Cutcliffe, linens; Miss Snelling, laces, (basement;) Miss Kendall, costumes; Hiss Hammelberg, ladies' neckwear; 31 Union Square.
Stockley, J., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; J. Stockley, umbrellas; Hoffman House.
King, H., Washington, D. C.; general mdse.; Cumberland.
Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; O. C. Herman, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
Sanger Bros., Dallas, Texas; D. G. Oppenheim, domestics, woolens, dress goods; 15 Mercer.
Malley, Ed., Co., New Haven, Conn.; A. Malley, dry goods; 320 Church.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; Mrs. H. C. Shute, corsets, ladies', infants' wear; 215 4th Av.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. G. Speer, hosiery, knit underwear; 115 Worth.
Selig D. G. Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; J. A. Selig, dry goods; 116 W. 22d.
Carr, S. E. Co., Spokane, Wash.; S. E. Carr, general mdse.; 129 W. 27th.
Anker, F. L., & Co., Albany, N. Y.; F. L. Anker, cloaks, suits; Cadillac.
Crowley, Milner, & Co., Detroit, Mich.; G. A. Hansman, furnishing goods, hosiery, underwear; 20 W. 22d; Cadillac.
Gans Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; L. W. Gans, umbrellas; Cadillac.
Misch, C., Bridgeport, Conn.; H. W. Alden, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.
Root & McBride Co., Cleveland, Ohio; F. H. Theis, silks, dress goods; 72 Leonard.
Heimann, H., & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; J. C. Heimann, flowers, feathers; 621 Broadway.
Rice, J. H., & Friedman Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; H. Friedman, cloaks, suits; 7 W. 22d.
Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; W. T. Henderson, laces, ribbons, handkerchiefs; 2 Walker; Cadillac.
Koplowitz & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; M. Levis, ladies', misses' cloaks, suits, woolens, trimmings; McAlpin.
Dickieson & Co., Springfield, Mass.; A. E. Dickieson, cloaks, notions, hosiery, gloves; Navarre.
Olds, Wortman & King, Portland, Ore.; C. W. Peterson, men's, boys' clothing, furn. goods; 438 B'way.
Gilchrist Co., Boston, Mass.; H. E. Rust, embroideries, umbrellas; E. W. Dempsey, gloves, laces, ribbons, neckwear; 55 White; Knickerbocker.

To the Bon Viveurs of Manhattan
BUSTANOBY'S
110 West 39th St.—6780 Greeley,
Is Not Merely a Restaurant—It is an Institution.
Dinner $1.50.
Recognized by gourmets to be the best in New York. Highest salaried chef in the country.
Luncheon 12 to 3, 50 cents.
Four o'Clock Tea Dances.
Dancing From Luncheon Till Close.
Free Instruction.

YOUR FEET DEMAND
DR. BROONE'S FOOT COMFORT
25c. AT YOUR DEALER.
For tired, aching, perspiring feet
ANTISEPTIC, SOOTHING & COOLING

"Hartford Saxony"
NAME WOVEN IN THE BACK
the American Rug
DEEP PILE LOOM TUFTED
for Private Homes
A RUG OF REGAL SPLENDOR
and Public Place

SASH RIBBONS WHITE, PINK & BLUE ARE SCARCE
We can deliver them at once.
Your immediate call is advisable. Emil Eigner & Company, 117 & 119 E. 24th St., N. Y.

FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
ZUCKER & JOSEPHY,
715-717-719 BROADWAY,
Corner Washington Pl.
Paris, 4 Cite Paradis. Dresden, 15 Burgerwiese.
We are doing the detail work for a number of successful mail order houses; why not let us do yours? For full particulars address Farmer Smith, Incorporated, 123 S. Summit Av., Cedar Grove, N. J.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of Largman, tie silk; 200 5th Av.; Latham, Jordan, Marsh Co. Boston, Mass.; F. A. Burdick, ladies' coats, skirts; Miss Walsh, ladies' coats, skirts; Mr. Dunlevy, leather goods, (basement;) Mr. Barry, wash goods; Mr. Hagan, G. L., & Co., embroideries; Mr. Stewart, carpets, rugs; D. E. Walsh, domestics; T. O'Donnell, tailored suits; B. J. Cutcliffe, linens; Miss Snelling, laces, (basement;) Miss Kendall, costumes; Hiss Hammelberg, ladies' neckwear; 31 Union Square.

Notice is hereby given that Abraham Finkelstein, Louis J. Finkelstein, and Morris R. Finkelstein, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated May 16th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 30th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 20th, 1913.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of TUCKER FEEDER CO., Bankrupt.—No. 17,848.

To the creditors of Tucker Feeder Co. of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1913, the said Tucker Feeder Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 3d day of June, A. D. 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated May 19, 1913.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 18,106.—IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter HARRY SAMUELS, JACOB W. SAMUELS, and ELIAS W. SAMUELS, individually and as members of the firm of HARRY SAMUELS & BROS., alleged bankrupts.

To the creditors of the above alleged bankrupts of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that a petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Harry Samuels, Jacob W. Samuels, and Elias W. Samuels and the firm of Harry Samuels & Bros., and a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, (Room 1,510,) City and County of New York, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1913, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, to consider an offer of composition, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated May 20th, 1913.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Bankruptcy Notices

NO. 18,664.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—J. IRVING HORNBECK, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that J. Irving Hornbeck, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 4, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 30, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 20, 1913.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ROCKWELL FURNACE CO., Bankrupt.

Chas. Shongood, U. S Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, May 23rd, 1913, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 28 to 32 Fairmont Ave., Jersey City, New Jersey, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a fully equipped plant for the manufacture of furnaces, and stoves, furniture, fixtures, safe, typewriter, tools, machinery, bricks, material for the building of furnaces, and the good will of the said business.

The above described property may be inspected on the premises at 28 to 32 Fairmont Ave, Jersey City, New Jersey, from the 19th day of May, 1913, to the 22nd day of May, 1913, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. WILLIAM BLAU, Receiver.

W. BERNARD VAUSE, Attorney for Receiver, No. 15 Broad St., Manhattan, New York City.

RESORTS
NEW YORK—Adirondacks.

THE ADIRONDACKS.
STEVENS HOUSE
Lake Placid, New York.
SPECIAL RATES FOR JUNE.
A Select and Restricted Resort. Greatly enlarged; thoroughly renovated and refurnished; 65 Bath Suites.
FINE GOLF LINKS.
Choice Furnished Cottages For Rent, overlooking Lake Placid and Mirror Lake; 12 to 14 rooms, all conveniences, ice and wood. Booklet.
STEVENS HOTEL CO., Lake Placid, N. Y.

THE LONG LAKE ADIRONDACKS
SAGAMORE
High class family hotel, located on a high bluff at Long Lake; elevation 1,600 feet; boating, bathing, fishing, tennis, golf.
Opens June 20—New Management
Cuisine highest standard; daily concerts; ballroom. Special rates for bachelors.
JAMES RUNCIMAN, Prop.
N. Y. Office, 19 W. 44th. Phone 1860 Bryant.

The Summer Home of Refined People.
SARANAC INN
COTTAGES AND CAMPS TO RENT.
UPPER SARANAC LAKE
ADIRONDACKS. ANNEX NOW OPEN.
Golf, Tennis, and All Adirondack Attractions.
HARRINGTON MILLS, Mgr.
Until June 1st, The Grafton, Wash'n, D. C.

PENNSYLVANIA—Shawnee-on-Delaware.
BUCKWOOD INN FIRE-PROOF
SHAWNEE-ON-DELAWARE, PENN.
A Summer Home for Discriminating People.
2 hrs. from N. Y., D., L. & W. R.R.
Home of the SHAWNEE COUNTRY CLUB and its famous
GOLF COURSE
Opens June 7. H. M. WING, Mgr.
N. Y. Office, 245 5th Ave; Tel. M. Sq. 9230.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap.
THE KITTATINNY
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Now open and until December. Under entirely new management of owner. Improved throughout. Every hotel comfort and appointment; elevator, private baths, steam heat, &c.; cuisine a feature. Cafe and grill; orchestra. Early season rates. Booklet. Charles H. White of Atlantic City.

PENNSYLVANIA—Mt. Pocono.
Hawthorne Inn and Cottages, at Mt. Pocono, Penn., 1,800 feet up; 2½ hours from New York; air the dryest; water the purest; fully furnished cottages connected with Inn, where the occupants take their meals; cottages rent from $250 to $450; service as well as ice and fire logs free. Address Ryerson W. Jennings, Wiscasset Heights, Mt. Pocono, Penn.

Mt. Pleasant House Unique in quality of food, ability of its cooks, and trained, courteous service. Dancing; booklet and rates. W. T. & H. M. Leech, Mt. Pocono, Penn.

PENNSYLVANIA—Canadensis.
New Spruce Cabin Inn Where you CAN catch trout; rooms en suite, and with bath. Booklet. Cresco Station. D., L. & W. R. R. W. J. & M. D. PRICE.

PENNSYLVANIA.—Monroe County.
Illustrated booklet giving hotels, boarding houses, cottages, rent. O. W. Megargel, Secy., Mt. Pocono Assn., Mt. Pocono, Penn.

Bankruptcy Notices

NO. 17,451.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ABRAHAM FINKELSTEIN, LOUIS J. FINKELSTEIN, and MORRIS R. FINKELSTEIN, copartners trading as A. FINKELSTEIN & SONS, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Abraham Finkelstein, Louis J. Finkelstein, and Morris R. Finkelstein, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated May 16th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 30th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 20th, 1913.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of TUCKER FEEDER CO., Bankrupt.—No. 17,848.

To the creditors of Tucker Feeder Co. of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1913, the said Tucker Feeder Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 3d day of June, A. D. 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated May 19, 1913.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 18,106.—IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter HARRY SAMUELS, JACOB W. SAMUELS, and ELIAS W. SAMUELS, individually and as members of the firm of HARRY SAMUELS & BROS., alleged bankrupts.

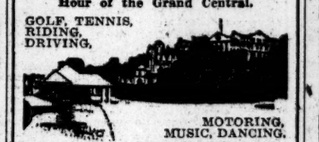
To the creditors of the above alleged bankrupts of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that a petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Harry Samuels, Jacob W. Samuels, and Elias W. Samuels and the firm of Harry Samuels & Bros., and a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, (Room 1,510,) City and County of New York, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1913, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, to consider an offer of composition, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated May 20th, 1913.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

RESORTS
NEW YORK.

A most enjoyable and healthful vacation awaits you in beautiful Sullivan, Ulster, Delaware, or Orange Counties, New York. "SUMMER HOMES" contains 130 pages of pictures and descriptions. Gives accommodations, distances, rates of nearly 1,000 hotels, boarding and farm houses. Send 6c. postage to J. B. STEWART, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Dept. C, New York, Ontario and Western Railway, Grand Central Terminal, N. Y. C.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.
Country Life Within a Half Hour of the Grand Central.
GOLF, TENNIS, RIDING, DRIVING,

MOTORING, MUSIC, DANCING.
HOTEL GRAMATAN
Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y.
All City Comfor

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The Western disturbance is central to-night over northwestern Missouri, and low pressure prevails throughout the Central Valleys and the West. Showers, therefore, continued in the Rocky Mountain region, the Plains States, the Missouri and Upper Mississippi Valleys and extended into the Ohio Valley.

Local thunder showers also continued in the South, while in New England and the Middle Atlantic States, the weather was fair.

It tis decicedly colder in the Central Plains States and low temperatures continue over the remainder of the West, except in the Pacific States. In the East and South temperatures were nearly normal during Tuesday, although frosts occurred in the morning in Upper Michigan and portions of the Middle Atlantic States and western New England.

There will be showers Wednesday in the Central Valleys, the South and Southwest, followed by generally fair weather Thursday, west of the Mississippi River. In New England and the Middle Atlantic States generally fair weather Wednesday will be followed by showers at night or Thursday.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate and variable, becoming east Wednesday night; Middle Atlantic Coast moderate and variable, becoming east and southeast Wednesday night; South Atlantic Coast, moderate southeast and south.

Steamships departing Wednesday for European ports will have moderate variable winds with generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Showers Wednesday afternoon or night, except fair Wednesday in extreme south portion, warmer; Thursday showers, moderate variable winds, becoming southeast.

Southern New England—Fair Wednesday; Thursday showers; moderate variable winds, becoming south.

New Jersey—Fair Wednesday; warmer in interior Thursday, showers, moderate east to south winds.

Western New York—Showers Wednesday and probably Thursday, moderate to brisk east winds Wednesday.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Showers Wednesday afternoon or night and on Thursday; warmer Wednesday, moderate southeast and south winds.

Northern New England—Fair Wednesday; Thursday showers, moderate variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	56	52	4 P. M.	59	63
6 A. M.	55	52	6 P. M.	59	64
9 A. M.	69	56	9 P. M.	65	63
12 M.	50	62	11 P. M.	65	59

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 55; for the corresponding date last year it was 62; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 61.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 55, at 8 P. M. it was 63. Maximum temperature 65 degrees at 5:45 P. M., minimum 50 degrees at 5:30 A. M. Humidity 42 per cent. at 8 A. M., 29 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.19 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.13 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.

12:25—3,224 Broadway; W. Mulligan..Trifling
2:00—282 Lenox Av.; M. Moskowitz..Trifling
2:15—163 Greenwich St.; Adrian Platt Co. $15,000
3:50—150 W. 66th St.; T. Gilmore.....Slight
6:00—233 1st Avenue A.; Ranold & Whiting Trifling
8:15—1,339 5th Av.; Annie Deutsch..Trifling
8:45—34 W. 30th St.; A. Jensen.....Slight
11:45—239 E. 122d St.; J. Resneck....Trifling
P. M.
12:15—628 Water St.; unknown.....Slight
12:20—149th St. and Concord Av., New York Bill Posting Co.....$5
1:25—442 E. 124th St.; J. Carlyle....Trifling
1:25—487 10th Av.; Mary Samavar....$500
2:30—67 Park Av.; C. T. Barney.....$20,000
2:55—53 Norfolk St.; H. Silverman..Trifling
4:00—102 Monroe St.; J. Hanger.....Trifling
4:00—Pier 32, North River, Hudson Navigation Co.....Trifling
4:10—1,451 Broadway; unknown.....Slight
4:35—403 E. 73d St.; J. Nichalik.....$500
4:40—1,451 Broadway; Hardy & Benham.. Trifling
5:20—219 W. 40th St.; J. Bailey.....Trifling
6:25—214 Bowery; Mobette & Reggiro..$100

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

GENERAL ORDERS 6

Upon application to the Commissioner and in accordance with law, leave of absence for twenty-four hours, with full pay, to take effect at 12:01 A. M. May 30, is granted to all members of the department who served in the Army or Navy of the United States in the War of the Rebellion, in the Regular or Volunteer Army or the Navy or the Marine Corps of the United States during the war with Spain, or during the insurrection in the Philippine Islands, or who served in the Regular Army or Navy or Marine Corps of the United States and were honorably discharged from such service.

(Signed.) R. WALDO, Commissioner.

SPECIAL ORDERS 113.

Probationary Patrolmen, Qualified as Patrolmen, (appointed and assigned as indicated, to take effect as of May 19. Substitute for Paragraph 2, S. O. 112.)—H. Schaaf, 2d; L. A. Manley, 2d; J. F. Burkhard, 5th; J. B. Stevens, 5th; W. F. Dolan, 7th; N. Farren, 15th; J. A. Pankanin, 15th; E. E. Gompers, 17th; G. F. Webster, 16th; J. G. H. Bauer, 22d; F. A. McCormack, 22d; C. J. Guidner, 23d; C. Schlopp, 25th; E. Clarke, 28th; C. J. Tierney, 29th; G. E. Platt, 29th; J. Butler, 31st; H. E. Schweitzer, 31st; J. A. Brautigam, 31st; W. T. Cox, 31st; E. Rupec, 31st; S. Weissman, 32d; W. C. Hettler, 37th; J. S. Overhaus, 37th; F. Hepplenheimer, 37th; J. McNamee, 37th; D. A. Yates, 42d; J. J. Moore, 40th; J. A. Prinz, 42d; H. Guran, (mounted,) 74th.

Assignments—(Temporary.) Lieut. Abraham C. Hulse, 149th, to command 144th, 30 days, from noon, June 20, during absence of Captain; Patrolman W. A. Gavagan, 1st, to Detective Division, and District Attorney's office, 5 days, from 4 P. M., May 19.

Leaves of Absence—(With full pay.) Inspector Charles A. Piermose, 10th Inspection District, 1 day, from 9 A. M., May 20, to be deducted from vacation; (without pay,) Capt. John Barnes, 144th, 30 days, from noon, June 28.

Sick Leave—Patrolman James Dynan, 18th, 60 days, from 8 A. M., May 20.

Fines are Imposed—Patrolmen Peter Begins, Albert C. Freed, and William J. Harrington, 17th, April 28, absent from reserve, 2 days pay each; Albert Mannin, James McCoy, and Henry Wolken, 17th, April 28, absent from drill, 1 day each; Patrick J. McCloskey, 18th, April 25, absent from roll-call, 2 days; John F. Backes, 28th, April 23, conversation, 5 days; Joseph Falke, 28th, April 23, conversation, 2 days; Edward Flood, 33d, April 26, absent from post, 5 days; Christopher J. McMahon, 33d, April 21, absent from residence, 3 days; Daniel O'Mara, 35th, April 30, absent from post, 5 days; Walter Stephens, 35th, April 29, absent from roll call, 2 days; Jacob J. Levy, 39th, April 29, absent from fixed post, 2 days; Arthur F. Hickey, 43d, April 19, absent from post, 10 days. Patrolman on probation: Michael Sullivan, 32d, April 25, absent from roll call, 2 days.

Charge Dismissed—Patrolman on probation, Harry D. Robinson, 65th, May 9, conduct unbecoming an officer.

Fire Department.

Transfer—Bricklayer John J. Mulligan, Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity, to the Fire Department in the same capacity, to take effect at 8 A. M., May 21, assigned to the Division of Buildings, Bureau of Repairs and Supplies.

Resignation—Fireman, Fourth Grade, Louis F. Kiefer, Jr., Engine 10, to take effect at 8 A. M., May 25.

Probationary firemen directed to report to School of Instruction at 9 A. M., May 21, for a thirty-day test: E. Ryan, Engine 1; W. A. Bush, Engine 31; P. J. Killen, Engine 203. Special leave of absence, without pay: Engineer of Steamer T. O'Connor, Engine 53, 72 hours, from 8 A. M., May 20.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Principals and teachers of Districts 37 and 38 will hold an exhibit of sewing, cooking, penmanship, and kindergarten art work in Public School 152, Avenue C and East Twenty-third Street, on May 27 from 3 to 5 P. M. These districts are in charge of Supt. James M. Edsall. The exhibition aims to give an adequate idea of the work taught under these divisions.

Principal Joseph T. Griffin will be a guest of honor at a meeting of the Association of Assistants to Principals of New York at the Hotel Martha Washington this afternoon. He will speak on "Some Discouraging Features in Teaching and How to Overcome Them."

Parents' Day will be celebrated in Public School 126, Brooklyn, this afternoon.

The operetta "Galatea" will be presented by the Erasmus Hall High School Choral Club at the Brooklyn Academy of Music on the evening of June 5.

There will be a meeting this evening of graduates of Public School 84, Manhattan, in the school building.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

ABBOTT, GRACE VAN DUSEN, (died Oct. 8;) net estate, $39,622.97; 2 bonds Central Railroad of New Jersey, $2,365; 1 bond Pennsylvania Railroad, $1,016.75; 15 shares Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad preferred, $1,533.75; 10 shares Western Union Telegraph Company, $815; 1 bond Broadway & Seventh Avenue Railroad, $1,030; 2 bonds Brooklyn Union Gas Company, $2,115; 2 bonds Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad, $2,443.75; 2 bonds Lexington Avenue & Pavonia Ferry, $2,050; realty, 153 West Seventy-third Street, $28,000.

HIGGINS, MARY E., (died Nov. 24;) net estate, $13,291.89; bank accounts, $4,729.59; personal chattels, $10,611.

LOCKE, CORNELIA R., (died Oct. 4;) net estate, $1,820; bank account, $1,502.30; personal effects, $300.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:41|Sun sets..7:16|Moon rises..--

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:15	8:25	2:10	2:12
Governors Island	8:49	8:59	2:50	2:54
Hell Gate	10:39	10:49	4:30	4:34

Arrived—Tuesday, May 20.

SS Olympic, Southampton, May 14.
SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., Southampton, May 14.
SS Finland, Antwerp, May 10.
SS Taormina, Naples, May 8.
SS Ocean, Flushing, May 2.
SS Campanello, Rotterdam, May 5.
SS Tivives, Port Limon, May 12.
SS Lord Dufferin, Segua, May 12.
SS Montanan, Puerto Mexico, May 15.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah, May 17.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston, May 14.
SS Grosser Kurfuerst, Bremen, May 10.
SS Deutschland, Hamburg, May 8.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Afghan Prince	Hull	May 3
Zafra	Huelva	May 5
Giessen	Bremen	May 8
Pretoria	Hamburg	May 8
Havana	Havana	May 16
Prinz Aug. Wilhelm	Kingston	May 16
Tagus	Kingston	May 16
Florizel	St. Johns	May 16
El Valle	Galveston	May 15
Alamo	Tampa	May 16
Apache	Jacksonville	May 18

DUE TO-MORROW.

Cerea	Palermo	May 6
Zaandyk	Rotterdam	May 8
Chicago City	Swansea	May 9
Christopher	Para	May 11
Iroquois	London	May 9
Niagara	Havre	May 15
Pygia	Leith	May 9
Strathdee	Shields	May 8
Momus	New Orleans	May 17
Zacapa	Kingston	May 17
Comanche	Jacksonville	May 19

DUE FRIDAY.

Alberto Treves	Lisbon	May 14
Theodore Willie	Rotterdam	May 9
El Siglo	Galveston	May 10
City of Savannah	Savannah	May 20
Argentina	Palermo	May 8
New York City	Las Palmas	May 9
Ulidia	St. Lucia	May 12

DUE SATURDAY.

Kaiserin Aug. Victoria	Southampton	May 16
St. Paul	Southampton	May 17
Lorraine	Havre	May 17
Celtic	Liverpool	May 15
Vestris	Rio Janeiro	May 7
Star of Scotland	Liverpool	May 10
Cape Breton	Cardiff	May 11
Lampasas	Galveston	May 17
Lenape	Jacksonville	May 21
Esperanza	Vera Cruz	May 15

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Mauretania, Liverpool	----	1:00 A.M.
Caracas, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Metapan, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Algonquin, Turks Islands	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stampalia, Naples	----	10:00 A.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	----	1:00 P.M.
Sabine, Galveston	----	1:00 P.M.
Curityba, Cardenas	----	12:00 M.
Everlyn, San Juan	----	12:00 M.
Antilles, New Orleans	----	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Amerika, Hamburg	8:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Provence, Havre	6:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Morro Castle, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Buena Ventura, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Topajoz, Ceara	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Subingia, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Dochra, Montevideo	2:30 A.M.	6:00 A.M.
Adriatic, Liverpool	----	12:00 M.
United States, Christiansand	----	2:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	----	3:00 P.M.
El Sud, Galveston	----	12:00 M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

New York, Southampton	5:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	----	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Olympic, Southampton	5:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Prinzess Irene, Naples	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Ivernia, Naples	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tivives, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz August Wilhelm, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Swedish Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Gregory, Barbados	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Finland, Antwerp	----	10:00 A.M.
Minnehaha, London	----	10:30 A.M.
Canada, Naples	----	3:00 P.M.
Niagara, Havre	----	3:00 P.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	----	11:00 A.M.
Taormina, Naples	----	11:00 A.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	----	1:00 P.M.
Antilla, Tampico	----	12:00 M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick	----	3:00 P.M.
Tagus, Jamaica	----	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa	----	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	----	3:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	----	12:00 M.
El Sol, Galveston	----	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	----	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of sailing.

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Niagara, Havre to New York, was 770 miles E. at 7:20 A. M.; due 23d, 1 P. M. French Line.

SS Argentina, Trieste to New York, was 700 miles E. at noon; due 22d, 4:30 P. M. Austro-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz to New York, was 100 miles N. E. of Havana at noon.

SS Lampasas, Galveston to New York, was 67 miles W. of Key West at noon.

SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 207 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Antilla, Progreso to New York, was 292 miles S. at noon.

SS Havana, Havana to New York, was 287 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Zacapa, Santa Marta to New York, was 447 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS City of Columbus, Savannah to New York, was 650 miles S. at 8:20 P. M.

SS Rayo, Baton Rouge to New York, was 275 miles S. of Cape Hatteras at 7 P. M.

SS Currier, Havana to New York, was 114 miles S. of Overfalls Lightship at 7 P. M.

SS El Valle, Galveston to New York, was 164 miles S. at 6 P. M.

SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 7:20 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Kronp. Cecilie, at Bremen, May 20.
SS Campania, at Queenstown, May 20.
SS Oscar II., Copenhagen, May 20.
SS Gothland, at Antwerp, May 18.
SS Indrakuala, at Yokohama, May 18.
SS Oruba, at Barbados, May 19.
SS Kentucky, at Suez, May 20.
SS Kroonland, at Antwerp, May 20.
SS Italia, at Palermo, May 17.
SS Brauenfels, at Melbourne, May 19.
SS Clement, at Para, May 19.
SS Breiz Izel, at Lyttleton, May 16.
SS Oragonia, at Iloilo, May 17.
SS Polonia, at Catania, May 15.
SS Martha Washington, at Naples, May 16.
SS Ancona, at Naples, May 19.

Sailed.

SS Bermudian, from Bermuda, May 20.
SS Craster Hall, from Rio Janeiro, May 17.
SS Lady Niman, from Rio Janeiro, May 17.
SS Marchioness of Bute, from St. Lucia, May 17.
SS Indrani, from Penang, May 18.
SS Albania, from Fowey, May 19.
SS Ottawa, from Middlesboro, May 19.
SS Napoli, from Palermo, May 19.
SS Vestris, from Barbados, May 18.
SS Baron Androssan, from St. Vincent, May 16.

Passed.

SS Mesaba, New York for London, passed Scilly.
SS Venezia, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.
SS Volturno, New York for Rotterdam, passed Lizard.
SS Kansas City, New York for Bristol, passed Lizard.
SS Verona, New York for Genoa, passed Gibraltar.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Tacoma)—Seattle Maru..May 22
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline..May 22
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Tahiti .....May 23
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—Korea.....May 26
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Yokohama Maru.....May 29
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma.....May 29
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Japan .....May 30
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Shinyo Maru.....May 30
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport..May 31
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver, B. C.)—Niagara.....June 6

On Steamship Piers.

Double postage is required except for Sea Post vessels. Whenever mail vessels of the American, Cunard, French, Hamburg-American, North German Lloyd, White Star, New York and Cuba Mail, New York and Porto Rico, Panama, and Red D Lines sail between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M., supplementary mails are opened on the steamship piers one and a half hours before sailing time and close ten minutes before sailing time. There is no pier supplementary mail for the Cunard Wednesday steamers sailing at 1 A. M., but supplementary mail, prepaid double postage, is accepted at the Foreign Station after the close of the regular mail and up to 10:30 P. M. From May 1 to 28 mails for non-sea post steamers will close at thirty minutes before sailing time.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BYRNE, PATRICK, (died April 16;) left $1,000 realty and $3,000 personalty; $100 to Rosalina F. Byrne, widow; $350 to John F. Byrne, son; $150 to Edward P. Byrne, son; $500 apiece to Harry T. and Arthur J. Byrne; $1,000 apiece to sons, Eugene J. and William F. Byrne.

LOWRY, BRIDGET, (died March 20;) left $1,600 personalty; $500 to the Right Rev. Charles McCready; $500 to the Rev. James F. Ferris; residuary estate to St. Vincent de Paul's Society connected with Holy Cross Church.

LUND, JANE, (died April 20;) left less than $1,000 realty and less than $2,000 personalty; $100 to George Wight; $766.66 to Jane Lowe, niece; Jane Lowe, $100; $50 to Eliza Lund; $50 to Robert Lund; $500 and residue to Frances Lowe.

MOHR, LOUISE, (died May 5;) left $5,488 personalty; $300 to Louise Lockman, niece; $300 to Louise Jacob; $400 to Peter Jacob; $100 to Friedrick Sokel; $100 apiece to Herman and Julia Sokel; $250 to Julia Berl; $100 apiece to Hilda and Helen Mohr; $150 to Caroline Zielgiel; $100 apiece to Robert F., Oscar W., and Norman B. Sohwald.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved requests of the following departments for authority to employ the persons mentioned:

Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity—John Collins, clerk, first grade.

Bureau of Buildings, Manhattan—Samuel S. Amerling, typewriting copyist.

Board of Education—James J. Maloney, clerk, first grade.

Bureau of Buildings, Manhattan—Walter E. Roddy, stenographer and typewriter, at $720.

Department of Finance—Frank Kelly, searcher, and Peggy Russell and Elizabeth Burkhardt, tabulating machine operators; Mabel T. Williams and Lillian Orr, typewriting copyists.

The commission has also approved the following:

Requisiton of the Controller for a list from which to appoint four second-grade clerks at $900 per annum. Certification of twelve names approved.

Requisition of the Commissioner of Docks for additional names from which to appoint one mechanical engineer at $2,400 per annum for a temporary period. Certification of eight names.

Notification from the Chief Clerk of the Board of City Magistrates of the emergency appointment of Julia M. Flanigan, 910 Avenue K, Brooklyn, as probation officer, with salary at the rate of $600 per annum.

Request of the Commissioner of Docks for the emergency appointment of Charles P. Eaton as mechanical engineer, and nominating him for non-competitive examination.

Requisition of the Department of Docks for a list from which to make up thirty-five appointments as attendant (female) during the recreation pier season. Certification of preferred list of fourteen names, also entire list of eligibles (thirty-seven names) on temporary preferred list, approved.

Requisition of the Commissioner of Parks, Manhattan and Richmond, for additional names from which to make two appointments as gymnasium attendants, (male.) Certification of six names approved.

United States.

The Local Civil Service Board of Examiners for the Engineer Department at Large, United States Army, will establish a register for the grades of machinists who have had experience with machinery for suction dredges and also for the grade of rigger. Blank applications for this purpose may be procured from the Secretary of the Local Board, Jay Stone, at Room 700, Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, with whom they must be filed after completion. Some of these appointees will be employed at Albany and Troy.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS.
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON, OFFICE, NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
WEDNESDAY, MAY 21ST, 1913, at 12:30 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS:

1 Membership N. Y. Produce Exchange.
200 shs. United States Envelope Co. Prefd.
FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
$5,000 Standard Motor Construction Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. 20-year S. F. Gold Bds.
275 shs. Cripple Creek Central R'way Co. Prefd.
175 shs. Cripple Creek Central R'way common.
75 shs. Christopher & 10th St. R. R. Co.
55 shs. National City Bank.
$5,000 Studebaker Corpn. 5 p. c. notes, 1916.
41 shs. Boston Cold Storage & Terminal Co. Prefd.
200 shs. Brooklyn City R. R. Co.
5 shs. Michigan Central R. R. Co.
20 shs. Library Square Realty Co., Ctf of Dep.
90 shs. The Hartford Post. Prefd.
1,500 shs. E. & R. Corporation common.
250,000 shs. The Bristol Consolidated Mines & Smelting Co.
400 shs. Carbon Steel Co. 2d Prefd.
550 shs. Mosher Water Tube Boiler Co.
20 shs. Maxwell Motor Co. common and $53.33 scrip.
25 shs. Maxwell Motor Co. 1st Pfd. and $66.66 scrip.
25 shs. Maxwell Motor Co. 2d Pfd. and $66.66 scrip.
5 shs. Sun Printing & Publishing Assn.
50 shs. The Grieve Grate Co. common.
40 shs. National City Bank of New Rochelle.
15 shs. The Hektograph Manufacturing and Duplicating Co.
50 shs. Commercial Trust Co. of N. Y.
$84,675 Ocean Falls Co., Ltd., Vancouver, B. C., 7% demand Notes protested.
FOR ACCT. ESTATE OF DANIEL NASON, DEC'D.
2 shs. Live Stock Society of America.
100 shs. American Connascent Nitrides Co.
1,000 shs. Mount Royal Mining & Reduction Co.
1,000 shs. Gold Reef Mining Co.
791 shs. Elmore Mines Consolidated.
200 shs. Swan Electric Manfg. Co. T. C.
1 share Swan Electric Manufg. Co.
13,250 shs. Howard Copper Co.
48 shs. Simpson's Patent Dry Dock Co., Boston, Mass.

Two Days' Sale of
Oriental and Domestic RUGS
Charles Shongood, auctioneer,
will sell in separate lots to the highest bidder, a stock of the finest
RUGS
in the market.
This sale will be held at the auctioneer's place of business.
539-541 Broadway, New York.
this day, May 22 and 23, 1913, at 10:30 A. M.
This very fine stock of Rugs includes every size, color, and pattern of all the famous Oriental weaves known, including Persians, Indians, Afghanistans, Velvets, Axminsters, Smyrna, Kalliston, Fulton Tap, and a large line of other
Domestic Rugs
by order of a large manufacturer, retiring from business. Stock will be sold to the trade absolutely without reserve.

The entire stock of a most prominent importer of
Antique and Modern DRAPERIES
and Fabrics for Wall and Furniture Coverings.
INVENTORIED AT OVER $15,000,
consisting of a large line of Dundee tapestries, madras, cretonnes, Texas cloths, taffetas, Swiss curtain goods, every inch imported and guaranteed genuine, English block print, also a large stock of couch covers, curtains, table covers, Algerian curtains, squares, borders, &c.
WILL BE SOLD
TO-DAY, Wednesday, May 21st, 1913,
commencing at 10:30 A. M., at salesrooms, No. 8 Greene St., N. Y. (Near Canal St.)
By D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.
NOTICE.
This is beyond doubt the most exceptional offering, as goods of this character are very rarely sold at public auction. This stock consists of the most exclusive designs and will be sold in suitable lots strictly without reserve.
For information telephone 4299 Spring.

Russian Brass, Copper, Japanese, Assyrian
ANTIQUES,
Curios, Relics, Jardinieres, pedestals, samovars, lily vases, candlesticks, candelabra, Egyptian and Buddhist Icons, chimes, andirons, fenders, desk novelties, umbrella stands, clocks, brass writing tables, brass mantelpieces, copper pots, ash, crumb and other trays, loving cups, electric lamps and lamp shades, etc. Sam Kanney, Auctioneer, by M. Jurgrau, sells TO-DAY, Wed., May 21, at 10:30 A. M., at 267 Broome St., near Allen St., a very large stock of above, valuation $20,000. Auctioneer's telephone 3329 Orchard.

Bankrupt Sale of Wholesale Stock of
WOOLENS
COTTON PIECE GOODS, TAILORS' TRIMMINGS, ETC.
all in original pieces.
J. FRENKEL, Auctioneer, sells to-morrow, Thursday, May 22, 10:30 A. M., at 23 Walker St., the above large stock, consisting of 500 pcs. Woolens and Corduroys, 500 pcs. linings, in large lots. Telephone 2438 Franklin.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Capt. R. H. Allen, Twenty-ninth Infantry, return to proper station.

Second Lieut. J. C. Gotwals, Corps of Engineers, assigned to Second Battalion of Engineers; is relieved from duty at Washington Barracks, D. C.; to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, join Second Battalion of Engineers at Texas City, Texas, or elsewhere.

Transfers—Second Lieut. M. F. Harmon, Jr., from Ninth to Thirteenth Infantry; Second Lieut. P. C. Kalloch, Jr., from Thirteenth to Ninth Infantry; Second Lieut. A. W. Cleary, from Twenty-third to Thirteenth Infantry; Second Lieut. D. H. Torrey, from Thirteenth to Twenty-third Infantry; Second Lieut. X. F. Blauvelt, from Seventh to Thirteenth Infantry; Second Lieut. R. H. Williams, from Thirteenth to Seventh Infantry; Second Lieut. M. P. Schillerstrom, from Eighteenth to Eighth Infantry; Second Lieut. F. E. Uhl, from Eighth to Eighteenth Infantry; Second Lieut. B. M. Atkinson, from Fifth to Fifteenth Infantry; Second Lieut. M. D. Welty, from Fifteenth to Fifth Infantry; Second Lieut. R. C. F. Goetz, from Third Field Artillery to Second Field Artillery; Second Lieut. H. R. Odell, from Second Field Artillery to Third Field Artillery; Second Lieut. E. F. Riggs, from Sixth Field Artillery to First Field Artillery; Second Lieut. F. W. Teague, from First Field Artillery to Sixth Field Artillery. Each of the officers named who is transferred to the Philippines Department will proceed to San Francisco and take transport Aug. 5.

Capt. J. H. Page, Jr., Twenty-first Infantry, and First Lieut. J. M. Walling, Third Infantry, will proceed to Fort Niagara, New York, and report June 2 to commanding officer and to Capt. R. H. Allen, Twenty-ninth Infantry, infantry team for duty in connection with try-out for the team.

Lieut. Col. J. D. Glennan, Medical Corps, relieved duty Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, July 1; to Washington, D. C., and report to Governor of the Soldiers' Home for duty.

Second Lieut. R. W. Wilson, Second Field Artillery, to Fort Stevens, Oregon, and report to commanding officer July 1 for examination for transfer to Coast Artillery Corps.

Capt. G. H. White, Sixteenth Infantry, relieved from assignment to that regiment and placed on unassigned list.

Capt. G. W. Wallace, transferred from Eighth to Sixteenth Infantry.

Leave—Capt. E. D. Kilbourne, Medical Corps, two months.

The Navy.

Commissioned—Rear Admirals: G. S. Willits, W. F. Worthington, and W. N. Little.

Commander C. B. Morgan detached the Missouri May 26; to Naval War College.

Commander C. B. Price to Naval War College June 4.

Lieut. R. S. Gallaway to navy yard, Washington, D. C.

Chaplain T. B. Thompson detached the New Hampshire June 6; to the Illinois.

Marine Corps.

Capt. J. M. Huey to Marine Barracks, Mare Island, upon arrival in United States.

Capt. E. T. Fryer detached the New Hampshire; to Marine Barracks, Annapolis.

First Lieut. R. B. Farquharson detached Marine Barracks, Annapolis; to the New Hampshire.

First Lieut. W. C. Wise, Jr., detached Marine Barracks, Norfolk; to Marine Barracks, Honolulu.

Second Lieut. D. L. S. Brewster detached Marine Barracks, Philadelphia; to Marine Barracks, Mare Island.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Nashville at Santo Domingo City, Justin at San Diego, South Dakota at Mare Island, Maryland at San Francisco, Piscataqua at Olongapo.

Sailed—Reid, from Norfolk for trial run; Wyoming, Florida, Delaware, North Dakota, New Hampshire, South Carolina, Virginia, Georgia, New Jersey, Rhode Island, and Kansas, from Newport for Block Island Sound.

The Newark has been ordered placed out of commission at navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

The White Star Line has arranged to establish a regular service of cargo steamers between Manchester and New York, both outward and homeward. The service will commence on June 21, 1913, when the Memphian (6,305 tons) leaves for New York, to be followed by the Cevic (8,301 tons) on July 12, and sailings are expected to be made every three weeks after.

The use of commercial motor boats in the Swatow (China) consular district continues to increase. Two new services are under consideration, one for an eighteen-mile service on the South River, between Kityang and Mien Hu. Kityang is connected with Swatow by two steam launch services. The second new line will connect Chaochowfu, the principal city in the district, and Ungkung.

SCHOOLS.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

ETHICAL Culture School
Founded in 1878 by Felix Adler.
Central Park West and 63d Street.
Kindergarten, Elementary, High School, and Normal Training Departments.
Open Air Classes for children of the fifth, sixth, and seventh grades, on roof overlooking Central Park.
Ethical instruction in all classes.
Preparation for all colleges and technical schools.
Certificate privileges.
Training of Kindergarten, Primary, and Manual Training teachers.
Scholarships and partial scholarships available for worthy pupils.
Examination of new pupils on Thursday afternoons during April and May. Appointments for examinations should be made in advance.
Franklin C. Lewis, Superintendent.

The Brown School of Tutoring
Frederic L. Brown, B. S., Head Master. Founded 1906. Boarding and Day School. Separate Buildings. Exceptional success preparing pupils for school, college and regents examinations in one-half time taken by class schools. Lessons at home or the school. Either sex. Personal interviews welcomed.
"A school with an atmosphere of work."
241 WEST 75TH ST., N. Y. Tel. Col. 8894.

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Penmanship, Civil Service and Stenotype Departments.
Eastman School Day & Night Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue. 1236 Street and Lenox Avenue.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, MADISON SQUARE (1122 BROADWAY). Harlem Branch, 343 Lenox Av., near 127th St. Brooklyn Branch, 218-220 Livingston St. Schools open all Summer.

Walworth Business Institute, B'way & 72d St. Stenography, Bookkeeping, Secretarial Course. Civil Service. Summer Session.

NEW YORK—Lake Champlain.

Lake Champlain
ON LAKE CHAMPLAIN, FOR BOYS—20TH YEAR.
Booklet
J. CLARK READ, 270 WEST 72D ST., N. Y.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.
France.

PARIS GUIDE FOR American Visitors.
AMUSEMENTS.
Magic City, Quai d'Orsay. Park of Attractions. Nouveau Cirque, 251 St. Honore, "10,000,000 de Dot."
AMERICAN CUISINE BOURGEOISE.
Franco-American-Anglo Cooking, 53 Dombales.
BOOKS, STATIONERY, ENGRAVING.
Brentano's, 37 Avenue de l'Opera.
BOOTMAKERS.
Walk Over Shoe, 34 B. Italiens, 21 B. Capucines.
CAFE—RESTAURANTS.
Cafe American, 4 Boulevard des Capucines. Ciro's Restaurant, 6-8 Rue Daunou.
HOTELS.
Hotel de Seze, Madeleine, Opera.
JEWELERS.
Spaulding & Co., 36 Avenue de l'Opera.
PERFUMERS.
Parfumerie V. Rigaud, 16 Rue de la Paix.
STORAGE AND FORWARDING.
Pitt & Scott, 47 Rue Cambon.

Italy.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL
Rome
Austria.
VIENNA.—THE GRAND HOTEL.—Most fashionable up-to-date Hotel. Unique location on the Ringstrasse. Opening of the new Annex, Spring 1913. 350 rooms, 100 private bathrooms.

STEAMSHIPS.

KAISER WILHELM II.
SAILS TUESDAY, MAY 27, 10 A. M

COURT CALENDARS

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. Court opens in Room 124, Post Office Building, 10:30 A. M. 229—Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R R v. Sheriff of N Y County. 214—Quigley v. Transfer 20. 215—Clary Bros v. Transfer 20. 254—Eidman v. Baldwin. 263—City of N Y v. Penn Steel Co. 188—Am Hawaiian S S Co v. S S Cuckenbach. 247—United States v. Williams. 248—Williams v. United States. 246—N Y & Porto Rico S S Co v. United States. 277—United States v. Wiener. 218—Randel v. United States. 227—Brown v. Fletcher.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J. Court opens in Room 100, Post Office Building at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar: 266—Pavone v. Penn R R. 148—Van Cleave v. Demorest.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 20.—The Court of Appeals day calendar for Wednesday: 140—Cronin v. Solvay Process Co. 103—Truesdell v. Bourke. 142—Title Guarantee and Trust Co v. Sugerman. 84—Harriman v. Leggett & Co. 151—Caruso v. Troy Gas Co. 165—Sargent v. McLeod. 168—Spilla v. New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Co. 168—Whitaker v. New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Co.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Gerard, J. Litigants' motions: 1—Sarasohn v. Safro. 2, 3, 4—Batonyi v. Batonyi. 5—Farley v. Schaar. 6—Matter of Jablow (Sadek.) 7—Matter of City of N Y, (St. Lawrence Av.) (8—Burns v. Bank of Saving in Seattle. 9—Gordon v. Lefkowitz. 10—Rakocy v. Rakocy. 11—Frankel v. Phoenix Underwear Co. 12—Sayre v. Progressive Const and Leasing Co. 13—Ryan v. Callan. 14—Schuster v. Lehr. 15—City of N Y v. Grossman. 16—Moller v. Sommer. 17—Crick v. McLaughlin. 18—Terry v. Goldstein. 19—Palacio Co v. Fox. 20—Brady v. Millard. 21—Garfunkel v. Krause. 22—Neptune Bathing Co v. N Y C & H R R R. 23—People v. Streicker. 24—People v. Toblinsky. 25—City of N Y v. Bklyn Realty Co. 26—Westcott v. Otis Elev Co. 27—Bway Sav Inst v. Nagle. 28—Wills v. Hanover Nat Bank. 29—Schultheis v. Theatre and Realty Co v. Fleischman Bros Co. 31—Mortenson v. See. 32—Goldman v. Schrenkeisen. 33—N Y Life Ins Co v. Graham. 34—Mutual Life Ins Co v. Macdonald. 35—Reed v. Alexander. 36—Greenspan v. Fredk Star Cont Co. 37—Matter of Kearney. 38—Lincoln Trust Co v. Dixon. 39—Openhyn v. Phelan. 40—Nicola v. Bethany Baptist Church. 41—Doelger v. Altschul. 42—Gorely v. B R R Co. 43—Schwartz v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 44—Rabahy v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 45—Lewis v. South Bklyn R R Co. 46—Palazzo v. B H R R Co. 47—Goreleich v. Nassau Elec R R. 48—Greenberg v. Mayer. 49—Di Laporta v. Savoy Imp Co. 50—Bernhardt v. Schwanemann. 51—Same v. same. 52—People ex rel Leary v. Morris & Cummings Dredging Co. 53—Goldman v. Abramowitz. 54—Ital Philharmonic Socy v. Ital Philharmonic Socy. 55—Silverberg v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 56—Spielberg v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 57—Robinson v. Cornish. 58—People v. Morris. 59—De Gratresse v. De Gratresse. 60—Nicoll v. Lynn. 61—Reh v. Schnitzer. 62—Lyon & Healy v. Musical Courier Co. 63—Isaacson v. Segelbohm. 64—Salz v. Weisberg-Baer Co. 65—Schulman v. Rothschild. 66—Shatzoff v. B U Elev R R Co. 67—Lewis v So Bklyn R R Co. 68—Bachmann v. Jacobson. 69—Same v. same. 70—Lerch v. Egbert. 71—Lyon & Healy v. Musical Courier Co. 72—Rawykiz v. Nat Fire-proofing Co. 78—Gordon v. Int R T Co. 74—Bonheur v. Int R T Co. 75—Corwith v. Reynolds. 76—Strauss v. Brand & Silverstein Iron Wks. 77—Sovinsky v. Steinberg. 78—Rehmyan v. Ehrbar. 79—Everall v. Stevens. 80—Lebaudy v. Carnegie Trust Co. 81—Hess v. Hess. 82—Matter of Veron & Chait. 83—Devine v. Levenson Wrecking Co. 84—Ackroyd v. Ackroyd. 85—Kaufman v. Kaufman. 86—Ludlum v. Ludlum. 87—Bockhaus v. Int R T Co. 88—Macdona v. Mohr. 89—O'Brien v. Tuttle Roofing Co. 90—Howlett v. Am Mfg Co. 91—Clifford v. Byrne. 92—Ziellan v. Beggs & Co. 93—Forbright v. Tennessee. 94—Matter of Veran & Chait. 95—Same v. same. 96—Merchants Nat Bank of St Paul v. Santa Maria Sugar Co. 97—Northern Bank v. Heinze. 98—Palacio Co v. Fox. 99—Epstein v. Freedenberg. 100—Bayley v. Moxie Co. 101—Standard Distributing Co v. Steurm. 102—Smith v. Jamison. 103—Matter of McLaughlin. 104—Sullivan v. Platt. 105—Nusbaum v. Terry & Tench Co. 106—Matter of Illinois Surety Co, &c. 107—McOwen v. Lambert. 108—Mills v. Atlantic Express Co. 109—N Y Assets Realization Co v. Pforzheimer. 110—Matter of Brown. (Hains or Harris.)

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Leuy, Motions. Undefended divorces. 2858—Baulieu v. Baulieu. 2424—Pernesz v. Pernesz. 524—Blitz v. Blitz. 2671—Usher v. Usher. 2856—Mayman v. Mayman. 2868—Domschitz v. Domschitz. 2885—Dunn v. Dunn. 2886—Lopez v. Lopez. 2890—Thorpe v. Thorne. 2891—Weiss v. Weiss. 2912—Jonap v. Jonap. 2920—Gross v. Gross. 2928—Buchs v. Buchs. 2927—Saranga v. Saranga. 2928—Slaymaker v. Slaymaker. 2672—Numen v. Numen. 2387—Oliver v. Oliver. 2666—Ryther v. Ryther. 2865—Reiter v. Reiter. 2880—Steinberg v. Steinberg. 2885—Hanly v. Hanly. 2903—Wilkins v. Wilkins. The remainder of the calendar will be called Thursday, May 22. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Case on. Part VI.—Clear. Part VII.—Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VIII.—Blanchard, J. 2543—Ehler v. Ehler. 2813—Zotti v. Zotti. 2840—Duffy v. Duffy. 1870—Levinson v. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Seabury, J. Criminal term. Pleadings calendar: 1—James Sisto. Trial calendar: 1—Stephen J. Stilwell. 2—Leo Hug. 3—Frank Hass. 4—Herman Mersan, &c. 5—Morris H. Shamforoff. 6—Harry Wagner.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Newburger, J. 3150—Fixel v. Trahan. 3725—Bloch v. Rocket. 3756—Delches v. Western Dev Co. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Brady, J. 1718—McKenna v. City of N Y. 3701—Cohen v. L I R R. 3282—Nagles v. Otis Elev Co. 3094—Ormstein v. Silver. 3031—Varnum v. Barrett. 3566—Brennan v. City of N Y. 3473—Bronx v. T C & I Co R R. 2657—Gratz v. Erie R R. 2193—Sobotik v. Int R T Co. 2154—Daly v. Dunphy. 610—Rogosin v. Hirsch. 1578—Lay v. Cartazzo. 3530—Frenbaum v. City of N Y. 3568—Bienstock v. City of N Y. 745—Junge v. German Artistic Weav Co. 300—Geller v. City of N Y. 3710—Fay v. Third Av R R. 1037—Schwedack v. Edward. 1038—Rubin v. same. 943—Schwedack v. same. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Platzek, J. 3616—Jennings v. Di Leonardo. 2578—Sciacca v. City of N Y. 894—Davis v. Joline. 436—Lillienthal v. W A Taylor Co. 3666—Bentz v. Imperial Auto Co. 2993—Wynkoop-Hallenbeck-Crawford Co v. Huyler. 3670—Frank v. Meyer & Bush Western Beef Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Weeks, J. 2552—Russo v. Bartholomae. 3126—McElroy v. Penn Tunnel & Term R R. 3123—Smith v. Hammond. 3365—Carroll v. City of N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Philbin, J. 3462—Woolworth v. Brooklyn Heights Railroad. 3465—Levy v. Johnson. 3448—Dowrie v. Bradley Con Co. 2984—Mattee v. Conboy. 893—Vorweck v. Joachim. 295—Baumgold v. Baumgold. 3386—Haberland v. City of N Y. 6387—Haberland v. City of N Y. 6388—Thompson v. Levering & Garrigues. 354—Sullivan v. U S Express Co. 3042—Stup v. Illus Postal Service Co. 3308—Ward v. Greenwich Cold Storage Co. 829—Lynch v. Landsman. 217—J Spennello v. N Y Transp Co. 218—C Spennello v. N Y Transp Co. 2477—Solomon v. Star Co. 4489—English v. Bates. 5401—Healy v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 2793—Herwig v. Block. 1670—Eagan v. Fletcher. 228—Cruz v. West 28th St Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Gavegen, J. 4145—Cary v. Knauth. 2969—Santiago v. Southern Pacific Co. 1065—Joyce v. Convent Av Const Co. 3999—Psaropoupios v. Int R T Co. 3411—Marco v. B & O R R. 2304—Boland v. N Y Transp Co. 3675—Kelly v. Haskell. 3679—Booth v. McDonald. 3681½—Jacob v. Beale. 3883—Viasto v. Panhellenic. 3685—Radke v. King. 3686—Hushing v. Con Gas Co. 3722—Matese v. Decker. 3445—Bernardo v. N Y Edison Co. 3429—Spern v. Ladinsky. 3676—Spritzer v. Ahearn. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Hendrick, J. 3737—Saundry v. Bklyn Hts R R. 133—Korones v. Adler. 2987—Kirshner v. Moskowitz. 3014—Rehm v. Fine. 441—N Y County Nat Bank v. Herrmann. 3516—Schiffen v. O'Connell. 3608—Kelly v. Gardner. 3700—Markinson v. Harris. 3609—Schleicher v. Handorf. 3627—Malach v. N Y Chic & St Louis. 3634—Hagourney v. Ettinger. 3514—Semel v. Blank. 3637—Finkelstein v. Sheffield Farms Slawson Decker Co. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Greenbaum, J. Inquest, 3732—Atlantis v. Xanthaky. 3067—Ziener v. Linch. 3076—Tarantola v. Linch. 3595½—Othmer v. same. 3681—Cline v. Piel Bros. 3684—Iwersen v. City of N Y. 3729—Lyons v. Pittsburg Plate Glass Co. 3738—Whaley v. N Y & Cuba Mail S S Co. 3739—Lepidus v. Linch. 3743—Lockwood v. Fisher. 3743—Morin v. Plaza Operating Co. 3498—Manger v. Linch. 3604—Goldsbrand v. 14th St Store. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Giegerich, J. 3026—Truger v. Mason-Seaman Transp Company. 1471—Schmidt v. Harris. 3333—Freirich v. Cushman Globe Company. 3334—Freirich v. Cushman Globe Co. 1106—Rabinowitz v. Max. 3534—Rosenzweig v. Sanger. 3535—Tansey v. Pittsburgh Cont Co. 3539—Demko v. Reynolds. 3552—Gilliver v. Laborta. 2981—Andrews v. Edward Gribbon & Sons, Limited. 2685—Carhart v. Keene. 3030—Montalbano v. Cons Tel & Elec Subway Co. 2331—Herrman v. Mason & Seaman Transp Co. 4160—Thompson v. N Y Rys. 2698—Flavin v. C I & Brooklyn R R R. 3691—Knight v. Interborough R T Co. 3711—Sheridan v. Interborough R T Co. 3740—Davis v. Lader. 3747—Hubbard v. Clark. 1732—Kenlewlich v. City of N Y. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Ford, J. 3109—Hoffman v. N Y Rys. 3532—Zugman v. Weil. 1789—Meehan v. Joline. 2237—Zwick v. Bklyn Heights R R. 268—Bell v. N Y Herald Co. 3524—Berger v. Joline. 3526—Sammis v. Brown. 3526—Thiele v. West Side German Dispensary. 2134—Walton v. McDonald. 3287—Miller v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 3649—Kandel v. B'klyn Heights R R. 3653½—Rosenberg v. Solomon. 3655—Lederman v. N Y Rys. 3751—Maher v. N Y, N H & H R R. 2533—Bochhaus v. Int R T Co. 686—Rudneau v. Schloss. 1102—Frankel v. Frankel. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—Dugro, J. 2440—Dougherty v. City of N Y. 2449—Weber v. Columbia Amusement Co. 2735—Realty Supervision Co v. Siebrecht. 2737—Caldwell v. Massee. 1571—Nelson v. A H Woods Prod Co. 2315—Woodhouse v. Irving Nat Exchange Bank. 2484—Martin v. City of N Y. 2525—Howes v. Queen. 1647—Cohen v. Bean. 2520—Yohalem v. Pincus. 2708—Am Woolen Co of N Y v. Levy. 2782—Lord v. Risse. 2739—Cohn v. Tanner Motor Car Co. 1096—Sire v. Shubert. 2598—Hitzrat v. Queen. 2594—Hawks v. same. 2595—Travell v. same. 2519—Ackerman v. Bartine. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Donnelly, J. 286—Conway v. MacRae. 2726—Hurd v. Goodman. 2727—Hurd v. Goodfield Realty Co. 2722—Alsens Am Portland Cement Co v. N J Dock & Bridge Bldg Co. 2719—Karsch v. Kane. 2729—Karsch v. Kane. 2765—Hess v. MacRossie. 2784—Crowe v. Robinson. 2785—Kalenberg v. Schissel. 2788—Benz Auto Import Co of Am v. Froehlich. 2789—Benz Auto Import Co of Am v. Froehlich. 2781—Druszbaczky v. Horowitz. 3848—Farley v. Goodman. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Amend, J. 647—Lichtenstein v. Jacobson. 2820—Century Holding Co v. Wilson. 416—Wiener v. Mayer. 1634—Young v. Hulse. 3630—Wickstrom v. Peck. 2675—Wolf v. Saul. 1141—Harris v. Royal Ins. Co. 2827—Winterstoen v. City of N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVI.—Delany, J. 2586—Sandler v. Shebar, &c. 2381—Zeenan v. City of N Y. 1993—Lesen v. Mutual Life Ins Co. 2830—Hall v. Proctor. 2422—Beck v. Echo Amusement Co. 2552—Gillett v. Brown. 2416—Kennelly v. Murray Hill Park. 2417—White v. Levy. 653—Littlefield v. Pam. 2709—Oppenheimer v. Vasi Lace Mfg Co. 1598—Marston v. City of N Y. 3632—McDermott v. Fletcher. 2022—Morris v. Royal Baking Powder Co. 2420—Jacob Wahls v. Schinaci. 362—Kalina v. American Label Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—Erlanger, J. Case on. Herrmann v. Leland. No day calendar.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Estate of Michael J Cuddy. Contested will of John C Martin. Wills for probate. Margaret Schneider, Dora Uiteldor, Joseph H Porter, Charles E Dorr, Rosalie Simonson, Thomas Ovington, Julia A Murphy, Kate G Simpson, Edwin Eske, William B Proctor, Barbara Kneib, Andrew J Ferster, Theodore Connolly.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S. No day calendar.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part I.—McAvoy, J. 1063—Met Printing Co v. Belasco. 989—Aronowitz v. Rosenthal. 2116—Trachtenberg v. Woodmond R Co. 1997—Schramneck v. Central Brew Co. 7184½—Lordi v. People's Surety Co. 692—Cohen v. Levin. 856—Silverman v. Fuller. 4828½—John v. N Y N H & H R R. 1713½—Mathew v. Silverman. 6983½—Kern v. Hollander. 2829. 2830—Weisgal v. Whitridge. 2556—Martelli v. Frestadt Underpinning Co. 2275—Goldiens v. West End M C Co. 2719—Stackell v. Pizer. 496—Borup v. Wagner. 1692—Weinstock v. Stahl. 1713—Mauer v. Bernstein. 986—McIntyre v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 2680—Cohen v. Ryan. 3101—Spitz v. Anish. 3585—Liebowitz v. Levy. 884—Pruslin Bros v. Windsor Const Co. 887—Rubin v. Esseff Knitting Mills. 386—Amar v. 5536½—Broa v. same. 2052—McWhirton v. Kohrmann. 2397—Imco Mfg Co v. Nally. 1573—Strauss v. Salinger. 1799—Horenberger v. Goodman. 1877, 1878—Kobransky v. Brill. 1890—Shifren v. Sanders & Barnett. 1920½—Levy v. Greenberg. 1984—Friedman v. Hudson Realty Co. 2060—Page v. Franz. 2074—Young v. Temmer. 2096½—Wank v. Sweitzer. 2126—Fidelity & Cas Co v. McGovern. 2267—Arnold v. Wyndham. 2351—Neuman v. Hyman. 4961½—Mannion v. Linch. 889—Bock v. J C Duffy Co. 4072½—Chapman v. Reed. 7634½—Koplik v. Uhlfelder. 1776—Prusin v. Ginsburg. 2077—Goldberg v. Costuma. 1417—Keenan v. N Y Rys. 1420—Henry v. Linch. 1460—Urso v. Joline. 1700—De Luca v. Ragoni. 7275½—Gallagher v. Pelham Oper Co. 2098—Feller v. Ornstein. 7381½—Busker v. Glass. 686—Cohen v. Blanchette. Clear.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—O'Dwyer, C. J., case on; Part IV., Finelli, J., case on; Part V., Green, J., case on; Part VI., Luce, J., case on; Part VII., Delehanty, J., clear; Part VIII., Smith, J., case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—La Fetra, J. 7763—Schamburg v. Spreckels. 5626—Schimmel v. Tuchfeld. 5810—Kobre v. Fiatto. 5821—Parker v. Parker Garage Co. 5838—Alexander v. Simpson-Crawford Co. 5430—Schwab v. Kean. 5081—Davison v. Guardian Storage & Trans Co. 5696—Smith v. Lang. 5750—Baker v. Bolton Press. 5834—Bell v. Lawrence. 5850—Greenwich v. Colonial M & R Co. 5700—Sternstein v. Goldstein. 5772—Freedman v. Spiegel. 5835—Cole v. Hutchler. 5887—Palmer v. Hailey, &c. Co. 5844—Seidman v. Cairn. 5845—Brooklyn P A Co v. Payton. 5741—Cohn v. Ginsberg. 5743—De Gartani v. Nestor Holding Co. 5195—Fionte v. Rosenthal. 5849—Koch v. Wertz. 5851—Bernstein v. Rumph. 5852—Stern v. Stern D & Y Co. 5853—Wolff v. Dore Gold Mines Co. 5855—Frost v. Kenyard. 5860—Gens v. State Bank. 5863—Smith v. Wood. 5866—Barnes v. Street. 5867—Greenhaus v. Famous Co. Case on.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J. Abramowitz v. Sternguld—William P. Maloney.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Robinson v. Pullman et al.—John J. Hynes.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J. Weinheimer v. Wolfarth—William Wickham Hoffman. Smith v. Coss—Cambridge Livingston. Potter v. Coss—Cambridge Livingston. Harris v. L Wollns Const Co—Bernhard Rabbino. Wohlgemuth v. Trial Realty Co—Harry Bijur.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. Eltona Realty Co v. Silverman (2)—Guy Van Amringe. Fargo v. N Y Rys Co—Guy Van Amringe. Levy v. Rosenthal—Henry S. Hooker. Lowenstein v. Spatz—Abraham H. Rubenstein.

Referees' Notices

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—WALTER S. GURNEE, AUGUSTUS C. GURNEE, and WILLIAM NELSON CROMWELL, as Trustees for GRACE G. DYER under the will of Walter S. Gurnee, deceased, Plaintiffs, against HARRY HERZOG, et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above entitled action and bearing date the 18th day of May, 1915, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, on the 11th day of June, 1913, at twelve o'clock noon of that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows:

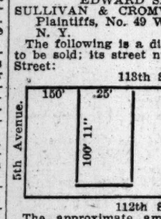
Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 113th Street, distant one hundred fifty (150) feet easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Fifth Avenue and the southerly side of 113th Street; running thence southerly and parallel with said easterly side of Fifth Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall one hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches to the centre line of the block between 112th and 113th Streets; thence easterly along said centre line of the block twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly, again parallel with said easterly side of Fifth Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall one hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches; thence westerly along said southerly side of 113th Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point of beginning.

Dated New York, May 16, 1913.

EDWARD SANDFORD, Referee.

SULLIVAN & CROMWELL, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, No. 49 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 8 East 113th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold is $21,959.68, with interest thereon from May 15, 1913; together with the costs and allowances, amounting to $379.50, with interest thereon from May 15, 1913; together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the Referee is $1,310.89 and interest.

Dated New York, May 16, 1913.

EDWARD SANDFORD, Referee.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

PETTIT, WILLIAM B.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM B. PETTIT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, No. 55 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 22d day of July next.

Dated New York, the 20th day of January, 1913. STEPHEN O. LOCKWOOD, Executor. CRANE & LOCKWOOD, Attorneys for Executor, 55 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

$200,000 Investment in East Sixty-third Street—Fortieth Street Purchase to Protect Loft—Sale on Front Street —Bronx Water Front and Apartment Deals— Taxpayers' Meeting To-day.

An important deal in the Park and Lexington Avenue district, just above Fifty-ninth Street, which will evidently inaugurate a movement in the near future to transform a block hitherto devoted chiefly to stables to one of high-class apartment structures, has been made in Sixty-third Street by Douglas L. Elliman & Company. The property sold comprises a frontage of 100 feet on the south side in the middle of the block between the two avenues. The easterly 50 foot portion, covered by a three-story stable, at 120 and 122 East Sixty-third Street, was sold for Mary E. Pinchot, the plot being irregular in depth, with one line of 128 feet.

Adjoining this, to the west, the two four-story tenements, at 116 and 118, were sold for the Murray-Lenox Land Company, of which C. C. Marshall is President, being 50 by 131 and irregular. The entire plot contains nearly 13,000 square feet, being of unusual depth for side street lots. It has been held at about $200,000. The Park Avenue blocks in the immediate vicinity have been highly improved with fine houses in the last few years. The new owner, however, has no plans for immediate improvement.

E. W. Browning Buys to Protect Light.

For the purpose of protecting the easterly light and air of the World's Tower Building, at 110 West Fortieth Street, Edward W. Browning has purchased 108, adjoining.

The property consists of an old-fashioned five-story flat house, occupying a lot 25 by 98 feet. Title to the parcel is held by Caroline Marcy Eager. On the west side of the building the light is fully protected by long-term leases.

Deal on Front Street.

A deal on Front Street, in the wholesale coffee section, has been made by the Herbert H. Herrman Company, who sold the five-story loft structure at 130 Front Street for Isaac Newlin. The property adjoins the southwest corner of Pine Street, the frontage being 22.4 by 79.7 feet deep on the northerly line.

The Private Dwelling Market.

The three-story brick dwelling at 246 West 130th Street, on plot 16.8 by 99.11, has been sold by John G. Taylor for Carrie Block to James S. Roberts for occupancy.

Prince Street Loft in Trade.

Frederick Zittel & Sons were the brokers in the recent deal involving the trade by Arthur M. Silver of the six-story loft at 177 Prince Street, 25 by 96, in part payment for the six-story apartment at 534 West 124th Street, 50 by 100, purchased from the Brown-Weiss Realties. The properties were valued at about $125,000.

Recent Buyer.

David E. Sicher is the purchaser of the dwelling 52 East Sixty-fifth Street, sold recently. The buyer owns and occupies No. 54.

Taxpayers to Meet To-day.

The first meeting of the Committee of Taxpayers formed to carry out the purposes of the "Declaration of Principles," which has been signed by several thousand taxpayers throughout the city, will be held to-day at the rooms of the Board of Trade and Transportation, 203 Broadway, at 3:15 P. M. William H. Chesebrough is the temporary Chairman of the committee.

Bronx River Water Front Sale.

An important sale of water-front property in the Hunts Point section of the Bronx has been made by Samuel Cowen, who has sold for the Hunts Point Realty Company a plot having a frontage of 225 feet on Bronx River Avenue and running back 155 feet on Seneca Avenue to Edgewater Road, with frontages of that amount on both sides of Seneca Avenue. The future disposition of the property was not disclosed, the buyer being simply given as an investor. There has been some activity in that locality, and several recent sales have been made on Edgewater Road, Seneca and Lafayette Avenues. This is believed to be due to the recent appropriation by Congress of $900,000 for the improvement of the Bronx River.

Bronx Borough.

An excellent apartment house deal in the Watson tract of the Bronx, just above the Hunts Point section, was made by the Mercury Realty Company, which sold to Ward Brower the four five-story houses at 1,211 to 1,223 Wheeler Avenue. They cover a plot of 160 feet front by 100 feet deep, and were completed about three weeks ago.

A client of F. J. Wood has purchased for investment from Ellen Thompson and G. W. Morris the two one-family houses, occupying a plot 35 by 96, on the northeast corner of Honeywell Avenue and 180th Street. The same broker also sold a vacant plot, 126 by 161 by irregular, on the west side of Carter Avenue, midway between 175th and 176th Streets.

Long Island.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. have sold for George A. Enell his country place at Port Washington, on Manhasset Bay, to R. B. Hults, Postmaster of Port Washington, L. I.

Suburban.

Walter H. Seeley, a Manhattan contractor, has purchased from George Parmley Day, Treasurer of Yale University, his property at Suffern, N. Y., consisting of 140 acres, with three houses, stable, and many other outbuildings. The property is situated in the Haverstraw Road, near the village of Suffern.

Leases.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased the ground floor of 102 Fulton Street for John J. Burton, President, to Max Steinschneider for a period of five years, the store, 96 Water Street, for the Bertfield Realty Company to Jose de Riera & Co., and the store, 13 Dutch Street, for Naething Brothers to Samuel Hollander.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased for a term of fifteen years for Arthur S. Lewis the store and basement in the new building, 20 West Forty-sixth Street, to the Kohler Company of Sheboygan, Wis., successors to J. M. Kohler Sons' Company, for many years located at 47 West Forty-second Street.

J. B. English has leased for Edward Glennon the four-story building at 153 West Forty-eighth Street for business.

$80,000 William Street Mortgage.

The Title Guarantee & Trust Company loaned to-day on first mortgage $80,000 to Stanley A. Cohen, covering the four-story and basement brick stores and loft building, located at 130 William Street, on a plot 28.8 by 161.1 by irregular. The mortgage is for three years at 5 per cent.

Architect Lamb Sues for Fees.

Suit has been filed in the Supreme Court, Manhattan, by Thomas W. Lamb, architect, for fees, against John Dobbin, owner of the new $125,000 theatre at Fiftieth Street and Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn.

The architect claims that he was entitled to 2½ per cent. on the estimated cost, of $125,000, his share being $3,125.

New Fifth Avenue Art Gallery.

Plans were filed yesterday for a six-story building, on the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street, on a plot 25.5 by 100. It is being erected for Charles J. Duveen. The lower floor will be an art gallery and bachelor apartments on the upper floors. The property is owned by Adelaide McAlpin Pyle, and the old residence has just been torn down. The cost of the new building has been placed at $70,000 by Thomas Hastings, the architect.

Protest Against Assessment.

Property owners along Broadway, Long Island City, from Flushing to the city line at Little Neck, will hold a meeting on May 26, with the object of protesting against the plan of assessing upon them the cost of the proposed widening of that thoroughfare to 100 feet.

The meeting will be held in Literary Hall in Bayside under the auspices of the Broadway Widening Association through its Committee of Arrangements, Charles H. Reichert, H. L. Des Angles, H. Stewart McKnight, and A. P. Wright.

An effort will be made to have the Borough President attend the meeting. Reports of several committees who have been at work for several months on the matter will be heard.

Realty Notes.

Justice Pendleton has appointed Henry Brady receiver of the premises 432 Canal Street pending foreclosure proceedings.

There will be a meeting of the Harlem Property Owners' Association on Thursday evening at 147 East 125th Street.

For the sixth time within a year the dwelling at 18 East Eighty-second Street was sold by Bryan L. Kennelly in foreclosure proceedings. It was struck down to Wesley Thorn, who, it is understood, represents Fannie Hoadley in the action, at the five previous sales the cash payments of 10 per cent. in each instance amounted to $55,350, and to-day's payment makes a total of $67,250. The money so far deposited has been held in trust by the referee to the credit of the defendant. If the defendant defaults at the closing, which is scheduled for next month, the property will again be offered at auction. The actions have all been brought by the New York Life Insurance Company.

The Hanover Mortgage Company has loaned $500,000 to the State Construction Company on the thirteen-story apartment to be erected at 103 to 109 East Eighty-sixth Street, adjoining the Park Avenue corner, on a plot 100 by 100.8.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesrooms, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Lexington Av, 51 to 55, e s, 39.6 ft s of 25th St, 59.3x94x98.9 to 25th St, (136,) x22x39.6x72, twelve-story loft building in course of construction; foreclosure, adjourned to June 11.

158th St, 473 and 475, n e corner of St. Nicholas Av, 40.5x113.9x50x108.10 to Colonial Parkway x90.2x217.10, six-story apartment house, with stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Burns Brothers, $264,500.

Grand St, 90 to 94, n e corner of Greene St, 75x101, five-story loft and store building; also

Grene St, 42 to 50, e s, 101 ft n of Grand St, 110.3x109.11x100, two five-story loft and store buildings; to the defendant, S. E. Watson, $157,000.

142d St, 64 West, s s, 175 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x99.11, one-story building; to the plaintiff, J. W. Hatch, $4,700.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

82d St, 18 East, s s, 119 ft w of Madison Av, 26x102.2, five-story dwelling and four-story extension; foreclosure, to the defendant, Wesley Thorn, $119,000.

125th St, 324 and 326 East, s s, 300 ft e of 2d Av, 37.6x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, J. B. Harrison, $35,000.

By Henry Brady.

Bedford St, 72 and 74, s e corner of Commerce St, 44.8x50.5x61x50, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, William Kinsey, $43,700.

By Samuel Marx.

8th Av, 2,794, e s, 49.11 ft n of 148th St, 50x80, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, J. H. Kerkmann, $53,000.

AT 3,208 SECOND AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Crotona Av, 1,400-1,408, n e corner of 170th St, 52.3x100x84.11x108.7, two-story dwelling and vacant; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Andrew Wissemann, $12,050.

Bassford Av, 2,316, w s, 100 ft n of 184th St, 20.1x85, two-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, A. J. Hicks, $1,000.

Hughes Av, 2,023, w s, 382.8 ft s of 180th St, 25.1x100, three-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, J. E. O'Brien, $8,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

Reiss Place, n w corner of White Plains Road, 119.6x100x107.1x100.9; foreclosure, to Herman Reiss, $4,450.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

5th Av, n e corner of 53d St, for a six-story bachelor apartment and art gallery, 25.5x100; A. McA. Pyle, 68 William St, owner; T. Hastings, 225 5th Av, architect; cost, $70,000.

115th St, s s, 100 ft w of 8th Av, for an open-air theatre; Weissmann & Steinberg, 2,135 8th Av, owner; J. J. Eberle, 489 5th Av, architect; cost, $400.

116th St, s s, 125 ft e of Lenox Av, for a one-story moving picture theatre, 38x100.11; 60 and 62 West 116th Street Co., 31 Liberty St, owner; J. M. Felson, 125 West 115th St, architect; cost, $10,000.

Myer Av, w s, 245.10 ft n of Burnside Av, for a three-story brick dwelling, 25x50; William Phelan, 401 Tremont Av, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $12,000.

Myer Av, w s, 245.10 ft n of Burnside Av, rear, for a one-story hollow tile garage, 42x20; William Phelan, 401 Tremont Av, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $3,000.

Tremont Terrace, w s, 94.27 ft s of Alice Av, for a one-story-and-attic frame dwelling, 20x45; William H

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

The Reason

The State of New York Banking Department

Liquidator of the Carnegie Trust Co. and the Northern Bank of N. Y.

advertised that they were going to give you

The Opportunity to Make Money

is as follows:

1890	Average Value of Lots in the Bronx,	$750		
1895	" " " " " " "	$1,250	Increase in 5 years	66%
1900	" " " " " " "	$2,000	Increase in 5 years	60%
1905	" " " " " " "	$4,000	Increase in 5 years	100%
1910	" " " " " " "	$6,500	Increase in 5 years	62½%

Average Increase Per Annum For 20 Years 14 4/10%

The increase at the present time is larger, as about 6,000 people a month are moving into the Bronx.

Morris Park lots will be sold for whatever you choose to pay for them

The Banking Department considers this sale an excellent opportunity for the public to buy property below its actual value.

It is realized that so many lots cannot be sold at one sale without sacrificing their value, but as the property **must be sold**, to help pay the creditors of the Carnegie Trust Co., and the Northern Bank, **they have no alternative.**

3019 Separate Lots

formerly the

Morris Park Race Track

Bronx Borough, New York City

will be sold at Public Auction in the Club House on the Property

Saturday, May 31st, and Succeeding Days

70% can remain on mortgage. Titles insured free by Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.

To Get to Morris Park Race Track, take:

The Subway (West Farms Trains) to 177th Street or 180th Street stations. At 177th Street, take the Morris Park trolley car direct to the property. At 180th Street, go to 180th Street station of the New York, Westchester and Boston Railroad, and thence to the property.

The Second or Third Avenue Elevated Railroads to 129th Street, thence by New York, Westchester and Boston Railroad or Morris Park Trolley car to the property.

All crosstown Bronx cars connect with all Elevated and Subway lines either at 129th, 135th or 145th Streets and transfer to Morris Park cars.

Go and Examine the Property

Send for maps and particulars to

J. Clarence Davies, 149th St. and 3d Ave., New York City

Joseph P. Day, 31 Nassau St., New York City

Agents and Auctioneers

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

MODERN 9-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING

Near subway station, beautiful apartment at moderate rent, all leased; economical management.

Will Pay Large Percentage

Price $240,000.

Rent $26,000.

Terms easy. Might entertain small property in part payment, especially lot suitable for immediate improvement.

Slawson & Hobbs,

162 West 72d St. Telephone Connection.

West Side.

MUST SELL DWELLING.

Convent Av., 284, near 141st St.; three-story, high stoop, limestone, eleven rooms, two baths, hardwood trim, electric lights, parquet floors; spent $4,000 lately; house in finest condition; best neighborhood on Heights. Brokers or principals apply owner, A. M. Baumann, 115 Broadway.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

218 West 78th St.

Four story and basement brownstone dwelling; attractive interior arrangement; exceptionally convenient to Subway and street cars; price $22,000; mortgage to suit; caretaker on premises. PEASE & ELLIMAN, 165 West 72d St. Tel., 8300—Col.

Washington Heights.

A LITTLE GEM.

Examine 453 Convent Av., (149th St.); four-story American basement dwelling, eleven rooms, electric light, parquet floors; little cash necessary; fine condition. Caretaker.

PRICE ONLY $18,000.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

West Side.

LOTS FOR BUILDERS

near "L" station, in a fine neighborhood, for small apartments; prices and terms attractive.

Apply to

SLAWSON & HOBBS

162 WEST 72D ST.

East Side.

SOUTHEAST CORNER

93D ST. & 1ST AVE.

5-story triple flats, all improvements, with stores.

Price $30,000 FREE AND CLEAR.

JOSEPH T. MULLIGAN, 135 BROADWAY.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

HOMES ON VERY EASY TERMS

With the double purpose of enhancing the value of our lot property, and affording people of moderate means an opportunity of owning their homes, we are building at New Dorp Manor, five, six and seven-room two-story dwellings in choice locations, ranging in price from $1,500 to $3,000. We accept $300 to $500 down, and you occupy a house at once, paying thereafter $15 to $25 monthly, just as you can afford, and probably less than the money you are now paying as rent and owning nothing. Think this over. Write for our free map, or call between 10 and 12 A. M., and see photographs of houses we build. Lots $200 to $500 each.

STATEN ISLAND HOMES COMPANY,

25 Ann St., near Nassau St., N. Y.

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Present Values

Not Considered.

We are instructed to immediately dispose of 2 houses acquired at forced sale.

TWO-FAMILY DETACHED

Three stories and cellar; 15 rooms, 2 baths, (tiled;) built two years ago; hardwood trim; parquet floors; separate heating plants; private entrances; plot 82x100; near "L" station; fine neighborhood.

Original price, $6,500. Our price $5,750.

One-Family Semi-Detached

Six rooms, bath; parlor finished in white enamel; hall, vestibule, and dining room finished in oak; bedroom and bath in white enamel; handsomely decorated throughout; close to "L" and trolley; 35 minutes to New York.

Easily worth $4,000. Our price $2,950.

Convenient payments accepted on both properties.

J. D. RANCK REALTY CO.,

577 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Opp. L. I. R. R. depot. Phone 6850 Main.

715 AVENUE K.

11 rooms, bath; 40x100; parked street; $8,750; want offer; might exchange; open Sunday; take Brighton "L" or Coney Island Av. cars.

GILBERT ELLIOTT, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

1516-1520 President Street.

Near Albany Ave., Colee's beautiful finished 2-family dwellings; extra deep, rear driveway. Brokers note.

GILBERT ELLIOTT, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

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SUNNY ALBERTA

138,000 ACRES.

CHOICE FARM LAND

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Only $13.50 per acre.

$3.50 per acre cash, balance six annual payments, 6 per cent. GEORGE GRANT, Herald Block, Calgary, Alberta.

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COUNTRY LIFE IN NEW YORK CITY.

A beautiful semi-bungalow for sale. 7 large rooms and bath, wide porch; every modern improvement, in restricted park of refined home owners; tennis courts, trees, lawns and shrubbery of high order; 28 minutes from Manhattan, Penn., L. I. electric system; 4 minutes from express station through a wide asphalt boulevard, lined with large shade trees. Churches, schools and library. Everything to make home enjoyable. Price $5,600; actually worth $6,500. Very easy terms. Investigation will prove an exceptional bargain.

OWNER, Room 505, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

A HANDSOME

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AT ELDERHURST PARK

IN THE ROCKAWAYS

Can now be secured on easy, convenient payment plan. $500 down puts you in possession. Houses contain 7 and 11 rooms and bath and all up-to-date improvements, from parquet floors to electric light.

$4,800—$7,200

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HAVE YOU A FRIEND

or are you interested in a home with all city improvements and country enjoyments? I am a specialist in select homes, am practically familiar with all properties in Queens Borough and near-by Long Island sections of restricted refined home owners. I will cheerfully give personal free information in every detail without obligation to any one seeking an attractive home or choice lots or plots for investment where values will advance rapidly.

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Real Estate.

For sale, rent and exchange.

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REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

What the $330,000,000

Dual Subway System

will do for Thomson Ave. (Queens Boulevard) in

Long Island City

is shown by what the combination of Interborough Subway and Elevated Transit did for 149th St. and 3d Ave.

The New York Times

ON MARCH 9th, 1913, SAID:

"It will be seen, therefore, that residents along the Astoria, or Corona lines can go to an elevated station and for a 5-cent fare take either an Interborough Subway train or an Interborough elevated train, reaching any part of the 359 miles of the Interborough system, or a Brooklyn Rapid Transit train, reaching any part of the 271 miles of the B. R. T. system.

"What effect this will have on Long Island City is shown by the effect of a similar situation in a lesser degree in the Bronx. At 149th Street and Third Avenue the Interborough Subway lines cross the Interborough elevated lines, so that people residing in the immediate vicinity have the privilege of using either the Subway or the elevated system."

From the Dual Rapid Transit STATION ON THE PROPERTY, at Corner Thomson Ave. & Bliss St.

A 5 Cent Fare

OVER ANY OF THESE THREE ROUTES

INTERBOROUGH SUBWAY:

Via the Steinway Tunnel, under East River at 42nd St., connecting with present subway system. These lots will be 8 MINUTES FROM TIMES SQUARE.

B. R. T. SUBWAY:

Via Queensboro Bridge to new B. R. T. Subway across 59th St. and down 7th Ave. and BROADWAY.

Interborough Elevated:

Via Queensboro Bridge to Second Ave. Elevated and connecting there with present Manhattan Elevated System.

DO NOT FAIL TO ATTEND THE

Absolute Auction Sale

On the premises at 1:30 P. M. **Next Saturday** rain or shine, in mammoth tent

450 DUAL SUBWAY STATION LOTS

On Thomson Av., new 200 ft. Queens Boulevard & Bliss St.

Long Island City

TAKE THOMSON AVE. TROLLEY from Manhattan end of Queensboro Bridge Passes Property.

TAKE TROLLEY DIRECT to Long Island City on 42d St.

ALL CITY IMPROVEMENTS

Sewers, Concrete Sidewalks, Curbs, Gutters, Macadamized Sts., etc., for which there will be **NO ASSESSMENTS**

FREE TITLE POLICIES.

From Title Guarantee & Trust Co.

70% MAY REMAIN ON MORTGAGE AT 5%

Call or write for Bookmaps and further particulars.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Real Estate Auctioneer

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NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BEST VALUE EVER OFFERED

$4,500.

CONVENIENT TERMS.

A beautiful home for $4,500; 6 rooms on plot of ground 60x120, located in a select neighborhood, 10 miles out; 36 trains daily; 3 minutes station; commutation $5.90; unsurpassed location; 35-mile view; concrete cellar; butler's pantry; laundry in cellar; hardwood trim and floors; large closets; electricity and gas; hot-water heat and best of plumbing; lawn graded and seeded; fully improved streets, with sewer, cement sidewalks, curbs, and gutters; private park, with park entrance to property; all houses built from architect's plans and specifications; everything exactly as represented; low tax rate; no assessments; free title insurance. Call, write, or telephone W. D. BOGGS, Telephone 301 Bryant. 220 West 42d Street, Suite 1,203.

$25 Monthly

BUYS THIS SEMI-BUNGALOW

Six rooms and bath; craftsman finish; open fireplace; city improvements; splendid all-year home; express station; 32 minutes out; New Jersey Hills. J. L. TILLACK, Room 178, 50 Church St., N. Y. City. Phone Cort. 8748.

Charming Suburban Home

Of rare beauty; considered prettiest in Madison; finest Lackawanna express town; easy commuting; elevation, 400 feet; no factories, malaria; dry mountain air; extra large corner plot, terraced; surrounded by beautiful homes, spacious lawns; view for miles; most artistically planned; center hall, four rooms, butler's pantry, first floor; five bedrooms; tiled bathroom; porcelain fixtures; oak floors throughout; finest heating, plumbing; highly finished woodwork; beautiful decorations; window seats; large fireplace; Craftsman's windows in den; glass inclosed porch; honestly built by owner; matchless at $8,500; quick offer $7,500 buys it; $1,500 cash; photo. Allabough & Son, 150 Nassau St., N. Y.

Beautiful Commuting Farm

25 miles out; 90 acres; in delightful village; 5 minutes' walk station; 25 daily trains; 65 minutes Manhattan; beautiful new house, sets back 150 feet in fine grove; very large porches; hardwood throughout; superior construction; decorations; eleven large rooms; hot water heat; bathroom; acetylene gas; farmer's cottage; driven well; large, good outbuildings; 1,200 apple trees just coming into bearing; borders large, rushing river; four-acre lake full of fish; worth $30,000; estate sale; $16,000 gets it if quick. Allabough & Son, 150 Nassau St., New York.

MOST ATTRACTIVE LAKE.

Within commuting distance; short drive express stations; 60 trains; wonderfully pretty lake fed by rushing mountain stream; beautiful woodland entirely surrounds lake; sound shores; heavily stocked bass, pickerel; modern eleven-room house, bathroom, fireplaces; immense porches; water rammed from spring; barn; farm adjoining obtainable; must sell; $12,500; make offer; fine Summer home, boarding house; photo. Allabough & Son, 150 Nassau St., New York.

MONMOUTH BEACH.

Rumson Road—Seabright.

Furnished houses for rent. Estates for sale.

D. B. KEELER, JR.

10 Wall St., New York.

$10 DOWN and $2.50 weekly, on savings bank plan, and you can own a cozy home in hills of New Jersey, 39 minutes from Broadway. Write B. B., Room 1,101, 35 West 32d St., N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Got to! Hate to! but must!

Sell at once before June 1st.

10 to 12 Acres of high, clear, level, fertile land; fine views; spring watered; apples, pears, grapes, huge shade trees; 1¼ miles from TOWN, Trolley, Harbor. Everything here but the buildings.

PRICE $2,400—TERMS

GEO. N. PHILCOX, OWNER, 15 South Main St., South Norwalk, Conn.

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A SWISS CHALET

The House Economic

designed to fit your individual needs and condition, is the ideal solution for your Suburban Home. Ask for Folder K.

THE SWISS CHALET SPECIALISTS, INC., Architects.

200 5th Ave., New York City.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished

In the Rockaways

A few desirable two, four room apartments; also two, three, and five room bungalows to rent for the season, furnished if desired; restricted section at Elderhurst Park, one block west of Hammels Station. For further particulars call at property office or address

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Opp. L. I. R. R. Depot. Phone Main 6850.

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LAKE PLACID, N. Y. —New Cottage; Signal Hill; exclusive Summer residential section, overlooking Mirror Lake, Lake Placid and entire mountain range; five extra large family bedrooms, two sleeping-out porches, three complete baths, extra toilets and lavatories, five large servants' rooms; furnished throughout; steam heat; garage; tennis court; modern, complete and convenient; rent $2,500. Particulars, photos and plan.

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Brooklyn.

Beautiful Brick Houses FOR RENT $25.00 and $30.00 in Brooklyn

Semi-detached brick and stone; 7 rooms and bath; parquet floors, hardwood trim; elegantly decorated; electric lights, water, sewer, and gas; located in Park Section of Brooklyn on lines of elevated and new subway; 8 minutes to ocean, 30 minutes to New York; 5-cent fare to New York or ocean. Send for booklets and photos. Special Manager, 60A Liberty St., N. Y. Phone 5528 Cortlandt.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE AYLSMERE, 60 West 76th St.

7 and 8 large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry, 2 elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryers; convenient to all traction lines; $1,000-$1,800. Superintendent on premises.

BROOKLYN.

Select Elevator Apartments.

Largest Rooms in Flatbush

OCEAN AVE.

Corner Woodruff Ave. overlooking Prospect Park.

22 minutes from New York "L" station on corner.

Telephone in every apartment; hall boys in attendance day and night

4, 5, 7 and 8 Rooms

RENTS $40 TO $105

WESTWOOD REALTY COMPANY,

Cor. Flatbush Av. and Winthrop St., Flatbush, Brooklyn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. | TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

LEAVITT BUILDING

126-132 West 46th St.

80.0 x 100.5

IDEAL LOFTS TO LEASE

Supervisory Sprinkler System

Completely Equipped in Every Particular

Apply Through Your Own Broker or on Premises

Telephone Bryant 5261

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25x100,

ENTIRE BUILDING ON LONG LEASE OR

STREET STORE, PARLOR STORE, UPPER FLOORS,

DIVIDED FOR MANUFACTURING OR STUDIOS FOR LIVING PURPOSES

WEBSTER B. MABIE & CO.,

1,178 Broadway, corner 28th St.

112 East 19th St.

50x92,

STORE, FLOORS, SALESROOMS.

Permanent Side Light.

Webster B. Mabie & Co.,

1,178 Broadway, corner 28th St.

LIGHT LOFTS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

WITH OR WITHOUT POWER.

VERY LOW RENTALS

GREAT SAVING—COMPARE

534-550 West 58th St.

MAYAL REALTY CO., (OWNERS,)

2 Rector St. Brokers Protected.

WILL SUBLET

ALL OR PART OF OFFICE

17 x 25

WHITEHALL BUILDING.

APPLY ROOM 342.

SACRIFICE PRICES.

Offices on Broadway—Near 42d St.

120 to 4,000 square feet monthly or on lease. Big concessions; night elevator, watchman service, vacuum cleaning. Address Box 89 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

127 Vermilyea Ave.

2 blocks from 207th St. Broadway Subway station. New house; steam heat, electric light, 'phone, &c.

3 and 4 ROOMS, $22 to $26.

Inquire on premises, or M. JUST, 530 W. 207th St.

THE MIDLOTHIAN

353 West 117th St.

5 rooms, $32.00 to $37.50.

Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

THE BLYTHEWOOD,

109-111 West 129th St.,

near 7th Av.; most exclusive house in Harlem; restricted section; 8 rooms, bath, butler's pantry, extensive closets, cabinet trim; all light; owner's management; private 'phone; all-night service; rent $900; liberal concession. Apply premises.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

234 W. 21st St.

HUNTINGTON.

All improvements; elevator service; Apartments 4-5 rooms; $540-$600.

Apply on premises, or CUSHMAN, 240 W. 23d St.

PORTSMOUTH & HAMPSHIRE

38-50 WEST 9TH ST.

Very desirable apartments of 7 rooms and bath; steam heat; hall boys, elevator service all night; rents $960-$1,250.

CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Referees' Notices

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—WALTER S. GURNEE, AUGUSTUS C. GURNEE and WILLIAM NELSON CROMWELL, as Trustees for Evelyn S. Chapman under the Will of Walter S. Gurnee, deceased, Plaintiffs, against HARRY HERZOG et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above entitled action and bearing date the 15th day of May, 1913, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public action at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan of the City of New York, on the 11th day of June, 1913, at twelve o'clock noon of that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows:

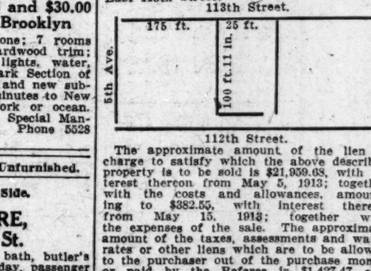
Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 113th Street, distant one hundred seventy-five (175) feet easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Fifth Avenue with the southerly side of 113th Street; running thence southerly parallel with Fifth Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches to the center line of the block between 112th and 113th Streets; thence easterly along said center line of the block twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly and again parallel with the easterly side of Fifth Avenue one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches to the southerly side of 113th Street; and thence westerly along said southerly side of 113th Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point of beginning.

Dated, New York, May 16, 1913.

EDWARD SANDFORD, Referee.

SULLIVAN & CROMWELL, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, No. 40 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its Street Number is 10 East 113th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold is $21,959.68, with interest thereon from May 5, 1913; together with the costs and allowances, amounting to $382.55, with interest thereon from May 15, 1913; together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the Referee is $1,427.47 and interest.

Dated, New York, May 16, 1913.

EDWARD SANDFORD, Referee.

AUCTION SALES.

TAKE NOTICE THAT BY VIRTUE OF A lien held by me against the following-described personal property, to wit: A participating interest of $50,000 in a certain Series A, Gold Bond No. Four of the John B. Haskin Estates, Inc., due April 1st, 1928, of the par value of $100,000, belonging to and held for account of the John B. Haskin Estates, Inc., a corporation of 191 Middle Street, Portland, Me., and now in my possession, I will sell such personal property at public auction at the Real Estate Sales and Exchange Rooms, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, on May 19th, 1913, at 11 A. M.

Dated New York, May 2d, 1913.

ADELAIDE M. HEUEL.

The above sale has been adjourned to May 26th, 1913, at the same hour and place.

Dated New York, May 19, 1913.

ADELAIDE M. HEUEL.

STORE,

31 East 48th St.,

N. E. COR. MADISON AV.

15X60.

Rent Reasonable.

HARRY PARKER, Agt.,

30 East 42d St., 42d St. Bldg., Tel. Murray Hill 1116. Or your broker.

STORES TO LET,

17-19 WEST 31ST ST.

(Life Building), one store, 20x40; other over 3,000 square feet, including mezzanine floor; very desirable neighborhood; rents very low.

STORES TO LET,

17-19 WEST 31ST STREET

(Life Building), one store, 20x40; other over 3,000 square feet, including mezzanine floor; very desirable neighborhood; rents very low.

Real Estate

Manhattan—For Sale.

BARGAIN.—The Miramar, 610-612 West 137th St.—Six-story modern stone and brick elevator apartment house, containing 24 apartments, with baths and all conveniences; rentals from $40 to $60 per month. Size 66x100. Mortgage, $77,500 at 5% October, 1913; mortgage $16,000 at 6% March, 1914. Rental, $15,750. Income, $3,420. Price, $115,000. Would exchange for Long Island acreage.

J. C., A 347 Times.

A splendid investment; private house; first-class neighborhood; will pay 5 per cent. on $40,000; will sell for $35,000. Interested parties address Free & Clear, Box 112 Times.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

On Westchester Av., near Burke Subway station, four lots; Tremont Terrace, one and two family houses. William D. Howell, 1,541 Overing St., Westchester, Bronx.

Ten-room house, bath; Mt. Hope section; $6,000; sacrifice. McGarry, 2,022 Boston Road, (177th Subway.)

Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

CEDAR KNOLLS.

At Bronxville, Westchester County, five minutes' walk from the station, with beautiful and well-kept roads and every convenience. A home for refined people. Plots for sale on moderate terms. All assistance for building furnished by

Gramatan Realty & Construction Co., Gramatan Bank Bldg., Bronxville, N. Y.

QUICK BUYER WANTED.

I must dispose of my house at Scarsdale quickly, and will sacrifice $3,000 to do it; house has 10 rooms, 3 baths; half acre ground; 5 minutes' walk to station; former price, $19,000; new price less than cost of house and present value of land. For photographs and description apply Box 208 White Plains, N. Y.

CEDAR KNOLLS,

at Bronxville, 28 minutes from Grand Central.—Beautiful home sites, with delightful surroundings; every improvement. Gramatan Realty and Construction Co., Gramatan Bank Building, Bronxville, N. Y. Tel. 549. Office open Sundays.

Beautiful houses for rent, furnished and unfurnished, in Lawrence Park and in and about Bronxville. RENTALS ranging from $28 a month to $500 a month.

GRAMATAN REALTY & CONSTRUCTION COMPANY,

Gramatan Bank Bldg., Bronxville, N. Y.

Beautiful stucco residence, 11 rooms, three baths; price, $11,500; large, well-shaded grounds, overlooking Sound; rights to water and private dock; safe boat anchorage; six minutes to station; fifty minutes from Grand Central Depot; excellent surroundings. R. T. Badgley, 505 5th Av.

Choice water front; 180 feet on shore, Long Island Sound; six minutes to depot; 50 minutes Grand Central Station; exclusive residential surroundings; grounds, 180 by 217, with private beach; price, $18,750. Frederick Jones, 505 5th Av.

A gentleman's commuting home, near station; half hour out; beautiful views Hudson; large brick house, broad piazzas; acre and half magnificent trees, flowers, fruit; garage; sell half cost; photos; bargain. 1 Union Square, Room 901.

HARTSDALE & SCARSDALE.

Houses and plots sale; rent. ANGELL & CO., Scarsdale, and 507 Fifth.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Only $300 down and then $25 monthly will enable you to occupy at once a 7-room new dwelling at Palisades Park, N. J.; only 15 minutes from Harlem; lot 50x110, in splendid location, half block from five-cent trolley and four blocks from Erie Railroad station; connecting with Hudson tunnels for downtown and uptown; house has all improvements, including steam heat; we are now building a 4-room bungalow on Central Boulevard, near 9th St., among the trees; fine for Summer use; price $1,200; pay $200 down, then $15 monthly. Call or write Palisades Realty Co., 25 Ann St., New York

For sale on your own terms in Northern Jersey, all year round country residence; new, never occupied; living room 15x25, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, seven bedrooms, two bathrooms, trunk storage space, inside laundry, servants' closet, two vestibules, two porches, winter and summer enclosure; all conveniences; sunken garden, fountain, planting; magnificent roads, golf five minutes from station; 45 minutes 42d St.; excellent train service; refined neighborhood; price $10,000; will meet party by appointment in automobile at station. George A. Acken, 25 West 42d St. Phone 1281 Bryant.

A SAVING, $500 TO $1,000.

Dealing with owner of several large tracts, beautiful Cranford, sewer and every improvement; near station, school, and trolley, offering attractive homes, steam heat, oak floor, beam ceiling, open fireplace, on plots 50x100 to an acre; $3,250 up; $300 cash, balance as rent; cash no object, but responsible parties with references. Cranford Estates, 364 Lincoln Av., Cranford, N. J.

5 ACRES near Pompton Plains; wonderful country home site; high; view of 100 square miles of valley, stream and mountain; small lake, dam, and two springs of finest water on place; 40 big oak trees nearly 100 years old; bargain. A. E. Hooven, owner, Glen Ridge, N. J. Phone 297J, Glen Ridge.

Great Sacrifice.—Taken under foreclosure; beautiful cottage, 6 large rooms, bath; hot water heat, gas, electricity; high, healthy location; large plot; 30 minutes out; 2 railroads, trolley; price, $3,700; worth $4,500; $300 cash, $25 monthly; photo sent. Carl Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

ATTRACTIVE 8-room house in delightful suburb hills Northern Jersey; near city; excellent train service; 3 minutes from station; parquet floors, tiled bath, white enamel bedrooms; open fireplace; concrete; cellar; cash $250, balance like rent. Miller, 801 Singer Bldg.

Fanwood.—Bungalow among big trees; improved streets, gas, water, electric light, hardwood trim, tile bath, sleeping porch; big plot; close to depot, &c.; very cheap, $6,700; $750 cash, balance like rent. H. C. Lockwood Co., Room 1,762, Woolworth Bldg., N. Y.

To obtain tenant in one of my three new houses, willing to sell virtually at rental price; attractive six-room house, ideally situated in near-by suburb; three minutes from station, one block from school. Builder, K 292 Times Downtown.

Five acres of farm land, Southeast Slope; new modern house, eight rooms and bath; stable and small chicken plot; beautiful views; one mile from station, nineteen from Manhattan; no mosquitos; reasonable. A Chapin, 15 Wall St.

Astonishing Bargain.—Charming bungalow with rustic porch, $545; fascinating mountain scenery and river; good fishing, boating, bathing; commutation 13c. Address Lackawanna 53, Times Downtown.

Westwood.—To rent, furnished, with privilege of buying, bungalow, five rooms and bath; gas, electric light, and telephone. Terms and particulars address Geo. J. Howell, 112 West 42d St.

ACREAGE ON THE LACKAWANNA R. R. New train service on P. D. branch will revolutionize land values; write for details and list of commuters' farms. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Ridgewood—New house, 9 rooms; every modern convenience; half acre; 5 minutes' station; low price; easy terms. W. W. Wilsey, Ridgewood, N. J.

ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL.—Furnished cottages for rent and sale. W. C. Burroughs, Asbury Park, N. J.

FARMS! FARMS! FARMS!—65 Monmouth County farms recently listed. Send for list. MOREHOUSE & FORD, Red Bank, N. J.

Farms—Every description, everywhere; write your wants. Illustrated list free. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

Mortgage Loans.

ABUNDANCE estates money; Manhattan mortgage loans; only owners considered, B 271 Times Downtown.

8 P. M.

To insure insertion Want Advertisements for next Sunday's Times should be received in the Times Building not later than 8 o'clock Saturday night.

All Want Advertisements are carefully censored in an effort to keep the columns free from fraudulent and misleading announcements.

Want Department Telephone Bryant 1000.

Real Estate

Real Estate
Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

Lynbrook, L. I.—Substantially built, luxuriously decorated; 6 minutes station; 9 minutes Long Beach; 35 minutes Pennsylvania Depot; 8-room house; 4 master bedrooms, bath, foyer hall, parlor, splendid dining room, immense kitchen, butler's pantry; double floors throughout; porch and windows screened; hot water heat. Lot 50x208. Bargain. Owner, P. O. Box 364 Lynbrook.

Young man with comfortably furnished ten-room house near water, on North Shore of Long Island, very convenient to New York, will give desirable couple or a small family free rent during Summer months in return for lodging and meals; unusual opportunity. Address Box 159, Great Neck, L. I.

SACRIFICE SALE.
Artistic brand new house, 12 rooms; fine location on Remington Av., between ocean and bay, Arverne, L. I. For particulars inquire at all local agents at Arverne, L. I.

Will sell or rent, furnished or unfurnished, my new seven-room house; every improvement; newly decorated; 32 minutes out; close to station; excellent neighborhood; just outside city limits. Address A 55 Times.

DANIEL M. GERARD,
220 Broadway, N. Y.
Estates, Shore Fronts, Homes, Summer Cottages, Huntington and Vicinity.

Near Garden City.—Two new 11-room residences; corner lots; just finished; all improvements; beautiful location; at a sacrifice. S. A. H., 68 Times Downtown.

Guarantee large profit in 12 months, on sale lots, nearby ocean development, Long Island; investment of only $1,200. B 273 Times Downtown.

Delightful house, central L. I.; large grounds, bordering lake; nice buildings; bargain; your terms; gut description. Roswell Davis, Freeport.

Fort Washington.—New year-round bungalow, stucco, tile roof; 8 rooms; bargain, $5,950; easy terms; plan, photo. Frind, 47 W. 34th St.

New England—For Sale or to Let.

Farm of 185 acres, near best bass lake in Conn.; old Colonial house; fine views, shade, orchard; only $2,500. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

Real Estate for Exchange.

For sale or exchange for house on Long Island shore, elegant stone, 2-family house, with all up-to-date improvements; 182 Ocean Parkway, near Prospect Park, Brooklyn. Inquire at new building, E. 5th St. and Albemarle Road, Brooklyn.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted, preferably in Westchester County—Accessible small farm, high grounds, suitable for modest, inexpensive country home; give lowest price and terms, with full description of house and land. C. B., Box 267 Times.

To Let for Business Purposes.

TO SUBLET.
Corporation having lease on large office at 18 Broadway will sublet single rooms or suite at big reduction. Inquire Room 908.

A handsome private office or desk room, with service, in the Longacre Building, Broadway and 42d St. Apply J. W. Buckley.

Biggest Bargain in New York.—First and third floors for offices or light work; very attractive. Apply 57 West 21st St.

$15 Up Month, 109 Broad St.—Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in modern fireproof building.

LOFT.—Light lofts, 25x100. Griffin Roofing Co., 506 West 26th St.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

48TH ST., 20 WEST.—Private Family Only—Four-story-and-basement house, 18 rooms, 4 baths; three-story extension; electric light; hardwood floors; immediate possession. Caretaker or Charles C. Bull, 27 William St. Phone 587 Broad.

Bronx.

A.—1,878 Cedar Avenue, near 178th Street, on a terrace, modern 2-story and basement brick dwelling in perfect order. Rent, $400. Firm of L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty St.

Country Houses to Let—Furnished.

AT EAST QUOGUE.—To let, furnished, "Hill Cottage," on high ground overlooking bay and sea; 8 sleeping rooms, bath, 2 parlors, with open fireplace; butler's pantry; kitchen, with porch, laundry; all improvements; large verandas, shade, and lawn; $500 to Nov. 1. Room 1,017, 47 West 34th St., N. Y.

AT HUNTINGTON, L. I.
Handsome seven-room frame and stucco semi-bungalow; beautifully wooded section; spacious grounds; 10 minutes from station; near trolley; also five-room bungalow; both completely furnished; rent for season reasonable. J. A. Corcoran, 334 5th Av.

HACKETTSTOWN, N. J.
Furnished home for rent for the Summer; 12 rooms; steam heat, electric light; bath; garage; very spacious grounds; artistically arranged and in beautiful order; $100 per month. "The Lindens," 108 Mountain Av., Hackettstown, N. J.

BOONTON, N. J.; hour from Broadway, ideal home for rent, furnished; gas, electricity, sanitary plumbing, six acres, fountain, garden, fruit, delightful location; overlooking lake covering 1,200 acres. Reynolds Estates, 31 Nassau St.

For Summer, or until Feb. 1, beautifully furnished residence, 9 rooms; Oriental rugs; living room 39x16; Park Hill, Yonkers. Box 340, Teachers College, New York.

Bargain—12-room modern house at Cranford; broad piazzas, lawn, garage; 45 minutes from Liberty St. on Central R. R. of N. J. E. W. Lamont, Phone 47 Cranford.

For Rent, Furnished, at Douglaston.—New seven-room semi-bungalow; sleeping porch; wide veranda; fireplace; shade trees; fine views. Owner, L 295 Times Downtown.

Country.—To rent, furnished, 50 miles out, 11 bedrooms, billiard room, modern improvements, new 6-cylinder automobile, $1,200, 3 months with driver. M 2 Times.

Allenhurst, N. J.—For rent, house furnished, 11 rooms, all improvements; stable, garage; fine view of ocean. Apply Room 1,412, 320 Broadway.

Apartments to Let
Furnished.
West Side.

12th St., between 5th and 6th Avs., near financial, shopping districts, for Summer or longer; cool, airy, eight-room apartment, 2 baths, maid's room; 3 bedrooms on third and fourth floors with southern exposure, unobstructed view; old-fashioned house; completely furnished; pianola, linen, silver; private phone; $75 month. Seen by appointment. A 344 Times.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette; furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rate on lease.

Audubon Av., 214, (cor. West 176th St.)—Five delightful, cool outside rooms; front; corner; fourth floor; elevator; unquestionable complete housekeeping apartment. Markham. 'Phone, Audubon 3610.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, at 72d St.
Six rooms and two baths; newly decorated and furnished; possession immediately. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 3847.

Nicely furnished corner apartment; seven outside rooms; beautiful river view; will sublet to desirable people from June 1 to September for less than unfurnished price. 587 Riverside Drive, corner 126th St., Apt. 4-2. Telephone 6242W Morningside.

110th St., 509 West.—Apartment handsomely and luxuriously furnished to sublet until October; seven unusually large rooms, two baths; Steinway Grand piano; 12th floor; plenty of light and air; southern exposure; Apartment 12A.

83d St., 221 West.—Will sublet to reliable party for Summer newly furnished apartment; six rooms, bath, player-piano, linen, china, &c.; newly decorated throughout; very desirable location; $42. Halsey.

Sublet during Summer—Eight-room, new, charmingly furnished apartment; balcony overlooks Barnard Field; telephone; linen, silver; reasonable. Seen by appointment. Morningside 1821.

Lost

LOST.—A hunting case stem-winding watch, with second-hand on face, and bird on bough enameled on front cover and butterfly on back; was mislaid and lost in a dressing room of a small shop for woman's clothing on north side 34th St., between 5th and 6th Avs., on Thursday, May 15. The watch is old, worn, dented, and of little except sentimental value; $20 reward will be paid for its return. Answer Box L 308 Times Downtown.

Wanted—A man with ability, energy, and integrity, having a few thousand dollars to invest in a reliable business; satisfactory and quick returns; handle own money; fullest investigation invited. A 349 Times.

LOST—Between 90 Liberty St., New York, and Manhattan Transfer Station, N. J., (via Subway,) roll containing survey plan. $5 reward for return of plan to W. E. Corne, 30 Church St., New York.

LOST.—Between the third floor of the Post Office Building and the Hudson Terminal Post Office, a $50 bill, by a clerk who can't afford to lose it. Reward if returned to Room 453, 50 Church St.

LOST—Saturday, 17th, Knights Templar charm, No. 1,269; ribbon fob, No. 1,251; both articles tagged as above; suitable reward. Youngling, 68 Nassau St.

LOST—Small horse-shape gold-mounted diamond set scarfpin; liberal reward to finder. Apply to W. J. Burke, House Detective, Plaza Hotel, 59th St.

LOST.—On Riverside Drive, near 113th St., leather pocketbook and papers in envelope addressed to Mrs. E. M. Dingwall. Return to 439 West 125d St. Reward.

$50 REWARD will be paid at the Hotel Renaissance for a gold watch, No. 16,272, Marcus, lost on 43d St.

LOST—Thursday, lady's gun metal watch, short Roman gold chain. Waggaman, 541 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Sunday night, on Fort George car, lady's handbag. Return 635 West 135th; liberal reward. Marie Windsor.

$50 REWARD and no questions asked for return of gold purse lost morning of 20th, between 83d and 79th Sts., on Broadway, or in downtown 79th St. Subway station. C. Richardson, 233 W. 88d St., City.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Fox terrier dog, white, black marking; answers to name Raffles; liberal reward. Emery, 1,057 Palle St., Bronx.

LOST—A brown spaniel. 14 East 51st St. Reward given.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Ave. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Automobile Exchange

MUST VACATE—"BODY SALE."
(Rented Factory to United Rubber Co.)
200 AUTO BODIES—UNTRIMMED.
COST $150 to $400—AT $10 UP.
These are most remarkable values!
350 AUTO BODIES—ALL MAKES.
Quinbys, Rothschilds, Alcos, Packards, Peerlesses, and 100 Other Makes. All Styles, Whole Job Complete.
Also: Seats, Parts, Wheels, Shelving, Bus Bodies, and 100 Other Parts and Sundries, etc.,
AT ANY PRICE TO CLEAR.
Also Autos, Transmissions, Engines, Frames, Any Offer!
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
8 Story Building, 3, 5, 7, 9 West 61st. Near B'way.

Bargain—$700, 1907 Mercedes, 35 H. P. demi-limousine, seven passenger; cost $8,000; fully equipped with slip covers; has just been overhauled and is perfect in every respect; owner, Wm. C. Reynolds. See my chauffeur at private garage, 142 West 37th St.

BARGAIN—BUICK 1911 TOURING CAR.
$450, cost $2,500; light top, five-passenger; windshield; Presto tank; speedometer, clock; perfect running order. Col. SPRAGUE, private garage, 142 West 37th.

Lozier "Big Six," Lakewood model automobile with special upholstery; fully equipped; has been thoroughly overhauled and painted and is in first-class condition; gentleman sailing for Europe. Address A 340 Times.

A BARGAIN FOR SOME ONE.
Hupmobile 32, touring car; slightly used; A1 condition; fully equipped. F. J. G., 1,392 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone 7532 Prospect.

Packard touring seven-passenger, A1 condition, with or without commercial body; owner going to Europe, will sell cheap to quick buyer. Phone Riverside 9497.

Maxwell car, 30 H. P., 1911 model, 6 months' use, A1 condition, for sale. Inquire Long Island Hotel, 130 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, cor. Atlantic, opp. L. I. Terminal.

Automobiles for Sale.—Two Dayton trucks, two ton and five ton capacity, in service less than year, in first-class order. The Fleischmann Co., 701 Washington St.

ALL MAKES AND MODELS OF USED CARS
Special money raising sacrifice sale.
STORAGE—32 West 63d, (near Broadway.)

Oakland, 30 h. p., 1911 runabout; overhauled; top, windshield, speedometer, Klaxon, Mayo pump; complete, $400. A 95 Times.

Maxwell touring car; fully equipped; five-passenger; $350. R. M. Owen Co. 19 W. 62d.

Reo roadster, torpedo body; centre control, 1912; equipped; bargain. Reo, 19 West 62d.

Premier six-cylinder; ran less than 1,000; equipped; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Pope-Hartford, 1911, Limousine touring, perfect condition; $1,200, Roskam, 1,764 B'way.

1910 Peerless, 4 cyl., 7 passenger, fully equipped; $850. Roskam, 1,764 Broadway.

National, roadster racing type, perfect condition; $1,500. Roskam, 1,764 Broadway.

Palmer Singer, 6 cyls., 5 passenger, good condition, $500. Roskam, 1,764 Broadway.

Stevens, 1911, 6 cyl. Limousine or touring; $1,000. Roskam-Scott, 1,764 Broadway.

1912 Stoddard Dayton, 40, 7 passenger; like new; $1,000. Roskam, 1,764 Broadway.

Reo the Fifth, 1912; centre control; equipped like new; bargain. Reo, 19 West 62d.

One-ton auto truck; first-class running condition. Derby, 626 West 39th St.

Cadillac, five-passenger; fully equipped; $450. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo touring car, R 1912; equipped like new; $550. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Automobiles for Rent.

Owners wishing to rent their cars, with or without chauffeur, by month or season, apply, giving full particulars, to Motor Rental Bureau, 501 5th Av., city.

Will rent Packard 7-passenger car by month or year; car is in first-class condition. Apply Mr. Hirsch, Lenox Garage, 112 East 76th. Phone Lenox 5206.

For Hire.—Elegant seven-passenger landaulet and touring cars by the hour, day, or month; very reasonable. Christy. Telephone 9780 Columbus

For Hire.—Packard 1912 touring cars; 7-passenger; prices reasonable. Phone 7845 Columbus. Williams, 143 West 51st St.

Pierce-Arrow touring for hire, 1911; week or month; owner drives. McGrath, 286 Herkimer St., Brooklyn. Phone 1554 Bedford.

College student will rent his touring car by the hour, day, week, or month. Phone 4482 Yonkers or 999 M Melrose.

Brand new 7-passenger Premier touring; expert driver; reasonable rates; private. Telephone 821 Melrose.

For hire, elegant Packard touring, monthly; owner drives. Verlangieri, 532 West 122d. 7670 Morningside.

Beautiful seven-passenger Packard touring car by the hour, day, week, or month. Murphy, 6701—Plaza.

For Rent—Five, seven passenger Packard touring cars; hour, day, month. Phone Riverside 1603.

High-powered National, 1912, touring car; Summer months. Ajax, 170 West 65th St.

For Hire.—Would rent my Packard car low rates; Summer. 5550 Columbus.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted—Packard, Pierce, Stearns, (Knight,) equipped with limousine body; must be 1912-1913 model and electric lighted from dynamo; no dealers; give lowest spot cash price, J. B. S., Times, 2 Rector St.

Automobile Storage.

Limousine touring bodies stored, kept clean, $3 monthly. Moore & Co., 647 West 50th.

Schools.

CAMP CHAMPLAIN, ON LAKE CHAMPLAIN, FOR BOYS; 20TH YEAR; BOOKLET. J. CLARK READ, 270 W. 72d St., N.Y.

Public Notices

MR. JULIUS LEHMANN retires this day from our firm. STORM, FISHER & CO., May 17th, 1913. 61 Warren St.

Horses and Carriages.

Wiegel buys horses of all descriptions; have you a horse you wish to sell? Write or telephone and he will call.
John Wiegel, 2,346 Prospect Av., Bronx.
Telephone 112 Tremont.

Purchase and Exchange.

I pay the highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2208 Stuyvesant.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.,
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. Tel. 5408
50 Nassau Street Franklin.
956 Broadway, at 23d St.
10 Barclay St. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, Multigraphs, filing cabinets, Neostyles, partitions. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

Typewriters rented, 3 months, $4.50 up; sold at lowest prices, cash or payments; expert repairing. Durant McLean Typewriter Co., 295 Broadway.

Three mahogany Dayton-Dunton desks; one roll top, one flat top, one stenographer's desk. Room 1,424, 115 Broadway.

Second-hand furniture exchange, 781 8th Av.; buy, sell, exchange furniture, carpets. Bryant 1288.

Motorcycles and Bicycles.

Pope motor cycles, New York Distributors. Also agent for Indian and Excelsior. Amos Shirley, 935 8th Av., near 55th St.

Boarders Wanted
East Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Unusual accommodations; rooms, with bath; table board; references.

9TH, 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Comfortably furnished rooms; parlor dining; telephone; reasonable.

11TH, 29 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms; excellent table; references; telephone.

17TH, 136 EAST.—Pleasant rooms; suite or single; elevator, phone, electricity. Apt. 15.

58TH, 184 EAST.—Front parlor; other front rooms; Summer rates; German cooking.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Single, double rooms; superior table; table guests; Southerners accommodated.

20-22, 33 WEST 16TH ST.—Large and small rooms; unexcelled board; telephone.

39TH, 49 WEST.—Heart shopping district; convenient theatres; excellent table; table boarders.

44TH, 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator, telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. Phone 6068 Bryant.

47TH ST., 68 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large, small rooms, all conveniences; Summer rates.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Single and double rooms; first class.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; table board; reference; telephone.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; board; private baths; families; Summer rates.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Double and single rooms; private bath; hot water supply. Telephone. References

120 WEST 71ST ST.
Large room, second floor, southern exposure; reasonable.

73D ST., 155 WEST.—Large and small rooms, every convenience; plentiful table; Summer rates.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Eighteenth year; large, small rooms; excellent table; references.

75TH ST., 139 WEST, (Recently 9 East 49th.)—Attractive rooms, with board; table board; references.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Rooms; homelike surroundings; parlor dining; table guests; very reasonable; telephone.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; references.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; telephone in all rooms; out-of-town guests accommodated. Write for booklet.

81ST ST., 151 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; board optional; all conveniences; Summer rates.

82D, 52 WEST, (Central Park.)—Comfortable, airy rooms; private bath; excellent table. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

83D, 11 WEST.—Cool, airy rooms; near Central Park; special Summer rates.

84TH ST., 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

86TH ST., 149 WEST.—Rooms with board; every convenience; excellent table; references.

86TH ST., 114 WEST.—One large and one small room; references.

92D ST., 21 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; Park, L; French cuisine; table guests.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Newly furnished house, large, small room, with board; references.

94TH, 148 WEST.—Second floor; three rooms, together or single; private bath.

103D, 252 WEST.—Superior accommodations, refined, private home for couples, bachelors, or Southerners.

103D, (West End Av., 879.)—Large corner room; splendid cuisine; Summer rates.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Large, cool front rooms, with board. Telephone Morningside 8136.

113TH ST., 544 WEST.—Large and small rooms; table guests; home cooking.

114TH, 526-528 WEST.—Delightful rooms; quiet locality; private baths; exceptional table; convenient to Subway and surface.

122D ST., 156 WEST.—Well-furnished large rooms; excellent table; reference; telephone; moderate.

122D ST., (2,047 7th Av.)—Modern rooms; hot water; excellent board; fine location.

130TH, 250 WEST.—Large parlor and medium-sized room, with board; telephone.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Desirable Summer location; large room; electricity, private bath; references.

149TH, 540 to 548 WEST, (near Broadway and beautiful Riverside.)—Healthiest section.

"THE AUDUBON,"
bright, pleasant rooms; excellent board; good service; select, social surroundings; every comfort; very reasonable rates. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

CONVENT AV., 886.—Double, single rooms; moderate; references; table guests. 'Phone 5697 Audubon.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE WEST, 106, (Apts. 74, 75, and 76.)—James's Court, overlooking Morningside Park; small and medium sized rooms; excellent chef and service; separate tables; moderate Summer rates. Telephone 8518 Morningside.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean traffic passing windows; 20 minutes Manhattan; charming residence; elegant sunny rooms, suites; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; separate tables; rates moderate. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Convenient Borough Hall, Subway; rooms, private bath; excellent table. 'Phone 1159-W Main.

Bureaus.

FREE INFORMATION.
Save time, carfare, annoyance; consult our investigated list superior accommodations, board and rooms; all locations. Leland's, 4 West 33d St.

Country Board
New York City.

IN THE COUNTY—
IN NEW YORK CITY.
It's an ideal spot, 300 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating 50 guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway; 30 to 40 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City,) Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

Long Island.

Rockaway Park, (46 Second Av.)—Desirable, cool rooms; $125 until October; balconies overlooking ocean; excellent board, reasonable.

New York State.

35 MINUTES FROM BATTERY.
Old family mansion, unusually equipped with modern living conveniences; wooded park, 16 acres; elevation, 300 feet; lovely view of bay; vegetable garden; tennis, garage; golf links and country club in vicinity; cottages built for permanent tenants.
YOUNG MOTHERS NEEDED TO ESTABLISH MONTESSORI SCHOOL ON PREMISES.
References. Address Trustee, X 7 Times.

New Jersey.

YOU WILL GO ONLY 35 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY ! ! !
$15 PER WEEK AND UP FOR TWO PEOPLE INCLUDES ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ELECTRIC-LIGHTED ROOM, WITH PRIVATE TILED BATHROOM AND SUPERB HOTEL MEALS, AT THE ELMWOOD, 43 SOUTH WALNUT ST., EAST ORANGE, N. J.
Brilliant room, palm room, smoking room, vacuum cleaned; electric candles on dining room tables give a fairyland effect; five minutes from Lackawanna Station.
Take McAdoo tube, from Broadway and Cortlandt St., or Broadway and 33d St.

ATTRACTIVE, cool rooms; modern conveniences; free auto Lackawanna station; 42 minutes to New York; 550 feet elevation; 20-mile panorama; room and board, $12 to $14. W. H. Mears, Murray Hill, N. J., adjoining Summit.

Boarders Wanted
Country Board
New Jersey.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., 117 Scotland Road.—One or two large rooms; excellent table; also private bath; beautiful surroundings; near Lackawanna; $10 to $15; private family; references.

Country Board Wanted

Young business man desires room with breakfast on farm within commuting distance of city; state distance from railway station. M 81 Times.

Furnished Rooms
East Side.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Rooms, with or without bath; reasonable; gentlemen.

55TH, 83 EAST.—Private house; large, airy rooms; all conveniences; telephone; references.

60TH ST., 223 EAST.—Fine floor, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for dentist at doctor's residence; good central location; board if desired; reasonable.

(70TH ST.,) THE NEVADA.
Beautifully furnished rooms, single or en suite, private baths, in handsome apartment facing Broadway; breakfast optional.
Apartment 3C. Phone 684 Columbus.

BACHELOR'S APARTMENT, FURNISHED; ONE LARGE ROOM AND BATH.
173 MADISON AV.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front room; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large, small rooms; private bath; board optional. Gramercy 1978.

West Side.

9TH, 39 WEST.—Room, medium sized, having hot, cold water, large closet; also single room; telephone.

12TH ST., 41 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; Southern exposure; running water; telephone; reference; no housekeeping.

42D ST., 322 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, $2 weekly; bath; men; respectable; telephone. Hughes.

47TH, 31 WEST.—Magnificent house, newly opened; elegant rooms; private bath; elevator.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; select house; telephone.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, small; private bath; board optional. 4580—Bryant.

49TH, 235 WEST.—Comfortable, airy, single, double rooms; running water; $2 up.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; also medium and small room.

55TH, 341 WEST.—Two beautiful parlors, with piano; all conveniences; Summer rates.

56TH ST., 64 WEST.—Doctor's office, furnished, reception room, service; in house of specialist; $40; bedroom, $20-$30. Tel. Plaza 442.

56TH ST., 207 WEST.—Large room; modern apartment; refined home. Ask Mrs. Pearson.

57TH ST., 328 WEST.—Cool, attractive rooms; all modern improvements; Subway, "L."

68TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, with bay window; dressing room adjoining.

68TH, 71 WEST.—Delightfully cool, large front southern room; handsomely furnished; perfectly kept; very moderate; reference.

69TH ST., 50 WEST.—Attractive rooms with private bath; suite of two rooms; reduced rates.

69TH, 112 WEST.—Nicely furnished room to rent; convenient Subway; reasonable.

70TH, 134 WEST.—Beautiful large front room, private bath; Summer rates; reference.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman.

71ST ST., 165, West of Broadway.—Handsomely furnished rooms; continuous hot water; cozy home for refined business people; telephone.

71ST ST., 104 WEST.—Large room, with dressing room; newly furnished; newly decorated; also rear parlor; private house; references.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Nicely furnished large front room containing piano; bath adjoining; smaller room; scrupulously clean; ideal Summer location.

74TH, 104 WEST.—Attractive large and medium rooms, private bath; telephone; near "L" and Subway; private house; reasonable.

75TH ST., 116 WEST.—Large and small furnished rooms; private house; references.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—Medium and single rooms, adjoining baths; elegant private house; gentlemen; moderate.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Two delightful, cool, connecting rooms; private bath; single, en suite; small room; reference; Subway; Summer rates.

79TH, 223 WEST.—Private family; unusually handsome parlor bedroom; select parties; superior surroundings; reference.

81ST, 135 WEST.—Medium small rooms; northern, southern exposure; telephone; "L" references.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large rooms; also hall room; all improvements; Summer prices.

82D, 146 WEST.—Large single, clean room; private family. Schuyler 8706. Haskins.

84TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, sunny outside room; refined family; attractive apt. Ochs.

86TH ST., 341 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished second floor room, with private bath; unusually desirable; subway, elevated. Riverside.

86TH ST., (537 West End Av.)—Attractive room; convenient Subway, "L"; breakfast optional.

87TH ST., 319 WEST.—Fine, large room; also large hallroom; gentlemen; references.

93D, 35 WEST.—Clean, cool, large front south room; running water; 'phone; $5.

93D, 107 WEST.—Large and small new, handsomely furnished rooms; private bath.

94TH ST., 155 WEST.—Small private house; bright, comfortable rooms; use parlor; absolutely clean; select; breakfast optional; Subway express, "L," car lines; convenient; telephone.

94TH ST., 138 WEST.—Select house; single rooms; breakfast optional; moderate.

95TH, 122 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, large front room, bath; conveniences; suitable two gentlemen; $8 week; near Subway, "L."

98TH ST., 171 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room, elevator apartment; business lady. Post.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private family; room suitable two; breakfast; high-class apartment. Grossman.

103D, 139 WEST.—Large front room; $6; single, $3; telephone; private house.

106TH ST., 61 WEST.—Business people or gentlemen; bright, large, clean, comfortable rooms; worth investigating.

109TH, 312 WEST.—Fine large or single outside sunny room; lavatory; reasonable.

110TH, 137 WEST, (Cathedral Parkway.)—Beautifully furnished, light room; for one, two gentlemen or couple; half block Subway, one block "L"; electric light; telephone.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Two adjoining airy rooms; one, two gentlemen; moderate. Apartment 3.

113TH, 506 WEST.—Pleasant home; 2 sunny rooms; private family; top, front.

113TH, 541 WEST, (Apt. 3.)—Adjoining airy rooms; one, two gentlemen; moderate.

113TH ST., 622 WEST.—Front suite; also cheerful, airy single rooms. Apartment 31.

114TH, 606 WEST, (overlooking Riverside.)—Beautifully furnished large, small rooms; running water; electricity; shower bath; private house; reasonable.

114TH ST., 606 WEST.—Large, small rooms, running water; private house; Summer prices.

115TH ST., 604 WEST.—Large front connecting rooms; single suite; breakfast optional. Wells.

116TH, 404 WEST.—Block Broadway Subway; light, attractive rooms, overlooking Morningside Park. Morse.

116TH ST., 414 WEST.—Rooms that are different; elevator, telephone service; reasonable. Smith.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Opposite Teachers College, Columbia University; beautiful double room, with kitchenette; single room; excellent restaurant. See Mr. Yetman.

122D ST., 416 WEST.—Large elegant room; elevator, electricity; kitchen; reasonable. Apt. 31.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Large, small, well-furnished room; conveniences; private. Apartment 32.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Front rooms, $3 up; also small apartment; elevator. Sherman.

125TH, (2,015 5th Av., Mount Morris Park.)—Large, desirable room; one, two gentlemen; $6; small room; private house.

132D, 258 WEST.—Large room, also small one; absolute cleanliness; board optional.

137TH ST., 611 WEST, (Overlooking Hudson.)—Elegantly furnished rooms, suites; private baths; special Summer rates; restaurant service. The Pierson.

138TH, 612 WEST.—Large room; private bath; electricity; private house; near Drive; 'phone, Subway; gentlemen.

139TH, 602 West.—Beautiful comfortable room; Riverside; elevator; private; reasonable. Apartment 19.

ADVERTISER, owning elegantly kept residence West 69th, will rent to high-class, overparticular gentleman, single, double room; private tiled bath; $50-$100 monthly; breakfast optional; occupied 8 years by one gentleman. Address Cleanliness, 2,029 Broadway.

MORNINGSIDE, WEST, 54.—Exceptional rooms; corner apartment, overlooking park; light housekeeping. Henry.

Furnished Rooms
West Side.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 968, (158th St.)—Two large, light rooms, one flight; near Subway, L and Polo Grounds. Crotty.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101.—Large, airy, cool, Summer home; overlooks Washington Square; fresh fruits, vegetables.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 102.—Desirable, cool front rooms; first-class elevator apartment. Brown.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished.

YOUNG MAN seeks attractive room with a genial Protestant family; Columbia district preferred; will pay $5 per week. Address H 82 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

5th Av., 2,015.—Handsome parlor floor; light business; doctor, dentist; private house.

Help Wanted Female.

DESIGNER on lace and chiffon waists; one that can create original ideas. Kean-Jones Co., 131 West 24th.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of several thoroughly COMPETENT YOUNG WOMEN as
LEDGER CLERKS.
Must be capable of making trial balances.
Apply at Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

IN MODERN HOUSE, by family two, first class general housework girl; must be good cook and laundress; references necessary; good wages. F. O. Box 204, Scarsdale, N. Y., or telephone 249 W.

Opportunities for young women fond of travel; congenial, cultural positions of responsibility; good personality and enthusiasm necessary. Address at once, H 81 Times.

SALESLADIES of good address; we will allow 50 per cent. commission to those who can sell our flower sprayers in country towns where everybody keeps plants and has rose bushes. This is the time to do it, when all plants are infested by insects. Deposit or bond required for goods consigned. Sprayers sell readily at 50 cents to flower-loving people. 15 to 20 sales a day easily made. If you keep plants you will want one yourself. We also need two people for Asbury Park. Call after 10:30. Lenox Sprayer Mfg. Co., 150 West 23d St.

WAITRESS.—One year's city reference required; country for Summer; four in family; wages, $25. Call Wednesday, between 1 and 3, 49 East 49th St.

WANTED—Girl, not under 20 years of age, for clerical work in fire insurance office; must be ambitious and accurate at figures; salary to start, $35-$40 per month. Address S 267 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Young lady for stenography and typewriting; will give office room free; good chance for outside work. 1,402 Broadway, Room 509.

WANTED—An experienced pattern saleslgirl for first-class pattern department in a large uptown store. Apply at 615 West 43d St. Ladies' Home Journal Patterns.

WANTED—German girl; clean, neat; general housework; sleep out; good wages. M 72 Times.

WANTED—Supervisor of nurses. Apply 9 A. M. at People's Hospital, 203 2d Av.

WANTED—Pupil nurses. Apply 9 A. M., People's Hospital, 203 2d Av.

YOUNG LADY, typist; about 18. State salary, references. Address Typist, 1,161 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Instruction.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES
at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York.
Individual instruction; monthly payments. Pratt School, 64 West 45th St., known throughout the country for thorough work.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial, English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

BOOKMEN! Our great combination offer of standard sets with Current Opinion for one year and our new cash offer are the best selling propositions on the market; very attractive to men formerly selling the Century line. See Mr. Morrell, 134 West 29th St.

BOOKKEEPER and general manager wanted by medical publishing house; must be experienced; best references required. A 341 Times.

BOY, in large law office; state experience and education; salary $5. L 312 Times Downtown.

BRIGHT, energetic boy in law office. Answer, own handwriting, stating references, age, and salary expected. L 314 Times Downtown.

COMPETENT MAN of executive ability for advertiser's office to take charge of renting in elevator and walk-up houses; none but experienced men need apply; first-class references required. Address L 318 Times Downtown.

DRIVERS.—Steady positions for competent, reliable men; wholesale milk route; must be heavily built and strong. $150 cash security required. Apply between 8 and 9 today, Superintendent Stevens Milk Co., 90 3d Av., Brooklyn.

DRIVERS.—Work similar bread route; small salary; large commission. Originator, 302 Broadway.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of thoroughly experienced BOOKKEEPERS,
who understands the factory cost system.
Apply at Employment Bureau, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

LIVE, capable man; responsible financially; must have highest references to represent us in New York State in automobile business. Address A 345 Times.

MEN, well dressed, over 40, will find our proposition selling a modern household device direct to consumer very interesting; commission basis. Call 58 West 15th, first floor.

OUTDOOR SALESMAN wanted by firm of medical publishers; commission only. A 342 Times.

SALESMAN.
EXPERIENCED CHANDELIER SALESMAN, COMPETENT TO TAKE CHARGE OF SALESROOMS. APPLY, BY LETTER, STATING EXPERIENCE, THE BROWE COMPANY, NO. 9-11 FRANKLIN ST., NEWARK, N. J.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Experienced, to sell men's neckwear as a side line, with one of the largest and best-known houses in the business; will give line only to men carrying lines who see the same buyers; open for men in all territory. When applying for line state territory and towns covered. Address S. L., 144 Times Downtown.

SALESM

ROOSEVELT GOING ON WITH HIS LIBEL SUIT

He'll Be in Michigan Himself to Force Action Against Publisher Newett

WHO SAID HE GOT DRUNK

The Colonel Has Arranged an Outing for Himself in Arizona This Summer, Seeking Lost Tribe.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt is going to Marquette, Mich., on Saturday to take personal charge of his suit for libel against George Newett, publisher of The Ishpeming Iron Ore, a trade paper. In the last campaign so many stories appeared to the effect that the Colonel drank to excess that he determined to make a campaign against those he termed his slanderers. His friend, Dr. Lyman Abbott, of The Outlook, first came to the front to testify by letter as to the ex-President's temperate habits. Then to make his denial more positive Col. Roosevelt decided to sue one of his chief accusers.

In an article published in the heat of the campaign The Ishpeming Iron Ore asserted that Col. Roosevelt "curses, lies, and gets drunk frequently, and all his friends know this."

When the Colonel read the statement he ordered that an action be started at once against the publisher. Then he pitched into the campaign again, and it was pretty generally thought he would forget all about it in the hustle and bustle of the fight.

Yesterday, however, it was announced that the case would be called next Monday, and a number of the Colonel's friends were asked to testify in his behalf. They were told that Col. Roosevelt would be on hand when court convened as plaintiff and would probably take the stand. He figured that he could drop out Marquette way over night, and even if the trial dragged a bit could be back at his desk at The Outlook by Friday.

Lawrence Abbott of The Outlook staff said last night that he was going to be one of the witnesses, and that dozens of men had come forward to testify for the Colonel. They were all glad, he said, that the Colonel had taken the position that such reports should not be allowed to pass unnoticed. Others who have signified their intention of testifying are Robert Bacon, Ambassador to France under Roosevelt; William Loeb, Jr., who was Col. Roosevelt's private secretary at Washington; Gifford Pinchot, James R. Garfield, and Jacob Riis. The party will also include O. K. Davis, Secretary of the Progressive Party; John Callan O'Laughlin, and Gilson Gardner, newspaper writers, who were with the Colonel for years, and several secret service men and stenographers. Bowers & Sands of 31 Nassau Street, counsel for Col. Roosevelt in this city, have been collecting affidavits signed by friends of the Colonel in the East, who are unable to make the trip to Marquette. James R. Pound of Marquette will represent the Colonel in court.

The defense, it was said yesterday, would make an attempt to show that Col. Roosevelt was intoxicated when he made a speech in Duluth, Mich., last Summer, and that there would be evidence also about a dinner given at Washington by ex-Congressman Cannon. No more definite information could be obtained about the line of evidence that will be produced.

An inkling of the testimony which may be expected in the suit was given by Col. Roosevelt in a letter he wrote to William H. Hatfield, Jr., when the stories were being circulated last Summer. He said:

> It happens that I am, as regards liquor, an exceedingly temperate man. I drink about as much as Dr. Lyman Abbott—and I say this with his permission. I never touch whisky at all, and I have never drunk a highball or cocktail in my life. I doubt if I drink a dozen teaspoonfuls of brandy a year.

Dr. Abbott said that the only thing Col. Roosevelt drank to excess was milk. "The story of his intemperance is a peculiarly preposterous and malicious slander," he said, "and I would be glad to have you say so on my authority."

Col. Roosevelt's trip to Marquette will probably make it impossible for him to appear at any of the Brooklyn or Manhattan meetings to be addressed by Gov. Sulzer on May 28 in the interest of direct primaries. It was said yesterday, however, that the Colonel would make at least one speech in favor of the measure at some later date.

The information also got out yesterday that early in the Summer Col. Roosevelt is to make a trip to Arizona in search of rest and recreation. He is not to be idle all the time, as he has set for himself the task of studying Indian lore in the interest of the American Historical Society. One story was to the effect that he would go on the trail of a lost tribe of Indians and endeavor to provide the world with a little more history. The Colonel is going to live a life in the open, and has had a seventy-two-inch sleeping bag manufactured for him by a well-known sporting goods house.

Definite plans for the Arizona trip have not been completed, but it is known that Col. Roosevelt is to spend several weeks in "getting into shape again." He wants to be in trim for anything which may develop in the political situation next Fall.

ACCUSER SAYS IT IS TRUE.

Has Affidavits Which He Expects Will Bear Him Out.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., May 20.—George A. Newitt, editor of Ishpeming Iron Ore, has searched the United States for men who will swear that they have seen Col. Roosevelt drink to excess. His defense in the suit, which will be called on next Monday, will be that the statement to which Col. Roosevelt takes exceptions was true, and, therefore, there was no libel.

Depositions have been taken by both sides.

Col. Roosevelt's friends in Washington have been called upon for affidavits to the effect that though they had known him intimately for years, they never had known him to drink to excess. Surgeon General Rixey of the navy, whose duty it was to attend Col. Roosevelt daily when he was President, is the most important witness. Admiral Dewey is another one.

It is reported that Mr. Newitt has enlisted some of the Steel Corporation attorneys in his behalf. The attorney for the Cleveland Cliffs, one of the trust's mines, is one of his counsel. The defense refuses to give out anything regarding its witnesses, except to say that it has obtained depositions from men who say they have seen Col. Roosevelt intoxicated.

BELASCO W. 44th St. Mat. Thur. & Sat. 175th Time To-night at 8:30 Season's Record Hit—The Springtime Comedy. Years of Discretion

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Every Day, Incl. Sun., 2:20&8:20. 25c&50c Awesome Photo-Tragedy. "QUO VADIS?"

Grand 23 St., 8 Av. Mat. To-day Black Patti Musical Comedy Co.

LUNA CONEY IS. Fire & Sword (Adrianople) The Biggest Thing We've Ever Done.

STEEPLECHASE CONEY'S LAUGHING PLACE. The World's Greatest Playhouse.

PALISADES Amusement PARK OPPOSITE W. 130 St. FERRY NOW OPEN AIRSHIP ASCENSIONS. FIREWORKS THURSDAY.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX, 55 West 23d St. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. People Talked About. Concerts Afternoon & Evening.

TO DISCUSS MOTOR TRUCKS.

Experts to Talk at Motor Truck Club Meeting To-night.

One of the important angles of motor truck use in river front and seaport cities will be discussed at a meeting of the Motor Truck Club, which will be held at the Automobile Club of America this evening at 8 o'clock. The subject of the evening will be "Motor Trucks and the New York Dock Question." The discussion will be opened by J. M. Van Harlingen, traffic engineer of one of the large motor truck companies, who has made a study of modern dock facilities for the co-operation of motor trucks both here and abroad. It is also expected that C. W. Staniford, chief engineer of the Department of Docks and Ferries, and his former assistant, B. F. Cresson, will attend the meeting and enter into the discussion. Calvin Tomkins, ex-Dock Commissioner, representatives of the Traffic Club and men representing the leading railroads which have docks in this city, are among those on the programme for the evening.

Action will be taken at this meeting on the question of incorporating the Motor Truck Club, and also on several changes in the by-laws of that organization, which has for its avowed purposes not only the promotion of the business of selling motor trucks, but the improvement of their use and the benefit of those who have transformed their transportation systems from horses to automobiles. Arrangements have been made for a table d'hote dinner at the A. C. A. preceding the meeting.

***

According to reports from the touring department of the Automobile Club of America, the Long Island Motor Parkway will be open from end to end by May 30. It is now open as far as Central Islip, but repair gangs are expected to be at work on portions of the roadway east of that point until the end of July. Provision has been made to warn motorists when entering the various lodges just where to slow up on account of construction work. The parkway affords the opportunity for speed which many automobile users want, especially in view of the rigid ordinances now in force on the public roads. At its Lake Ronkonkoma end meals and refreshments may be had amid pleasant surroundings.

***

A British concern is now marketing a reflex mirror for use on horse-drawn vehicles in an effort to obviate the danger to automobiles which unlighted carts present. Owners of horse wagons neglect frequently to carry rear lights, although the motorist is compelled to do so, and the mirror device is intended to reflect the rays of a motor car headlight and warn the driver of the wagon ahead. The device can be purchased and maintained more cheaply that the usual red light.

***

To lend help to the success of Orphans' Automobile Day, an all-star theatrical performance is to be given at the Hudson Theatre on Monday afternoon, June 3. The theatre has been secured by the committee of the Orphans' Automobile Day Association through the courtesy of Mrs. Henry B. Harris, who has also agreed to give one act from the "Poor Little Rich Girl" as part of the entertainment. George V. Hobart is writing a special skit for the afternoon, in which a member of "Automobile Row" will be the star. A number of actor folk have volunteered their services already. Tickets will be placed on sale to-morrow afternoon.

***

Revised results of the West Hudson and Catskill contest have been issued by David Beecroft, the referee of the run. On all around performance the National was the winner, with 938 points out of a possible 1,000. Second was the Paige-Detroit, with 936; third, the Alco, with 928, and fourth, the American, with 907. Of the total 600 points were allowed for reliability, 200 for the hill climb, and 200 for fuel-economy.

SUICIDE IN CENTRAL PARK.

Jeweler Max Eisenberg Ended His Life There with Poison.

While sitting on a bench beside the East Drive in Central Park at noon yesterday Max Eisenberg of 900 Cauldwell Avenue, the Bronx, drank the contents of a two-ounce vial, arose to his feet, staggered along the walk, and fell dead. A card giving his name and address and this letter were found in his pockets:

> These are the keys to the Nassau Bank. I put my watch and chain in to-day. My sister's bankbook and her jewelry are in there also. Forgive me, my darling wife. You have been good to me all these years and I to you.
>
> I am discouraged and feel sick, nervous, and tired of living. To start all over again in business, I cannot do it. A little to advanced in years, and I am afraid it would not be a success. I worked hard and honestly so many years and did so much for those people. Business was bad for several years and there was nothing to do.

Leonard Hershfield of 425 West Eightieth Street identified the body as that of his uncle, and obtained permission from the Coroner to remove it to an undertaker's rooms in West 116th Street.

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